

CR-Form-v7	
<b>CHANGE REQUEST</b>	
⌘ <b>TS 33.203 CR CRNum</b> ⌘ rev - ⌘	Current version: <b>5.7.0</b> ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	⌘	Network behaviour when a new REGISTER is challenged during an on going authentication
<b>Source:</b>	⌘	Nokia, 3
<b>Work item code:</b>	⌘	IMS-ASEC
		<b>Date:</b> ⌘ 19/11/2003
<b>Category:</b>	⌘	<b>F</b>
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p><i>Use one of the following categories:</i></p> <p><b>F</b> (correction)</p> <p><b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)</p> <p><b>B</b> (addition of feature),</p> <p><b>C</b> (functional modification of feature)</p> <p><b>D</b> (editorial modification)</p> <p>Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a>.</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p><i>Use one of the following releases:</i></p> <p><b>2</b> (GSM Phase 2)</p> <p><b>R96</b> (Release 1996)</p> <p><b>R97</b> (Release 1997)</p> <p><b>R98</b> (Release 1998)</p> <p><b>R99</b> (Release 1999)</p> <p><b>Rel-4</b> (Release 4)</p> <p><b>Rel-5</b> (Release 5)</p> <p><b>Rel-6</b> (Release 6)</p> </div> </div>

<b>Reason for change:</b>	⌘	It was agreed in the SA3/CN1 joint meeting that the S-CSCF may challenge a UE when it already has an authentication running with that UE, but the CSCFs should have only one authentication running with a particular UE. This CR is an implementation of that conclusion.
<b>Summary of change:</b>	⌘	When the S-CSCF challenges a new REGISTER while still waiting for a response to a previous challenge then <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The S-CSCF should abandon the previous challenge,</li> <li>- The P-CSCF should delete the previous registration SA to the same UE, and insert the one that is associated with new challenge.</li> </ul>
<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	⌘	Not allowing the S-CSCF to start a new authentication and abandon the previous authentication (before it has timed out) severely increases the ability of an attacker to prevent a genuine UE from registering with the network.

<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘	6.1.2.3, 7.3.1.4									
<b>Other specs affected:</b>	⌘	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr><td>Y</td><td>N</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>X</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>X</td></tr> </table> Other core specifications	Y	N	X			X		X	⌘ TS 24.229, TS 29.228
		Y	N								
		X									
			X								
	X										
Test specifications											
O&M Specifications											
<b>Other comments:</b>	⌘										

### 6.1.2.3 Incomplete authentication

When the S-CSCF receives a new REGISTER request and challenges this request, it considers any previous authentication to have failed. It shall delete any information relating to the previous authentication, although the S-CSCF may send a response if the previous challenge is answered. A challenge to the new request proceeds as described in clause 6.1.1.

If the S-CSCF does not receive a response to an authentication within an acceptable time, it considers the authentication to have failed. If the IMPU was not already registered, the S-CSCF shall send a Cx-Put to the HSS to set the registration-flag for that IMPU to unregistered (see message CM3 in clause 6.1.2.2). If the IMPU was already registered, the S-CSCF does not change the registration-flag.

----- NEXT CHANGE-----

### 7.3.1.4 Incomplete authentication

If the UE responds to an authentication challenge from a S-CSCF, but does not receive a reply before the request times out, the UE shall start a registration procedure if it still requires any IM services. The first message in this registration should be protected with an SA created by a previous successful authentication if one exists.

When the P-CSCF receives a challenge from the S-CSCF and creates the corresponding SAs during a registration procedure, it shall delete any information relating to any previous registration procedure (including the SAs created during the previous registration procedure).

If the P-CSCF deletes a registration SA due to its lifetime being exceeded, the P-CSCF should delete any information relating to ~~that~~ the registration procedure that created the SA.