

27- 30 November, 2001

Sophia Antipolis, France

CR-Form-v4
CHANGE REQUEST
⌘ 33.200 CR ⌘ ev - ⌘ Current version: 4.1.0 ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ Protection Profile Variant Identifier		
Source:	⌘ Siemens Atea		
Work item code:	⌘ Security	Date:	⌘ 29 November 2001
Category:	⌘ F	Release:	⌘ REL-4
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900 .		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)

Reason for change:	⌘ To overcome current inflexibility in the concept of the MAP-PG and PPI assignments that forces to define new MAP-PG for each new change that adds/deletes existing AC to/from existing Protection Profiles.
Summary of change:	⌘ Add a 1 byte identifier to define Protection Profiles variants.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ The reserved MAP-PG bits will exhaust and extra bits may be required in future anyhow. This will cause changes to former 3GPP releases at the time of bits exhaustion. The rationale of grouping Application Contexts together that belong functionally together in the same MAP-PG cannot be followed.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 3.3; 5.4; 6.3
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications ⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications
Other comments:	⌘

******* First Modification *******

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
FALLBACK	Fallback to unprotected mode indicator
IP	Internet Protocol
IV	Initialisation Vector
MEK	MAP Encryption Key
MAC	Message Authentication Code
MAC-M	MAC used for MAP
MAP	Mobile Application Part
MAP-NE	MAP Network Element
MAPsec	MAP security – the MAP security protocol suite
MEA	MAP Encryption Algorithm identifier
MIA	MAP Integrity Algorithm identifier
MIK	MAP Integrity Key
NDS	Network Domain Security
NE	Network Entity
PPI	Protection Profile Indicator
<u>PPVI</u>	<u>Protection Profile Variant Identifier</u>
PROP	Proprietary field
SA	Security Association
SADB	Security Association DataBase
SPD	Security Policy Database (sometimes also referred to as SPDB)
SPI	Security Parameters Index
TVP	Time Variant Parameter

******* Second Modification *******

5.4 MAPsec security association attribute definition

The MAPsec security association shall contain the following data elements:

- MAP Encryption Algorithm identifier (MEA):

Identifies the encryption algorithm. Mode of operation of algorithm is implicitly defined by the algorithm identifier. Mapping of algorithm identifiers is defined in clause 5.6.

- MAP Encryption Key (MEK):

Contains the encryption key. Length is defined according to the algorithm identifier.

- MAP Integrity Algorithm identifier (MIA):

Identifies the integrity algorithm. Mode of operation of algorithm is implicitly defined by the algorithm identifier. Mapping of algorithm identifiers is defined in section 5.6.

- MAP Integrity Key (MIK):

Contains the integrity key. Length is defined according to the algorithm identifier.

- Protection Profile Variant Identifier (PPVI):

Contains the variantnumber of the PPI. Length is 8 bits. PPVI-values are defined in section 6.3

- Protection Profile Identifier (PPI):

Identifies the protection profile. Length is 16 bits. Mapping of profile identifiers is defined in section 6.

- SA Lifetime:

Defines the actual expiry time of the SA. The expiry of the lifetime shall be given in UTC time.

Editor's Note: The exact format and length to be defined.

A MAPsec SA is uniquely identified by a destination PLMN-Id and a Security Parameters Index, SPI. As a consequence, during SA creation, the SPI is always chosen by the receiving side.

If the SA is to indicate that MAPsec is not to be applied then all the algorithm attributes shall contain a NULL value.

******* Next Modification *******

6.3 MAPsec protection profiles

Protection profiles can be individual protection groups or particular combinations of protection groups. MAP protection profiles are coded as a 16 bit binary number where each bit corresponds to a protection group. The protection that shall be applied to a MAPsec message is uniquely identified by the combination of PPVI and PPI.

This specification contains the MAPsec protection profiles that are identified with PPVI having value 0. Currently only 5 groups are defined, the rest are reserved for future use.

Table 8: Protection profile encoding

Protection profile bit	Protection group
0	No protection
1	Reset
2	Authentication information except handover situations
3	Authentication information in handover situations
4	Non-location dependant HLR data
5-15	Reserved

Protection profiles shall be bidirectional.

The following protection profiles are defined.

Table 9: Protection profile definition

Protection profile name	Protection group				
	<i>PG(0) No protection</i>	<i>PG(1) Reset</i>	<i>PG(2) AuthInfo except handover situations</i>	<i>PG(3) AuthInfo in handover situation</i>	<i>PG(4) Non-location dependant HLR data</i>
Profile A	✓				
Profile B		✓	✓		
Profile C		✓	✓	✓	
Profile D		✓	✓	✓	✓
Profile E		✓	✓		✓