**3GPP TSG- Meeting # *draft***

**Berlin, Germany, 22nd–26th May 2023** revision of S4-230770

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *CR-Form-v12.2* | | | | | | | | |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | **CR** |  | **rev** |  | **Current version:** |  |  |
|  | | | | | | | | |
| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network | **X** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Title:*** |  | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to WG:*** |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | S4 | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Work item code:*** |  | | | | |  | ***Date:*** | | |  |
|  |  | | | |  | |  | | |  |
| ***Category:*** |  |  | | | | | ***Release:*** | | |  |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:* ***F*** *(correction)* ***A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)* ***B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)* ***D*** *(editorial modification)*  Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | | | | | | | | *Use one of the following releases: Rel-8 (Release 8) Rel-9 (Release 9) Rel-10 (Release 10) Rel-11 (Release 11) … Rel-16 (Release 16) Rel-17 (Release 17) Rel-18 (Release 18) Rel-19 (Release 19)* | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Reason for change:*** | | Addition of Rel-18 features:   1. It was identified that a high-level description of 5G Media Streaming features is lacking. 2. Service Operation Points for Dynamic Policies in both downlink and uplink media streaming, in particular to support low-latency streaming (see WID in SP-220614). | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Summary of change:*** | | 1. High-level description of 5G Media Streaming features in new clause 4.0.    * Including an explanatory note about the applicability of HLS. 2. Service Operation Points for Dynamic Policies:    * Definition of additional terms in clause 3.1.    * Domain model in clause 4.0.    * Updates to Service Access Information baseline parameters (downlink and uplink).    * Explanation of Service Operation Point signalling.    * General downlink and uplink call flows for provisioning, ingest, distribution, presentation and monitoring.    * Specific call flow for low-latency CMAF downlink streaming using of Service Operation Point Signalling. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | | Work Item objectives not complete.  Poor understanding of specification. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | | 3.1, 4.0 (new), 4.1, 4.2.3, 4.3.3, 5.7.6 (new), 5.7.7 (new), 6.9 (new) | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | | **Y** | **N** |  | | | |  | | |
| ***Other specs*** | |  | **X** | Other core specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***affected:*** | |  | **X** | Test specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***(show related CRs)*** | |  | **X** | O&M Specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Other comments:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | | S4aI230090.  S4-230770.  Merged S4-230861. | | | | | | | | |

**===== CHANGE =====**

## 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

**5GMS System:** An assembly of Application Functions, Application Servers and interfaces from the 5G Media Streaming architecture that support either downlink media streaming services or uplink media streaming services, or both.

NOTE 1: The components of a 5GMS System may be provided by an MNO as part of a 5GS and/or by a 5GMS Application Provider.

**5GMS Application Provider:** A party that interacts with functions of the 5GMS System and supplies a 5GMS-Aware Application that interacts with functions of the 5GMS System.

**5GMS-Aware Application:** Application in the UE, provided by the 5GMS Application Provider, that contains the service logic of the 5GMS application service, and interacts with other 5GMS Client and Network functions via the interfaces and APIs defined in the 5GMS architecture.

NOTE 2: Functionality of the 5GMS-Aware Application is outside the scope of this specification.

NOTE 3: A 5GMS-Aware Application associated with the delivery of either a downlink or uplink related 5GMS service is referred to as a 5GMSd-Aware Application or a 5GMSu-Aware Application, respectively.

**5GMS Client:** A UE function that is either a 5GMSd Client or a 5GMSu Client, or both.

**5G Media Streaming Client for downlink (5GMSd Client):** UE function that includes at least a 5G Media Streaming Player and a Media Session Handler for downlink streaming and that may be accessed through well-defined interfaces/APIs.

**5G Media Streaming Client for uplink (5GMSu Client):** Originator of 5GMSu service that includes at least a Media Streamer and a Media Session Handler for uplink streaming and that may be accessed through well-defined interfaces/APIs.

**5GMSu Media Streamer:** UE function that enables uplink delivery of streaming media content to an Application Server function of the 5GMS Application Provider, and which interacts with both the 5GMSu-Aware Application for media capture and subsequent streaming, and the Media Session Handler for media session control.

NOTE 4: The 5GMSu Media Streamer receives a Media Streamer Entry to initiate an uplink streaming session.

NOTE 5: The 5GMSu Media Streamer captures the media on the provided input devices. The 5GMSu Media Streamer exposes some basic controls such as capture, pause, and stop to the 5GMSu-Aware Application.

**Dynamic policy:** A Dynamic PCC Rule (c.f. TS 23.503 [4]) for an uplink or downlink application flow during a media session.

**Egest Session**: An uplink media streaming session from the 5GMSu AS towards the 5GMSu Application Provider.

**Ingest Session:** Asession to upload the media content into a 5GMSd AS.

**Policy Template:** A collection of (semi-static) PCF/NEF API parameters which are specific to the 5GMS Application Provider and also the resulting PCC Rule.

**Policy Template Id**: Identifies the desired policy template, which is used by 5GMSd AF to select the appropriate PCF/NEF API towards the 5G System so that the PCF can compile the desired PCC Rule.

**Media Entry Point:** A Media Player Entry for downlink media streaming or a Media Streamer Entry for uplink media streaming intended to be consumed by a 5GMS Media Stream Handler.

**Media Player Entry:** A document or a pointer to a document that defines a downlink media streaming presentation e.g. MPD for DASH content or URL to a video clip file intended to be consumed by a 5GMSd Media Player.

**Media Session Handler:** UE function that communicates with the 5GMS AF in order to establish and control the delivery of a streaming media session in the downlink or uplink direction, and which also exposes APIs to the 5GMS-Aware Application and to the Media Player (for downlink streaming) or the Media Streamer (for uplink streaming).

**Media Streamer Entry:** A pointer (e.g. in the form of a URL) that defines an entry point of an uplink media streaming session intended to be consumed by a 5GMSu Media Streamer.

**media streaming session:** A session initiated by a 5GMS-Aware Application that involves one or more media streams being delivered between the 5GMS AS and the 5GMS Client via reference point M4.

**presentation entry:** A document or a pointer to a document that defines an application presentation e.g. an HTML5 document as defined in e.g. TS 26.307 [6].

**Provisioning Session:** A data structure supplied at interface M1 by a 5GMS Application Provider that configures the 5GMS features relevant to a set of 5GMS-Aware Applications.

**5GMSd Media Player:** UE function that enables playback and rendering of a media presentation based on a Media Player Entry and exposing some basic controls such as play, pause, seek, stop to the 5GMSd-Aware Application.

NOTE 6: A 5GMSd Media Player is expected to include a Media Access Client, Media Decoders, Media rendering/presentation, and possibly also a DRM Client a Consumption Measurement and Logging Client and a Metrics Measurement and Logging Client. The 5GMSd Media Player's Media Access Client receives a Media Player Entry. The 5GMSd Media Player renders the media on the provided output devices, such as a display in case of video.

NOTE 7: The 5GMSd Media Player is functionally similar to the combination of a TS 26.247 [7] 3GP-DASH client and a TS 26.234 [8] PSS media decoder and renderer.

**Service Access Information**: Set of parameters and addresses that are needed by a 5GMS Client to activate the reception of a downlink media streaming session or the transmission on an uplink media streaming session, perform dynamic policy invocation, consumption reporting and/or metrics reporting, and request AF-based network assistance.

**Service and Content Discovery:** Functionality and procedures provided by a 5GMSd Application Provider to a 5GMS-Aware Application that enables the end user to discover the available streaming service and content offerings and select a specific service or content item for access.

NOTE 8: The Service and Content Discovery functionality and procedures are outside the scope of this specification.

**Service Announcement**: Procedures conducted between the 5GMS-Aware Application and the 5GMS Application Provider such that the 5GMS-Aware Application is able to obtain 5GMS Service Access Information, either directly or in the form of a reference to that information.

**Service Data Flow:** As defined in TS 23.503 [4] ("An aggregate set of packet flows carried through the UPF that matches a service data flow template").

**Service Data Flow Description:** A set of parameters and/or parameter ranges used by the 5GMS AF to create a Service Data Flow Template.

**Service Description**: A set of parameters and/or parameter ranges describing the requirements of the streaming service used by the Media Player to follow the service requirements and associated with a Service Operation Point.

**Service Operation Point**: A set of parameters and/or parameter ranges and used by the Media Player to determine an identifier, referencing dynamic policies and QoS parameters based on the Service Description. The Service Operation Point may be described as part of the Service Description or provided as information to the Media Player.

**third party player:** Part of an application that uses APIs to exercise selected 5GMSd functions to play back media content.

NOTE 9: Such APIs are for example defined in TS 26.307 [6] when using the Media Source Extensions for media playback. This type of player is downloaded by or built into an application, or it is downloaded with the Presentation Entry (e.g. as a JavaScript library).

**third party uplink streamer:** Part of an application that uses APIs to exercise selected 5GMSu functions to capture and stream media content.

NOTE 10: This type of streamer is typically implemented as downloadable software.

**===== CHANGE =====**

# 4 Media Streaming architecture

## 4.0 Media Streaming features

### 4.0.1 Introduction

This clause defines a set of high-level features for supporting enhanced media streaming in the 5G System. The functional architecture of this 5G Media Streaming (5GMS) System is defined in clause 4.1 and is further specialised for downlink media streaming (clause 4.2) and uplink media streaming (clause 4.3). Procedures for downlink media streaming are defined in clause 5 and those for uplink media streaming in clause 6.

In the context of the present document, s

References to Dynamic Adaptive Streaming over HTTP (MPEG‑DASH) [29] in the present document apply equally to HTTP Live Streaming (HLS) [28] except where noted otherwise. The term *Media Entry Point* is used to refer generically to an MPEG-DASH Media Presentation Description (MPD) but may be taken to apply equally to alternative media presentation description formats such as an HLS master playlist, unless noted otherwise.

Table 4.0.1‑1 lists the principal features of the 5GMS architecture along with cross-references to relevant clauses defining its functions and procedures.

Table 4.0.1‑1: 5G Media Streaming feature index

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Feature | Feature description clause | Procedure definition clause(s) | |
| Downlink media streaming | Uplink media streaming |
| Content hosting | 4.0.2 | 5.4 | Not applicable |
| Content publishing | 4.0.3 | Not applicable | 6.2.3 |
| Content preparation | 4.0.4 | Not defined | Not defined |
| Network assistance | 4.0.5 | 5.9 | 6.5, 6.7 |
| Dynamic policies | 4.0.6 | 5.8, 5.7.6 | 6.9 |
| Remote control | 4.0.7 | Not applicable | 6.6 |
| Consumption reporting | 4.0.8 | 5.6 | Not applicable |
| QoE metrics reporting | 4.0.9 | 5.5 | Not applicable |
| Edge processing | 4.0.10 | 8 | |
| eMBMS delivery | 4.0.11 | 5.10 | Not applicable |
| Data collection, reporting and exposure | 4.0.12 | 5.11 | 6.8 |

The following clauses introduce these features in terms of network-side components ("5GMS network services") and a UE-side client component referred to variously as the *5GMSd Client* (for downlink media streaming), *5GMSu Client* (for uplink media streaming), or simply *5GMS Client* (in the case of features applicable to either downlink media streaming or uplink media streaming).

## 4.0.2 Content hosting

The content hosting feature is applicable to downlink media streaming only. It provides a service equivalent to a Content Delivery Network (CDN) deployed inside or outside the Trusted DN. High-level procedures for this feature are defined in clause 5.4.



Figure 4.0.2‑1: High-level arrangement for content hosting feature

When a 5GMSd Application Provider has provisioned the content hosting feature for downlink media streaming:

1. Media content is either retrieved by a network-side component of the 5GMS System from a media origin at the 5GMSd Application Provider (pull-based content ingest) or else it is published to a network-side component of the the 5GMS System by the 5GMSd Application Provider (push-based content ingest).

2. The network-side component of the 5GMS System may cache this content for a configurable period of time.

3. Network-side components of the 5GMS System may manipulate the content according to rules provisioned in Content Preparation Templates (see clause 4.0.4).

4. The 5GMSd Client in the UE subsequently retrieves the (possibly manipulated) media content as part of a downlink media streaming session. The security of the content served to the 5GMSd Client by network-side components of the 5GMS System may be guaranteed by a provisioned Server Certificate.

In addition, the use of content hosting by 5GMSd Clients is logged by the 5GMS System and, if suitably provisioned, is exposed by it to subscribing 5GMSd Application Providers in the form of events. This information is equivalent to that contained in CDN access logs (see also clause 4.0.12).

## 4.0.3 Content publishing

The content publication feature is applicable to uplink media streaming only. High-level procedures for this feature are defined in clause 6.2.3.



Figure 4.0.3‑1: High-level arrangement for content publishing feature

When a 5GMSu Application Provider has provisioned the content publishing feature for uplink media streaming:

1. Media content is published by the 5GMSu Client in the UE to a network-side component of the 5GMS System as part of an uplink media streaming session. The security of the content published to the 5GMS System may be guaranteed by a provisioned Server Certificate.

2. The network-side component of the 5GMS System may cache this content for a configurable period of time.

3. Network-side components of the 5GMS System may manipulate the content according to rules provisioned in Content Preparation Templaes (see clause 4.0.4).

4. A network-side component of the 5GMS System makes the media content available for retrieval by the 5GMSu Application Provider (pull-based content egest) or publishes it directly to the 5GMSu Application Provider (push-based content egest).

## 4.0.4 Content preparation

The content preparation feature is applicable to both downlink media streaming (where is is provisioned as part of the content hosting feature introduced in clause 4.0.2) and uplink media streaming (where is is provisioned as part of the content publishing feature introduced in clause 4.0.3). The content preparation feature enables a 5GMS Application Provider to specify content manipulation by network-side components of the 5GMS System according to provisioned Content Preparation Templates.

When a 5GMSd Application Provider has provisioned the content preparation feature for downlink media streaming:

1. Network-side components of the 5GMS System may manipulate ingested media content and may cache the manipulated content prior to serving it to the 5GMSd Client in the UE.

When a 5GMSu Application Provider has provisioned the content preparation feature for uplink media streaming:

1. Network-side components of the 5GMS System may manipulate the media content ingested from the 5GMSu Client in the UE and may cache the manipulated content prior to egesting it to the 5GMSu Application Provider.

## 4.0.5 Network assistance

The network assistance feature is applicable to both downlink media streaming and uplink media streaming. It enables the 5GMS Client in the UE to interrogate or manipulate the network Quality of Service for an ongoing media streaming session.

High-level procedures for this feature are defined in clause 5.9 (downlink media streaming) and in clauses 6.5 and 6.7 (uplink media streaming). The network assistance feature is not explicitly provisioned by the 5GMS Application Provider. It is either available for a particular media streaming session or not, depending on system pre-configuration and/or policy.

Two mechanisms for obtaining network assistance are defined in the present document: one based on interactions with the PCF via network-based components of the 5GMS System (*AF-based network assistance*), the other based on ANBR signalling interactions between the UE modem and the RAN (*ANBR-based network assistance*).



Figure 4.0.5‑1: High-level arrangement for network assistance feature

The following AF-based network assistance sub-features are defined in this release:

1. *Bit rate estimation.* The 5GMS Client requests an estimate from a network-side component of the 5GMS System of the bit rate that can currently be offered by a media streaming session. The network-side component interrogates the PCF on behalf of the 5GMS Client to obtain this information about the PDU session corresponding to the media streaming session.

The 5GMS Client uses this information to adjust its own streaming bit rate to fit within the Quality of Service (QoS) envelope that the network is able to offer, for example by switching to a different representation listed in its Media Entry Point, or by adjusting the encoding bit rate for uplink streaming to fits within this bit rate budget. The media streaming Quality of Experience (QoE) is more stable and consistent as a consequence.

2. *Bit rate boost.* The 5GMS Client speculatively requests a temporary boost to the bit rate of a media streaming session from a network-side component of the the 5GMS System. The network-side component requests a modification to the PDU session corresponding to the media streaming session from the PCF on behalf of the 5GMS Client. If there is sufficient spare network capacity to accommodate the requested bit rate, it is granted by the 5GMS System on a temporary basis.

The 5GMS Client uses this temporary boost to speed up media streaming data transfer, for example to replenish a depleted downlink streaming buffer or to complete a download/upload faster than would otherwise be possible.

ANBR-based bit rate estimation is also defined for downlink media streaming (see clause 5.9.3).

ANBR-based bit rate boost is also defined for uplink media streaming (see clause 6.7).

In addition, the use of network assistance by 5GMS Clients is logged by the 5GMS System and, if suitably provisioned, is exposed by it to subscribing 5GMS Application Providers in the form of events (see also clause 4.0.12).

## 4.0.6 Dynamic policies

The dynamic policies feature is applicable to both downlink media streaming and uplink media streaming. It enables the 5GMS Client in the UE to manipulate the network traffic handling policies for an ongoing media streaming session.



NOTE: The PCF is accessed via the NEF when the 5GMS network services are deployed outside the Trusted DN.

Figure 4.0.6‑1: High-level arrangement for dynamic policies

v

Figure 4.0.6‑2: Domain model for dynamic policies

With reference to figure 4.0.6‑2, dynamic policies work as follows:

1. A conceptual *Service Operation Point* is defined as an abstract relation between a Service Description and Policy Template containing a set of *Network QoS parameters* that support media streaming. The Policy Template is identified by an *External reference*.

2. The Service Operation Point is realised by applying the settings of a selected Service Descriptions and the associated *Policy Template* which is provisioned in the 5GMS network services by the 5GMS Application Provider within the scope of an umbrella *Provisioning Session*. A Policy Template may be defined as being applicable to a particular Data Network and/or Network Slice. The Policy Template carries the same *External reference* and Network QoS parameters as the abstract Service Operation Point. (Any number of Policy Templates provisioned for different Data Networks and/or Network Slices may reference the same Service Operation Point.)

3. The 5GMS Application Provider makes one or more *Media Entry Point* documents (e.g. DASH MPDs) available for use by the 5GMS Client. A Media Entry Point document should include one or more *Service Descriptions*, each identifying the streaming requirements of a presentation that correspond to a single Service Operation Point (e.g. SD, HD, UHD), identified by means of an *External reference*. The same Service Description may be included in more than one Media Entry Point document.

4. When a Media Entry Point is selected by the 5GMS Client at the start of a media streaming session, the 5GMS Client retrieves Service Access Information from a network-side component of the 5GMS System describing the set of available Policy Templates provisioned in step 2 and exposes this to a controlling application on the UE.

5. At the start of a media streaming session, the controlling application on the UE selects one of the Service Descriptions listed in the Media Entry Point document that realises its preferred Service Operation Point. Either the Media Player (when the Service Descriptions are within the Media Entry Point document) or the controlling application (when the Service Descriptions are not within the Media Entry Point document) informs the 5GMS Client of its choice by passing the corresponding External reference to it.

6. If there is a Policy Template available for the current media streaming session with the indicated External reference, the 5GMS Client instantiates this Policy Template by interacting with a network-side component of the 5GMS System in order to realise the Service Operation Point described by the Policy Template and the Service Description. The effect of this is that the corresponding network Quality of Service is applied to the media streaming session.

In addition, the use of dynamic policies by 5GMS Clients is logged by the 5GMS System and, if suitably provisioned, is exposed by it to subscribing 5GMS Application Providers in the form of events (see also clause 4.0.12).

## 4.0.7 Remote control

The remote control feature is applicable to uplink media streaming only. While high-level procedures for integrating this feature into 5G Media Streaming are specified in clause 6.6 of the present document, it is not further defined in this release.

## 4.0.8 Consumption reporting

The consumption reporting feature is applicable to downlink media streaming only in this release. It allows consumption of downlink media streaming to be logged by the 5GMS System and exposed for analysis.



Figure 4.0.8‑1: High-level arrangement for consumption reporting feature

When a 5GMSd Application Provider has provisioned the consumption reporting feature for downlink media streaming:

1. The 5GMSd Client reports consumption of media that is part of downlink media streaming sessions to a network-side component of the 5GMS System.

In addition, the data contained in consumption reports may be exposed by the 5GMS System in the form of events to subscribing 5GMS Application Providers (see also clause 4.0.12).

## 4.0.9 QoE metrics reporting

The QoE metrics reporting feature is applicable to downlink media streaming only in this release. It allows the Quality of Experience of media streaming sessions to be logged by the 5GMS System and exposed for analysis.

Two mechanisms for reporting downlink QoE metrics are defined in the present document: one that involves reports being sent to the OAM via the RAN (*RAN-based QoE metrics reporting*, see clause 5.5.2), the other involving reports sent to the network-based components of the 5GMS System (*AF-based QoE metrics reporting*, see clause 5.5.3).



Figure 4.0.9‑1: High-level arrangement for QoE metrics reporting feature

When a 5GMS Application Provider has provisioned the QoE metrics reporting feature for media streaming:

1. The 5GMS Client reports QoE metrics that it has collected during media streaming sessions to a network-side component of the 5GMS System.

In addition, the data contained in AF-based QoE metrics reports may be exposed by the 5GMS System to subscribing 5GMS Application Providers in the form of events (see also clause 4.0.12).

### 4.0.10 Edge processing

The edge processing feature is applicable to both downlink media streaming and uplink media streaming. It enables the 5GMS Client in the UE to take advantage of edge computing capabilities in the 5GMS System to support media streaming.

### 4.0.11 eMBMS delivery

The eMBMS delivery feature is applicable to downlink media streaming only. It enables the 5GMS System to provision the delivery of downlink media streaming content via eMBMS User Services sessions.

### 4.0.12 Data collection, reporting and exposure

The data collection, reporting and exposure feature is applicable to both downlink media streaming and uplink media streaming. It enables the 5GMS System to log data relating to media streaming sessions and to expose this to subscribers in the form of *Events*.

**===== CHANGE =====**

## 4.1 General service architecture

(No further changes to clause 4.1)

**===== CHANGE =====**

### 4.2.3 Service Access Information for downlink media streaming

The Service Access Information is the set of parameters and addresses which are needed by the 5GMSd Client to activate and control the reception of a downlink streaming session, and to report service/content consumption and/or QoE metrics.

The Service Access Information may be provided together with other service announcement information using M8d. Alternatively, the 5GMSd Client fetches the Service Access Information from the 5GMSd AF. Regardless of how it is provided, the Service Access Information contains different information, depending on the collaboration model between the 5GMS System and the 5GMSd Application Provider, and also depending on offered features. Baseline parameters are listed in Table 4.2.3‑1 below:

Table 4.2.3-1: Parameters of baseline Service Access Information

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Provisioning Session identifier | Unique identification of the M1d Provisioning Session. |

When the content hosting feature is activated for a downlink streaming session, the parameters from Table 4.2.3-1a below can additionally be present.

Table 4.2.3-1a: Streaming Access parameters

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Media Player Entries | A set of pointers to documents that each define an equivalent media presentation (see NOTE), e.g. MPD for DASH content or URL to a video clip file.  Each member of the set may specify additional details to aid selection by the MBMS Client, including content type, profile indicators and precedence. |
|  |  |
| NOTE: An equivalent media presentation is one which has the same content but may result in a different Quality of Experience. | |

When the consumption reporting feature is activated for a downlink streaming session, the parameters from Table 4.2.3‑2 below are additionally present.

Table 4.2.3-2: Parameters for consumption reporting configuration

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Reporting interval | Identifies the interval between consumption reports being sent by the Media Session Handler. |
| Server address | A list of 5GMSd AF addresses where the consumption reports are sent by the Media Session Handler. |
| Sample percentage | The proportion of clients that shall report media consumption.  If not specified, all clients shall send reports. |
| Location reporting | Identify whether the Media Session Handler provides location data to the 5GMSd AF (in case of MNO or trusted third parties) |

When the dynamic policy invocation feature is activated for a downlink streaming session the parameters from Table 4.2.3‑3 below are additionally present.

Table 4.2.3-3: Parameters for dynamic policy invocation configuration

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Server address | A list of 5GMSd AF addresses (in the form of opaque URLs) which offer the APIs for dynamic policy invocation sent by the 5GMS Media Session Handler. |
| Valid Policy Template Ids | A list of Policy Template identifiers which the 5GMSd Client is authorized to use. |
| Service Data Flow Methods | A list of recommended Service Data Flow description methods (descriptors), e.g. 5-Tuple, ToS, 2-Tuple, etc, which should be used by the Media Session Handler to describe the Service Data Flows for the traffic to be policed. |
| External reference | Additional identifier for this Policy Template, unique within the scope of its Provisioning Session, that can be cross-referenced with external metadata about the streaming session. |

When the metrics collection and reporting feature is activated for a downlink streaming session, one or more parameter sets for metrics configuration, according to Table 4.2.3‑4, are additionally present. Each metrics configuration set contains specific settings valid for that configuration, which is typically metric scheme dependent, and collection and reporting shall be done separately for each set.

Table 4.2.3-4: Parameters for each metrics configuration set

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Scheme | The scheme associated with this metrics configuration set. A scheme may be associated with 3GPP or with a non-3GPP entity. If not specified, a default 3GPP metrics scheme shall apply.  Metrics schemes shall be uniquely identified by URIs. |
| Server address | A list of 5GMSd AF addresses to which metric reports shall be sent for this metrics configuration set. |
| DNN | The Data Network Name (DNN) which shall be used when sending metrics report for this metrics configuration set.  If not specified, the default DNN shall be used. |
| Slice scope | A list of network slice(s) for which metrics collection and reporting shall be executed for this metrics configuration set.  If not specified, the metrics collection and reporting shall be done for all network slices. |
| Reporting interval | The sending interval between metrics reports for this metrics configuration set.  If not specified, a single final report shall be sent after the streaming session has ended. |
| Sample percentage | The proportion of streaming sessions that shall report metrics for this metrics configuration set.  If not specified, reports shall be sent for all sessions. |
| Streaming source filter | A list of content URL patterns for which metrics reporting shall be done for this metrics configuration set.  If not specified, reporting shall be done for all URLs. |
| Metrics | A list of metrics which shall be collected and reported for this metrics configuration set.  For progressive download and DASH streaming services, the listed metrics are associated with the 3GPP metrics scheme and shall correspond to one or more of the metrics as specified in clauses 10.3 and 10.4, respectively, of TS 26.247 [7].  In addition, for the 3GPP metrics scheme as applied to DASH streaming, the quality reporting scheme and quality reporting protocol as defined in clauses 10.5 and 10.6, respectively, of [7] shall be used.  If not specified, a complete (or default if applicable) set of metrics will be collected and reported. |

When 5GMSd AF-based Network Assistance is activated for a downlink streaming session the parameters from Table 4.2.3‑5 below shall be additionally present.

Table 4.2.3-5: Parameters for 5GMSd AF-based Network Assistance configuration

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Server address | 5GMSd AF address that offers the APIs for 5GMSd AF-based Network Assistance, accessed by the 5GMSd Media Session Handler. The server address shall be an opaque URL, following the 5GMS URL format. |

**==== CHANGE =====**

### 4.3.3 Service Access Information for uplink media streaming

The Service Access Information is the set of parameters and addresses which are needed by the 5GMSu Client to activate and control the uplink streaming session.

The Service Access Information may be provided by the 5GMSu Application Provider to the 5GMSu-Aware Application together with other service announcement information using M8u. Alternatively, the 5GMSu Client fetches the Service Access Information from the 5GMSu AF at reference point M5u. Regardless of how it is provided, the Service Access Information contains different information, depending on the collaboration model between the 5GMS System and the 5GMSu Application Provider (which are assumed to be independent entities), and also depending on offered features. Baseline parameters are listed in table 4.3.3‑1 below:

Table 4.3.3-1: Parameters of baseline Service Access Information

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Provisioning Session identifier | Unique identification of the M1u Provisioning Session. |

The parameters from table 4.3.3-2 below shall also be present.

Table 4.3.3-2: Streaming Access parameters

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Media entry points | A set of entry points. Each entry point consists of one of the following:  a. A URL endpoint on the 5GMSu AS to which media can be streamed directly at M4u and its associated data, or  b. The URL of a document that can be downloaded from the 5GMSu AS which contains the parameters for uplink media streaming at M4u. |

Each entry point is defined by its parameters and identifiers. The set shall have at least one member.

When the dynamic policy invocation feature is activated for an uplink streaming session the parameters from table 4.3.3‑3 below are additionally present.

Table 4.3.3-3: Parameters for dynamic policy invocation configuration

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Server address | A list of 5GMSu AF addresses (in the form of opaque URLs) which offer the APIs for dynamic policy invocation sent by the 5GMS Media Session Handler. |
| Valid Policy Template Ids | A list of Policy Template identifiers which the 5GMSu Client is authorized to use. |
| Service Data Flow Methods | A list of recommended Service Data Flow description methods (descriptors), e.g. 5-Tuple, ToS, 2-Tuple, etc, which should be used by the Media Session Handler to describe the Service Data Flows for the traffic to be policed. |
| External reference | Additional identifier for this Policy Template, unique within the scope of its Provisioning Session, that can be cross-referenced with external metadata about the streaming session. |

When 5GMSu AF-based Network Assistance is activated for an uplink streaming session the parameters from table 4.3.3‑4 below shall be additionally present.

Table 4.3.3-4: Parameters for 5GMSu AF-based Network Assistance configuration

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Parameters | Description |
| Server address | 5GMSu AF address that offers the APIs for 5GMSu AF-based Network Assistance, accessed by the 5GMSu Media Session Handler. The server address shall be an opaque URL, following the 5GMS URL format. |

**==== CHANGE =====**

### 5.7.6 Dynamic Policy selection for downlink media streaming based on Service Operation Point signalling

This clause provides an extension to the general call flow in clause 5.2.3 in order to address the usage of Service Descriptions and Dynamic Policies in downlink 5G Media Streaming services. Details are shown in figure 5.7.6‑1.



Figure 5.7.6-1: High-level procedure for DASH content streaming  
with Service Operation Point handling

Prerequisites:

- The 5GMSd Application Provider has provisioned the content hosting feature in the 5G Media Streaming System.

- The 5GMSd-Aware Application has received the Service Announcement from the 5GMSd Application Provider.

Extended Steps:

1: Policy Templates are provisioned in the 5GMSd AF.

12: The Media Player informs the 5GMS-Aware Application about the set of Service Descriptions associated with the Media Player Entry document for the content selected in step 3. Each Service Description is identified by a different *External reference*.

13: The 5GMSd-Aware Application selects one of the available Service Descriptions.

14: The Media Player provides the *External Identifier* associated with the Service Operation Point of the selected Service Description to the Media Session Handler.

15: The Media Session Handler selects a Dynamic Policy based on the provided *External reference*.

21: The Media Player provides Service Description metrics to the Media Session Handler.

22: The Media Session Handler sends Service Operation Point measurements and events to the 5GMSd AF.

**===== CHANGE =====**

### 5.7.7 Use of Service Operation Point signalling to optimise delivery of low-latency live media streaming services (informative)

#### 5.7.7.1 5GMS System acts as a CDN

In this case, the specific aspects are as follows:

1) A provisioning agreement is struck between the 5GMSd Application Provider and the operator of the 5GMS System in the form of one or several Service Descriptions and/or Policy Templates. (Service Descriptions may be derived from Policy Templates if the latter are omitted, or *vice versa*.)

2) DASH or HLS content is provided externally. Media Entry Point documents are annotated with Service Descriptions. The content is published to the 5GMS System for distribution over downlink media streaming.

3) Content is ingested by the 5GMSd AS at reference point M2d such that the latency requirements can be met.

4) The 5GMS System distributes the ingested content according to the agreed Service Level Agreement, i.e. meeting bit rate and latency requirements. Note, the path between the (external) content provider and the 5GMS System is subject for a transport level agreement.

5) The Service Operation Point metrics collated by the 5GMSd AF are used by the 5GMS System to determine whether the agreed Service Operation Point has been satisfied, or whether the Policy Templates need to be adjusted so that it can be satisfied.

For low-latency streaming where the 5GMS System acts as a CDN, the basic call flow documented in clause 5.7.6 is extended as follows.

Extended steps:

1: Policy Templates suitable for supporting low-latency media streaming are provisioned in the 5GMSd AF.

2: Media ingest supports a low-latency protocol, e.g. segment content is provided in chunks.

14: 5GMSd-Aware Application selects a low-latency Service Description and provides the external reference to the MSH.

17: The Media Player configures itself for low-latency playback based on the low-latency Service Description selected in step 14.

21: The Media Player operates in a low-latency media delivery mode.

#### 5.7.7.2 5GMSd AS deployed in an external DN

In this case, the specific aspects are as follows:

1) A provisioning agreement is struck between the 5GMS Application Provider and the operator of the 5GMS System in the form of one or several Service Operation Points and/or Policy Templates. (Service Descriptions may be derived from Policy Templates if the latter are omitted, or *vice versa*.) The paths between the 5GMSd AS and the 5G System (external DN) may be subject for transport level agreements.

2) The 5GMSd AS external.

3) Content ingest by the 5GMSd AS is out of scope.

4) The 5GMS System distributes the content according to the agreed Service Level Agreement, i.e. meeting bit rate and latency requirements.

5) The Service Operation Point metrics collated by the 5GMSd AF are used by the 5GMS System to determine whether the agreed Service Level Agreement has been satisfied, or whether the Policy Templates need to be adjusted so that it can be satisfied.

For low-latency streaming where the 5GMSd AS is deployed in an external DN, the basic call flow documented in clause 5.7.6 is extended as follows.

Extended steps:

1: Policy Templates suitable for supporting low-latency media streaming are provisioned in the 5GMSd AF.

14: 5GMSd-Aware Application selects a low-latency Service Description.

17: The Media Player configures itself for low-latency playback based on the low-latency Service Description selected in step 14.

21: The Media Player operates in a low-latency media delivery mode.

**==== CHANGE =====**

### 6.9 Dynamic Policy selection for uplink media streaming based on Service Operation Point signalling

This clause provides an extension to the general call flow in clause 6.2.3 in order to address the usage of Service Descriptions and Dynamic Policies in uplink 5G Media Streaming services. Details are shown in figure 6.9‑1.



Figure 6.9-1: High-level procedure for uplink media streaming  
with Service Operation Point handling

Steps:

1: Policy Templates are provisioned in the 5GMSd AF and various configurations are performed.

2: Either the 5GMSu-Aware Application acquires Service Access Information from the 5GMSu Application Provider via reference point M8u, or else Service Access Information is acquired by the 5GMSu Client from the 5GMSu AF via reference point M5u (as defined in steps 7–11 of figure 6.2.2.2-1).

3: The 5GMSu Client acquires the Media Entry Point from the 5GMSu AS.

4: The 5GMSu Client processes the Media Entry Point to discover the set of available Service Descriptions, each one identified by a different *External reference*.

5: The 5GMSu Client notifies the 5GMSu Application about the available Service Descriptions.

6: The 5GMSu Application selects a Service Description and notifies the 5GMSu Client by supplying its *External reference*.

7: The 5GMSu Client selects a Dynamic Policy based on the Service Description, using the *External reference* to correlate the two.

8: The 5GMSu Client configures its capture and encoding according to the selected Service Description.

9: A transport session is established by the 5GMSu Client for uplink media streaming.

10: Media is streamed to the 5GMSu AS via the uplink.