



Overall Presentation of Project Planning and WI handling



SP-00329 Agenda point 6.6: WI handling 26-28.06.2000

Content

- Overall Presentation of Project Planning
- Rules for WI handling



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Overall Presentation of Project Planning

- What is the Project Plan?
 - A stand-alone document (now in version 1.2 in SP-000317) listing all the W1s identified for R00. The identified W1s are already approved or not approved yet but agreed to be needed.
 - The WIs are classified in 3 hierarchical levels (top-down):
 - **Feature:** New, or substantially enhanced functionality which represents added value to the existing system.
 - **Building Block:** A sub-division of a feature, that may be "re-usable" that is, a single building block may be common to two or more features.
 - Work task: A sub-division of a building block, under the responsibility of a single Working Group. The output of a WT is the creation of one or more new TS (or TR) and / or Change Requests to existing TSs / TRs.

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Example of project planning:

Feature Provisioning of IP-based multimedia services

Feature Building Block Work Task

Provisioning of IP-based multimedia services
[S1 WI on service requirements including roaming]

Feature:

New, or substantially enhanced functionality which represents added value to the existing system.

Call control and roaming to support IP-based multimedia services in UMTS [S2 WI on architecture] Selection of multimedia call control protocol (e.g. H.323, SIP)	<pre><particular an="" be="" call="" cn="" control="" is="" of="" part="" protocol="" reviewed="" roaming="" standardization="" task="" to="" wg's="" with="" work=""></particular></pre>
Addressing and Routing	<other issues=""></other>
"Security features to support IP-based multimedia services in	Authentication between mobile and "Gatekeeper" Integrity protection for
UMTS <mark>[S3, Tec</mark> hnical Area	Mobile to "Gatekeeper" signalling
Security]	Lawful Interception in the R'2000 architecture
	IPsec
Evolution of the bearers on the Radio interface to enable efficient IP-based multimedia services in UMTS [RAN: Technical Area Bearer and access stratum]	Introduction of Header Compression/Stripping at the RNC
QoS to support IP-based multimedia services in UMTS [S2: QoS]	

A work task represents work to be done by one Working Group. In this example, the work items here need potentially further detailing.





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Example of work tasks and building blocks: Feature bearer-independent CS domain

A building block is

a sub-division of a feature, representing a coherent set of technical functionality which would generally be expected to reside in a single system element

OoBTC

N2 Codec Negotiation inter MSC, Bearer establishment inter MSC
R2 Bearer establishment between UE and RAN, TFC control by RRC
R3 Bearer establishment between MSC and RNC as well as RNC and Node B, Notification of the Codec mode to RAN, lu UP control procedure (rate control, initialization, time alignment)

N1 Codec Negotiation

between UE and MSC

Work task is a subdivision of a building block, representing a self-contained, wellscoped and wellscheduled item of work.

These are taken from S2 project coordination on ObBTC/TrFO and are a good example to explain the scope of a work task



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W ork Item handling: principles (1/3)

- Basic Principles:
 - All the WIs identified as Features and BB in the Project Plan shall be documented by WI coversheet (WIC).
 - The provisioning of WIC for WTs is optional.
 - A single WIC can cover several BBs and/or WTs.



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W ork Item handling: principles (2/3)

- Why to use WI coversheet (WIC)?
 - To provide more information on the WIs named in the Project Plan
 - To have a formal approval and a commitment in the willingness to complete the job
 - To have a clear reference when keeping track of the work progress (e.g. to identify the CRs related to the WI).



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W ork Item handling: principles (3/3)

- What hierarchical level (F/BB/WT) a WIC shall cover?
 - A WIC can theoretically cover any level as long as the following top-down rule is followed:

For a Feature, a WIC can always be presented.

For BB and WT, a WIC can be proposed only if one of the levels above the proposed WI is already covered by a WIC.

This means that:

- No WIC shall be proposed if none of the levels above the proposed WI is already covered by a WIC (e.g. no WIC can be proposed for a BB if the corresponding F has no WIC)
- A WIC can be proposed even if the level(s) bellow are not covered by WIC(s).

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W ork Item handling: example (1/3)

A single WIC can initially cover all the following structure:

Transcoder-Free Operation (TrFO)	OoBTC	N1: Adding new codecs
		N4: Codec Negotiation inter MSC
		S2: architecture
		R2: Bearer establishment: UE to RAN
		R3: Bearer establishment: MSC to RNC
	TrFO specification	N4: CN protocol impacts.
		R3: User & Control Plane procedures
		S3: Prevention of user fraud
		S4: Codec list

The level of details this initial WIC provides on BBs and WTs is flexible (it can be only a guess), and can be revised later on if needed.



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W ork Item handling: example (2/3)

 After some time, the structure might be e.g. covered by 3 WICs: a new one per BB, plus the original one updated to make reference to the new ones

Transcoder-Free Operation (TrFO)	OoBTC	N1: Adding new codecs
		N4: Codec Negotiation inter MSC
		S2: architecture
		R2: Bearer establishment: UE to RAN
		R3: Bearer establishment: MSC to RNC
	TrFO specification	N4: CN protocol impacts.
		R3: User & Control Plane procedures
		S3: Prevention of user fraud
		S4: Codec list

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W ork Item handling: example (3/3)

 If really needed, a WIC can also be provided for (a set of) specific WT(s):

Transcoder-Free Operation (TrFO)	OoBTC	N1: Adding new codecs
		N4: Codec Negotiation inter MSC
		S2: architecture
		R2: Bearer establishment: UE to RAN
		R3: Bearer establishment: MSC to RNC
	TrFO specification	N4: CN protocol impacts.
		R3: User & Control Plane procedures
		S3: Prevention of user fraud
		S4: Codec list

But R3 cannot propose the WIC "User & Control Plane procedures for TrFO" if there is no WIC for the full TrFO Feature.