**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #121bis-e R2-230xxxx**

**e-Meeting, 17th April – 26th April 2023**

**Agenda item:** 7.2.1

**Source:** Intel Corporation

**Title:** [AT121bis-e][422][POS] SLPP specification baseline (Intel)

**Document for:**  Discussion and decision

# Introduction

This is the report of following at meeting offline discussion:

* [AT121bis-e][422][POS] SLPP specification baseline (Intel)

 Scope: Collect comments on R2-2302738 and R2-2302739 and attempt to converge to a baseline, taking into account also related contributions on SLPP structure.

 Intended outcome: Report and endorseable skeleton

 Deadline: Monday 2023-04-24 2359 UTC

#  Contact Information

Respondents to the email discussion are kindly asked to fill in the following table.

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| Company | Contact: Name (E-mail) |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | yinghaoguo@huawei.com |
| Lenovo | hchoi5@lenovo.com |
| CATT | lijianxiang@catt.cn |
| Vivo | panxiang@vivo.com |
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# Discussion

### 3.1 TS Skeleton

As discussed in R2-2302738:

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| In summary, we captured following agreements in [8].Regarding the structure of SLPP, e.g. general part, procedure part , Information Element Abstract Syntax Definition, the structure of LPP (TS 37.355) can be used as baseline for further discussion.Regarding the ASN.1 part of SLPP, follow NR RRC approach, e.g. Define ASN.1 elements for common UE capabilities in a dedicated section (i.e. “UE capability information elements”); - Common section for constraints **Proposal 1: Endorse the TS Skeleton in R2-230xxxx as baseline for further updates.** |

Rapporteur would like to check companies’ view .

**Question 1: Do companies agree to endorse the TS skeleton in R2-2302739.**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No**  | **Remark** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Yes, but | OK to leave the FFS for segmentation. We need to know what will be the size of the SLPP message and then see whether segmentation is needed that the SLPP msg cannot be transmitted in one shot[Rapp] Thanks, then I will remove the section for now. Then, for the chapters on reliable transport. There are two cases* On PC5, we have already agreed that it shall be transported in the user plane, while reliable transport is not needed for user plane transport
* For UE-LMF signaling, we have not agreed on how this can be done since there are still 3 options on the table. If the SLPP is included in the a LPP container, SLPP reliable transport will not be needed either since LPP has this functionality.

[Rapp] Thanks, I see your point. Based on “LPP reliable transport functionality is not used in the user-plane solution.”c, transport section is not needed since we have agreed SLPP over userplane. Therefore I will remove the section for now.  |
| Lenovo | Yes but | * Regarding the version numbering, don’t we start with v0.0.0?

[Rapp] I think v0.0.1 is ok, same as TS38.331, TS38.321, etc. * On page 2 the year “2022” should be corrected to “2023”.

[Rapp] You are right. Will correct. * In clause 6.3.3 all editor’s notes can be removed. Those notes can be introduced based on first input.

[Rapp] You are right. Will remove.  |
| CATT | Yes but | In 37.355, information elements are defined per positioning method. However UE capability information elements are defined in clause 6.3.2 and Positioning Method information elements are defined in clause 6.3.3 in R2-2302739. RAN2 should discuss whether UE capability information elements are defined per positioning method or not. CATT prefers to define the UE capabilities per positioning method.Just for clarification, we agree to endorse the TS Skeleton in R2-2302739 **as baseline for further updates.**[Rapp] RAN2 already agreed “*Define ASN.1 elements for common UE capabilities in a dedicated section (i.e. “UE capability information elements”);* “ The intention of 6.3.2 is to reflect this RAN2 agreements. FFS point is FFS whether any positioning method specific capability IEs should be grouped by positioning method. |
| vivo | Yes, but | About the IE structure, RAN1 is discussing unified positioning request/report (NRPPa like structure) vs method specific request/report (LPP like structure). We think that so far the title of section 6.3.3 should be changed to “6.3.3 Positioning information elements” or “6.3.3 Positioning [Method] information elements”. |
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### 3.2 Open issues for the TS38.355

### 3.2.1 Need code and delta signalling

R2-2302738 discussed the open issues “FFS on Need code (e.g. how to support no UL/DL)”:

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| To our understanding, the principle used for PC5 RRC is to follow legacy RRC, i.e. Need code is applied if the PC5 RRC message is defined as downlink in legacy RRC, e.g. Need code is applied for *RRCReconfigurationSidelink* message, but not applied for *RRCReconfigurationCompleteSidelink* message. We can follow the same principle for SLPP message, i.e. Need code is applied for the messages which are provided from anchor/server to a target UE.**Proposal 2: Need code is applied for SLPP messages transmitted from the anchor/server node/UE.**  |

Rapporteur would like to check companies’ view .

**Question 2: Do companies agree the proposal 2 in R2-2302738 , i.e.**

**Need code is applied for SLPP messages transmitted from the anchor/server node/UE.**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No**  | **Remark** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Yes,but | The need code also needs to be considered in the scenario of UE-LMF singaling[Rapp] I assume we do not need to mention it since LMF is also the location server? |
| Lenovo | No | Delta signaling and need codes should be applied specific to the SLPP message. In our contribution R2-2302885 we discussed the applicability of delta signaling for the candidate SLPP messages and concluded that until now delta signaling should be applied at least for the unicast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message. We see no value in applying delta signaling e.g. for the error and abort messages when they are sent from the anchor/server node/UE to the target UE.[Rapp] I see your point. We may change it to “Need code is applied for SLPP messages transmitted from the anchor/server node/UE when delta signalling is applied” |
| Intel | Yes | Updated based on Lenovo’s commentsNeed code is applied for SLPP messages transmitted from the anchor/server node/UE when delta signalling is applied |
| CATT | Yes, but | Agree with Lenovo to discuss delta signaling and need codes based on the specific SLPP message. At this stage, we can agree not to exclude delta signaling and need codes. |
| vivo | Yes, but | We assume only the entity who is responsible for coordination of SL positioning will use the delta signaling. Thus anchor UE can be excluded. Besides, we would further clarify the server node/UE as LMF/positioning server UE.Therefore, we propose to make the following update:Need code is applied for SLPP messages transmitted from the LMF/positioning server UE when delta signalling is applied |

R2-2302885 discussed open issue FFS support of delta signalling for unicast transmission

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| **Proposal 1:** Delta signaling is applied for the unicast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message. |

**Question 3: Do companies agree the proposal 1 in R2-2302885 , i.e.**

**Delta signaling is applied for the unicast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message..**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No**  | **Remark** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon |  | The general understanding from the last R2 meeting is that we should first identify the requirement for SLPP signaling, like are there cases where frequent reconfiguration is needed. If there is such case, we need to support delta signaling. |
| Lenovo | Yes (proponent) | We assumed that same as in LPP the unicast SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message may contain information which was not requested by the target entity and may be sent periodically upon request by the target device. Of course these assumptions need to be confirmed. |
| Intel | Yes | In principle, we see the benefit to support delta signalling for Unicast assistance data message. But we would be ok to postpone the discussion until the parameters details are clear.  |
| CATT | Yes, but | Same comment as Q2. |
| vivo | Yes |  |

R2-2302885 also discussed open issue FFS support of delta signalling for groupcast/broadcast transmission

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| **Proposal 2:** Delta signaling may be applied for the groupcast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message when protection of groupcast transmission of SL positioning assistance data information can be ensured.**Proposal 3:** No delta signaling is applied for the broadcast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message if supported. |

**Question 4: Do companies agree the proposal 2 in R2-2302885 , i.e.**

**Delta signaling may be applied for the groupcast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message when protection of groupcast transmission of SL positioning assistance data information can be ensured.**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No**  | **Remark** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon |  | Similar to the unicast scenario, requirements need to be first clarified |
| Lenovo | Yes (proponent) | But we are ok to defer this proposal until decision on support of groupcast transmission has been made and scenarios/requirements for groupcast transmission become clearer. |
| Intel | Yes | In principle, we see the benefit to support delta signalling for groupcast assistance data message. But we would be ok to postpone the discussion until the parameters details are clear.  |
| CATT | Not sure | For groupcast, group members may be changed during the SLPP procedure. If group member change is not allowed, delta signaling can be considered. Otherwise, delta signaling should not be used. |
| vivo | Not sure | Firstly, scenarios/requirements for groupcast transmission is not clear as mentioned by Lenovo. Secondly, agree with CATT that group member change is an issue, e.g., a new member is added after the initial configuration, but before the delta configuration. Thirdly, we are not sure whether groupcast can ensure that all the member can receive the message. If not, what is the UE’s action if the UE receives the delta, but not the initial configuration. Even the UE may be not able to distinguish initial configuration or delta configuration.  |

**Question 5: Do companies agree the proposal 3 in R2-2302885 , i.e.**

**No delta signaling is applied for the broadcast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message if supported..**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No**  | **Remark** |
| Huawei, HiSIlicon | Yes | There is no UE state in the configuration by broadcast and it is not possible to configure by delta signaling. This is the same as the current SIB and posSIB |
| Lenovo | Yes (proponent) | We can agree on it as working assumption since the final decision on support of broadcast transmission is subject to SA3. |
| Intel | Yes | Agree with Huawei and Lenovo  |
| CATT | Yes | Agree with Huawei, for broadcast, which UE is receiving the assistance data is unknown by the transmitter. So the idea of exchange messages by delta signaling doesn’t work. |
| vivo | Yes |  |

If proposal 1, 2 and 3 in R2-2302885 are agreeable, R2-2302885 also proposed to introduce full configuration as what we have in RRC.

**Question 6: Do companies agree the proposal 4 in R2-2302885 , i.e.**

**Consider full configuration signaling for the unicast/groupcast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message.**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No**  | **Remark** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | No, but | This seems to be somewhat related to delta signaling. If delta signaling is not needed, full configuration also seems less motivatedAlso, need to clarify what will be the scenario full configuration will be needed, like for LTE/NR, there is case of inter-RAT handover and gNB with different capabilities. While are these scenario also applicable for SLPP??[Lenovo] In our contribution R2-2302285 we addressed two examples for using full configuration:* In case of unicast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message if the amount of delta is low.
* In case of groupcast transmission of the SLPP ProvideAssistanceData message (if supported) whenever a new target entity joins a group of target entities.
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| Lenovo | Yes (proponent) | But we are ok to defer the decision on this proposal to a later stage when the scenarios/requirements for delta signaling/need codes for unicast/groupcast become clearer. |
| Intel | No | Agree with Huawei. The intention of “full config” bit is to support HO between gNBs in different release, and then the old gNB cannot understand what configuration has been configured by new version gNB. Therefore “full configuration” is to indicate all original configuration will be reconfigured. It is unrelated to whether delta is needed or not. If network does not want to use delta signalling, it can just provide all parameters. We may come back to this later if any issue is identified.  |
| CATT | Yes | Full configuration can be supported. |
| vivo | No | Agree with Huawei and Intel. It needs to be justified, i.e., clarify the scenario full configuration is needed. |

### 3.2.2 Import IEs from LPP

R2-2302738 also discussed whether import IE definition from LPP as

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| Similar to PC5 RRC, if some IE definitions from LPP can be reused for SLPP, we may simply import them from LPP specification, asIMPORTS XxxFROM LPP-PDU-Definitions;**Proposal 3: We may import some IE definitions from LPP specification if needed.** |

R2-2302885 also discussed to import IE definition from LPP as

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| **Proposal 6:** Create SLPP ASN.1 as separate module and use IMPORT function for importing useful IEs, constants and LPP messages from the LPP module if deemed necessary. |

Rapporteur would like to check companies’ view .

**Question 7: Do companies agree that we may import some IE definitions and constants from LPP specification if needed.**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No**  | **Remark** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Yes | We don’t need to duplicate IEs if they are already defined in the other 3GPP specs. |
| Lenovo | Yes (proponent) | The question is not complete. We suggest to import “constants“ from LPP specification as well if needed.The key advantages of this two-module approach are:1. It allows easy extraction of SLPP ASN.1 code via automated methods and future extension of the SLPP ASN.1.
2. Better maintenance of ASN.1, i.e., potential changes to SLPP ASN.1 will not impact LPP ASN.1.
3. There will be no impacts to positioning UEs which do not support SL positioning.
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| Intel | Yes | Added constants in the question. |
| CATT | Yes | It is unnecessary to define duplicated IEs. Import is legacy operation. |
| vivo | Not sure | Within one spec, the “import” scheme between different modules is OK. But we are not sure whether the “import” scheme cross specs is feasible and beneficial. Moreover, the imported IE from LPP may cite some sub-IEs which are not directly imported by SLPP. It may be very difficult to get a whole and independent SLPP ASN.1 code since there may be multiple levels of nesting for imported IEs. Also, the “import” scheme increases the couple between SLPP and LPP. The modification of imported IEs in LPP specification will impact the SLPP specification. For some cases, we may need to consider the impact on SLPP when we would enhance the coupled IEs in LPP. |

### 3.2.3 Too early to discuss

Following issues are valid, but Rapporteur think these issues should be discussed when the details are more clear, therefore no proposal on this.

Issue 1: Setup/release or release (R2-2302885 );

* Proposal 5: Discuss and agree on the basic release mechanisms to support for session-based SLPP.

Issue 2: Message mode indication (R2-2303591)

* Proposal 14: SLPP should indicate the transaction (communication) mode to be used for each SLPP message, i.e. whether broadcast mode, groupcast mode or unicast mode is to be used (e.g., in a common SLPP message header). At least the following common transaction modes shall be supported:
* • Unicast transaction
* • Group Transaction with Group Replies
* • Group Transaction with Unicast Replies
* • Broadcast Transaction.

# Summary

Based on the input from companies, we have the following proposals:

# Reference

[1] R2-2302738 Further considerations on SLPP specification Intel Corporation

[2] R2-2302739 TS 38.355 skeleton Intel Corporation

[3] R2-2302885 Discussion on further SLPP aspects Lenovo discussion

[4] R2-2303591 Sidelink Positioning Protocol (SLPP) Signaling and Procedures Qualcomm Incorporated