3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #121bis-e R2-23xxxxx

Online Meeting, 17-26 April 2023

**Agenda item: 7.24.2**

**Source: CATT**

**Title: [AT121bis-e][413][POS] Positioning for remote UEs (CATT)**

**WID/SID: NR TEI18**

**Document for: Discussion and Agreement**

# 1 Introduction

This document is to kick off the following email discussion:

 [AT121bis-e][413][POS] Positioning for remote UEs (CATT)

      Scope: Discuss the proposals/TPs in R2-2303559 and R2-2303702 and attempt to converge to agreeable CRs.

      Intended outcome: Report and agreeable CRs

      Deadline: Friday 2023-04-21 1000 UTC

There will be two phases for the email discussion according to the intended outcome:

* Phase I: discuss the proposals, deadline (for companies' feedback): **Wednesday** 2023-04-19 1800 UTC
* Phase II discuss the TPs, deadline (for companies' feedback ): **Friday** 2023-04-21 1000 UTC

In this email discussion the following contributions related with Positioning of remote and relay UEs are discussed to decide if these proposals and TPs in the contributions can be agreed.

1. R2-2303559 Positioning of remote UEs MediaTek Inc., CATT, Huawei, HiSilicon, Qualcomm Incorporated, Xiaomi, Intel Corporation, vivo discussion Rel-18 TEI18
2. R2-2303702 Relay based Positioning for emergency calls and posSIB forwarding Ericsson discussion Rel-18

# 2 Contact Information

Respondents to the email discussion are kindly asked to fill in the following table.

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| --- | --- |
| Company | Contact: Name (E-mail) |
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# 3 Discussion of proposals in R2-2303559

The document R2-2303559 discusses the case that a remote UE may have a requirement for positioning support and should be able to be positioned by the system, but there are certain restrictions in the Rel-17 relaying support that impair this functionality. So R2-2303559 further discusses the topic and proposes a way forward considering the previous inputs.

## 3.1 Remote UE indication

As R2-2303559 analysed, an indication of remote operation could be provided in several places in LPP. The indication in the LPP capability signalling does not strictly guarantee that the LMF will know the UE’s status before triggering positioning operations, but for a typical positioning session, the capability information should be available to the LMF at the beginning.

Companies proposed the indication in *CommonIEsProvideCapabilities* in R2-2303559:

**Proposal 1:** Indicate the remote UE status in the LPP IE *CommonIEsProvideCapabilities* and in the method-specific IEs for target device error causes.

TS 37.355 is silent on what events constitute such a trigger (except for the reception of the RequestCapabilities message; in addition, TS 38.305 indicates that the UE may include this message in the MO-LR case). It seems beneficial to include some guidance on such a trigger, e.g., in the field description of the remote UE status indication in CommonIEsProvideCapabilities.

**Proposal 2:** Add to the field description of the remote UE status indication in *CommonUEsProvideCapabilities* text indicating that the UE may send its capabilities due to starting or stopping operation as a L2 U2N Remote UE.

**Rapporteur’s comments**: This is an essential indication and the related field description status in the LPP IE *CommonIEsProvideCapabilities* indicates that the UE may send its capabilities due to starting or stopping operation as a L2 U2N Remote UE.

**Question 1**: Do you agree to indicate the remote UE status in the LPP IE *CommonIEsProvideCapabilities* and in the method-specific IEs for target device error causes? Please provide your views as well.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Qualcomm  | Yes | Seems the simplest way to indicate the remote status to an LMF. In addition, in the case of a UE is not able to fulfil the location request due to being remote, an LMF can be informed in the error cause and could instigate another positioning method in a 2nd attempt (e.g., select a positioning method which is less sensitive to the UE remote status (e.g., GNSS)). |
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**Question 2**: Do you agree with the field description of the remote UE status indication in *CommonUEsProvideCapabilities* text indicating that the UE may send its capabilities due to starting or stopping operation as a L2 U2N Remote UE?

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Qualcomm | Yes | Remote status may change during a positioning session (e.g., in the case of long response times, periodic reporting, etc.). |
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**Summary:**

## 3.2 SFN and DFN timelines

R2-2303559 mentioned the benefit of an SFN-DFN offset has been reviewed by companies and is established in the references, allowing the remote UE to know the SFN timeline of the serving gNB to support various positioning operations. How to contain the offset was discussed by companies as well. Considering that positioning may be infrequent and not every remote UE has requirements/support for positioning, a request-response mechanism and a capability flag are supported after companies discussed previously.

**Proposal 3:** Introduce an SFN-DFN offset in the *RRCReconfigurationSidelink* message, in which the offset is requested explicitly by the remote UE with the *RemoteUEInformationSidelink* message when it starts a positioning operation.

**Rapporteur’s comments**:

SFN-DFN offset is essential info for the positioning of remote UEs. This is a comprised proposal which has been supported by seven companies.

**Question 3**: Do you agree to introduce an SFN-DFN offset in the *RRCReconfigurationSidelink* message, in which the offset is requested explicitly by the remote UE with the *RemoteUEInformationSidelink* message when it starts a positioning operation? Please provide your views.

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Qualcomm | Yes | This enables the remote UE to determine the SFN of the "serving cell", if needed. |
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**Summary:**

## 3.3 posSIB request

It seems clear that there is no fundamental limitation preventing use of the posSIBs by a remote UE analysed in R2-2303559. Certain assistance data are not fully applicable for a remote UE, but the UE is aware of which assistance data would be useful and can request only what it can use.

**Proposal 4:** The SIB request mechanism from the remote UE is extended to allow requesting the posSIBs.

Furthermore, R2-2303559 mentioned that it may be useful to have a capability on the sidelink for posSIB forwarding by the relay UE, so that a remote UE does not make futile requests for posSIBs—e.g., a relay UE without positioning capability may not implement interpretation of the posSchedulingInfoList at all, and the remote UE should be aware that such a relay cannot receive and forward the posSIBs.

**Question 4**: Do you agree with the SIB request mechanism from the remote UE is extended to allow requesting the posSIBs? Please provide your views.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Qualcomm | Yes | We can not see a reason why this can not be supported.  |
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**Summary:**

## 3.4 posSIB timing

One company analysed in [7], if a posSIB is forwarded to the remote UE according to current procedures, the remote UE does not know the time at which the posSIB was received by the relay UE. This loss of information could impair the interpretation of GNSS-ReferenceTime, which in certain circumstances provides the GNSS system time “at time of reception of the IE GNSS-ReferenceTime by the target device” ([9], section 6.5.2.2).

The proposal in [7] was to indicate the time of reception of each posSIB according to the DFN timeline. So R2-2303559 proposed to further discuss the potential enhancement.

**Proposal 5:** Discuss the possible need to indicate the reception time of a posSIB in the DFN timeline to the remote UE.

**Question 5**: Do you agree to discuss the possible need to indicate the reception time of a posSIB in the DFN timeline to the remote UE? Please provide your views.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Qualcomm | Yes | According to R2-2303123, it seems the biggest "latency contributor" would be the SL-DRX. If this delay can indeed be up to 10.24 seconds, then a time stamp could be useful. However, for a 10.24 second delay, a SFN or DFN time stamp seems not sufficient (i.e., frame wrap-around)? |
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**Summary:**

## 3.5 Stage 2 impact

After the previous discussion, companies agree that there are two features that fundamentally cannot work with a remote UE:

1. Uplink positioning and multi-RTT with aperiodic or semi-persistent SRSp, which depends on an activation command in the MAC layer;

2. Measurement gaps/PPW, which cannot currently be supported on sidelink.

So R2-2303559 proposed:

**Proposal 6:** Include NOTEs in TS 38.305 indicating that uplink positioning and multi-RTT with aperiodic or semi-persistent SRS cannot be used with a remote UE, and that measurement gaps and PPW are not supported for a remote UE.

**Question 6**: Do you agree to include NOTEs in TS 38.305 indicating that uplink positioning and multi-RTT with aperiodic or semi-persistent SRS cannot be used with a remote UE, and that measurement gaps and PPW are not supported for a remote UE? Please provide your views.

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Qualcomm |  | No strong view. But O.K. if considered helpful. |
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**Summary:**

# 4 Discussion of proposals in R2-2303702

The document R2-2303702 focus on the emergency use case; i.e; network initiated location request (NI-LR) or Mobile Terminated Location Request (MT-LR) for the regulatory location services.

Both Positioning of remote UEs and Relay based Positioning for emergency calls discussed the candidate solutions in U2N scenario. Here we will discuss the proposals on Relay Positioning for emergency call in the document R2-2303702.

The document R2-2303702 focus on the emergency use case; i.e; network initiated location request (NI-LR) or Mobile Terminated Location Request (MT-LR) for the regulatory location services.

**Observation 1** It would naturally become essential to support NI-LR or MT-LR use case when relay-based positioning would be supported.

**Observation 2** Cell ID based positioning will not work for when relay-based positioning is supported. AMF should be aware that the UE is remote UE and the maximum supported relay UE to remote UE distance to support relay-based positioning.

**Observation 3** AMF should be aware that UE is remote UE.

With the analysis of the emergency call, R2-2303702 proposed to wait for SA2 on supporting emergency call for relay-based positioning:

**Proposal 1** RAN2 does not declare that relay-based positioning is supported until solution for NI-LR emergency call positioning is in place.

**Proposal 2** Wait for SA2 to address key issue on supporting emergency call and how NI-LR positioning (emergency call positioning) or MT\_LR for regulatory services and cell ID based positioning work for relay-based positioning.

**Rapporteur’s comments**:

Clause 5.4.4 Support of emergency service from 5G ProSe Remote UE via 5G ProSe UE-to-Network Relay in TS 23.304 V18.1.0 (2023-03) says:

The existing positioning function as applicable is reused for the 5G ProSe Remote UE. If no other information is available, the location of the 5G ProSe UE-to-Network Relay can be used as Remote UE location estimate.

The TS say ‘The existing positioning function as applicable is reused for the 5G ProSe Remote UE.’ So the SA2 assumption actually supports that positioning for the remote UE with the existing functionality can be enabled, including A-GNSS and RAT-Dependent positioning methods. If there is no remote UE indication to LMF, the LMF may not select proper positioning method for the remote UE. And without the SFN-DFN timeline, some existing positioning methods may then fail.

**Question 7**: Do you agree NOT to support any relay-based positioning until solution for NI-LR emergency call positioning is in place? Please provide your views.

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Qualcomm | No | NI-LR/MT-LR/MO-LR has no impact to LPP/RRC.  |
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**Summary:**

# 5 Discussion of TPs in Phase II

According to the discussion of the proposals in R2-2303559 and R2-2303702 in the email discussion, the candidate TPs are discussed here:

**TBD**

# 6 Conclusion

Companies discussed the proposals and TPs in R2-2303559 and R2-2303702 in the email discussion, here are the proposals:

**TBD**

# 7 Reference

[1] R2-2208314, “Positioning support for remote UEs”, MediaTek Inc./CATT/Huawei/HiSilicon, RAN2#119-e

[2] R2-2208315, “Downlink positioning support and posSIB request for L2 UE-to-network remote UE”, MediaTek Inc./CATT/Huawei/HiSilicon, RAN2#119-e

[3] R2-2208317, “Indication to LMF of operation as a L2 UE-to-network remote UE”, MediaTek Inc./CATT/Huawei/HiSilicon, RAN2#119-e

[4] R2-2208319, “Positioning method support for L2 UE-to-network remote UE”, MediaTek Inc./CATT/Huawei/HiSilicon, RAN2#119-e

[5] R2-2210367, “On Positioning Support for L2 UE-to-Network Remote UEs”, Qualcomm Incorporated, RAN2#119bis-e

[6] R2-2301649, “Positioning for remote UEs”, MediaTek Inc./CATT/Huawei/HiSilicon, RAN2#121

[7] R2-2205319, “Discussion on how to support posSIB(s) forwarding, Xiaomi, RAN2#118

[8] R2-2301296, “Relay based positioning procedure”, Ericsson, RAN2#121

[9] TS 37.355

[10] TS 23.271

[11] TS 23.304 Proximity based Services (ProSe) in the 5G System (5GS) V18.1.0 (2023-03)

[12] R2-2303559 Positioning of remote UEs MediaTek Inc., CATT, Huawei, HiSilicon, Qualcomm Incorporated, Xiaomi, Intel Corporation, vivo discussion Rel-18 TEI18

[13] R2-2303702 Relay based Positioning for emergency calls and posSIB forwarding Ericsson discussion Rel-18