3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 #119-e R2-220xxxx

Online Meeting, Aug 17th – 29th, 2022

Agenda Item: 8.15

Source: Samsung

Title: [AT119-e][025][NR18] Protection of SI (Samsung)

Document for: Discussion, Decision

# Introduction

This document is to collect companies input for below offline discussion.

* [AT119-e][025][NR18] Protection of SI (Samsung)

 Scope: Treat R2-2206976, R2-2207028, R2-2208460, R2-2208482, R2-2208625, Collect Comments, determine possible agreements and discussion points, progress the LS accordingly

 Intended outcome: Report, Draft LS out.

 Deadline: Online CB TUE W2

Deadline (for companies' feedback): Tuesday 2022-08-23 0700 UTC

Received SA3 LS and related RAN2 contributions are as follows:

1. [R2-2206976](file:///C%3A%5C%5CUsers%5C%5Cmtk65284%5C%5CDocuments%5C%5C3GPP%5C%5Ctsg_ran%5C%5CWG2_RL2%5C%5CTSGR2_119-e%5C%5CDocs%5C%5CR2-2206976.zip%22%20%5Co%20%22C%3AUsersmtk65284Documents3GPPtsg_ranWG2_RL2TSGR2_119-eDocsR2-2206976.zip) LS out on authenticity and replay protection of system information (S3-221700; contact: CableLabs) SA3 LS in To:RAN2
2. [R2-2207028](file:///C%3A%5C%5CUsers%5C%5Cmtk65284%5C%5CDocuments%5C%5C3GPP%5C%5Ctsg_ran%5C%5CWG2_RL2%5C%5CTSGR2_119-e%5C%5CDocs%5C%5CR2-2207028.zip%22%20%5Co%20%22C%3AUsersmtk65284Documents3GPPtsg_ranWG2_RL2TSGR2_119-eDocsR2-2207028.zip) Draft Reply LS on authenticity and replay protection of system information Samsung LS out Rel-18 To:SA3
3. [R2-2208460](file:///C%3A%5C%5CUsers%5C%5Cmtk65284%5C%5CDocuments%5C%5C3GPP%5C%5Ctsg_ran%5C%5CWG2_RL2%5C%5CTSGR2_119-e%5C%5CDocs%5C%5CR2-2208460.zip%22%20%5Co%20%22C%3AUsersmtk65284Documents3GPPtsg_ranWG2_RL2TSGR2_119-eDocsR2-2208460.zip) Protection of system information vivo discussion Rel-18
4. [R2-2208482](file:///C%3A%5C%5CUsers%5C%5Cmtk65284%5C%5CDocuments%5C%5C3GPP%5C%5Ctsg_ran%5C%5CWG2_RL2%5C%5CTSGR2_119-e%5C%5CDocs%5C%5CR2-2208482.zip%22%20%5Co%20%22C%3AUsersmtk65284Documents3GPPtsg_ranWG2_RL2TSGR2_119-eDocsR2-2208482.zip) Discussion on authenticity and replay protection of system information(SA3 LS) Huawei, HiSilicon discussion Rel-17 FS\_5GFBS
5. [R2-2208625](file:///C%3A%5C%5CUsers%5C%5Cmtk65284%5C%5CDocuments%5C%5C3GPP%5C%5Ctsg_ran%5C%5CWG2_RL2%5C%5CTSGR2_119-e%5C%5CDocs%5C%5CR2-2208625.zip%22%20%5Co%20%22C%3AUsersmtk65284Documents3GPPtsg_ranWG2_RL2TSGR2_119-eDocsR2-2208625.zip) Discussion on system information security Ericsson discussion Rel-18

#  Contact Information

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# Discussion

RAN2 received a LS from SA3 [1] which concerns approach to enhance 5GS to mitigate false base stations. In the LS, SA3 has asked following questions to RAN2:

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| Several Key Issues (KIs) have been identified in TR 33.809, among which is KI#2 on the authenticity and replay protection of System Information (SI). SA3 would like to seek feedback from RAN2 on the following questions: 1. How many bytes in each of the existing SIBs can be used to carry additional security information?
2. What are the impacts of introducing a new SIB for carrying security information that can be requested by a UE on demand to validate the security of existing SIBs? How many bytes in this new SIB can be used to carry security information at maximum?
3. What are the impacts of scheduling a new SIB so that a UE can acquire the new SIB to validate the security of existing SIBs? More specifically, what periodicity can this new SIB be broadcasted?
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Further, we discuss the relevant aspects raised in the LS and contributions submitted to RAN2#119e.

## How many bytes in existing SIBs to carry security information?

This relates to the Q1 in SA3 LS. Following are the observations from different submitted contributions:

* The maximum size of SIB is 2976 bits as specified in TS 38.331. Actual size of the existing SIB depends on the corresponding configurations and parameters, so the remaining bit varies per each SIB. Note that these SIBs are subject to further enhancements for new releases and available space should also be preserved. [2]
* Any new field addition in SIBs message to carry additional security information should comply with the maximum SIBs message size limit of 2976 bits. Reusing current removing SB(s) bits may not sufficient or adequate to carry additional security information, that may be hundreds to thousand bits, for SIB protection. [3]
* It is recommended to introduce a new SIB to carry the security related information instead of using the existing SIBs, considering the size limitation and the possible further extensions. [4]
* RAN2 is not able to answer the exact available information that can be included in each SIB for security purposes. Such task is complex and can incur in a high workload for RAN2. [5]

Based on above inputs, rapporteur understands that there is no clear answer for available bytes in each of the existing SIBs to carry additional security information. Further, existing SIBs carrying security information is not preferred considering size limitation, possible future extensions and configuration/deployment dependencies. It is proposed:

1. Respond to Q1 that the maximum size of SIB is 2976 bits. Actual size of the existing SIBs is dependent on configurations /deployments, and is also subject to further enhancements in future releases. There is no definite answer on available bytes in existing SIBs to carry security information.

Question 1: Do companies agree with the Proposal 1

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Vodafone | partiell  |  In my view, we should copy the text of 38.331 into the LS back as SA3 is asking about the size only in the first question: “The physical layer imposes a limit to the maximum size a SIB can take. The maximum SIB1 or SI message size is 2976 bits.“I think we cant say that this limit will be extended in the future, even of course possible/most likely as long max.size is considered. Not sure what is the intend to of this sentence “**Actual size of the existing SIBs is dependent on configurations /deployments, and is also subject to further enhancements in future releases.”** and how relevant is this for SA3. **“There is no definite answer on available bytes in existing SIBs to carry security information”**: I think we should give some examples, e.g. taking observation 1 of R2-2208482 |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | See comments | We share the similar views with Vodafone. In addition to the size limitation due to physical layer restriction, we could give SA3 some hind from RAN2 perspective whether reusing existing SIB is feasible. According to companies’ contribution, there seems a concern that the size required by SA3 solution is too big to bear in the existing SIB. |
| Qualcomm | Comments | Agree with VDF that we can quote the maximum PHY limit in the response. However, SA3 is also asking about the available size in each SIB. This is more difficult to answer. For SIB1, there is no actualy no space left since the maximum SIB1 size is well beyond the PHY limit. We can do similar exercise for other SIBs to correctly respond to the LS. From this question, it seems that SA3 is considering as one the options to add the new security information in every SIB message. |
| vivo | Partially Yes | In general, we are OK with Proposal 1. But please NOTE that 2976 bits are the size limitation due to physical layer restriction. From RAN2 perspective, SIB segmentation has been introduced since Rel-16 (e.g., for SIB12 and SIB17), it is also worthwhile mentioning the SIB segmentation case to support a lager SIB size, which would be up to 2976\*64 segments= 190464bits (23.808KBytes). Please see highlighted as below.This information could be useful for SA3 to progress in their further work.– *SIB12*SIB12 contains NR sidelink communication/discovery configuration.*SIB12* information element-- ASN1START-- TAG-SIB12-STARTSIB12-r16 ::= SEQUENCE { segmentNumber-r16 INTEGER (0..63), segmentType-r16 ENUMERATED {notLastSegment, lastSegment}, segmentContainer-r16 OCTET STRING}– *SIB17*SIB17 contains configurations of TRS resources for idle/inactive UEs.***SIB17* information element**-- ASN1START-- TAG-SIB17-STARTSIB17-r17 ::= SEQUENCE { segmentNumber-r17 INTEGER (0..63), segmentType-r17 ENUMERATED {notLastSegment, lastSegment}, segmentContainer-r17 OCTET STRING} |
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Rapporteur’s Summary: TBD

## Impacts of introducing a new SIB for carrying security information

This relates to the Q2 in SA3 LS. Following are the observations from different submitted contributions:

* A new SIB can be introduced by the existing SI framework as defined in TS 38.331. The current SI framework is flexible, and allows both periodic transmission and on-demand transmission for each SIB. The new SIB can carry up to 2976 bits. [2]
* Impact of introducing new SIB to carry security information may be that SIB segmentation and its relative security validity resulting from SIB segmentation delay. [3]
* From RAN2 perspective, a new SIB can be introduced to carry security information, and it can be requested by a UE in the same manner as the existing on-demand SI mechanism. In this new SIB, 372 bytes can be used to carry security information at maximum. [4]
* Regarding Question 2. RAN2 can “always” introduce a new SIB depending on the purpose, the urgency, and the (specification) impact of it. Then again, and going back to what is discussed above, depending on how much information such new SIB would carry lies the amount of available space that would be needed to convey security-related information. [5]

Based on above inputs, rapporteur understands introducing a new SIB is possible for carrying security information. It is noted that there may be impacts due to SIB segmentation delay, if larger space is required. Additionally, [5] also discusses an alternative approach of providing security information in the SI message instead of new SIB. However, given the limited scope and companies view, rapporteur thinks RAN2 just responds to the question asked by SA3 and proposes:

1. Respond to Q2 that a new SIB can be introduced by the existing SI framework for carrying security information. The new SIB can carry up to 2976 bits.

Question 2: Do companies agree with the Proposal 2

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Vodafone | No | I think it would be good to re-formulate it. Existing framework of SI work include many aspects and we think we should be more precise. “What are the impacts of introducing a new SIB for carrying security information that can be requested by a UE on demand to validate the security of existing SIBs? How many bytes in this new SIB can be used to carry security information at maximum? “Proposal 2 VF: RAN WG2 would need to define a new SIB available on demand. The new SIB could carry up to 2976 bits. If we like to say more, I would propose:Proposal 2 Alt VF: RAN WG2 would need to define a new SIB available on demand. The new SIB could carry up to 2976 bits.  It is RAN WG2 understanding that proposed enhancements would not be applicable to Legacy UE. At the same time, introduction/addition of security information to existing SIBs might make it difficult to introduce/deploy new features in the future and therefore a separate SIB is preferential to reduce impact on the air interface |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Yes with comments | We understand the intention in P2 is to confirm the feasibility of new SIB which we agree with. And the revision in Proposal 2 Alt VF looks good to us. |
| Qualcomm | No | SA3 should clarify the requirements the broadcast requirements for the new security information. How often should it be sent? How does this new information get updated? Does it depend on all the broadcasted SIBs? If so, does the new SIB need to be updated when SIBs with dynamic information, e.g. SIB9, changes? How about PWS messages? The impact of a new SIB whose content and broadcasting depends on many other or all SIBs needs more analysis. |
| vivo | Partially Yes | It would be good to clarify that 2976bits for a new SIB is only for the non-segmentation case. Moreover, this could also be part of the RAN2 impact.Since RAN2 doesn’t see in the LS the whole SA3 solution on how to validate the security of existing SIBs, it may be too early to conclude all the RAN2 impacts are.As above we make some rewording based on current Proposal, e.g.,Respond to Q2 that ~~a new SIB can be introduced by the existing SI framework for carrying security information.~~ The new SIB if introduced for carrying security information can carry up to 2976 bits if the new SIB is not segmented, while 23.808KBytes depending on the number of the SIB segments. Further RAN2 impacts can be investigated in the future if needed by SA3. |
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Rapporteur’s Summary: TBD

## What are the impacts of scheduling a new SIB?

This relates to the Q3 in SA3 LS. Following are the observations from different submitted contributions:

* The existing SI framework schedules SIBs by mapping SIB(s) to SI message(s). The new SIB can be mapped to a separate SI message or can be mapped together with other SIB(s) in an SI message. The existing SI framework supports flexible scheduling periodicities (which can be 80/160/320/640/1280/2560/5120 ms) for the SI message. A specific periodicity for an SI message carrying the new SIB can be selected by the network configuration using the existing SI framework. [2]
* Current SI-SchedulingInfo can be reused as baseline for scheduling of the new SIB carrying security information for SIBs protection.[3]
* In the reply LS to SA3, RAN2 to answer Q3 as: the current SI scheduling mechanism can be used to schedule the new SIB and the scheduling period can be 80, 160, 320, 640, 1280, 2560, 5120 ms. [4]
* Regarding Question 3. SIBs can indeed have different periodicity depending, e.g., on the use cases. But then again, the impact or the design would depend on the purpose of the information that is carried by the SIB. [5]

Based on above inputs, rapporteur proposes:

1. Respond to Q3 that new SIB for carrying security information can be scheduled with a scheduling period which can be 80, 160, 320, 640, 1280, 2560, or 5120 ms. Based on the requirement, a specific periodicity can be selected by the network configuration.

Question 3: Do companies agree with the Proposal 3

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Vodafone | Addition is needed | I think we should also add that new SIB might be broadcasted just for a small period of time once requested:38.300. 7.3.2 The Other SI may be broadcast at a configurable periodicity and for a certain duration.  |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Yes | In general we are fine to the proposal. This is just to confirm what can be supported via the existing SI framework. And as Vodafone mentioned, the network can decide when to start/stop broadcasting of the SIB by implementation. |
| Qualcomm | No | As in Q2, we need to know more about the content and requirement of the new security information as well as the related UE and NW procedures. Without that, it is not possible to say that the existing SI framework is sufficient. |
| vivo | Yes |  |
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Rapporteur’s Summary: TBD

# Conclusion

Based on the discussion in section 3, we propose the following:

TBD