3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #109-e R2-2001935

Online, 24 February – 6 March 2020

**Agenda item: 6.8.2.1**

**Source: Huawei, HiSilicon**

**Title: [Offline-611][POS] Summary on support of non-periodic SRS cases**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# 1 Introduction

This document provide the collection of summary for the following offline discussion.

* [AT109e][611][POS] Support of non-periodic SRS cases (Huawei)

 Intended outcome: Summary of agreements on support of aperiodic SRS including triggering by gNB or LMF, and progress towards design of a MAC CE for SP activation/deactivation. Summary in R2-2001935.

 Deadline: Wednesday 2020-03-04 1300 CET

# 2 Discussion

## 2.1 Support of aperiodic SRS

In the LS from RAN1 [1], the following information has been provided.

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| RAN1 would like to inform other RAN WGs on the following agreement:Agreement:* SRS for positioning supports semi persistent configuration with MAC CE activation/deactivation, with SRS for positioning to be received at the serving cell and neighbor cell
* The aperiodic SRS for positioning is triggered by a DCI
* There is no impact to Rel-15 DCI (reuse the triggers in place in rel-15)
* The support of the reception of aperiodic SRS for positioning by the neighbor cell, is up to decision by RAN2 and RAN3 working groups
* RAN1 assumes that the SRS for positioning configuration will be included in the RRC configuration of a UE and that it is up to RAN2 and RAN3 WG’s scope to analyze further the system level aspects along with any further work on the design of higher layer signaling.
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As summarized in the stage2 summary, the following options have been provided by different companies during the meeting:

* *Option1: Define a new NRPPa procedure that enables an LMF to request activation/deactivation of semi-persistent and aperiodic SRS-for-positioning resource sets from a gNB. [R2-2001214]*
* *Option2: At the time when non-periodic SRS resource is activated (for LTE, it is the time when SRS configuration in eNB is changed or UE performs handover), gNB sends UPLINK POSITIONING INFORMATION UPDATE message to the LMF. Then, the LMF sends MEASUREMENT REQUEST to the neighbouring cells with the configuration of non-periodic SRS resources. This procedure is similar to the SRS configuration update procedure in UTDOA in LTE. R2-2000513*
* *Option3: After the selection of TRP, LMF sends all the SRS configurations to the neighbouring cells, including periodic, semi-persistent and aperiodic SRS configuration. Then, the neighbouring cells blindly detects periodic, semi-persistent, and aperiodic SRS sent by the UE. If any of the SRS signal is detected, the neighbouring cells would sent MEASUREMENT RESULTS back to the LMF. R2-2000513*
* *Option4: configuration is provided to the neighbouring cells with the configuration of periodic SRS configuration. Then, it is up to the gNB implementation (with the proper DCI timing) to ensure the non-periodic SRS is transmitted according to the time/frequency configuration of the periodic SRS configuration. The main consideration is that the interaction of gNB and LMF may take too long time for the neighbouring cells to receive/measure the non-periodic SRS. R2-2000967*

For the above 4 options, we can make a summary with the following table with regard to different aspects of the design

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|  | Activation/deactivation decided by  | Activation/deactivation triggered by | Configuration transferred in the NRPPa MEASUREMENT REQUEST | Additional activation/deactivation signalling required in NRPPa |
| Option1 | Serving gNB | LMF | all non-periodic SRS configurations | signalled by NRPPa from LMF to serving gNB and LMF to neighbouring cells |
| Option2 | Serving gNB | serving gNB | all non-periodic SRS configurations | signalled by NRPPa from serving gNB to LMF and LMF to neighbouring cells |
| Option3 | Serving gNB | serving gNB | all non-periodic SRS configuration | No need |
| Option4 | Serving gNB | serving gNB | only periodic SRS configuration | No need |

Based on the above LS, the support of the reception of aperiodic SRS for positioning by the neighbor cell is contingent on discussion in RAN2/3. We suggest to discuss the following two issues for SP and AP SRS.

* Feasibility for the neighbor gNB to receive the aperiodic SRS
* Triggering SRS transmission by gNB or LMF

### Discussion#1: Feasibility for the neighbor gNB to receive the aperiodic SRS

Companies are invited to provide inputs on the following issue:

***Q1: Do company think it is feasible for the neighboring gNB to receive the aperiodic SRS with the potential NRPPa signaling delay?***

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| Company  | Yes/No | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

### Discussion#2: Triggering SRS transmission by gNB or LMF

For the triggering of non-periodic SRS, generally, there are two options:

1. The activation/deactivation is triggered by LMF
2. The activation/deactivation is triggered by gNB

Companies are encouraged to provide their views on the following question:

***Q2: Whether the activation/deactivation should be triggered by gNB or LMF?***

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| Company  | Triggering entity gNB/ LMF | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

## 2.2 MAC CE design for SP-SRS

RAN2 agree that SP-SRS is supported. According to the RAN1 spec, the following functionality of the MAC CE can be summarized:

1. Indication of SP SRS resource (R15 or R16 for positioning) to be activated/deactivated
2. Indication of spatial relation for the activated SP SRS resource to facilitate the UL beam transmission

 [1] is straightforward that the MAC CE needs to indicate the SRS resource of a configured SRS resource set under the current active BWP. [2]

* Indication of activation/deactivation of R15 SP-SRS resource, with reference to
	+ SSB and NZP CSI-RS resource
		- Configured in the serving cell with *ResourceServingCellID*
		- If *ResourceServingCellID* is absent, same serving cell as the SRS resource set is configured
	+ SRS resource
		- Configured in the serving cell and BWP with *ResourceServingCellID*  and *resourceBWPID*
		- If not configured, same serving cell and active BWP
* Indication of activation/deactivation of R16 SP SRS for positioning resource, with reference to
	+ Same indication for R15 SP SRS resource
	+ SSB of a non-serving cell
	+ DL PRS of a serving or non-serving cell

We first focus on the choice of whether to design a new MAC CE or reusing legacy/existing MAC CE (e.g. Rel-15 SP SRS activation/deactivation MAC CE, or Rel-16 new MAC CE introduced in MIMO)

### Discussion#3: New MAC CE or reusing existing MAC CE

Based on the discussion in the submitted contributions, there are two approaches for realizing the functionality of activation/deactivation for SP SRS:

1. Reuse the R15 SP SRS activation/deactivation MAC CE or R16 MAC CE in eMIMO
2. Design a new MAC CE

For the SP-SRS activation/deactivation in R15, the details are as follows as in TS 38.321

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| --- |
| - A/D: This field indicates whether to activate or deactivate indicated SP SRS resource set. The field is set to 1 to indicate activation, otherwise it indicates deactivation;- SRS Resource Set's Cell ID: This field indicates the identity of the Serving Cell, which contains activated/deactivated SP SRS Resource Set. If the C field is set to 0, this field also indicates the identity of the Serving Cell which contains all resources indicated by the Resource IDi fields. The length of the field is 5 bits;- SRS Resource Set's BWP ID: This field indicates a UL BWP as the codepoint of the DCI *bandwidth part indicator* field as specified in TS 38.212 [9], which contains activated/deactivated SP SRS Resource Set. If the C field is set to 0, this field also indicates the identity of the BWP which contains all resources indicated by the Resource IDi fields. The length of the field is 2 bits;- C: This field indicates whether the octets containing Resource Serving Cell ID field(s) and Resource BWP ID field(s) are present. If this field is set to 1, the octets containing Resource Serving Cell ID field(s) and Resource BWP ID field(s) are present, otherwise they are not present;- SUL: This field indicates whether the MAC CE applies to the NUL carrier or SUL carrier configuration. This field is set to 1 to indicate that it applies to the SUL carrier configuration, and it is set to 0 to indicate that it applies to the NUL carrier configuration;- SP SRS Resource Set ID: This field indicates the SP SRS Resource Set ID identified by *SRS-ResourceSetId* as specified in TS 38.331 [5], which is to be activated or deactivated. The length of the field is 4 bits;- Fi: This field indicates the type of a resource used as a spatial relationship for SRS resource within SP SRS Resource Set indicated with SP SRS Resource Set ID field. F0 refers to the first SRS resource within the resource set, F1 to the second one and so on. The field is set to 1 to indicate NZP CSI-RS resource index is used, and it is set to 0 to indicate either SSB index or SRS resource index is used. The length of the field is 1 bit. This field is only present if MAC CE is used for activation, i.e. the A/D field is set to 1;- Resource IDi: This field contains an identifier of the resource used for spatial relationship derivation for SRS resource i. Resource ID0 refers to the first SRS resource within the resource set, Resource ID1 to the second one and so on. If Fi is set to 0, and the first bit of this field is set to 1, the remainder of this field contains *SSB-Index* as specified in TS 38.331 [5]. If Fi is set to 0, and the first bit of this field is set to 0, the remainder of this field contains *SRS-ResourceId* as specified in TS 38.331 [5]. The length of the field is 7 bits. This field is only present if MAC CE is used for activation, i.e. the A/D field is set to 1;- Resource Serving Cell IDi: This field indicates the identity of the Serving Cell on which the resource used for spatial relationship derivation for SRS resource i is located. The length of the field is 5 bits;- Resource BWP IDi: This field indicates a UL BWP as the codepoint of the DCI *bandwidth part indicator* field as specified in TS 38.212 [9], on which the resource used for spatial relationship derivation for SRS resource i is located. The length of the field is 2 bits;- R: Reserved bit, set to 0. |

While for the MAC CE in R16 designed under the work item eMIMO, they have not been finalized yet

Based on the observation on the need for functionality for positioning SRS and the design of legacy R15 MAC CE, rapporteur found it might be hard to reuse the legacy MAC CE. One obvious reason is that: Legacy MAC CE cannot indicate the DL PRS as the spatial relation. With the combination of Fi and the first bit of resource ID, it is able to indicate the spatial relation with NZP CSI-RS/SRS/SSB, but not for DL PRS. Another is the legacy MAC CE can only trigger the activation/deactivation of SRS under a single SRS resource set.

Nevertheless, [2] has proposed an approach to utilize the reserved bit in the second octet of the legacy MAC CE, and then redesign the rest of the MAC CE based on this switch bit.

Companies are invited to provide inputs on the following issue:

***Q: Whether to (a) reuse the R15 legacy SP SRS activation/deactivation MAC CE or (b) design a new MAC CE?***

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| Company  | Option (a)/(b) | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

Regardless of the choice of designing a new MAC CE or reusing the legacy MAC CE, we think the following aspects are common for both approaches:

* Partial Activation and deactivation with a single MAC CE
* Activation/deactivation granularity
* Support of spatial relation
* Support of pathloss reference
* Indication of spatial relation RS or pathloss reference RS

### Discussion#4: Activation/deactivation granularity

As can be seen above for the R15 MAC CE, the activation/deactivation is for the SRS resources within a single SRS resource set. For the new MAC CE, we should decide whether the MAC CE can activate

* Option 1: Single positioning SRS resource set on a BWP of a CC, or
* Option 2: Multiple positioning SRS resource sets on a BWP of a CCs, or
* Option 3: Multiple positioning SRS resource sets across BWPs/CCs

Companies are encouraged to provide their views on the following issue

***Q: Companies are encouraged to provide their views on what is the granularity for the activation/deactivation***

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| Company  | Option (a)/(b)/(c) | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

### Discussion#5: Partial activation and deactivation with a single MAC CE

As can be observed for the legacy MAC CE, it can only active or deactivate SRS resources (as indicated with the field “A/D” within the MAC CE), but cannot activate some SP SRSs while deactivate some other SP SRSs at the same time. RAN2 needs to discuss this for SP SRS for positioning, especially from the perspective that R16 support both R15 SRS and R16 SRS for positioning.

Note that this may be correlated with the above question on the granularity of activation/deactivation indication. When the granularity of indication is multiple SRS resource sets, the MAC CE might be able to activate some resource set while deactivate other resource set.

Companies are encouraged to provide their views on the following issue

***Q: Whether it is necessary to activate some SRS resources while deactivate other SRS resources with a single MAC CE?***

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| Company  | Yes/No | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

### Discussion#6: Support of activation/deactivation of R15 SRS

According to the RAN1 agreement and the current CR agreed to 38.214, as summarized above, the following reference signals can serve as the source for the spatial relation information for the SP SRS in R15 and SP SRS in R16 in R16 positioning:

* R16 SRS
	+ SSB from serving cell and non-serving cell;
	+ NZP CSI-RS resource from serving cell;
	+ SRS resource;
	+ SRS-for-positioning resource;
	+ DL-PRS from serving and non-serving cell.
* R15 SRS
	+ SSB from serving cell ~~and non-serving cell~~;
	+ NZP CSI-RS resource from serving cell;
	+ SRS resource;

While for the R15 MAC CE, the spatial relationship indication can only support the following:

* SSB from serving cell;
* NZP CSI-RS resource from serving cell;
* SRS resource;

Companies are encouraged to provide their views on the following issue

***Q: Whether it is necessary that the new MAC CE can activate/deactivate R15 SRS resource***

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| Company  | Yes/No | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

### Discussion#7: Granularity of spatial relationship indication

Next, for R15 SRS resource activation/deactivation, the indication of spatial relation is per SRS resource. We assume that the spatial relation is also resource-specific for the new MAC CE for SP SRS activation/deactivation for R16 positioning.

***Q: Whether the activation/deactivation indicate per-SRS resource spatial relation?***

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| Company  | Yes/No | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

### Discussion#8: Support of pathloss reference

In R15, the MAC CE does not indicate the pathloss reference for SRS. This part addresses whether the MAC CE can initialize/update the pathloss reference of each SRS resource set. We assume that the pathloss reference is resource-set specific.

***Q: Companies are encouraged to provide their views whether pathloss reference for SRS should be supported for the activation/deactivation MAC CE?***

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| Company  | Y/N | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

### Discussion#9: Indication of spatial relation RS or pathloss reference RS

Last but not the least, we need to discuss how to indicate the spatial relation/pathloss reference RS. Since the spatial relation RS or pathloss reference RS can be either from the serving cell or a neighbouring cell, and the RS can be SSB, PRS, CSI-RS (for the serving cell), or another SRS, how to indicate those RS in the MAC CE should be discussed.

In R16, the difference from R15 is that the spatial relation with the source as the neighbouring cell RS can also be supported for SSB and DL-PRS. In [R2-2001237], a spatial relation ID has been proposed to compress the information for this spatial relation indication, but for this, special configuration for this “spatial relation ID” is needed.

This issue needs to be specially handled if we support SP SRS and companies are invited to provide their solutions in the following open question:

***Q: Companies are encouraged to provide their views on how the spatial relation is indicated.***

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| Company  | Comments |
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***Summary:***

***Proposal :***

# 3 Conclusions

TBD

# 4 References

1. R2-1914310 LS on SRS for NR Positioning (R1-1911634; contact: Intel) RAN1 LS in Rel-16 NR\_pos To:RAN2, RAN3 Cc:RAN4

[2]. R2-2001214 Semi-persistent and aperiodic SRS-for-positioning Qualcomm Incorporated discussion Rel-16 NR\_pos-Core