**3GPP TSG RAN WG1 Meeting #101-e R1-** **200xxxx**

**e-meeting, 8th June - 11th June 2020**

**Source: Moderator (CATT)**

**Title: Summary of Email Discussion [101-e-Post-NR-Pos-Enh]**

**Agenda item: 8.2**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# Introduction

This document provides a summary of the following email discussion:

🖂[101-e-Post-NR-Pos-Enh] Email discussion/approval prioritizing remaining  evaluation assumptions till 6/17 – Ren Da (CATT)

* Focusing on high priority proposals first, target 6/11 for early approvals
* Followed by medium priority/low priority proposals

This summary covers the follow-up discussion of the following issues (R1-2005049):

* **Proposal 2.1-1: Rel-17 target positioning requirements**
* **Proposal 2.1-2: Metric of positioning accuracy requirements**
* **Proposal 4.1-3: (Optional) UE RX/TX timing error for antenna panel**
* **Proposal 4.1-4: (Optional) hand blockage model in evaluation**
* **Proposal 5.1-3: (Optional) UE mobility model**
* **Proposal 5.1-8: (Optional) Base station spacing**
* **Proposal 6.1-1: Evaluation scenario(s) for commercial use cases**
* **Proposal 8.1-3: Physical layer and higher layer positioning latency**
* **Proposal 8.1-5: Evaluation of UE power consumption**
* **TR 38.857 skeleton**

Please note of the following highlights will be used in this summary:

* The Pink highlights are proposals and issues for discussion with high priority in this email discussion
* The Yellow highlights are proposals and issues for discussion with medium priority in this email discussion
* The Dark Yellow highlights are proposals and issues for discussion with low priority in this email discussion
* The Turquoise highlights are offline consensus/conclusion based on offline discussion or comments

# Proposals for Discussion

Note: See R1-2005049 [1] for the discussions of previous proposals.

### Proposal 2.1-1

FL Comments

In previous discussion, most companies support the Proposal 2.1-1 (Revision #3)[1]. Two companies suggest removing the FFS bullets for Physical layer latency, one company suggest using the same target accuracy as shown in SID, one company suggest adding 1m of Horizontal position accuracy into IIoT use cases, and one company suggest removing 20ms delays as in SID. Given that all of the suggestions of the changes are for either the numbers in brackets or FFS, it might be better for us minimize the effort on the discussion of the proposals at this moment, since we may need to further investigation (e.g., marketing requirements, the evaluation results based on R16 positioning, the potential R17 enhancements, etc.) to decide the reasonable and realistic target positioning performance for Rel-17.

Note: It is worthy to point out that the target positioning performance for Rel-17 shows what we are targeting in R17. It is not defined nor bounded by the simulation results based on Rel-16 positioning technologies. The target positioning performance for Rel-17 will be used for us to identify the gap between the positioning performance based on Rel-16 positioning technologies and what we are targeting to achieve in Rel-17.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 2.1-1** | Revision #4   * + In Rel-17 target positioning requirements for **commercial use cases** are defined as follows:     - * + Horizontal position accuracy (<1 m)         + Vertical position accuracy (< [2 or 3] m)         + End-to-end latency for position estimation of UE (<[100m]s)         + FFS: whether to define target hysical layer latency for position estimation of UE (<[10ms])   + In Rel-17 target positioning requirements for **IIoT use cases** are defined as follows:     - * + Horizontal position accuracy (< X m)   X = [ 0.2 or 0.5]m   * + - * + Vertical position accuracy (< Y m)   Y = [0.2 or 1]m   * + - * + End-to-end latency for position estimation of UE (<[10ms, 20ms, or 100ms])         + FFS: whether to define target physical layer latency for position estimation of UE (<[10ms]) |  |

### Proposal 2.1-2

FL Comments

In previous discussion, most companies support the Proposal 2.1-2 (Revision #2) [1] in principle with the suggestion of changing “availability of [90%]” either to “[90%] of CDF values” or “[90%] of UEs”, which is used in TR 38.855 in Rel-16. Thus, it might be better to follow TR 38.855 to use “[90%] of UEs”.

One company asks what happens if the target positioning accuracy can only be achieved at a percentile lower than [90%]. To address the question, our understanding is that one of the main purposes of the simulation evaluation is to identify the gap between the positioning performance based on Rel-16 positioning technologies, which are currently used for simulation evaluation, and the target positioning performance defined for Rel-17. In another word, the target positioning performance requirements in R17, including the percentile of CDF values, are not bounded by the simulation results. We may expect reasonably a gap between the evaluation results based on Rel-16 positioning technologies and the target positioning accuracy for Rel-17.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 2.1-2** | Revision #3   * The target horizontal and vertical positioning accuracy requirements are defined based on [90%] of UEs. |  |

### Proposal 4.1-3

FL Comments

In previous discussion, it seems most companies are in favour of the option to model The UE/gNB RX-TX timing error. Near the end of the meeting, there was a discussion of the revision proposed by the proponents. Interested companies are welcome to present their views on the revision.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 2.1-2** | Revision #1  (Optional)The UE/gNB RX-TX timing error, in FR1/FR2, can be modelled as a truncated Gaussian distribution of (T1 ns) rms values, subject to a largest timing difference of T2 ns, where T2 = 2\*T1   * That is, the range of timing errors is [-T2, T2] * T1: [2] ns for gNB and [8] ns for UE (realistic Rx-Tx calibration) * Note: RX-TX timing errors are generated per panel |  |

### Proposal 4.1-4

FL Comments

In previous discussion, the number of companies (4) that are supportive to the Proposal 4.1-4 [1] is fewer than the number of companies (6) that do not support it. The proponents of the Proposal 4.1-4 suggested to explicitly state in the TR that 'Hand blockage aspects were not taken into account in the study item phase.' Given that TR 38.901 does not define hand blockage model, and it is obvious the SI may not be consider all practical issues, it may not be necessary to have the statement in TR. But, this issue can be discussed when we prepare the TR.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 4.1-4** | • (Optional) In FR2, a loss of 10 dB can be applied for a randomly chosen blocked panel to model hand blockage | FL suggestion: no further discussion on the proposal in this meeting. |

### Proposal 5.1-3

FL Comments

In previous discussion, it seems most companies are supportive to the Proposal 5.1-3 (Revision #2)[1]. Four companies prefer to have the common model, and one company suggests let each company to choose their own model. In the revision#3, we include the common model proposed in previous email discussion for further comments.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 5.1-3** | Revision #3   * (Optional) UE mobility can be considered in evaluation with the consideration of the spatial consistency procedure defined in TR 38.901. * Individual companies are encouraged to consider using the following mobility model:   + Track mode: linear track   + Velocity & acceleration (velocity acceleration values decided by companies)     - Option 1: constant speed [30km/h], zero acceleration.     - Option 2: initial constant acceleration period + constant speed period   + Position update rate: describes the time when the position of a track is updates >1ms (values decided by companies)   + Direction: describes the travel direction along the track. The direction is a random value if either 0, pi/2 and -pi/2 in rad.   + Additional assumptions:     - Spatial Consistency according to TR 38.901 (Section 7.6.3) * Note1: UE dropping procedure in Table 5-1 applies * Note 2: For InF UE positions not within the Hall are not considered for evaluation |  |

### Proposal 5.1-8

FL Comments

In previous discussion, seven companies are supportive to the Proposal 5.1-8[1], but three companies don’t support. Suggest having a further discussion to have further understanding of the motivation as well as the concerns.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 5.1-8** | * (Optional) Base station spacing of D=10m can be considered for BS layout in small hall (L=120m x W=60m). |  |

### Proposal 6.1-1

FL Comments

Five companies prefer Proposal 6.1-1 (Revision #3)[1], three companies do not see the need for the proposal, while one company prefer Revision #2. Even if we do not define the baseline scenario for the evaluation of the positioning enhancements for commercial use cases, it may still be useful to have a conclusion that no baseline scenario is defined. In addition, it might be better to exclude the scenarios that no company is interested in.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 5.1-8** | Revision #4   * In Rel-17 SI for the evaluation of the positioning enhancements for commercial use cases, no baseline scenario is defined. [UMi, UMa, IOO] scenario(s) defined in TR 38.855 can be considered as optional scenarios. | FL: Interested companies are encoraged propose the scenario(s) they may evaluate. We may exclude the scenario that no company is interested in. |

### Proposal 8.1-3

FL Comments

In previous discussion, all companies are supportive to the main bullet of the Proposal 8.1-3 (Revision #3) [1]. One company made a comment to reword of the note, saying RAN1’s discussion will only focus on physical layer latency. Given that the main bullet says “Both Physical layer and higher layer positioning latency can be evaluated”, it would not better to remove “only”, but “RAN1 discussions focus on physical layer latency”, which we assume is the common understanding anyway.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 8.1.-3** | Revision #4   * Both Physical layer and higher layer positioning latency can be evaluated through analysis and, optionally, numerical evaluation.   + Note: RAN1 discussions focus on physical layer latency.   + Note: RAN2 may need to be involved for higher layer latency analysis |  |

### Proposal 8.1-5

FL Comments

Most companies are supportive to the proposal 8.1-5 Revision #3 [1], while one company suggests emphasizing the evaluation of UE power consumption is optional, which is actually clearly covered in Revision #3. The comment also suggests using the model developed in TR 38.840 as baseline model for the evaluation. But, TR 38.840 actually does not define the UE power consumption model for DL PRS processing and UL SRS for positioning. Thus, it would be better to simply suggest interested companies to use the UE power consumption models in TR 38.840 as the starting points to define the UE power consumption model suitable for NR positioning, but not spend the time to discuss the common model in this SI.

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| **Proposals** | **Description** | **Comments** |
| **Proposal 8.1.-5** | Revision #4   * UE power consumption for NR positioning can be evaluated in the SI. * Note: It is up to each company on how to evaluate the power consumption for positioning. The UE power consumption models developed in TR38.840 can be used as the starting point for defining the UE power consumption model for the evaluation for NR positioning. |  |

# TR skeleton for TR 38.857

The skeleton for TR 38.857 [2] was discussed in the meeting [1]. Based on the comments, an update version is provided in the draft folder “[R1-20NNNN skeleton for TR38857 v001.docx](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG1_RL1/TSGR1_101-e/Inbox/drafts/8.2%20Study%20on%20NR%20Positioning%20Enhancements/R1-20NNNN%20skeleton%20for%20TR38857%20v001_ericsson.docx)” by TR Rapporteur. Interested companies are encouraged to provide further comments to the revised TR skeleton.

Comments

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| **Company** | | **Comments** |
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# Summary of Proposals

TBD

References

1. R1-2005049 FL Summary #4 for NR Positioning Enhancements CATT
2. R1-2004649 TR skeleton for TR 38.857 Ericsson
3. RP-193237, “New SID on NR Positioning Enhancements”, Qualcomm Incorporated, Sitges, Spain, December 9th – 12th, 2019
4. [R1-2003284](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003284.doc) IIoT Scenarios for Positioning Futurewei

1. [R1-2003295](E:\\1 Meetings\\RAN1\\2020 05_TSRR1_101\\Inbox\\R1-2003295.doc) Discussion on scenarios and evaluation methodology for Rel-17 positioning Huawei, HiSilicon
2. [R1-2003427](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003427.doc) Discussion on additional scenarios for NR positioning evaluation vivo
3. [R1-2003479](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003479.doc) Additional scenarios for evaluation on positioning enhancements ZTE
4. [R1-2003640](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003640.doc) IIoT use cases and scenarios for evaluation of NR Positioning Enhancements CATT
5. [R1-2003719](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003719.doc) Additional scenarios for evaluation of NR positioning Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell

1. [R1-2003767](E:\\1 Meetings\\RAN1\\2020 05_TSRR1_101\\Inbox\\R1-2003767.doc) I-IoT scenarios for NR positioning evaluations Intel Corporation
2. [R1-2003906](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003906.doc) Additional scenarios for evaluation Samsung
3. [R1-2003963](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003963.doc) Discussions on IIoT scenarios for positioning CMCC
4. [R1-2004063](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004063.doc) Discussion on Scenarios for Evaluation OPPO
5. [R1-2004141](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004141.doc) Discussion on additional scenarios for evaluation LG Electronics
6. [R1-2004190](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004190.doc) Considerations on Scenarios for Evaluations of IIoT Positioning Sony
7. [R1-2004199](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004199.doc) View on scenarios and evaluation parameters for Rel 17 positioning enhancement CEWiT
8. [R1-2004490](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004490.doc) Considerations on Additional Scenarios for Evaluation Qualcomm Incorporated
9. [R1-2004517](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004517.doc) Additional scenarios and considerations for NR positioning Fraunhofer IIS, Fraunhofer HHI

1. [R1-2004650](file:///E:\\1%20Meetings\\RAN1\\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\\Inbox\\R1-2004650.doc) Additional scenarios for performance evaluations , Ericsson
2. [R1-2003296](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003296.doc) Performance evaluation for Rel-17 positioning Huawei, HiSilicon
3. [R1-2003428](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003428.doc) Evaluation of achievable accuracy and latency for NR positioning enhancements vivo
4. [R1-2003480](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003480.doc) Evaluation results of additional scenarios for positioning ZTE
5. [R1-2003547](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003547.doc) Evaluation of Rel-16 Positioning for IIoT Futurewei
6. [R1-2003641](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003641.doc) Discussion of evaluation of NR positioning performance CATT
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8. [R1-2003720](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003720.doc) Views on evaluation of achievable positioning accuracy and latency Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
9. [R1-2004725](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004725.doc) Initial analysis of NR positioning performance in I-IoT scenarios Intel Corporation
10. [R1-2003907](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003907.doc) Evaluation of achievable positioning accuracy and latency Samsung
11. [R1-2003964](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003964.doc) Discussions on evaluation methodology of latency CMCC
12. [R1-2004064](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004064.doc) Evaluation of NR positioning in IIoT scenario OPPO
13. [R1-2004191](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004191.doc) Considerations on Evaluation of Positioning Accuracy and Latency Sony
14. [R1-2004491](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004491.doc) Initial Evaluation of achievable Positioning Accuracy & Latency Qualcomm Incorporated
15. [R1-2004518](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004518.doc) Evaluation of positioning enhancements Fraunhofer IIS, Fraunhofer HHI
16. [R1-2004651](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2004651.doc) Evaluation of Achievable Positioning Accuracy and Latency Ericsson
17. [R1-2003585](file:///E:\1%20Meetings\RAN1\2020%2005_TSRR1_101\Inbox\R1-2003585.doc) Additional Guidelines for RAN1#101 e-Meeting Management RAN1 Chair