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## Introduction

Due to the progress made at WG1 #7 meeting this updated version of specification document 'TS25.223 - *Spreading and Modulation (TDD)*' is provided.

## Process of compilation

The following specification document was used as a basis:

- ◆ *TS25.223 Ver 2.2.0 as given in TDoc TSG RAN WG1(99)C75*

The following documents have then been compiled in this document:

- ◆ *R1-99A99: TDD Cell Search and Text Proposals for 25.221, 25.223 and 25.224 - revised*

The following additional changes were made:

- ◆ *Editorial changes*
- ◆ *As agreed by WG1 higher chip rates were removed*

## Conclusion

It is proposed to approve the shown specification document TS25.223 at WG1 meeting #7 as version 2.3.0 and to submit this version to RAN for approval as version 3.0.0.

*Technical Specification*

**3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP);  
Technical Specification Group (TSG)  
Radio Access Network (RAN);  
Working Group 1 (WG1);  
Spreading and modulation (TDD)**

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Reference

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<Workitem>

Keywords

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<keyword[, keyword]>

**3GPP**

Internet

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<http://www.3gpp.org>

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~~<Editor's note: The content has to be reviewed according to the 3GPP IPR rules.>~~

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## Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3GPP.

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of this TS, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version ~~3~~x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 Indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification;

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## 1 Scope

This document establishes the characteristics of the spreading and modulation in the TDD mode. ~~The main objectives of the document are to be a part of the full description of the Layer 1, and to serve as a basis for the drafting of the actual technical specification (TS).~~

~~<Editor's note: The content has to be reviewed according to the 3GPP rules.>~~

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## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

For a non-specific reference, subsequent revisions do apply.

A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

[1] TS 25.102 UE Radio transmission and reception (TDD) Version 1.23.0

[2] TS 25.105 BTS Radio transmission and reception (TDD) Version 1.23.0

## 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following definitions apply:

<defined term>: <definition>.

### 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

<symbol>            <Explanation>

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CDMA Code Division Multiple Access

PN Pseudo Noise

QPSK Quadrature Phase Shift Keying

RACH Random Access Channel

## 4 General

In the following, a separation between the data modulation and the spreading modulation has been made. The data modulation is defined in section 5 and the spreading modulation in section 6.

**Table 1: Basic modulation parameters.**

Chip rate	same as FDD basic chiprate, 3.84 Mchip/s <del>{(7.68,15.360 Meps)}</del>	Low chiprate: Value is FFS
Data modulation	QPSK	QPSK
Spreading characteristics	Orthogonal  Q chips/symbol, where $Q = 2^p$ , $0 \leq p \leq 4$	Orthogonal  Q chips/symbol, where $Q = 2^p$ , $0 \leq p \leq 4$

## 5 Data modulation

### 5.1 Symbol rate

The symbol duration  $T_s$  depends on the spreading factor  $Q$  and the chip duration  $T_c$ :  $T_s = Q \times T_c$ , where  $T_c = \frac{1}{\text{chiprate}}$ .

### 5.2 Mapping of bits onto signal point constellation

A certain number  $K$  of CDMA codes can be assigned to either a single user or to different users who are simultaneously transmitting bursts in the same time slot and the same frequency. The maximum possible number of CDMA codes, which is smaller or equal to 16, depends on the individual spreading factors, the actual interference situation and the service requirements. In document TS 25.221 examples of [bodies of such spread](#) bursts associated with a particular user are shown. Each user burst has two data carrying parts, termed data blocks:

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,i)} = (d_1^{(k,i)}, d_2^{(k,i)}, \dots, d_{N_k}^{(k,i)})^T \quad i = 1, 2; k = 1, \dots, K. \quad (1)$$

$N_k$  is the number of symbols per data field for the user  $k$ . This number is linked to the spreading factor  $Q_k$  as described in table 1 of document TS 25.221.

Data block  $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,1)}$  is transmitted before the midamble and data block  $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}$  after the midamble. Each of the  $N_k$  data symbols  $d_n^{(k,i)}$ ;  $i=1, 2$ ;  $k=1, \dots, K$ ;  $n=1, \dots, N_k$ ; of equation 1 has the symbol duration  $T_s^{(k)} = Q_k \cdot T_c$  as already given.

The data modulation is QPSK, thus the data symbols  $d_n^{(k,i)}$  are generated from two interleaved and encoded data bits

$$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} \in \{0,1\} \quad l = 1,2; k = 1, \dots, K; n = 1, \dots, N_k; i = 1,2 \quad (2)$$

using the equation

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Re}\{d_n^{(k,i)}\} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(2b_{1,n}^{(k,i)} - 1) \\ \operatorname{Im}\{d_n^{(k,i)}\} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(2b_{2,n}^{(k,i)} - 1) \quad k = 1, \dots, K; n = 1, \dots, N_k; i = 1, 2. \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

Equation 3 corresponds to a QPSK modulation of the interleaved and encoded data bits  $b_{l,n}^{(k,i)}$  of equation 2.

## 6 Spreading modulation

### 6.1 Basic spreading parameters

Each data symbol  $d_n^{(k,i)}$  of equation 1 is spread with a spreading code  $\underline{\mathbf{c}}^{(k)}$  of length  $Q_k \in \{1, 2, 4, 8, 16\}$ . The resulting sequence is then scrambled by a sequence  $\mathbf{v}$  of length 16.

### 6.2 Spreading codes

The elements  $c_q^{(k)}$ ;  $k=1, \dots, K$ ;  $q=1, \dots, Q_k$ ; of the spreading codes  $\underline{\mathbf{c}}^{(k)} = (c_1^{(k)}, c_2^{(k)}, \dots, c_{Q_k}^{(k)})$ ;  $k=1, \dots, K$ ; shall be taken from the complex set

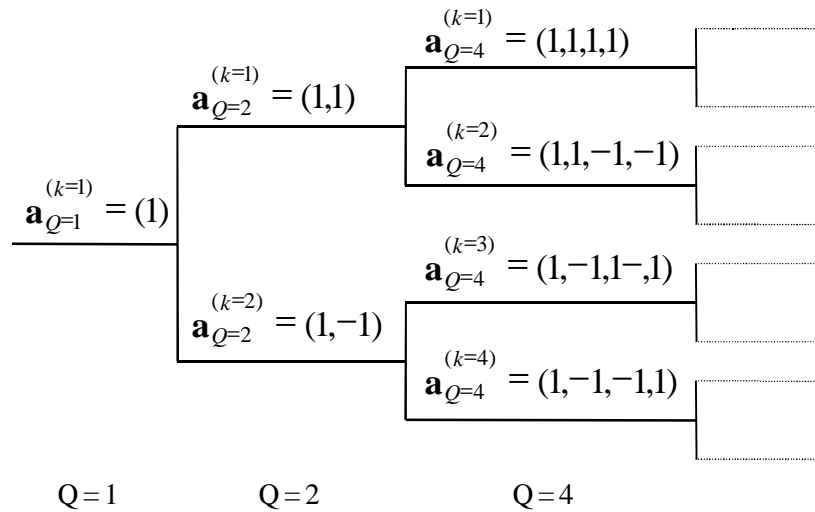
$$\underline{\mathbf{V}}_c = \{1, j, -1, -j\} \quad (4)$$

In equation 4 the letter  $j$  denotes the imaginary unit. A spreading code  $\underline{c}^{(k)}$  is generated from the binary codes  $\mathbf{a}_{Q_k}^{(k)} = (a_1^{(k)}, a_2^{(k)}, \dots, a_{Q_k}^{(k)})$  of length  $Q_k$  shown in Figure 2 allocated to the  $k^{\text{th}}$  user. The relation between the elements  $\underline{c}_q^{(k)}$  and  $\underline{a}_q^{(k)}$  is given by:

$$\underline{c}_q^{(k)} = (j)^q \cdot a_q^{(k)} \quad a_q^{(k)} \in \{1, -1\}; q = 1, \dots, Q_k. \quad (5)$$

Hence, the elements  $\underline{c}_q^{(k)}$  of the CDMA codes  $\underline{c}^{(k)}$  are alternating real and imaginary.

The  $\mathbf{a}_{Q_k}^{(k)}$  are Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) codes, allowing to mix in the same timeslot channels with different spreading factors while preserving the orthogonality. The OVSF codes can be defined using the code tree of Figure 2.



**Figure 21:** Code-tree for generation of Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) codes.

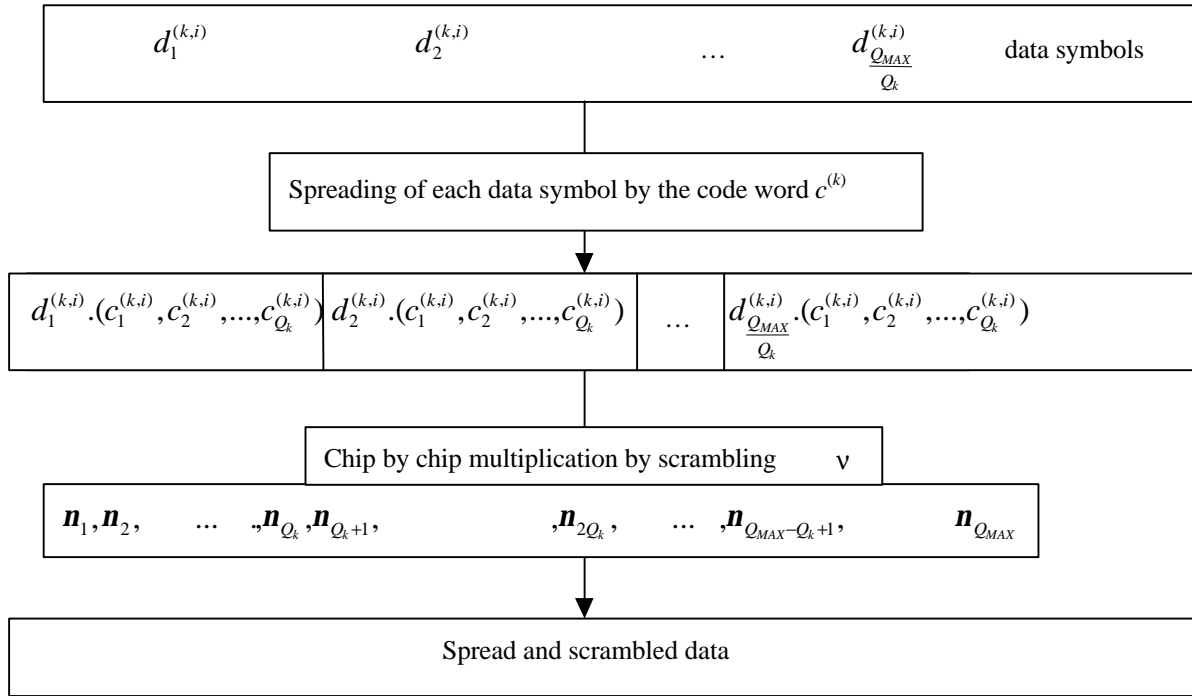
Each level in the code tree defines a spreading factors indicated by the value of  $Q$  in the figure. All codes within the code tree cannot be used simultaneously in a given timeslot. A code can be used in a timeslot if and only if no other code on the path from the specific code to the root of the tree or in the sub-tree below the specific code is used in this timeslot. This means that the number of available codes in a slot is not fixed but depends on the rate and spreading factor of each physical channel.

The spreading factor goes up to  $Q_{\text{MAX}}=16$ .

### 6.3 Scrambling codes

The spreading of data by a code  $\underline{c}^{(k)}$  of length  $Q_k$  is followed by a cell specific scrambling sequence  $\mathbf{v}=(v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{Q_{\text{MAX}}})$ . The length matching is obtained by concatenating  $Q_{\text{MAX}}/Q_k$  spread words before the scrambling. The scheme is illustrated in Figure 3 below and is described in more detail in section 6.4





**Figure 32: Spreading and subsequent scrambling of data symbols.**

*<Editor's note: longer scrambling code over Qmax is FFS on Ad Hoc 1 (TDD) in case of insufficient performance of the current scrambling code n.>*

### 6.4 Spread and scrambled signal of data symbols and data blocks

The combination of the spreading and cell specific scrambling codes can be seen as a user and cell specific spreading code  $\mathbf{s}^{(k)} = (s_p^{(k)})$  with  $s_p^{(k)} = c_{1+[p-1] \bmod Q_k}^{(k)} \cdot \tilde{I}_{1+[p-1] \bmod Q_{MAX}}^{(k)}$ ,  $k=1, \dots, K$ ,  $p=1, \dots, N_k Q_k$ .

With the root raised cosine chip impulse filter  $Cr_0(t)$  the transmitted signal belonging to the data block  $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,1)}$  of equation 1 transmitted before the midamble is

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,1)}(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N_k} \underline{\mathbf{d}}_n^{(k,1)} \sum_{q=1}^{Q_k} s_{(n-1)Q_k+q}^{(k)} \cdot Cr_0(t - (q-1)T_c - (n-1)Q_k T_c) \tag{6}$$

and for the data block  $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}$  of equation 1 transmitted after the midamble

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N_k} \underline{\mathbf{d}}_n^{(k,2)} \sum_{q=1}^{Q_k} s_{(n-1)Q_k+q}^{(k)} \cdot Cr_0(t - (q-1)T_c - (n-1)Q_k T_c - N_k Q_k T_c - L_m T_c). \tag{7}$$

where  $L_m$  is the number of midamble chips.

## 7. Synchronisation codes

### 7.1 Code Generation

~~The code generation for synchronisation codes is handled in the same way as in FDD Mode. Thus we refer to TS 25.213, chapter '5.2.3 Synchronisation Codes'. From this procedure we obtain one primary synchronisation code  $C_p = C_{SCH,0}$  and seventeen different secondary synchronisation codes  $C_{S,i} = C_{SCH,i}$  with  $i=1...17$ .~~

~~To avoid misunderstandings when documents are reorganised in the future, we repeat the actual content of this chapter below using small font.~~

The Primary code sequence,  $C_p$  is constructed as a so-called generalised hierarchical Golay sequence. The Primary SCH is furthermore chosen to have good aperiodic auto correlation properties.

Letting  $a = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_{16} \rangle = \langle 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0 \rangle$  and

~~$$b = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_8, \bar{x}_8, \bar{x}_9, \dots, \bar{x}_{16} \rangle = \langle 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1 \rangle$$~~

The PSC code is generated by repeating sequence 'a' modulated by a Golay complementary sequence.

Letting  $y = \langle a, a, a, \bar{a}, \bar{a}, a, a, \bar{a}, \bar{a}, a, a, \bar{a}, \bar{a}, a, a, \bar{a}, \bar{a}, a, a \rangle$

The definition of the PSC code word  $C_p$  follows (the left most index corresponds to the chip transmitted first in each time slot):

$$C_p = \langle y(0), y(1), y(2), \dots, y(255) \rangle.$$

~~Let the length 256 mask sequence  $z$  be given as,  $z = \langle b, b, b, \bar{b}, b, b, \bar{b}, \bar{b}, b, \bar{b}, b, \bar{b}, \bar{b}, \bar{b}, \bar{b}, \bar{b} \rangle$ .~~

~~Let the sequence  $z = \langle b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b, b \rangle$ . Then the Secondary Synchronization code words,  $\{C_{40}, \dots, C_{1715}\}$  are constructed as the position wise addition modulo 2 of a Hadamard sequence and the sequence  $z$ .~~

The Hadamard sequences are obtained as the rows in a matrix  $H_8$  constructed recursively by:

$$H_0 = (0)$$

$$H_k = \begin{pmatrix} H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \\ H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \end{pmatrix} \quad k \geq 1$$

The rows are numbered from the top starting with row 0 (the all zeros sequence),  ~~$h_0$ .~~

The Hadamard sequence  $h$  depends on the chosen code number  $n$  and is denoted  $h_n$  in the sequel.

This code word is chosen from every ~~168<sup>th</sup>~~ row of the matrix  $H_8$ , ~~which yields~~ ~~Therefore, there are 32-16~~ possible codewords ~~out of which  $n = 0, 1, 12, \dots, 157$  are used.~~

Furthermore, let  $h_n(i)$  and  $z(i)$  denote the  $i$ :th symbol of the sequence  $h_n$  and  $z$ , respectively.

~~Then  $h_n$  is equal to the row of  $H_8$  numbered by the bit reverse of the 8 bit binary representation of  $n$ .~~

The definition of the  $n$ :th SCH code word follows (the left most index correspond to the chip transmitted first in each slot):

$$C_{SCH,n} = \langle h_n(0) + z(0), h_n(1) + z(1), h_n(2) + z(2), \dots, h_n(255) + z(255) \rangle,$$

All sums of symbols are taken modulo 2.

These PSC and SSC binary code words are converted to real valued sequences by the transformation '0' -> '+1', '1' ->

The Secondary SCHcode words are defined in terms of  $C_{SCH,n}$  and the definition of  $\{C_{40}, \dots, C_{1715}\}$  now follows as:

$$C_i = C_{SCH, i}, \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, 157$$

## 7.2 Code Allocation

Three SCH codes are QPSK modulated and transmitted in parallel with the primary synchronization code. The QPSK modulation carries the following information.

Sequences of 8 secondary SCH codes, thus composed of  $C_{s,i}$  from chapter 7.1 above, are used to transmit information on the PSCH. In general the information on the code group of a cell and on the frame timing (see TS 25.224, Section '6.6.1 Cell Search') is transmitted in the PSCH. According to TS 25.221 section '7.4 The Physical Synchronisation Channel (PSCH)', there is case (3) where additional information from SCH transport channel is to be transmitted in the PSCH.

- The code group that the base station belongs to (5 bits; Cases 1,2,3)
- The position of the frame within an interleaving period of 20 msec (1 bit, Cases 1,2,3)
- The position of the slot within the frame (1 bit, Cases 2,3)
- SCH transport channel information, e.g. the location of the Primary CCPCH (3 bits, Case 3)

The modulated codes are also constructed such that their cyclic-shifts are unique, i.e. a non-zero cyclic shift less than 2 (Case 1) and 4 (Cases 2 and 3) of any of the sequences is not equivalent to some cyclic shift of any other of the sequences. Also, a non-zero cyclic shift less than 2 (Case 1) and 4 (Cases 2 and 3) of any of the sequences is not equivalent to itself with any other cyclic shift less than 8. The secondary synchronization codes are partitioned into two code sets for Case 1, four code sets for Case 2 and thirty two code sets (possibly overlapping) for Case 3. The set is used to provide the following information:

Case 1:

**Table 2 Code Set Allocation for Case 1**

<u>Code Set</u>	<u>Code Group</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>0-15</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>16-31</u>

The code group and frame position information is provided by modulating the secondary codes in the code set.

Case 2:

**Table 3 Code Set Allocation for Case 2**

<u>Code Set</u>	<u>Code Group</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>0-7</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>8-15</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>16-23</u>
<u>4</u>	<u>24-31</u>

The slot timing and frame position information is provided by the comma free property of the code word and the Code group is provided by modulating some of the secondary codes in the code set.

Case 3:

Code set k, k=1:32 is associated with Code group k-1. The slot information, the frame position information is provided by the comma free property of the code and the SCH transport channel information is provided by modulating some of the codes in the code set.

The following SCH codes are allocated for each code set:

Case 1

Code set 1:  $C_0, C_1, C_2$ .

Code set 2:  $C_3, C_4, C_5$ .

Case 2

Code set 1:  $C_0, C_1, C_2$ .

Code set 2:  $C_3, C_4, C_5$ .

Code set 3:  $C_6, C_7, C_8$ .

Code set 4:  $C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}$ .

Case 3

Code set 1:  $C_0, C_1, C_2$ .

Code set 2:  $C_3, C_4, C_5$ .

Code set 3:  $C_6, C_7, C_8$ .

Code set 4:  $C_9, C_{10}, C_{11}$ .

Code set 5:  $C_{12}, C_{13}, C_{14}$ .

Code set 6:  $C_0, C_3, C_6$ .

Code set 7:  $C_0, C_4, C_7$ .

Code set 8:  $C_0, C_5, C_8$ .

Code set 9:  $C_0, C_9, C_{12}$ .

Code set 10:  $C_0, C_{10}, C_{13}$ .

Code set 11:  $C_0, C_{11}, C_{14}$ .

Code set 12:  $C_1, C_3, C_7$ .

Code set 13:  $C_1, C_4, C_6$ .

Code set 14:  $C_1, C_5, C_9$ .

Code set 15:  $C_1, C_8, C_{10}$ .

Code set 16:  $C_1, C_{11}, C_{12}$ .

Code set 17:  $C_1, C_{13}, C_{15}$ .

Code set 18:  $C_2, C_3, C_8$ .

Code set 19:  $C_2, C_4, C_9$ .

Code set 20:  $C_2, C_5, C_6$ .

Code set 21:  $C_2, C_7, C_{10}$ .

Code set 22:  $C_2, C_{11}, C_{13}$ .

Code set 23:  $C_2, C_{12}, C_{15}$ .

Code set 24:  $C_3, C_9, C_{13}$ .

Code set 25:  $C_3, C_{10}, C_{12}$ .

Code set 26:  $C_3, C_{11}, C_{15}$ .

Code set 27:  $C_4, C_8, C_{11}$ .

Code set 28:  $C_4, C_{10}, C_{14}$ .

Code set 29:  $C_5, C_7, C_{11}$ .

Code set 30:  $C_5, C_{10}, C_{15}$ .

Code set 31:  $C_6, C_9, C_{14}$ .

Code set 32:  $C_7, C_9, C_{15}$ .

The sequences of secondary SCH codes are constructed such that their cyclic shifts are unique, i.e. a non-zero cyclic shift less than 8 of any of the sequences is not equivalent to some cyclic shift of any other of the sequences. Also, a non-zero cyclic shift less than 8 of any of the sequences is not equivalent to itself with any other cyclic shift less than 8. This property is used to uniquely determine the transmitted sequence in the receiver.

The following subchapters 7.2.1 to 7.2.3 refer to the three cases of PSCH/PCCPCH usage as described in TS 25.221 section 7.4.

7.2.1 Code allocation for Case 1:

Note that modulation by “j” indicates that the code is transmitted on the Q channel.

**Table 4 Code Allocation for Case 1**

Code Group	Code Set	Frame 1			Frame 2			Associated $t_{\text{offset}}$
<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u><math>C_0</math></u>	<u><math>C_1</math></u>	<u><math>C_2</math></u>	<u><math>C_0</math></u>	<u><math>C_1</math></u>	<u><math>-C_2</math></u>	<u><math>t_0</math></u>



31	4	$jC_{10}$	$-jC_{11}$	$C_9$	$jC_{10}$	$-jC_{11}$	$-C_9$	$-jC_{10}$	$jC_{11}$	$C_9$	$-jC_{10}$	$jC_{11}$	$-C_9$	$t_{31}$
----	---	-----------	------------	-------	-----------	------------	--------	------------	-----------	-------	------------	-----------	--------	----------

Note that the code construction for code groups 0 to 15 using the SCH codes from code sets 1 and 2 is shown. The construction for code groups 16 to 31 using the SCH codes from code sets 3 and 4 is done in the same way.

### 7.2.3 Code allocation for Case 3:

In addition to the information on code group three bits from SCH transport channel are transmitted to the UE with these codes.

**Table 6 Code Allocation for Case 3**

Code Group	Code Set	Frame 1						Frame 2						Associated $t_{offset}$	Addl bits from SCH transport channel
		Slot k			Slot k+8			Slot k			Slot k+8				
0	1	$C_0$	$C_1$	$C_2$	$C_0$	$C_1$	$-C_2$	$-C_0$	$-C_1$	$C_2$	$-C_0$	$-C_1$	$-C_2$	$t_0$	000
0	1	$C_0$	$-C_1$	$C_2$	$C_0$	$-C_1$	$-C_2$	$-C_0$	$C_1$	$C_2$	$-C_0$	$C_1$	$-C_2$		001
0	1	$jC_0$	$jC_1$	$C_2$	$jC_0$	$jC_1$	$-C_2$	$-jC_0$	$-jC_1$	$C_2$	$-jC_0$	$-jC_1$	$-C_2$		010
0	1	$jC_0$	$-jC_1$	$C_2$	$jC_0$	$-jC_1$	$-C_2$	$-jC_0$	$jC_1$	$C_2$	$-jC_0$	$jC_1$	$-C_2$		011
0	1	$jC_0$	$jC_2$	$C_1$	$jC_0$	$jC_2$	$-C_1$	$-jC_0$	$-jC_2$	$C_1$	$-jC_0$	$-jC_2$	$-C_1$		100
0	1	$jC_0$	$-jC_2$	$C_1$	$jC_0$	$-jC_2$	$-C_1$	$-jC_0$	$jC_2$	$C_1$	$-jC_0$	$jC_2$	$-C_1$		101
0	1	$jC_1$	$jC_2$	$C_0$	$jC_1$	$jC_2$	$-C_0$	$-jC_1$	$-jC_2$	$C_0$	$-jC_1$	$-jC_2$	$-C_0$		110
0	1	$jC_1$	$-jC_2$	$C_0$	$jC_1$	$-jC_2$	$-C_0$	$-jC_1$	$jC_2$	$C_0$	$-jC_1$	$jC_2$	$-C_0$		111
1	2	$C_3$	$C_4$	$C_5$	$C_3$	$C_4$	$-C_5$	$-C_3$	$-C_4$	$C_5$	$-C_3$	$-C_4$	$-C_5$	$t_2$	000
1	2	$C_3$	$-C_4$	$C_5$	$C_3$	$-C_4$	$-C_5$	$-C_3$	$C_4$	$C_5$	$-C_3$	$C_4$	$-C_5$		001
1	2	$jC_3$	$jC_4$	$C_5$	$jC_3$	$jC_4$	$-C_5$	$-jC_3$	$-jC_4$	$C_5$	$-jC_3$	$-jC_4$	$-C_5$		010
1	2	$jC_3$	$-jC_4$	$C_5$	$jC_3$	$-jC_4$	$-C_5$	$-jC_3$	$jC_4$	$C_5$	$-jC_3$	$jC_4$	$-C_5$		011
1	2	$jC_3$	$jC_5$	$C_4$	$jC_3$	$jC_5$	$-C_4$	$-jC_3$	$-jC_5$	$C_4$	$-jC_3$	$-jC_5$	$-C_4$		100
1	2	$jC_3$	$-jC_5$	$C_4$	$jC_3$	$-jC_5$	$-C_4$	$-jC_3$	$jC_5$	$C_4$	$-jC_3$	$jC_5$	$-C_4$		101
1	2	$jC_4$	$jC_5$	$C_3$	$jC_4$	$jC_5$	$-C_3$	$-jC_4$	$-jC_5$	$C_3$	$-jC_4$	$-jC_5$	$-C_3$		110
1	2	$jC_4$	$-jC_5$	$C_3$	$jC_4$	$-jC_5$	$-C_3$	$-jC_4$	$jC_5$	$C_3$	$-jC_4$	$jC_5$	$-C_3$		111
2	3	$C_6$	$C_7$	$C_8$	$C_6$	$C_7$	$-C_8$	$-C_6$	$-C_7$	$C_8$	$-C_6$	$-C_7$	$-C_8$	$t_3$	000
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
2	3	$jC_7$	$-jC_8$	$C_6$	$jC_7$	$-jC_8$	$-C_6$	$-jC_7$	$jC_8$	$C_6$	$-jC_7$	$jC_8$	$-C_6$	111	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	32	$C_7$	$C_9$	$C_{15}$	$C_7$	$C_9$	$-C_{15}$	$-C_7$	$-C_9$	$C_{15}$	$-C_7$	$-C_9$	$-C_{15}$	$t_{31}$	000
31	32	$C_7$	$-C_9$	$C_{15}$	$C_7$	$-C_9$	$-C_{15}$	$-C_7$	$C_9$	$C_{15}$	$-C_7$	$C_9$	$-C_{15}$		001
31	32	$jC_7$	$jC_9$	$C_{15}$	$jC_7$	$jC_9$	$-C_{15}$	$-jC_7$	$-jC_9$	$C_{15}$	$-jC_7$	$-jC_9$	$-C_{15}$		010
31	32	$jC_7$	$-jC_9$	$C_{15}$	$jC_7$	$-jC_9$	$-C_{15}$	$-jC_7$	$jC_9$	$C_{15}$	$-jC_7$	$jC_9$	$-C_{15}$		011
31	32	$jC_7$	$jC_{15}$	$C_9$	$jC_7$	$jC_{15}$	$-C_9$	$-jC_7$	$-jC_{15}$	$C_9$	$-jC_7$	$-jC_{15}$	$-C_9$		100
31	32	$jC_7$	$-jC_{15}$	$C_9$	$jC_7$	$-jC_{15}$	$-C_9$	$-jC_7$	$jC_{15}$	$C_9$	$-jC_7$	$jC_{15}$	$-C_9$		101
31	32	$jC_9$	$jC_{15}$	$C_7$	$jC_9$	$jC_{15}$	$-C_7$	$-jC_9$	$-jC_{15}$	$C_7$	$-jC_9$	$-jC_{15}$	$-C_7$		110
31	32	$jC_9$	$-jC_{15}$	$C_7$	$jC_9$	$-jC_{15}$	$-C_7$	$-jC_9$	$jC_{15}$	$C_7$	$-jC_9$	$jC_{15}$	$-C_7$		111

Note that the code construction for code groups 0 and 1 using the SCH codes from code sets 1 and 2 is shown. The construction for code groups 2 to 31 using the SCH codes from code sets 3 to 32 is done in the same way.

The evaluation of transmitted information on code group and frame timing is shown in table 97, where the 32 code groups are listed. Each code group is containing 4 specific scrambling codes, each scrambling code associated with a specific short and long basic midamble code.

Each code group is additionally linked to a specific  $t_{offset}$ , thus to a specific frame timing. By using this scheme, the UE can derive the position of the frame border due to the position of the SCH sequence and the knowledge of  $t_{offset}$ . Positioning of the secondary SCH codes is depicted in the last line of table 10 and 11.

The complete mapping of Code Group to Scrambling Code, Midamble Codes and  $t_{offset}$  is depicted in table 79.

**Table 7 Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles and  $t_{Offset}$ .**

CELL PARAMETER	Code Group	Associated Codes			Associated $t_{Offset}$
		Scrambling Code	Long Basic Midamble Code	Short Basic Midamble Code	
0	Group 1	Code 0	$m_{PL0}$	$m_{SL0}$	$t_0$
1		Code 1	$m_{PL1}$	$m_{SL1}$	
2		Code 2	$m_{PL2}$	$m_{SL2}$	
3		Code 3	$m_{PL3}$	$m_{SL3}$	
4	Group 2	Code 4	$m_{PL4}$	$m_{SL4}$	$t_1$
5		Code 5	$m_{PL5}$	$m_{SL5}$	
6		Code 6	$m_{PL6}$	$m_{SL6}$	
7		Code 7	$m_{PL7}$	$m_{SL7}$	
...					
124	Group 32	Code 124	$m_{PL124}$	$m_{SL124}$	$t_{31}$
125		Code 125	$m_{PL125}$	$m_{SL125}$	
126		Code 126	$m_{PL126}$	$m_{SL126}$	
127		Code 127	$m_{PL127}$	$m_{SL127}$	

**Table 9 Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles and  $t_{Offset}$ .**

For basic midamble codes  $m_p$  cf. TS 25.221, annex A ‘Basic Midamble Codes’.

~~For CELL PARAMETERS also cf. TS 25.231.~~

~~The following subchapters 7.2.1 and 7.2.2 are referring to the three cases of PSCH/CCPCH usage as described in TS 25.221 section 7.4.~~

### ~~7.2.1 Code allocation for case 1 and 2~~

~~In table 10 the 32 sequences used in the cases 1 and 2 of PSCH/CCPCH scheme are listed. Again, these are used to encode the 32 different code groups.~~

~~It should be mentioned that the sequences used here can be derived from FDD sequences by puncturing every 2<sup>nd</sup> position, thus a UE can use same database for FDD and TDD.~~

Code Group	Secondary SCH Code Position								Associated $t_{offset}$
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	
Group 1	$C_1$	$C_2$	$C_6$	$C_{15}$	$C_8$	$C_7$	$C_2$	$C_{11}$	$t_0$
Group 2	$C_1$	$C_9$	$C_{10}$	$C_{13}$	$C_{11}$	$C_3$	$C_2$	$C_{16}$	$t_1$
Group 3	$C_1$	$C_{16}$	$C_{14}$	$C_{11}$	$C_{14}$	$C_{16}$	$C_1$	$C_4$	$t_2$
Group 4	$C_1$	$C_6$	$C_4$	$C_9$	$C_{17}$	$C_{12}$	$C_{17}$	$C_9$	$t_3$
Group 5	$C_1$	$C_{13}$	$C_5$	$C_7$	$C_3$	$C_8$	$C_{16}$	$C_{11}$	$t_4$
Group 6	$C_1$	$C_3$	$C_9$	$C_5$	$C_6$	$C_4$	$C_{15}$	$C_2$	$t_5$
Group 7	$C_1$	$C_{10}$	$C_{13}$	$C_3$	$C_9$	$C_{17}$	$C_{14}$	$C_7$	$t_6$
Group 8	$C_1$	$C_{17}$	$C_{17}$	$C_1$	$C_{12}$	$C_1$	$C_{12}$	$C_{12}$	$t_7$
Group 9	$C_1$	$C_7$	$C_4$	$C_{16}$	$C_{15}$	$C_2$	$C_{12}$	$C_{17}$	$t_8$
Group 10	$C_1$	$C_{14}$	$C_8$	$C_{14}$	$C_1$	$C_5$	$C_{11}$	$C_5$	$t_9$
Group 11	$C_1$	$C_4$	$C_{12}$	$C_{12}$	$C_4$	$C_1$	$C_{10}$	$C_{10}$	$t_{10}$
Group 12	$C_1$	$C_{11}$	$C_{16}$	$C_{10}$	$C_7$	$C_{14}$	$C_9$	$C_{15}$	$t_{11}$
Group 13	$C_1$	$C_1$	$C_3$	$C_8$	$C_{10}$	$C_{10}$	$C_8$	$C_3$	$t_{12}$
Group 14	$C_1$	$C_8$	$C_7$	$C_6$	$C_{12}$	$C_6$	$C_7$	$C_8$	$t_{13}$
Group 15	$C_1$	$C_{15}$	$C_{11}$	$C_1$	$C_{16}$	$C_2$	$C_6$	$C_{13}$	$t_{14}$
Group 16	$C_1$	$C_5$	$C_{15}$	$C_2$	$C_2$	$C_{15}$	$C_3$	$C_1$	$t_{15}$
Group 17	$C_1$	$C_{12}$	$C_2$	$C_{17}$	$C_5$	$C_{11}$	$C_1$	$C_6$	$t_{16}$
Group 18	$C_2$	$C_{11}$	$C_{14}$	$C_4$	$C_{10}$	$C_7$	$C_{15}$	$C_9$	$t_{17}$
Group 19	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_1$	$C_3$	$C_{13}$	$C_{14}$	$C_{14}$	$C_{13}$	$t_{18}$
Group 20	$C_2$	$C_8$	$C_5$	$C_{17}$	$C_{16}$	$C_{10}$	$C_{13}$	$C_1$	$t_{19}$
Group 21	$C_2$	$C_{15}$	$C_9$	$C_{15}$	$C_2$	$C_6$	$C_{12}$	$C_6$	$t_{20}$
Group 22	$C_2$	$C_5$	$C_{13}$	$C_{13}$	$C_5$	$C_2$	$C_{11}$	$C_{11}$	$t_{21}$
Group 23	$C_2$	$C_{12}$	$C_{17}$	$C_{11}$	$C_8$	$C_{15}$	$C_{10}$	$C_{16}$	$t_{22}$
Group 24	$C_2$	$C_2$	$C_4$	$C_9$	$C_{11}$	$C_{11}$	$C_9$	$C_1$	$t_{23}$
Group 25	$C_2$	$C_9$	$C_8$	$C_7$	$C_{14}$	$C_7$	$C_8$	$C_9$	$t_{24}$
Group 26	$C_2$	$C_{16}$	$C_{12}$	$C_5$	$C_{17}$	$C_3$	$C_7$	$C_{14}$	$t_{25}$
Group 27	$C_2$	$C_6$	$C_{16}$	$C_3$	$C_3$	$C_{16}$	$C_6$	$C_2$	$t_{26}$
Group 28	$C_2$	$C_{13}$	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_6$	$C_{12}$	$C_3$	$C_7$	$t_{27}$
Group 29	$C_2$	$C_2$	$C_7$	$C_{16}$	$C_9$	$C_8$	$C_4$	$C_{12}$	$t_{28}$
Group 30	$C_2$	$C_{10}$	$C_{11}$	$C_{14}$	$C_{12}$	$C_4$	$C_3$	$C_{17}$	$t_{29}$
Group 31	$C_2$	$C_{17}$	$C_{15}$	$C_{12}$	$C_{15}$	$C_{17}$	$C_2$	$C_5$	$t_{30}$
Group 32	$C_2$	$C_7$	$C_2$	$C_{10}$	$C_1$	$C_{12}$	$C_1$	$C_{10}$	$t_{31}$
Frame position	Frame #1		Frame #2		Frame #3		Frame #4		

**Table 10** — Spreading Code allocation for Secondary SCH Code, case 2) of PSCH/CCPCH scheme

### 7.2.2 Code allocation for case 3

In table 11 the 256 sequences used in case 3 of PSCH/CCPCH scheme are listed. In addition to the information on code group three bits from SCH transport channel are transmitted to the UE with these codes.



<Editors note: The usage of CCPCH pointing is for further study (cf. TDoc R1#2(99) 74)>

Code Group	Secondary PSCH Code at Position								Additional Bits from SCH Transport Channel	Associated $t_{offset}$
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8		
Group 1	C2	C14	C6	C8	C4	C9	C17	C15	000	$t_0$
	C2	C4	C10	C6	C7	C5	C16	C3	001	
	C3	C3	C5	C10	C12	C12	C10	C5	010	
	C3	C10	C9	C8	C15	C8	C9	C10	011	
	C3	C17	C13	C6	C1	C4	C8	C15	100	
	C3	C7	C17	C4	C4	C17	C7	C3	101	
	C3	C14	C4	C2	C7	C13	C6	C8	110	
	C3	C4	C8	C17	C10	C9	C5	C13	111	
Group 2	C3	C11	C12	C15	C13	C5	C4	C1	000	$t_1$
	C3	C1	C16	C13	C16	C1	C3	C6	001	
	C3	C8	C3	C11	C2	C14	C2	C11	010	
	C3	C15	C7	C9	C5	C10	C1	C16	011	
	C3	C5	C11	C7	C8	C6	C17	C4	100	
	C3	C12	C15	C5	C11	C2	C16	C9	101	
	C3	C2	C2	C3	C14	C15	C15	C14	110	
	C3	C9	C6	C1	C17	C11	C14	C2	111	
Group 3	C3	C16	C10	C16	C3	C7	C13	C7	000	$t_2$
	C3	C6	C14	C14	C6	C3	C12	C12	001	
	C3	C13	C1	C12	C9	C16	C11	C17	010	
	C4	C12	C13	C16	C14	C6	C5	C2	011	
	C4	C2	C17	C14	C17	C2	C4	C7	100	
	C4	C9	C4	C12	C3	C15	C3	C12	101	
	C4	C16	C8	C10	C6	C11	C2	C17	110	
	C4	C6	C12	C8	C9	C7	C1	C5	111	
Group 4	C4	C13	C16	C6	C12	C3	C17	C10	000	$t_3$
	C4	C3	C3	C4	C15	C16	C16	C15	001	
	C4	C10	C7	C2	C1	C12	C15	C3	010	
	C4	C17	C11	C17	C4	C8	C14	C8	011	
	C4	C7	C15	C15	C7	C4	C13	C13	100	
	C4	C14	C2	C13	C10	C17	C12	C1	101	
	C4	C4	C6	C11	C13	C13	C11	C6	110	
	C4	C11	C10	C9	C16	C9	C10	C11	111	
Group 5	C4	C1	C14	C7	C2	C5	C9	C16	000	$t_4$
	C4	C8	C1	C5	C5	C1	C8	C4	001	
	C4	C15	C5	C3	C8	C14	C7	C9	010	
	C4	C5	C9	C1	C11	C10	C6	C14	011	
	C5	C4	C4	C5	C16	C17	C17	C16	100	
	C5	C11	C8	C3	C2	C13	C16	C4	101	
	C5	C1	C12	C1	C5	C9	C15	C9	110	
	C5	C8	C16	C16	C8	C5	C14	C14	111	
Group 6	C5	C15	C3	C14	C11	C1	C13	C2	000	$t_5$
	C5	C5	C7	C12	C14	C14	C12	C7	001	
	C5	C12	C11	C10	C17	C10	C11	C12	010	
	C5	C2	C15	C8	C3	C6	C10	C17	011	
	C5	C9	C2	C6	C6	C2	C9	C5	100	
	C5	C16	C6	C4	C9	C15	C8	C10	101	
	C5	C6	C10	C2	C12	C11	C7	C15	110	
	C5	C13	C14	C17	C15	C7	C6	C3	111	
Group 7	C5	C3	C1	C15	C1	C3	C5	C8	000	$t_6$
	C5	C10	C5	C13	C4	C16	C4	C13	001	
	C5	C17	C9	C11	C7	C12	C3	C1	010	
	C5	C7	C13	C9	C10	C8	C2	C6	011	
	C6	C14	C17	C7	C13	C4	C1	C11	100	
	C6	C13	C12	C11	C1	C11	C12	C13	101	

Group-8	C6	C3	C16	C9	C4	C7	C11	C1	110	t <sub>1</sub>
	C6	C10	C3	C7	C7	C3	C10	C6	111	
	C6	C17	C7	C5	C10	C16	C9	C11	000	
	C6	C7	C11	C3	C13	C12	C8	C16	001	
	C6	C14	C15	C1	C16	C8	C7	C4	010	
	C6	C4	C2	C16	C2	C4	C6	C9	011	
	C6	C11	C6	C14	C5	C17	C5	C14	100	
	C6	C1	C10	C12	C8	C13	C4	C2	101	
	C6	C8	C14	C10	C11	C9	C3	C7	110	
	C6	C15	C1	C8	C14	C5	C2	C12	111	
Group-9	C6	C5	C5	C6	C17	C1	C1	C17	000	t <sub>2</sub>
	C6	C12	C9	C4	C3	C14	C17	C5	001	
	C6	C2	C13	C2	C6	C10	C16	C10	010	
	C6	C9	C17	C17	C9	C6	C15	C15	011	
	C6	C16	C4	C15	C12	C2	C14	C3	100	
	C6	C6	C8	C13	C15	C15	C13	C8	101	
	C7	C5	C3	C17	C3	C5	C7	C10	110	
	C7	C12	C7	C15	C6	C1	C6	C15	111	
Group-10	C7	C2	C11	C13	C9	C14	C5	C3	000	t <sub>3</sub>
	C7	C9	C15	C11	C12	C10	C4	C8	001	
	C7	C16	C2	C9	C15	C6	C3	C13	010	
	C7	C6	C6	C7	C1	C2	C2	C1	011	
	C7	C13	C10	C5	C4	C15	C1	C6	100	
	C7	C3	C14	C3	C7	C11	C17	C11	101	
	C7	C10	C1	C1	C10	C7	C16	C16	110	
	C7	C17	C5	C16	C13	C3	C15	C4	111	
Group-11	C7	C7	C9	C14	C16	C16	C14	C9	000	t <sub>4</sub>
	C7	C14	C13	C12	C2	C12	C13	C14	001	
	C7	C4	C17	C10	C5	C8	C12	C2	010	
	C7	C11	C4	C8	C8	C4	C11	C7	011	
	C7	C1	C8	C6	C11	C17	C10	C12	100	
	C7	C8	C12	C4	C14	C13	C9	C17	101	
	C7	C15	C16	C2	C17	C9	C8	C5	110	
	C8	C14	C11	C6	C5	C16	C2	C7	111	
Group-12	C8	C4	C15	C4	C8	C12	C1	C12	000	t <sub>11</sub>
	C8	C11	C2	C2	C11	C8	C17	C17	001	
	C8	C1	C6	C17	C14	C4	C16	C5	010	
	C8	C8	C10	C15	C17	C17	C15	C10	011	
	C8	C15	C14	C13	C3	C13	C14	C15	100	
	C8	C5	C1	C11	C6	C9	C13	C3	101	
	C8	C12	C5	C9	C9	C5	C12	C8	110	
	C8	C2	C9	C7	C12	C1	C11	C13	111	
Group-13	C8	C9	C13	C5	C15	C14	C10	C1	000	t <sub>12</sub>
	C8	C16	C17	C3	C1	C10	C9	C6	001	
	C8	C6	C4	C1	C4	C6	C8	C11	010	
	C8	C13	C8	C16	C7	C2	C7	C16	011	
	C8	C3	C12	C14	C10	C15	C6	C4	100	
	C8	C10	C16	C12	C13	C11	C5	C9	101	
	C8	C17	C3	C10	C16	C7	C4	C14	110	
	C8	C7	C7	C8	C2	C3	C3	C2	111	
Group-14	C9	C6	C2	C12	C7	C10	C14	C4	000	t <sub>13</sub>
	C9	C13	C6	C10	C10	C6	C13	C9	001	
	C9	C3	C10	C8	C13	C2	C12	C14	010	
	C9	C10	C14	C6	C16	C15	C11	C2	011	
	C9	C17	C1	C4	C2	C11	C10	C7	100	
	C9	C7	C5	C2	C5	C7	C9	C12	101	
	C9	C14	C9	C17	C8	C3	C8	C17	110	
	C9	C4	C13	C15	C11	C16	C7	C5	111	
Group-15	C9	C11	C17	C13	C14	C12	C6	C10	000	t <sub>14</sub>

	C9	C1	C4	C11	C17	C8	C5	C15	001		
	C9	C8	C8	C9	C3	C4	C4	C3	010		
	C9	C15	C12	C7	C6	C17	C3	C8	011		
	C9	C5	C16	C5	C9	C13	C2	C13	100		
	C9	C12	C3	C3	C12	C9	C1	C1	101		
	C9	C2	C7	C1	C15	C5	C17	C6	110		
	C9	C9	C11	C16	C1	C1	C16	C11	111		
Group-16	C9	C16	C15	C14	C4	C14	C15	C16	000	t15	
	C10	C15	C10	C1	C9	C4	C9	C1	001		
	C10	C5	C14	C16	C12	C17	C8	C6	010		
	C10	C12	C1	C14	C15	C13	C7	C11	011		
	C10	C2	C5	C12	C1	C9	C6	C16	100		
	C10	C9	C9	C10	C4	C5	C5	C4	101		
	C10	C16	C13	C8	C7	C1	C4	C9	110		
Group-17	C10	C6	C17	C6	C10	C14	C3	C14	111		
	C10	C13	C4	C4	C13	C10	C2	C2	000	t16	
	C10	C3	C8	C2	C16	C6	C1	C7	001		
	C10	C10	C12	C17	C2	C2	C17	C12	010		
	C10	C17	C16	C15	C5	C15	C16	C17	011		
	C10	C7	C3	C13	C8	C11	C15	C5	100		
	C10	C14	C7	C11	C11	C7	C14	C10	101		
C10	C4	C11	C9	C14	C3	C13	C15	110			
Group-18	C10	C11	C15	C7	C17	C16	C12	C3	111		
	C10	C1	C2	C5	C3	C12	C11	C8	000	t17	
	C10	C8	C6	C3	C6	C8	C10	C13	001		
	C11	C7	C1	C7	C11	C15	C4	C15	010		
	C11	C14	C5	C5	C14	C11	C3	C3	011		
	C11	C4	C9	C3	C17	C7	C2	C8	100		
	C11	C11	C13	C1	C3	C3	C1	C13	101		
C11	C1	C17	C16	C6	C16	C17	C1	110			
Group-19	C11	C8	C4	C14	C9	C12	C16	C6	111		
	C11	C15	C8	C12	C12	C8	C15	C11	000	t18	
	C11	C5	C12	C10	C15	C4	C14	C16	001		
	C11	C12	C16	C8	C1	C17	C13	C4	010		
	C11	C2	C3	C6	C4	C13	C12	C9	011		
	C11	C9	C7	C4	C7	C9	C11	C14	100		
	C11	C16	C11	C2	C10	C5	C10	C2	101		
C11	C6	C15	C17	C13	C1	C9	C7	110			
Group-20	C11	C13	C2	C15	C16	C14	C8	C12	111		
	C11	C3	C6	C13	C2	C10	C7	C17	000	t19	
	C11	C10	C10	C11	C5	C6	C6	C5	001		
	C11	C17	C14	C9	C8	C2	C5	C10	010		
	C12	C16	C9	C13	C13	C9	C16	C12	011		
	C12	C6	C13	C11	C16	C5	C15	C17	100		
	C12	C13	C17	C9	C2	C1	C14	C5	101		
C12	C3	C4	C7	C5	C14	C13	C10	110			
Group-21	C12	C10	C8	C5	C8	C10	C12	C15	111		
	C12	C17	C12	C3	C11	C6	C11	C3	000	t20	
	C12	C7	C16	C1	C14	C2	C10	C8	001		
	C12	C14	C3	C16	C17	C15	C9	C13	010		
	C12	C4	C7	C14	C3	C11	C8	C1	011		
	C12	C11	C11	C12	C6	C7	C7	C6	100		
	C12	C1	C15	C10	C9	C3	C6	C11	101		
C12	C8	C2	C8	C12	C16	C5	C16	110			
Group-22	C12	C15	C6	C6	C15	C12	C4	C4	111		
	C12	C5	C10	C4	C1	C8	C3	C9	000	t21	
	C12	C12	C14	C2	C4	C4	C2	C14	001		
	C12	C2	C1	C17	C7	C17	C1	C2	010		
C12	C9	C5	C15	C10	C13	C17	C7	011			

Group-23	C13	C8	C17	C2	C15	C3	C11	C9	100	t <sub>22</sub>
	C13	C15	C4	C17	C1	C16	C10	C14	101	
	C13	C5	C8	C15	C4	C12	C9	C2	110	
	C13	C12	C12	C13	C7	C8	C8	C7	111	
	C13	C2	C16	C11	C10	C4	C7	C12	000	
	C13	C9	C3	C9	C13	C17	C6	C17	001	
	C13	C16	C7	C7	C16	C13	C5	C5	010	
	C13	C6	C11	C5	C2	C9	C4	C10	011	
	C13	C13	C15	C3	C5	C5	C3	C15	100	
	C13	C3	C2	C1	C8	C1	C2	C3	101	
Group-24	C13	C10	C6	C16	C11	C14	C1	C8	110	t <sub>23</sub>
	C13	C17	C10	C14	C14	C10	C17	C13	111	
	C13	C7	C14	C12	C17	C6	C16	C1	000	
	C13	C14	C1	C10	C3	C2	C15	C6	001	
	C13	C4	C5	C8	C6	C15	C14	C11	010	
	C13	C11	C9	C6	C9	C11	C13	C16	011	
	C13	C1	C13	C4	C12	C7	C12	C4	100	
	C14	C17	C8	C8	C17	C14	C6	C6	101	
Group-25	C14	C7	C12	C6	C3	C10	C5	C11	110	t <sub>24</sub>
	C14	C14	C16	C4	C6	C6	C4	C16	111	
	C14	C4	C3	C2	C9	C2	C3	C4	000	
	C14	C11	C7	C17	C12	C15	C2	C9	001	
	C14	C1	C11	C15	C15	C11	C1	C14	010	
	C14	C8	C15	C13	C1	C7	C17	C2	011	
	C14	C15	C2	C11	C4	C3	C16	C7	100	
	C14	C5	C6	C9	C7	C16	C15	C12	101	
Group-26	C14	C12	C10	C7	C10	C12	C14	C17	110	t <sub>25</sub>
	C14	C2	C14	C5	C13	C8	C13	C5	111	
	C14	C9	C1	C3	C16	C4	C12	C10	000	
	C14	C16	C5	C1	C2	C17	C11	C15	001	
	C14	C6	C9	C16	C5	C13	C10	C3	010	
	C14	C13	C13	C14	C8	C9	C9	C8	011	
	C14	C3	C17	C12	C11	C5	C8	C13	100	
	C14	C10	C4	C10	C14	C1	C7	C1	101	
Group-27	C15	C9	C16	C14	C2	C8	C1	C3	110	t <sub>26</sub>
	C15	C16	C3	C12	C5	C4	C17	C8	111	
	C15	C6	C7	C10	C8	C17	C16	C13	000	
	C15	C13	C11	C8	C11	C13	C15	C1	001	
	C15	C3	C15	C6	C14	C9	C14	C6	010	
	C15	C10	C2	C4	C17	C5	C13	C11	011	
	C15	C17	C6	C2	C3	C1	C12	C16	100	
	C15	C7	C10	C17	C6	C14	C11	C4	101	
Group-28	C15	C14	C14	C15	C9	C10	C10	C9	110	t <sub>27</sub>
	C15	C4	C1	C13	C12	C6	C9	C14	111	
	C15	C11	C5	C11	C15	C2	C8	C2	000	
	C15	C1	C9	C9	C1	C15	C7	C7	001	
	C15	C8	C13	C7	C4	C11	C6	C12	010	
	C15	C15	C17	C5	C7	C7	C5	C17	011	
	C15	C5	C4	C3	C10	C3	C4	C5	100	
	C15	C12	C8	C1	C13	C16	C3	C10	101	
Group-29	C16	C2	C12	C16	C16	C12	C2	C15	110	t <sub>28</sub>
	C16	C1	C7	C3	C4	C2	C13	C17	111	
	C16	C8	C11	C1	C7	C15	C12	C5	000	
	C16	C15	C15	C16	C10	C11	C11	C10	001	
	C16	C5	C2	C14	C13	C7	C10	C15	010	
	C16	C12	C6	C12	C16	C3	C9	C3	011	
	C16	C2	C10	C10	C2	C16	C8	C8	100	
C16	C9	C14	C8	C5	C12	C7	C13	101		

Group-30	C16	C6	C5	C4	C11	C4	C5	C6	111	t <sub>29</sub>
	C16	C13	C9	C2	C14	C17	C4	C11	000	
	C16	C3	C13	C17	C17	C13	C3	C16	001	
	C16	C10	C17	C15	C3	C9	C2	C4	010	
	C16	C17	C4	C13	C6	C5	C1	C9	011	
	C16	C7	C8	C11	C9	C1	C17	C14	100	
	C16	C14	C12	C9	C12	C14	C16	C2	101	
	C16	C4	C16	C7	C15	C10	C15	C7	110	
C16	C11	C3	C5	C1	C6	C14	C12	111		
Group-31	C17	C10	C15	C9	C6	C13	C8	C14	000	t <sub>30</sub>
	C17	C17	C2	C7	C9	C9	C7	C2	001	
	C17	C7	C6	C5	C12	C5	C6	C7	010	
	C17	C14	C10	C3	C15	C1	C5	C12	011	
	C17	C4	C14	C1	C1	C14	C4	C17	100	
	C17	C11	C1	C16	C4	C10	C3	C5	101	
	C17	C1	C5	C14	C7	C6	C2	C10	110	
	C17	C8	C9	C12	C10	C2	C1	C15	111	
Group-32	C17	C15	C13	C10	C1	C15	C17	C3	000	t <sub>31</sub>
	C17	C5	C17	C8	C16	C11	C16	C8	001	
	C17	C12	C4	C6	C2	C7	C15	C13	010	
	C17	C2	C8	C4	C5	C3	C14	C1	011	
	C17	C9	C12	C2	C8	C16	C13	C6	100	
	C17	C16	C16	C17	C11	C12	C12	C11	101	
	C17	C6	C3	C15	C14	C8	C11	C16	110	
	C17	C13	C7	C13	C17	C4	C10	C4	111	
Frame position	Frame #1	Frame #2	Frame #3	Frame #4						

**Table 11** — Spreading Code allocation for Secondary SCH Code, case 3) of PSCH/CCPCH scheme

## Annex A: Scrambling Codes

The applicable scrambling codes are listed in below. Code numbers are referring to Table 9-7 ‘Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles and  $t_{offset}$ ’ in chapter 7.2 ‘Code Allocation’.

Scrambling Code	v <sub>1</sub>	v <sub>2</sub>	v <sub>3</sub>	v <sub>4</sub>	v <sub>5</sub>	v <sub>6</sub>	v <sub>7</sub>	v <sub>8</sub>	v <sub>9</sub>	v <sub>10</sub>	v <sub>11</sub>	v <sub>12</sub>	v <sub>13</sub>	v <sub>14</sub>	v <sub>15</sub>	v <sub>16</sub>
Code 0	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 2	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 3	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 4	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 5	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 6	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 7	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 8	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 9	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 10	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 11	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 12	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 13	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 14	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 15	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 16	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 17	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 18	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 19	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 20	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 21	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 22	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 23	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 24	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 25	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 26	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 27	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 28	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 29	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 30	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 31	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 32	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 33	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 34	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 35	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 36	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 37	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 38	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 39	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 40	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 41	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 42	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 43	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 44	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 45	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1

Code 46	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	
Code 47	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 48	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 49	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 50	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1
Code 51	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 52	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 53	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 54	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 55	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 56	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 57	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 58	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 59	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 60	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 61	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 62	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 63	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 64	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 65	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 66	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 67	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
Code 68	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 69	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 70	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 71	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 72	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
Code 73	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 74	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
Code 75	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 76	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1
Code 77	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
Code 78	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 79	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Code 80	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
Code 81	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
Code 82	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
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Code 127	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1



## History

Document history		
Date	Version	Comment
February 1999	0.0.1	Document created. Based on ETSI XX.11, v1.0.0 and ARIB Vol.3, v1.0-1.0.
23 <sup>rd</sup> Feb. 1999	0.0.2	Document updated according to TSGR1#2(99)076 which was agreed in TSG RAN WG1 meeting#2, Yokohama, February 23, 1999
25 <sup>th</sup> Feb. 1999	0.1.0	Numbering increased due to approval by TSG RAN WG1 meeting #2 in Yokohama
1 <sup>st</sup> to 5 <sup>th</sup> Mar. 1999	1.0.0	Numbering increased due to presentation at TSG RAN #2 meeting
23 <sup>rd</sup> Mar. 1999	1.0.1	Document updated according to TSGR1#3(99)161 which was approved in TSG RAN WG1 meeting#3, Nynaeshamn, March 23, 1999
26 <sup>th</sup> Mar. 1999	1.1.0	Version approved by WG#3 meeting (Nynaeshamn).
21 <sup>st</sup> Apr. 1999	2.0.0	Numbering increased due to presentation at TSG RAN #3 meeting
22 <sup>nd</sup> Apr. 1999	2.0.0	Endorsed by TSG-RAN as TS 25.223 V2.0.0
1 <sup>st</sup> June 1999	2.0.1	Section 5.3 Pulse shape filtering was removed to WG4 specifications.
4 <sup>th</sup> June 1999	2.0.2	Changed the PSC and SSC which was approved in TSG RAN WG1 #5 meeting.
4 <sup>th</sup> June 1999	2.1.0	Numbering increased due to presentation at TSG RAN #4 meeting
22 June, 1999	2.1.0	Endorsed by TSG-RAN
13 July, 1999	2.1.1	Updated according to OHG Harmonization agreement
20 Aug, 1999	2.1.2	Updated Table-1 and Annex was approved in TSG RAN WG1 #6 meeting.
30 Aug, 1999	2.2.0	Version approved by WG#7 meeting (Hannover).
<u>3<sup>rd</sup> Aug, 1999</u>	<u>2.2.1</u>	<u>Changed the SSC which was approved in TSG RAN WG1 #7 meeting.</u>
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