**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting # 98-bis-e R4-210XXXX**

**Electronic Meeting, 12th – 20th April, 2021**

**Agenda item:** 8.15.2

**Source:** Moderator (Ericsson)

**Title:** Email discussion summary for [98-bis-e][314] NR\_DL1024QAM\_BSRF

**Document for:** Information

# Introduction

This thread deals with BS requirements for 1024QAM. General considerations and UE requirements are dealt with in another thread. Two main issues need to be discussed for BS; the dynamic range requirement and EVM. For the dynamic range requirement, based on contributions there appears to be consensus. For the EVM, different opinions are presented regarding whether to agree the same value as LTE or study some aspects further further.

List of candidate target of email discussion for 1st round and 2nd round

* 1st round: Agree dynamic range requirement. Exchange views on EVM
* 2nd round: Agree what needs to be done to move forward for EVM (i.e. agree EVM or agree which issues need to be addressed). Agree work split.

# Topic #1: BS RF requirements

This topic covers all BS RF requirements, including dynamic range and EVM. Also, the moderator proposal for work split for the BS requirements is covered.

## Companies’ contributions summary

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| R4-2104726 | CATT | **Moderator note: Submitted to 8.15.1 but included here for reference as it also relates to BS EVM.**  **Observation 1: Regarding crossover SNR between 1024QAM and 256QAM for Rank 1, the crossover SNR is shown as in table 2.1-2.**   * + The crossover SNR with 3%/4% TX/RX EVM in TDL-A is ~35.7dB.   + As TX/RX EVM decreases, crossover SNR also decreases   + For the same TX/RX EVM, the crossover SNR in TDL-D is lower than that in TDL-A.   **Observation 2: Regarding EVM for Rank 1 between 1024QAM and 256QAM, the performance gain is shown as in table 2.1-3.**   * + As TX/RX EVM decreases, throughput gain of 1024QAM compared to 256QAM increases, if TX/RX EVM decreases to 3%/3%, the throughput gain of 1024QAM compared to 256QAM in TDL-A is increased by ~19.8%.   + For the same TX/RX EVM, the throughput gain of 1024QAM compared to 256QAM in TDL-D is larger than that in TDL-A.   **Proposal: It is proposed to approve the simulation assumptions in Table 2.1-1 for further EVM evaluations.** |
| R4-2104728 | CATT | **Proposal 1: EVM requirement should be determined based on link level simulation and implementation for NR.**  **Proposal 2: To set 0dB RE power control dynamic range for 1024QAM.** |
| R4-2104989 | NEC | **Proposal**: **BS RF requirements for NR FR1 DL 1024QAM should be placed on EVM requirements and the required EVM value should be 2.5 %.** |
| R4-2106309 | Nokia | **Proposal 1: It is proposed to introduce RE power control dynamic range for 1024QAM modulation scheme as presented in table 1.**  **Proposal 2: Further studies are needed if E-UTRA EVM requirement for 1024QAM modulation scheme can be reused, taking into account SU.** |
| R4-2106475 | CATT | **Moderators note: These proposals are related to the conformance specification. There are no conformance TUs in this meeting and the discussion is proposed to be delayed to the conformance stage. However, proposals 3 and 4 on power back-off may have some relevance to the discussion on the core EVM requirement and so are taken up in this thread.**  **Proposal 1: EVM test requirement for 1024QAM should equal to the EVM requirement for 1024QAM in TS 38.104 + 1%.**  **Proposal 2: To define the following test model for 1024 QAM**   * + - **NR-FR1-TM2b with single 1024QAM PRB allocation**     - **NR-FR1-TM3.1b with all 1024QAM PRBs allocation.**   **Proposal 3: To support up to three rated output power declaration for 1024QAM capable BS.**  **Proposal 4: RAN4 should allow reasonable power back off for 1024QAM.** |
| R4-2106488 | Huawei | **Proposal 1:** 0 dB RE power control dynamic range should be reused for 1024-QAM  **Proposal 2:** The required TX EVM should be carefully evaluated before introduction in RAN4 specification.  **Moderators note: In particular, phase noise, CFR, TX non-linearity and degradations in the digital part are mentioned by Huawei for consideration in the paper.** |
| R4-2106594 | ZTE | **Proposal 1: at least following factor should be taken into account for FR1 NR 1024QAM.**   1. I/Q compression and decompression due to larger channel bandwidth and higher MIMO layers; 2. Transmit chain non-linearity, mainly referring to PA non-linearity due to larger channel channel bandwidth; 3. Phase noise due to higher frequency range supported for NR compared with LTE. |
| R4-2106687 | Ericsson | **Proposal 1: Set RE power control dynamic range to be 0 dB (up and down) for 1024 QAM**  **Proposal 2: Set Minimum required EVM of 2.5% for 1024 QAM FR1**  **Proposal 3: for work split considerations for impacted TS**   |  |  | | --- | --- | | TS No. | Sourcing Company | | 38.104 |  | | 38.141-1 | Ericsson | | 38.141-2 | Ericsson | |

## Open issues summary

### Sub-topic 1-1

Sub-topic description: RE power control dynamic range requirement

Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting: Requirement definition

**Issue 1-1: Power control dynamic range**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: 0 dB RE power control dynamic range should be reused for 1024-QAM
  + Option 2: No other option at the start of the discussion
* Recommended WF
  + Please indicate whether your company disagrees with option 1, stating why in case you disagree

### Sub-topic 1-2

Sub-topic description: There is a need to determine BS EVM for 1024QAM. Some companies have proposed to assume 2.5% EVM (i.e. same as LTE), whilst others have indicated some issues for investigation. Since there are 2 companies proposing to adopt 2.5% EVM and 4 companies proposing further consideration, it seems that consensus on 2.5% is not currently achievable without further discussion and so thread is proposed to focus on identifying which issues need to be elaborated and discussed to resolve the EVM. The outcome of the discussion should be a WF which at minimum lists the identified issues.

A further aspect identified for discussion in the thread is to decide on whether for 1024QAM further power back-off should be assumed compared to 256QAM. Although power-back off will eventually be captured in the conformance specifications, the assumption of power back-off or not may have some relevance to deciding the core EVM requirement.

**Issue 1-2-1: Issues to consider to decide EVM**

* Proposals
  + Companies are requested to present views on whether each of these issues is relevant to discuss/evaluate further to decide EVM. Please indicate a reason for your view in each case. Also add other issues to this list if you view something is missing (together with an explanation why)
    - Wider bandwidths
    - 30kHz SCS (as well as 15kHz SCS)
    - Spectral Utilization
    - Phase noise
    - CFR (Crest Factor Reduction)
    - TX linearity (in particular PA non-linearity)
    - Effects in the digital domain
    - I/Q compression
* Recommended WF
  + TBA

**Issue 1-2-2: Whether to assume additional power back-off for 1024QAM**

* Proposals
  + - Option 1: Consider additional power back-off for 1024QAM, to be declared by vendor
    - Option 2: Do not allow for additional power back-off compared to 256QAM value
    - Option 3: No need to consider this now; leave for the conformance phase
* Recommended WF
  + TBA

### Sub-topic 1-3

Sub-topic description: Work split

**Issue 3-1: Work split**

* Proposals
  + The following proposal has been presented by Ericsson (Rapporteur)

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| --- | --- |
| TS No. | Sourcing Company |
| 38.104 |  |
| 38.141-1 | Ericsson |
| 38.141-2 | Ericsson |

* Recommended WF
  + Please indicate whether your company volunteers for a role in drafting the requirements. Based on the volunteering companies, the Rapporteur may update the work split.

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

Sub topic 1-1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX |  |
| Huawei | **Issue 1-1: Power control dynamic range**  Agree with option 1 |
| CATT | Option 1. |
| Qualcomm | Agree with option 1 as well. |
| ZTE | Fine with option 1 |
| Nokia | We are fine with option 1. |
| Ericsson | Support Option 1 |

Sub topic 1-2

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| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX |  |
| Huawei | Issue 1-2-1: Issues to consider to decide EVM  Agree all listed aspects need to be taken into account. In addition we also propose to evaluate the required EVM by link level simulation. Maybe it is discussed in the thread 139.  Issue 1-2-2: Whether to assume additional power back-off for 1024QAM  Agree with Option 1 |
| CATT | **Issue 1-2-1: Issues to consider to decide EVM**  We think the general contributors for TX EVM include effects in the digital domain, TX linearity (in particular PA non-linearity), phase noise, and IQ imbalance. If BS supports CFR (Crest Factor Reduction) to reduce PAPR, the CFR will be one of EVM contributors. I/Q compression need to be supported by NR BS due to wider bandwidths, so I/Q compression need to be considered as one of EVM contributors.  **Issue 1-2-2: Whether to assume additional power back-off for 1024QAM**  Option 1. |
| Qualcomm | **We agree that adopting the EVM requirements directly from LTE might not be a good WF. Further studying of the aspects listed in Issue 1-2-1 are necessary. Link level simulations might be considered as well to derive the requirement.** |
| ZTE | Issue 1-2-1: Issues to consider to decide EVM  Agree all aspects mentioned should be taken into account.  Issue 1-2-2: Whether to assume additional power back-off for 1024QAM  Option 1 |
| Nokia | Issue 1-2-1: We are fine to further investigate if LTE EVM requirement can be fully reused.  Issue 1-2-2: We are fine to introduce additional power back off declaration for 1024QAM similar as it is done for LTE. |
| Ericsson | Issue 1-2-1: Although BS TX EVM can be adopted already for 2.5% similar to LTE it would be ok for us also to study areas where they may be some differences compared between LTE and NR.  For wider bandwidth aspect that companies bring up, its relevant to study the 100 MHz CBW compared to 20 MHz (largest in LTE).  Phase noise would not be an impact at frequencies in FR1 and therefore we feel it’s not needed for study in 1024 QAM discussions.  Therefore we propose to focus the parameters to study.  Issue 1-2-2: It’s preference for Option 3.  If power back off is needed we do not foresee a larger back off compared to 256 QAM.  Currently in NR conformance this is anyhow vendor declared back off and probably would also be similar approach for 1024 QAM. |

Sub topic 1-3

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX | Huawei volunteers to take 38.104 spec.  CATT would be interested in taking part in CR drafting. Anyone of 38.104/38.141-1/38.141-2 would be fine for us.ZTE would be also interested in taking part in CR drafting.  Nokia volunteers to take AAS specs 37.145-1 and 37.145-2 where updates are also needed. |

CRs/TPs comments collection

No CRs or TPs.

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

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| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic #1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

### CRs/TPs

No CRs or TPs

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

# Topic #2: Applicability of 1024QAM in BS specification

This topic covers the question of whether 1024QAM requirements should be applicable to the wide area and medium range BS classes.

## Companies’ contributions summary

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| R4-2106487 | Huawei, HiSilicon, CMCC, China Unicom | **Proposal 1:** it is proposed that 1024-QAM RF requirements is not defined for Macro BS. And 1024-QAM is only defined for small cell scenarios. |

## Open issues summary

### Sub-topic 2-1

Sub-topic description: Applicability of 1024QAM in BS specs

Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting: Whether to apply the requirements to the wide area BS class

**Issue 2-1: Applicability of 1024QAM BS class**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Do not define 1024QAM RF requirements for the wide area BS class
  + Option 2: Do not define 1024QAM RF requirements for the wide area and medium range BS classes
  + Option 3: Define 1024QAM RF requirements for all BS classes
* Recommended WF
  + Please indicate your company preference. Please outline the reasons for your preference, and in particular for option 3 why you think the requirement should be applied for wide area, or why/what further investigation is needed.

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

Sub topic 2-1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX |  |
| Huawei | Option 1 or Option 2. As discussed in our paper R4-2106487 and R4-2106488, 1024-QAM can not provide notable performance gain for Macro scenario, instead some power back-off will be need which causes performance degradation. Hence we propose to not to define 1024 QAM for Macro BS. |
| CATT | Further evaluations might be needed. Currently prefer Option 1. |
| Qualcomm | More analysis needs to confirm this. For now we lean towards Option 1. |
| ZTE | Open for further discussion and evaluation if needed. |
| Nokia | For LTE, 1024QAM was introduce for all BS classes, as this is optional feature based on vendor declaration. We don’t see a reason why we would limit this in NR FR1 to specific BS classes only if it is not restricted for LTE when additional power back-off is possible to be declared. |
| SoftBank | We prefer option 3 since this proposal is another addition of “5G could be less than 4G”. We do not like to introduce an item which could be a blocking factor when we try to replace LTE-A with NR. |
| Verizon | Option 3! We would see the 1024 QAM for all BS classes (for different applications), instead of for small cells only. |
| CMCC | RAN4 needs to evaluate the performance gain for wide area BS class. If there is a technical justification that there is no performance gain (1024QAM) for the wide area BS, we can accept option 1. |
| Ericsson | We support Option 3. 1024QAM will increase spectrum efficiency in particular at low load and/or when channel conditions are good. We don’t see why it would be useful for 4G in macro cells but now in 5G would not bring a gain.  At this time before studies are completed, we believe it’s too early to eliminate scenarios/deployments which BS classes can be applicable. |

Sub topic 1-2

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| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX |  |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

No CRs or TPs

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic #1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

### CRs/TPs

No CRs or TPs

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

# Recommendations for Tdocs

## 1st round

**New tdocs**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Title** | **Source** | **Comments** |
| WF on … | YYY |  |
| LS on … | ZZZ | To: RAN\_X; Cc: RAN\_Y |
|  |  |  |

**Existing tdocs**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tdoc number** | **Title** | **Source** | **Recommendation** | **Comments** |
| R4-210xxxx | CR on … | XXX | Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
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Notes:

1. Please include the summary of recommendations for all tdocs across all sub-topics incl. existing and new tdocs.
2. For the Recommendation column please include one of the following:
   1. CRs/TPs: Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued
   2. Other documents: Agreeable, Revised, Noted
3. For new LS documents, please include information on To/Cc WGs in the comments column
4. Do not include hyper-links in the documents

## 2nd round

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tdoc number** | **Title** | **Source** | **Recommendation** | **Comments** |
| R4-210xxxx | CR on … | XXX | Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued |  |
| R4-210xxxx | WF on … | YYY | Agreeable, Revised, Noted |  |
| R4-210xxxx | LS on … | ZZZ | Agreeable, Revised, Noted |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Notes:

1. Please include the summary of recommendations for all tdocs across all sub-topics.
2. For the Recommendation column please include one of the following:
   1. CRs/TPs: Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued
   2. Other documents: Agreeable, Revised, Noted
3. Do not include hyper-links in the documents