**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting #95-e R4-2006546**

**Electronic Meeting, 25 May – 5 June, 2020**

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| *CR-Form-v12.0* | | | | | | | | |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | |
|  | **38.133** | **CR** | 0671 | **rev** | **-** | **Current version:** | **16.3.0** |  |
|  | | | | | | | | |
| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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| ***Title:*** | CR to TS 38.133: CHO RRM requirement | | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Source to WG:*** | Intel | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | R4 | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Work item code:*** | NR\_Mob\_enh-Core | | | | |  | ***Date:*** | | | 2020-05-14 |
|  |  | | | |  | |  | | |  |
| ***Category:*** | **B** |  | | | | | ***Release:*** | | | Rel-16 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:* ***F*** *(correction)* ***A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)* ***B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)* ***D*** *(editorial modification)*  Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | | | | | | | | *Use one of the following releases: Rel-8 (Release 8) Rel-9 (Release 9) Rel-10 (Release 10) Rel-11 (Release 11) Rel-12 (Release 12)* *Rel-13 (Release 13) Rel-14 (Release 14) Rel-15 (Release 15) Rel-16 (Release 16)* | |
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| ***Reason for change:*** | | This CR is a formal CR based on the endorsed CR R4-2005308 in RAN4#94-e-bis without further technical change. Only clean version is provided. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Summary of change:*** | | 1. Introduce conditional handover requirement. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | | Conditional handove requirements are missing. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | | 6.1.4 | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | | **Y** | **N** |  | | | |  | | |
| ***Other specs*** | |  | **X** | Other core specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***affected:*** | | **X** |  | Test specifications | | | | TS38.533 | | |
| ***(show related CRs)*** | |  | **X** | O&M Specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Other comments:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |

Start of Change

### 6.1.4 NR Conditional Handover

#### 6.1.4.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause are applicable to conditional handover to change the NR PCell to another NR cell.

#### 6.1.4.2 NR FR1 – NR FR1 conditional handover

The requirements in this clause are applicable to both intra-frequency and inter-frequency conditional handover from NR FR1 cell to NR FR1 cell.

6.1.4.2.1 Handover delay

Procedure delays for all procedures that can command a conditional handover are specified in TS 38.331 [2].

When the UE receives a RRC message implying conditional handover the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink PRACH channel within Dhandover seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

DCHO = TRRC + TEvent\_DU + Tmeasure + Tinterrupt + TCHO\_execution

Where:

TRRC is the maximum RRC procedure delay to be defined in clause 12 in TS 38.331 [2].

TEvent\_DU is the delay uncertainty which is the time from when the UE successfully decodes a conditional handover command until a condition exists at the measurement reference point which will trigger the conditional handover.

Tmeasure is the measurements time stated in clause 6.1.4.2.2.

TCHO\_execution is the conditional execution preparation time in clause 6.1.4.2.3.

Tinterrupt is the interruption time stated in clause 6.1.4.2.4.

6.1.4.2.2 Measurement time

The measurement time delay is defined from the end of TEvent\_DU until UE executes a handover to a target cell and interruption time starts.

For intra-frequency handover, the measurement time delay measured without Time To Trigger (TTT) and L3 filtering shall be less than Tidentify intra with index or Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index defined in clause 9.2.5.1 or clause 9.2.6.2.

For inter-frequency handover, the measurement time delay measured without Time To Trigger (TTT) and L3 filtering shall be less than Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index or Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index defined in clause 9.3.4.

When TTT or L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

A cell is detectable only if at least one SSB measured from the cell being configured remains detectable during the time period Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index for intra-frequency handover or Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index for inter-frequency handover. If a cell which has been detectable at least for the time period Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index for intra-frequency handover or Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index for inter-frequency handover becomes undetectable for a period and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers a handover, the measurement time delay shall be less than TSSB\_measurement\_period\_intra or TSSB\_measurement\_period\_inter provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than ± 3200 Tc while the measurement gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used. When L3 filtering is used, an additional delay can be expected.

6.1.4.2.3 Preparation time

TCHO\_execution is the UE execution preparation time for conditional handover, and starts after UE realizes the condition of CHO is met and identity of the target cell is determined. TCHO\_execution can be up to 10ms.

6.1.4.2.4 Interruption time

The interruption time is the time between when the UE starts to execute the conditional handover to the target cell and the time the UE starts transmission of the new PRACH.

For intra-frequency or inter-frequency conditional conditional handover, the measurment time shall be less than

Tinterrupt = Tprocessing + TIU + T∆ + Tmargin ms

Where:

Tprocessing is time for UE processing. Tprocessing can be up to 20ms.

TIU is the interruption uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the new cell. TIU can be up to the summation of SSB to PRACH occasion association period and 10 ms. SSB to PRACH occasion associated period is defined in the table 8.1-1 of TS 38.213 [3]

T∆ is time for fine time tracking and acquiring full timing information of the target cell. TΔ = Trs.

Tmargin is time for SSB post-processing. Tmargin can be up to 2ms.

Trs is the SMTC periodicity of the target NR cell if the UE has been provided with an SMTC configuration for the target cellin the handover command, otherwise Trs is the SMTC configured in the measObjectNR having the same SSB frequency and subcarrier spacing. If the UE is not provided SMTC configuration or measurement object on this frequency, the requirement in this clause is applied with Trs=5ms assuming the SSB transmission periodicity is 5ms. There is no requirement if the SSB transmission periodicity is not 5ms. If the UE has been provided with higher layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2*prior to the handover command, Trs follows *smtc1* or *smtc2* according to the physical cell ID of the target cell.

NOTE 1: The actual value of TIU shall depend upon the PRACH configuration used in the target cell.

#### 6.1.4.3 NR FR2 – NR FR1 conditional handover

The requirements in this clause are applicable to inter-frequency conditional handover from NR FR2 cell to NR FR1 cell.

The requirements defined in section 6.1.4.2 applies assuming inter-frequency handover and:

Tprocessing is time for UE processing. Tprocessing can be up to 40ms.

#### 6.1.4.4 NR FR2 – NR FR2 conditional handover

The requirements in this clause are applicable to both intra-frequency and inter-frequency conditional handover from NR FR2 cell to NR FR2 cell.

6.1.4.4.1 Handover delay

Procedure delays for all procedures that can command a conditional handover are specified in TS 38.331 [2].

When the UE receives a RRC message implying conditional handover the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink PRACH channel within Dhandover seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

DCHO = TRRC + TEvent\_DU + Tmeasure + Tinterrupt + TCHO\_execution

Where:

TRRC is the maximum RRC procedure delay to be defined in clause 12 in TS 38.331 [2].

TEvent\_DU is the delay uncertainty which is the time from when the UE successfully decodes a conditional handover command until a condition exists at the measurement reference point which will trigger the conditional handover.

Tmeasure is the measurements time stated in clause 6.1.4.4.2.

TCHO\_execution is the conditional execution preparation time in clause 6.1.4.4.3.

Tinterrupt is the interruption time stated in clause 6.1.4.4.4.

6.1.4.4.2 Measurement time

The measurement time delay is defined from the end of TEvent\_DU until UE executes a handover to a target cell and interruption time starts.

For intra-frequency handover, the measurement time delay measured without Time To Trigger (TTT) and L3 filtering shall be less than Tidentify intra with index or Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index defined in clause 9.2.5.1 or clause 9.2.6.2.

For inter-frequency handover, the measurement time delay measured without Time To Trigger (TTT) and L3 filtering shall be less than Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index or Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index defined in clause 9.3.4.

When TTT or L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

A cell is detectable only if at least one SSB measured from the cell being configured remains detectable during the time period Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index for intra-frequency handover or Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index for inter-frequency handover. If a cell which has been detectable at least for the time period Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index for intra-frequency handover or Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index for inter-frequency handover becomes undetectable for a period and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers a handover, the measurement time delay shall be less than TSSB\_measurement\_period\_intra or TSSB\_measurement\_period\_inter provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than ± 3200 Tc while the measurement gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used. When L3 filtering is used, an additional delay can be expected.

6.1.4.4.3 Preparation time

TCHO\_execution is the UE execution preparation time for conditional handover, and starts after UE realizes the condition of CHO is met and identity of the target cell is determined. TCHO\_execution can be up 10ms.

6.1.4.4.4 Interruption time

The interruption time is the time between when the UE starts to execute the conditional handover to the target cell and the time the UE starts transmission of the new PRACH.

For intra-frequency or inter-frequency conditional conditional handover, the measurment time shall be less than

Tinterrupt = Tprocessing + TIU + T∆ + Tmargin ms

Where:

Tprocessing is time for UE processing. Tprocessing can be up to 20ms.

TIU is the interruption uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the new cell. TIU can be up to the summation of SSB to PRACH occasion association period and 10 ms. SSB to PRACH occasion associated period is defined in the table 8.1-1 of TS 38.213 [3]

T∆ is time for fine time tracking and acquiring full timing information of the target cell. TΔ = Trs.

Tmargin is time for SSB post-processing. Tmargin can be up to 2ms.

Trs is the SMTC periodicity of the target NR cell if the UE has been provided with an SMTC configuration for the target cellin the handover command, otherwise Trs is the SMTC configured in the measObjectNR having the same SSB frequency and subcarrier spacing. If the UE is not provided SMTC configuration or measurement object on this frequency, the requirement in this clause is applied with Trs=5ms assuming the SSB transmission periodicity is 5ms. There is no requirement if the SSB transmission periodicity is not 5ms. If the UE has been provided with higher layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2*prior to the handover command, Trs follows *smtc1* or *smtc2* according to the physical cell ID of the target cell.

NOTE 1: The actual value of TIU shall depend upon the PRACH configuration used in the target cell.

#### 6.1.4.5 NR FR1 – NR FR2 conditional handover

The requirements in this clause are applicable to inter-frequency conditional handover from NR FR1 cell to NR FR2 cell.

The requirements defined in section 6.1.4.4 applies assuming inter-frequency handover and:

Tprocessing is time for UE processing. Tprocessing can be up to 40ms.

End of Change