**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting #102-e R4-22xxxxx**

**Electronic Meeting, 21st Feb – 3rd Mar, 2022**

**Title:** WF on demodulation requirement for Enhancement on HST-SFN deployment

**Source:** Intel Corporation

**Agenda item:** 10.19.4

**Document for:** Approval

# Introduction

This WF capture all agreements and open issues for the following topics in [102-e][330] NR\_FeMIMO\_Demod:

* Topic #2: Demodulation requirement for Enhancement on HST-SFN scenario
	+ Sub-topic 2-1: Test scope
	+ Sub-topic 2-2: Test setup for PDSCH requirement for SFN scheme A with Single Carrier
	+ Sub-topic 2-3: Test setup for PDSCH requirement for SFN scheme B with Single Carrier If introduced

The agreed WFs on demodulation performance requirements for enhancement on HST-SFN in the previous meetings:

* R4-2203091, “WF on demodulation requirement for Enhancement on HST-SFN deployment”, Intel, RAN4#101-bis-e

# Topic #2: Demodulation requirement for Enhancement on HST-SFN scenario

## Sub-topic 2-1: Test scope

**Issue 2-1-1: Whether to define PDCCH requirement for HST SFN scenario**

*Tentative agreement:*

* No PDCCH requirement for Enhancement on HST-SFN scenario.
* Define test case where both channels (PDSCH/PDCCH) are transmitted using SFN scheme and verify performance of PDSCH only

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Confirm tentative agreement

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | We are ok with tentative agreement made in 1st round  |
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**Issue 2-1-2: Whether to define PDSCH requireemnt with HST-SFN scheme B**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: Yes
	+ Option 1a: scheme A and scheme B with test applicability rule: If UE pass HST-SFN scheme A test cases, UE can skip HST-SFN scheme B test cases
* Option 2: No
* Option 3: do not introduce PDSCH requirements for SFN scheme B and define the following test applicability rule to guarantee performance with this scheme:
	+ If UE passes the existing test cases (demodulation requirement for HST-SFN with high Doppler shift), the performance of SFN scheme B is guaranteed

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

* Encourage comments if any
* Encourage companies to further discuss with following aspects
	+ UE feature list with HST SFN scheme A and scheme B
	+ Channel model with scheme A and scheme B
	+ QCL type with two TCI states for scheme A and scheme B
	+ UE receiver processing with scheme A and scheme B
	+ Channel model with scheme B compared with single tap HST or DPS
	+ UE receiver processing of scheme B compared with single tap HST or DPS

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | We support option 1As commented in 1st round we do see the obviously different compared with scheme A and B, in terms of UE feature list, receiver processing and channel model, QCL type information Considering the test effort, the test applicability rule can be introduced for scheme A and B, i.e.,If UE pass HST-SFN scheme A, UE can skip HST-SFN scheme B.Regarding the option 3, as mentioned, scheme A/B do not need the advanced receiver compared with Rel-16 HST SFN pending on UE capability, the channel model and UE processing with different TCI state with QCI type information is different with Rel-16 HST SFN. UE support scheme B, while not support advanced receiver, the performance can be guaranteed. |
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**Issue 2-1-3: Whether to define PDSCH CA requirement for Enhancement on HST SFN scnearion**

*Tentative agreements*

* No PDSCH CA requirement for Enhancement on HST SFN scenario in Rel-17 FeMIMO WI.

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Confirm tentative agreement

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | We are ok the tentative agreement made in 1st round discussion |
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## Sub-topic 2-2: Test setup for PDSCH requirement for SFN scheme A with Single Carrier

**Issue 2-2-1: Common setup for PDSCH requirement**

*Tentative agreements*

* Reuse existing Rel-16 HST-SFN test set-up as a baseline
	+ PDCCH/PDSCH SFN transmitted from two RRHs

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| Parameter | Value |
| FDD 15 kHz SCS | TDD 30 kHz SCS |
| CBW | 10 MHz | 40 MHz |
| Antenna configuration | 2x2; 2x4 |
| DMRS type | Type 1 |
| Number of DMRS symbols | 1+1+1 |
| TDD pattern |  | 7D1S2U, S: 6D 4G 4U |
| TRS configuration | 10ms, 2 slot pattern |
| PDSCH mapping | Type A, Start symbol 2, Duration 12 |
| Ds and Dmin | Ds =700m; Dmin=150m |
| Test metric | SNR @70% of maximum throughput |

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Confirm tentative agreement

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | We are ok with the tentative agreement made in 1st round discussion |
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**Issue 2-2-2: Number of TCI codepoint for Test**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: TCI state 1 and TCI state 2 applied for TRP/RRH #2n, #2n+1 separately; TRS 1 and TRS 2 transmitted from TRP#2n, and #2n+1 separately
* Option 2: Configure 4 TCI code point during test, transmit TRS#i from RRH#4k+i that i = 0, 1, 2, 3 and k = 0, 1, 2, … .
	+ Codepoint#0 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k and RRH#4k+1 : TCI#0, TCI#1
	+ Codepoint#1 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k+1 and RRH#4k+2: TCI#1, TCI#2
	+ Codepoint#2 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k+2 and RRH#4k+3: TCI#2, TCI#3
	+ Codepoint#3 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k+3 and RRH#4(k+1): TCI#3, TCI#0
* Option 3: Configure 3 TCI code point during test, transmit TRS#i from RRH#3k+i that i = 0, 1, 2 and k = 0, 1, 2, … based on two RRHs
	+ Codepoint#0 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#3k and RRH#3k+1 : TCI#0, TCI#1
	+ Codepoint#1 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#3k+1 and RRH#3k+2: TCI#1, TCI#2
	+ Codepoint#3 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#3k+2 and RRH#(3k+1): TCI#2, TCI#0

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Encourage comments if any

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | We can go option 3, since only 2RRH considered in then channel model, it seems that 3 TCI code point is enough. |
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**Issue 2-2-3: Maximum Doppler shift**

*Tentative agreements:*

* Define PDSCH requirement with HST-SFN scheme A with Maximum Doppler shift
	+ 30KHz SCS: 1667Hz
	+ 15 kHz SCS:
		- Option 1: 972 Hz
		- Option 2: 840 Hz
		- Companies are encouraged to bring simulation results with both option 1 and option 2 to check whether there is performance degradation with option 1, down selection one of them in the next meeting

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Encourage comments if any

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | In general, both option 1 and option 2 are within the capability of TRS Doppler tracking, option 2 is the same as Rel-16 HST-SFN with majority companies supported, we support option 2. We are open to further discuss we can regard as baseline, and to check the simulation results with both option 1 and option2, if there is no obvious performance degradation, either option 1 and option 2 are fine for us, otherwise, option 2 is more preferable  |
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**Issue 2-2-4: MCS and Rank**

*Tentative agreements:*

* Define PDSCH requirement with HST-SFN scheme A with MCS 17 and Rank 2 from MCS Table 1

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

* Confirm tentative agreement

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Ok with tentative agreement made in 1st round discussion  |
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**Issue 2-2-5: Channel Model**

*Tentative agreements:*

* Reusing the existing Rel-16 HST-SFN channel model (Ds=700m, Dmin=150m) with removing the two furthest paths corresponding to the two furthest TRP as baseline
* For PDCCH and PDSCH HST-SFN with 2 nearest RRH, including time varying path power and path delay
* For TRS, single tap from each RRH, including time varying path power and path delay, apply the same scaling as PDSCH for each TRP for path power, and apply the same delay as PDSCH for each TRP for path delay, and apply the same time-varying Doppler shift from each RRH as PDCCH/PDSCH for Doppler shift

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Confirm tentative agreement

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Ok with tentative agreement made in 1st round discussion. Meanwhile, encourage companies to further check the wording whether there is anything missing |
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**Issue 2-2-6: Baseline receiver for defining scheme A requirement**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: Confirm the assumption that the HST-SFN advanced receiver is the baseline receiver for defining scheme A requirement
* Option 2: Do not assume HST-SFN advanced receiver is the baseline receiver for defining scheme A requirement

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Encourage comments if any

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | As mentioned in 1st round, the channel model and UE processing is different with HST-SFN and scheme A, meanwhile the UE feature is different with different UE capability, one is target as Rel-16, another is targeting as Rel-17, it is not proper to use the HST-SFN advanced receiver as the baseline receiver We support option2, the legacy receiver to handle the Doppler tracking, similar as in single path or DPS scheme, can be considered |
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**Issue 2-2-7: UE capabilty**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: The PDSCH demodulation requirements for HST-SFN Scheme A is applicable for UE capable of ‘SFN Scheme A’.

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Pending on conclusion of UE feature list of Rel-17 FeMMO

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Based on RAN1 agreement about UE feature list discussion in Rel-17 FeMIMO, scheme A is UE optional with capability signaling, we support option 1  |
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**Issue 2-2-8: Performance evalution**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: Evaluate performance improvement of HST SFN scheme A over Rel-16 HST SFN.

*Tentative agreements:*

* Interested companies can provide the performance evaluation result of HST SNF scheme A over Rel-16 HST SFN. No impact on the Rel-17 HST SFN scheme A performance requirement definition.

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

Confirm tentative agreement

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Since RAN1 have already verified the benefit of scheme A compared with Rel-16 |
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## Sub-topic 2-3: Test setup for PDSCH requirement for SFN scheme B with Single Carrier If introduced

**Issue 2-3-1: Common setup for PDSCH requirement**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: Reuse existing Rel-16 HST-SFN test set-up as a baseline
	+ two TCI states with one configured QCL type A information, and another one configured QCL Type B information’
	+ TCI state 1 and TCI state 2 applied for TRP/RRH #2n, #2n+1 separately; TRS 1 and TRS 2 transmitted from TRP#2n, and #2n+1 separately

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| --- | --- |
| Parameter | Value |
| FDD 15 kHz SCS | TDD 30 kHz SCS |
| CBW | 10 MHz | 40 MHz |
| Antenna configuration | 2x2; 2x4 |
| DMRS type | Type 1 |
| Number of DMRS symbols | 1+1+1 |
| TDD pattern |  | 7D1S2U, S: 6D 4G 4U |
| TRS configuration | 10ms, 2 slot pattern |
| PDSCH mapping | Type A, Start symbol 2, Duration 12 |
| Ds and Dmin | Ds =700m; Dmin=150m |
| Test metric | SNR @70% of maximum throughput |

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

* Pending on issue 2-1-2

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | As commented in issue 2-1-2, we think it is necessary to define performance requirement with scheme B to verify the proper receiver to tracking the delay of each RRH with different TCI stateAs for common setup, we are ok to further discuss the number of TCI state configuration. For other parts, we apply the same configuration as scheme A |
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**Issue 2-3-2: Modeling of TRP pre-compensation**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: For scheme B, BS behaviour can be Doppler Modeling into channel model so that TE implementation of pre-compensation has no impact on the UE performance during the test.

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

* Pending on issue 2-1-2

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | In general, we are ok with option 1, For test, we prefer there is no Doppler modeling, only including the path delay and part power for each RRH Even with residual Doppler shift, generated by TE due to the test uncertainty, my understanding the impact is minor |
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**Issue 2-3-3: Number of TCI codepoint for Test**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: TCI state 1 and TCI state 2 applied for TRP/RRH #2n, #2n+1 separately; TRS 1 and TRS 2 transmitted from TRP#2n, and #2n+1 separately
* Option 2: Configure 4 TCI code point during test, transmit TRS#i from RRH#4k+i that i = 0, 1, 2, 3 and k = 0, 1, 2, … .
	+ Codepoint#0 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k and RRH#4k+1 : TCI#0, TCI#1
	+ Codepoint#1 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k+1 and RRH#4k+2: TCI#1, TCI#2
	+ Codepoint#2 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k+2 and RRH#4k+3: TCI#2, TCI#3
	+ Codepoint#3 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#4k+3 and RRH#4(k+1): TCI#3, TCI#0
* Option 3: Configure 3 TCI code point during test, transmit TRS#i from RRH#3k+i that i = 0, 1, 2 and k = 0, 1, 2, … based on two RRHs
	+ Codepoint#0 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#3k and RRH#3k+1 : TCI#0, TCI#1
	+ Codepoint#1 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#3k+1 and RRH#3k+2: TCI#1, TCI#2
	+ Codepoint#3 active when UE receiving PDSCH from RRH#3k+2 and RRH#(3k+1): TCI#2, TCI#0

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

* Pending on issue 2-1-2

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | As mentioned issue 2-2-2, we can go option 3 with configure 3 TCI code point during the test. |
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**Issue 2-3-4: MCS and Rank**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1: MCS 17 with Rank 2

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

* Pending on issue 2-1-2

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | We support option 1 as baseline  |
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**Issue 2-3-5: Channel Model**

*Candidate options:*

* Option 1:
	+ Reusing the existing Rel-16 HST-SFN channel model (Ds=700m, Dmin=150m) with removing the two furthest paths corresponding to the two furthest TRP as baseline
	+ HST SFN channel model specified in B.3.2 of TS 38.101-4 reused without modelling Doppler shift

*Recommendations for 2nd round:*

* Pending on issue 2-1-2
* Reusing the existing Rel-16 HST-SFN channel model (Ds=700m, Dmin=150m) with removing the two furthest paths corresponding to the two furthest TRP as baseline
* For PDCCH and PDSCH HST-SFN with 2 nearest RRH, including time varying path power and path delay, without modelling Doppler shift
* For TRS, single tap from each RRH, including time varying path power and path delay, apply the same scaling as PDSCH for each TRP for path power, and apply the same delay as PDSCH for each TRP for path delay, without modelling Doppler shift

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | As commented in previous, we support to define requirement with scheme B. If it can be agreed, channel model recommended is preferred |
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# Reference

1. R4-2207177, Email discussion summary for [102-e][330] NR\_FeMIMO\_Demod, RAN4#102-e, Samsung