**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #119bis-e R2-22xxxxx**

**E-Meeting, 10th – 19th October, 2022**

**Source: vivo (Rapporteur)**

**Title:****Summary of [AT119bis-e][411][Relay] Relay cause value**

**Agenda Item:** **6.7.1**

**Document for:** **Discussion and Decision**

# Introduction

The following offline discussion is triggered to mainly discuss these proposals as follows:

* [AT119bis-e][411][Relay] Relay cause value (vivo)

 Scope: Discuss the LS in R2-2209306 and related documents (R2-2209812 / R2-2209813 / R2-2209814+ first change from R2-2209903), consider the proposed correction, and draft a reply.

 Intended outcome: Report, approvable LS, and agreeable CR if needed

 Deadline: Friday 2022-10-14 1000 UTC

**Phase 1:** The Rapporteur kindly requests companies to provide feedback on the questionnaire by **2022-10-13 1000 UTC.**

**Phase 2:** The Rapporteur kindly requests companies to provide feedback on approvable LS and agreeable CR if needed, by **2022-10-14 1000 UTC.**

## Contact Points

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# Discussion

The offline discussion is organized into the following two parts:

* Firstly, we check the CT1 LS to see if there is any issue for RAN2 to address.
* Secondly, we attempt to agree on a way forward based on the issue found.

## Check CT1 LS

In the LS (see highlighted in yellow as below), CT1 has agreed that the AS layer can decide the final RRC establishment cause value for a simultaneously triggered case at the L2 Relay UE side, i.e., when the Relay UE receives request from the L2 Remote UE, and in the meantime the L2 U2N relay UE has its own service arrival from its upper layers.

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| CT1 has discussed how to set RRC establishment cause value for the case when the access attempt is simultaneously triggered by both the own service of the 5G ProSe layer-2 UE-to-network relay UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode and the 5G ProSe layer-2 remote UE, and achieved the following consensus (see attachment): the RRC establishment cause is selected according to table 4.5.6.1 and table 4.5.6.2 of clause 4.5.6, 3GPP TS 24.501 in the above case, however, it is possible for the lower layer to decide an applicable RRC establishment cause according to the request from the 5G ProSe layer-2 remote UE. |

Moreover, their specification TS 24.501 has been updated accordingly. Please see the highlighted yellow text in NOTE2 as below.

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| 4.5.6 Mapping between access categories/access identities and RRC establishment causeWhen 5GMM requests the establishment of a NAS-signalling connection, the RRC establishment cause used by the UE shall be selected according to one or more access identities (see subclauses 4.5.2 and 4.5.2A) and the determined access category by checking the rules specified in table 4.5.6.1 and table 4.5.6.2. If the access attempt matches more than one rule, the RRC establishment cause of the lowest rule number shall be used. If the determined access category is an operator-defined access category, then the RRC establishment cause used by the UE shall be selected according to table 4.5.6.1 and table 4.5.6.2 based on one or more access identities (see subclauses 4.5.2 and 4.5.2A) and the standardized access category determined for the operator-defined access category as described in subclause 4.5.3.NOTE 1: Following an RRC release with redirection, the lower layers can set the RRC establishment cause to "mps‑PriorityAccess" in the case of redirection to an NR cell connected to 5GCN (see 3GPP TS 38.331 [30]) or to "highPriorityAccess" in the case of redirection to an E‑UTRA cell connected to 5GCN (see 3GPP TS 36.331 [25A]), if the network indicates to the UE during RRC connection release with redirection that the UE has an active MPS session.NOTE 2: In case of the UE is acting as a 5G ProSe layer-2 UE-to-network relay UE, it is possible for the lower layer to decide an applicable RRC establishment cause according to the request from the 5G ProSe layer-2 remote UE as specified in 3GPP TS 38.331 [30]. |

Based on the highlighted text in yellow, Rapporteur would summarize the follows observations:

**Observation 1: When RRC connection establishment at the L2 U2N Relay UE side is simultaneously triggered by both its own service and a request from the L2 U2N Remote UE, two kinds of cause value information are available: one is from Relay UE’s NAS layer and the other is from the request signalling of the Remote UE.**

**Observation 2: For the simultaneously triggered case (described in Observation 1), CT1 has agreed that it is possible for the Relay UE’s AS layer to decide the final cause value according to the applicable cause value information included in request signalling of the Remote UE.**

**Observation 3: CT1 Specification has been updated to capture CT1 agreement on L2 U2N Relay UE’s cause value setting behaviour for the simultaneously triggered case.**

However, it’s unclear whether the current TS 38.331 has correctly captured the case agreed by CT1 or not. According to current TS 38.331, the L2 U2N Relay UE’s cause value setting behaviors are specified as follows. In general, there are 3 cases to trigger the L2 U2N Relay UE’s RRC connection establishment:

only triggered by L2 U2N Relay UE’s its own service from the NAS layer (specified in green text as below)

only triggered by a request from the L2 U2N Remote UE within the AS layer (specified in blue text as below)

simultaneously triggered by both L2 U2N Relay UE’s own service and a request from the L2 U2N Remote UE (specified?)

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| 5.3.3.3 Actions related to transmission of *RRCSetupRequest* messageThe UE shall set the contents of *RRCSetupRequest* message as follows:1> set the *ue-Identity* as follows:2> if upper layers provide a 5G-S-TMSI:3> set the *ue-Identity* to *ng-5G-S-TMSI-Part1*;2> else:3> draw a 39-bit random value in the range 0..239-1 and set the *ue-Identity* to this value;NOTE 1: Upper layers provide the *5G-S-TMSI* if the UE is registered in the TA of the current cell.1> if the establishment of the RRC connection is the result of release with redirect with *mpsPriorityIndication* (either in NR or E-UTRAN):2> set the *establishmentCause* to *mps-PriorityAccess*;1> else:2> set the *establishmentCause* in accordance with the information received from upper layers;NOTE 2: In case the L2 U2N Relay UE initiates RRC connection establishment triggered by reception of message from a L2 U2N Remote UE via SL-RLC0 or SL-RLC1 as specified in 5.3.3.1a, the L2 U2N Relay UE sets the *establishmentCause* by implementation, but it can only set the *emergency*, *mps-PriorityAccess*, or *mcs-PriorityAccess* as *establishmentCause* if the same cause value is in the message received from the L2 U2N Remote UE via SL-RLC0. |

For the simultaneously triggered case, the problem is that based on current RRC specification, the above if condition will also be met since the Relay UE will be provided with cause value information by NAS layer in this case. Consequently, the Relay UE shall always set the cause value indicated by NAS layer. In other words, the RRC Specification is not aligned with CT1 specification on L2 U2N Relay UE’s cause value setting behavior for the simultaneously triggered case.

**Observation 4: According to current RRC Specification, the L2 U2N Relay UE’s cause value shall be set to the cause value information from NAS layer for the simultaneously triggered case, which is against the CT1 agreement& specification.**

Given Observation 1,2,3,4 as above, Rapporteur believes that misalignment has occurred between the current RRC Specification and CT1 Specification on Relay UE cause value setting behaviour for the simultaneously triggered case. Therefore, Rapporteur would like to check with companies in the following Q1.

**Q1: Do companies agree that there is misalignment between current RRC Specification and CT1 Specification on Relay UE cause value setting behaviour for the simultaneously triggered case?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Not-agree** | **Comment** |
| OPPO | Disagree | We fail to understand why there is a misalignment, according to our C1 colleague, this C1 LS is only sent for information, it is not used to trigger R2 action at all. |
| vivo | Agree(Proponent) | As the LS contact company, we want to further clarify that CT1’s agreement was to leave it to AS layer to decide the final cause value for the simultaneously triggered case but they are not aware of whether/how RRC spec are updated in order to match their agreement. |
| Qualcomm | Disagree | We do not think there is a misalignment. In fact, with the updates made to CT1 spec, CT1 already aligned to the RAN2 spec NOTE2 and there is no action to take in RAN2. |

**Summary:**

**Xxx**

## Decide on a way forward

If the ANS to **Q1** is **Agree**, then RAN2 can further discuss on whether/how to resolve the misalignment issue. Rapporteur understanding is that the CT1 agreement to leave it to AS layer to decide an appropriate cause value is mainly for the simultaneously trigger cases when the upper layer triggered event at the Relay UE side is not very critical i.e., except *emergency*, *mps-PriorityAccess*, or *mcs-PriorityAccess*. In other words, the L2 U2N Relay UE can only ignore the cause value information received from upper layers except *emergency*, *mps-PriorityAccess*, or *mcs-PriorityAccess* and set it by AS layer in these cases. Regarding the specific CR wording, there are two contributions submitted in this meeting to address the related misalignment issue. One is R2-2209814, and the other is the first change from R2-2209903. Rapporteur would like to check companies view on the CRs in the following Q2.

**Q2: If the ANS to Q1 is Agree, which Option(s) do companies prefer** **for an agreeable CR to address the misalignment issue?**

* **Option 1: CR in R2-2209814**



* **Option 2: first change in R2-2209903**



* **Others, please specify.**

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| **Company** | **Option(s)** | **Comment** |
| vivo | Option 1 or Option 2, we can follow majority | Both Option 1 and Option have the same intention to align with CT1. We have no strong view which option is adopted as long as the misalignment issue is resolved. |
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**Summary:**

**Xxx**

Lastly, Rapporteur would like to check with companies on the need of an approvable LS reply to CT1. On one hand,the LS reply can inform CT1 our specification update with the 331 CR as attachment, if any. Then the misalignment issue is closed and no further discussions may occur. On the other hand, if there is no agreeable CR to address the misalignment issue. Then, the LS reply can at least describe the misalignment issue between current RRC Specification and CT1 Specification, and may also ask CT1 to re-consider the Relay UE’s cause value setting behavior if there is any concern. For the latter option, more discussions across CT1 and RAN2 cannot be avoided.

* **Q3: Do companies agree to send an LS reply to CT1 in accordance with the outcome of above Q1 and Q2?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Not-agree** | **Comment** |
| OPPO | Disagree | We do not foresee a critical issue and thus do not see the need of R2 action (including LS reply) upon the reception of this C1 LS. |
| vivo | Agree | As replied in Q1, it’s better for RAN2 to send the LS reply to resolve the misalignment issue across different specs. And also attach the agreeable RAN2 CR if any. |
| Qualcomm | Disagree | Same view as OPPO. No need to send an LS reply as CT1 already updated CT1 spec and there is no input expected. |

**Summary:**

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# Conclusion

The summary concludes with the following proposals:

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1. Reference
2. R2-2209306 LS on setting RRC establishment cause value when relay UE has its own service (C1-225453; contact: vivo) CT1 LS in Rel-17 5G\_ProSe To:RAN2 Cc:SA2
3. R2-2209812 [Draft] LS reply on setting RRC establishment casue value when relay UE has its own service vivo LS out To:CT1 Cc:SA2
4. R2-2209813 Discussion on LS from R2-2209206(C1-225453) vivo discussion
5. R2-2209814 Correction to the L2 U2N Relay UE’s cause value setting behaviour vivo CR Rel-17 38.331 17.2.0 3509 - F NR\_SL\_relay-Core
6. R2-2209903 Correction on control plane for L2 U2N relay ZTE, Sanechips draftCR Rel-17 38.331 17.2.0 F NR\_SL\_relay-Core