**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #119bise R2-220xxxx**

**Online, October, 2022**

**Agenda Item: 6.10.4.2**

**Source: OPPO**

**Title: Summary of [AT119bis-e][114][NR NTN] Validity of assistance information (OPPO)**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# Introduction

This document is to kick off the following offline discussion.

* [AT119bis-e][114][NR NTN] Validity of assistance information (Oppo)

Initial scope: Discuss proposals in [R2-2210092](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2210092%20BP%20issue.doc) and [R2-2210760](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2210760%20-%20R17%20NR%20NTN%20epoch%20time%20and%20validity.docx)

Initial intended outcome: Summary of the offline discussion and possible draft LS to RAN1

Deadline (for companies' feedback): Thursday 2022-10-13 14:00 UTC

Deadline (for rapporteur's summary in R2-2210856 and draft LS in R2-2210857): Thursday 2022-10-13 16:00 UTC

# 2. Contact information

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# Discussion

## 3.1 Current specification status

As stated in [3], following specification texts are related to validity of satellite assistance information.

##### 5.2.2.4.21 Actions upon reception of *SIB19*

Upon receiving *SIB19*, the UE shall:

1> start or restart T430 for serving cell with the timer value set to *ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration* from the subframe indicated by *epochTime*;

NOTE: UE should attempt to re-acquire *SIB19* before the end of the duration indicated by *ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration* and *epochTime* by UE implementation.

***ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration***

A validity duration configured by the network for assistance information (i.e. Serving and/or neighbour satellite ephemeris and Common TA parameters) which indicates the maximum time during which the UE can apply assistance information without having acquired new assistance information.

The unit of *ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration* is second. Value *s5* corresponds to 5 s, value *s10* indicate 10 s and so on. This parameter applies to both connected and idle mode UEs. If this field is absent in *ntn-Config* provided via *NTN-NeighCellConfig,* the UE uses validity duration from the serving cell assistance information. This field is excluded when determining changes in system information, i.e. changes of *ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration* should neither result in system information change notifications nor in a modification of *valueTag* in *SIB1*. *ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration* is only updated when at least one of *epochTime*, *ta-Info*, *ephemerisInfo* is updated.

Above texts mean that T430 starts at epoch time and T430’s length (i.e. *ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration*) covers the maximum time during which satellite assistance information is considered as valid without having acquired new assistance information. Company in [3] thinks that the highlighted field description is not good for UE to use assistance information before epoch time and would like to add “duration after the *epochTime*” after “maximum time”.

Regarding this, rapporteur would like to remind that the highlighted field description is exactly the same as the below RAN1#106-e agreements and therefore RAN2 should not change it unless really necessary and confirmed by RAN1.

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| RAN1#106-e Agreement:* A validity duration configured by the network for satellite ephemeris data indicates the maximum time during which the UE can apply the satellite ephemeris without having acquired new satellite ephemeris.
	+ FFS: Associated UE behaviour if the UE does not read the ephemeris within the validity duration.
* FFS: Whether the same validity duration can be applied for Common TA.
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For RRC-MAC interaction, following are captured in 38.331 and 38.321.

#### 5.2.2.6 T430 expiry

The UE shall:

1> if T430 for serving cell expires and if in RRC\_CONNECTED:

2> inform lower layers that UL synchronisation is lost;

2> acquire *SIB19* as defined in clause 5.2.2.3.2;

2> upon successful acquisition of *SIB19*:

3> inform lower layers that UL synchronisation is obtained;

## 5.2a Maintenance of UL Synchronization

The MAC entity shall:

1> if an indication of Serving Cell uplink synchronization has been received from upper layers (see clause 5.2.2.6 of TS 38.331 [5]):

2> allow uplink transmission on the corresponding Serving Cell.

1> if an indication of Serving Cell uplink synchronization loss is received from upper layers:

2> flush all HARQ buffers;

2> not perform any uplink transmission on the corresponding Serving Cell

In both [1] and [3], companies think that above text seems to presume that backward propagation is supported before epoch time, which however has not been concluded by RAN1 yet. Meanwhile, rapporteur would to remind the following RAN2#118-e agreements.

RAN2#118-e Agreements via email – from offline 104:

1. The text proposals from corrections 3 and 8 in [R2-2206194](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CRAN2%5CInbox%5CR2-2206194.zip) are adopted and included in a TS 38.321 Rapporteur CR.

2. T\_TA shall be updated to TTA in “5.4.8 Timing Advance Reporting”.

3. Do not introduce an explicit configuration to support blind Msg3 retransmission in NTN.

4. Upon validity timer expiry in NR NTN, UE shall suspend uplink transmission and acquire SIB-19, flushing HARQ buffers.

5. A new T3XX timer is introduced in RRC specification with duration ntn-UlSyncValidityDuration. Details of timer handling to be addressed in CP discussion

6. RRC indicates to lower layers when T3XX timer has expired or is restarted.

It seems that the current RRC spec text does not correctly capture the above RAN2 agreement and the exact timing to inform lower layer of UL synchronization should be when T430 is restarted.

In summary, the existing RRC spec is inconsistent on the support of backward propagation, i.e. some text seems to support BP, while some seems not.

## 3.1 Proposals from companies

In [1], company thinks that whether to support backward propagation or not is still being discussed in RAN1 and the conclusion from RAN1 may eventually impact the RRC spec regarding when RRC informs MAC of UL synchronisation. For example, if backward propagation is not supported, it means that satellite assistance information is only valid after the Epoch time, in which case RRC should inform MAC of UL synchronization upon starting T430 instead of upon SIB19 acquisition. If backward propagation is supported, RAN1 may still need to provide information on how long before the Epoch time can be supported for the backward propagation so that RRC can use that BP duration to determine when to indicate UL synchronization to MAC. As the whole concept of epoch time and valid timer comes from RAN1 and BP issue is also under RAN1’s discussion, [1] proposes to check with RAN1 on the final conclusion of BP’s support to proceed with the RRC spec change.

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| 1. Send LS to RAN1 asking whether backword propagation is supported or not.
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In [3], company thinks that supporting BP is beneficial for reducing the access latency if epoch time is a future time. Therefore, company proposes that RAN2 agrees to support BP and informs RAN1 of this agreement.

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| [Proposal 1 The UE should consider assistance information valid as soon as it is received.](#_Toc115429520)[Proposal 2 Consider the text proposals below for 38.331:](#_Toc115429521)[Proposal 3 Send an LS to RAN1 to inform them of the agreement that the UE should consider assistance information valid as soon as it is received. Due to parallel RAN1/RAN2 meetings, the LS should be sent as soon as possible during the RAN2 meeting.](#_Toc115429522) |

Please note that, the validity issue was discussed in the last RAN2#119e meeting and RAN2 agrees to wait for RAN1 to conclude regarding when ephemeris/common TA is considered as valid.

At this stage, rapporteur would like to leave out the RRC text proposals and first check companies’ views on the content of LS as both companies in [1] and [3] suggest sending LS to RAN1.

**Question 1: Which proposal do companies agree to for the LS to be sent to RAN1?**

* **Option 1: Send LS to RAN1 asking whether backword propagation is supported or not (in R2-2210092).**
* **Option 2: Send LS to RAN1 to inform them of the agreement that the UE should consider assistance information valid as soon as it is received (in R2-2210760).**

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| **Company** | **Option 1/2?** | **Additional comments** |
| Nokia | Option 2 is better | We think it would be RAN2 role to agree that backwards propagation of the timer is beneficial (use case: epoch time in the future while the current validity info expires) and ask RAN1 to work on the corresponding changes. Otherwise, RAN1 may say there was no such need identified, so they cannot progress. |
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For option 1, company has provided a draft LS in [2] and included questions to be checked with RAN1.

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| **1. Overall Description:**RAN2 has discussed the RRC-MAC interaction issue regarding when RRC informs MAC that UL synchronization is obtained and RAN2 believes that this is related to RAN1’s decision on whether backward propagation of ephemeris and common TA is supported or not. Therefore, RAN2 would like to ask following questions to RAN1:Question 1:Will RAN1 support the backward propagation of ephemeris and common TA in Rel-17 NR NTN?Question 2:If supported, how long before the Epoch time can be supported for the backward propagation?**2. Actions:****To** **RAN1****ACTION:** RAN2 respectively requests RAN1 to provide answers to the above questions. |

**Question 2: If option 1 is preferred, do companies agree to the above questions to be checked with RAN1? Companies can comment if you have different views.**

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| **Company** | **Agree/disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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**Question 3: If option 2 is preferred, do companies agree that RAN2 just informs RAN1 of the agreement that the UE should consider assistance information valid as soon as it is received? Companies can comment if you have different views.**

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| **Company** | **Agree/disagree** | **Additional comments** |
| Nokia | Agree, but | As we have suggested in our answer to Q1, we shall indicate the need and describe the scenario. Please note this does not necessarily mean that assistance information shall be always applied directly from the moment of reception.  |
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# 4. Summary and Proposals

To be updated…

# 5. References

1. R2-2210092 Discussion on validity issue of satellite assistance information OPPO
2. R2-2210093 DRAFT LS on the support of backward propagation in NTN OPPO LS out Rel-17 NR\_NTN\_solutions-Core To:RAN1
3. R2-2210760 R17 NR NTN epoch time and validity Ericsson