3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #115 Electronic R2-21xxxxx

Electronic, 16 – 27 August 2021

Agenda Item: 5.4.1.3

Source: Huawei, HiSilicon

Title: [AT115-e][014][NR15] CP Other (Huawei)-Phase 2

Document for: Discussion, Decision

# 1 Introduction

This document is to kick off phase 2 of the following email discussion:

**[AT115-e][014][NR15] CP Other (Huawei)**

 Scope: Determine agreeable parts in a first phase, for agreeable parts agree on CRs. Treat R[2-2108290](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2108290.zip), R2-2108644, R2-2108645, R2-2107022, R2-2108646, R[2-2108647](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2108647.zip), R2-2107377, R[2-2107378](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2107378.zip), R[2-2107573](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2107573.zip), R[2-2108571](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2108571.zip)

 Intended outcome: Report, agreed CRs if applicable

 Deadline: A Final round -1 day (**Wednesday Aug 25 1200 UTC**)

The guidance for deadline is below:

A **first round** with **Deadline for comments Thursday Aug 19 1200 UTC** to settle scope what is agreeable etc

A Final round with **Final deadline Thursday Aug 26 1200 UTC.** to settle details / agree CRs etc. Additional check points etc if needed are defined by the Rapporteur. In case some parts of an email discussion need more time, doesn’t converge, need on-line treatment etc Rapporteur please contact chair.

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# Discussion

Companies are requested to add their comments on each of the CRs of this email discussion in the questionnaires below.

## SearchSpaceSIB1

R[2-2108644](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2108644.zip) Clarification of search space configuration for SIB1 Huawei, HiSilicon CR Rel-15 38.331 15.14.0 2790 - F NR\_newRAT-Core

Moved from 5.4.1.1

R2-2108645 Clarification of search space configuration for SIB1 Huawei, HiSilicon CR Rel-16 38.331 16.5.0 2791 - A NR\_newRAT-Core

Moved from 5.4.1.1

R[2-2107022](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2107022.zip) Discussion on RMSI and OSI reception based on non-zero search space OPPO discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core

Summary of phase 1 discussion:

According to the comments, most of companies think we should check with RAN1 first, although it seems that majorities believe that option 1 should be the current situation. Some companies have clarified the scenario of such configuration, i.e. the dedicated BWP not covering the cell-defining SSB and CORESET#0. There is also one company wondering how other SI is received in this case.

It seems that a discussion would be needed in RAN1. To make RAN1 better understand the scenario that RAN2 is discussing (and also to speed up the progress), it would be beneficial to send an LS to RAN1 to clearly clarify the scenario.

**The content of the LS:**

**RAN2 has discussed the issue about SIB1 reception for RRC\_CONNECTED UEs. When the UE is configured with a dedicated BWP not covering the cell-defining SSB (i.e. the SSB with an RMSI associated) and CORESET#0, the common search space for SIB1 reception (i.e. searchSpaceSIB1) configured in this BWP has to be a non-zero search space. In this case, there is no mapping correlation defined in RAN2 specifications between PDCCH occasions of the non-zero search space and SSBs.**

**RAN2 would like to ask RAN1 in the above case when the dedicated BWP does not cover the cell-defining SSB, whether a mapping between PDCCH occasions and SSBs needs to be defined for the non-zero search space configured for reception of SIBs, or SIB reception can be based on other means (e.g. TCI state).**

**Q1: Companies are invited to provide comments on the LS content if any.**

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| Company | Comments |
| Nokia | Intent of the LS is okay |
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## L3 filtering configuration

R[2-2107573](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2107573.zip) Clarification on L3 filtering configuration (filterCoefficient) Apple discussion Rel-16 NR\_newRAT-Core

Summary of Phase 1 discussion:

There are 9 companies who agree with the problem identified in R2-2107573, and 5 companies don’t think there is a problem (some companies believe that there is no explicit mapping between the filterCoefficient K and the sample rate X, and the configuration of K can be up to implementation of gNB), and one company thinks more clarifications are needed.

On the other hand, some companies suggest to check with RAN4, but it is unclear what exactly questions that RAN2 can ask RAN4 in this regard. The issue is more like how to understand the current RAN2 specification text and its implications to UE behaviors.

Therefore, moderator would suggest to further discuss in Phase 2 how to understand the existing specification text in TS 38.331.

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| 5.5.3.2 Layer 3 filteringThe UE shall:1> for each cell measurement quantity and for each beam measurement quantity that the UE performs measurements according to 5.5.3.1:2> filter the measured result, before using for evaluation of reporting criteria or for measurement reporting, by the following formula: ***F*n = (1 – *a*)\**F*n-1 + *a*\**M*n** where***Mn*** is the latest received measurement result from the physical layer;***Fn*** is the updated filtered measurement result, that is used for evaluation of reporting criteria or for measurement reporting;***Fn-1*** is the old filtered measurement result, where ***F0*** is set to ***M1*** when the first measurement result from the physical layer is received; and for NR, ***a*** = 1/2(***ki***/4), where ***ki*** is the *filterCoefficient* for the corresponding measurement quantity of the i:th *QuantityConfigNR* in *quantityConfigNR-List*, and *i* is indicated by *quantityConfigIndex* in *MeasObjectNR*; for E-UTRA, ***a*** = 1/2(***k***/4), where ***k*** is the *filterCoefficient* for the corresponding measurement quantity received by *quantityConfigEUTRA* in the *quantityConfig*;2> adapt the filter such that the time characteristics of the filter are preserved at different input rates, observing that the *filterCoefficient k* assumes a sample rate equal to X ms; The value of X is equivalent to one intra-frequency L1 measurement period as defined in TS 38.133 [14] assuming non-DRX operation, and depends on frequency range.NOTE 1: If ***k*** is set to 0, no layer 3 filtering is applicable.NOTE 2: The filtering is performed in the same domain as used for evaluation of reporting criteria or for measurement reporting, i.e., logarithmic filtering for logarithmic measurements.NOTE 3: The filter input rate is implementation dependent, to fulfil the performance requirements set in TS 38.133 [14]. For further details about the physical layer measurements, see TS 38.133 [14]. |

The text says ” observing that the *filterCoefficient* k assumes a sample rate equal to X ms; The value of X is equivalent to one intra-frequency L1 measurement period as defined in TS 38.133 [14] assuming non-DRX operation, and depends on frequency range”.

According to the text, companies are asked if they agree that the gNB configuration of k should be based on the assumed sample rate X (as defined in TS 38.133), and this is up to gNB implementation.

**Q2a: According the specification text, do you agree that the gNB configuration of k should be based on the assumed sample rate X (as defined in TS 38.133), and it is up to gNB implementation?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Nokia | Yes | This is a matter of gNB configuration and network should be able to set the k value appropriately |
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The specification text also says that the UE should “adapt the filter such that the time characteristics of the filter are preserved at different input rates, …”.

According to the text, companies are asked if they agree that the UE should adapt the filter to the sample rate equal to X ms (which is defined in TS 38.133) and apply the configured k for filtering, which is up to UE implementation.

**Q2b: According the text above, do you agree that the UE should adapt the filter to the sample rate X ms (which is defined in TS 38.133) and apply the configured k for filtering, and it is up to UE implementation?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Nokia | Don’t know | This is not within the expertise of RAN2 so we cannot give our opinion here. The yellow text above refers to nothing which is up to UE implementation, so we are not sure what we really want to achieve here.  |
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Having discussed above, come back to the Proposal 1 in R2-2107573.

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| **Proposal 1: Confirm that UE and NW have the same assumption of the sample rate for the filterCoefficient K configuration.** |

Companies are asked if they agree that the UE and the gNB have the same understanding on the sample rate X when the gNB configuring k and the UE adapting the filter.

**Q2c: According the text above, do you agree that the UE and the gNB have the same understanding on the sample rate X when the gNB configuring k and the UE adapting the filter?**

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Nokia | Don’t know | See answer to Q2b |
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## Overheating assistance

R[2-2108571](file:///E%3A%5C3GPP%E6%96%87%E6%A1%A3%5C%E4%BC%9A%E8%AE%AE%E6%96%87%E7%A8%BF%5C2021%5CRAN2%20115_e%5CR2-2108571.zip) Clarification for overheating assistance information reporting Huawei, HiSilicon discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core

Summary of phase 1 discussion:

On Proposal 1,

**Proposal 1: If the UE sent the first overheating assistance information with preference on reduced parameter A and the NW already reduced the configuration for parameter A, UE sends the second overheating assistance information without including the preference on reduced parameter A, RAN2 to clarify how to understand UE’s preference:**

**Alt 1) UE does not have any preference on reducing configuration for parameter A and prefers to restore the configuration for parameter A**

**Alt 2) the previous preference on reduced parameter A is unchanged and UE prefers to maintain the configuration for parameter A**

**(The parameter A can be the number of maximum sCC, the number of maximum aggregated bandwidth, the number of maximum MIMO layers).**

There are about 9 companies supporting Alt.1 or its revision, and 4 companies supporting Alt.2 or its essence (i.e. the network doesn’t need to remember the previous configuration and indication).

Moderator believe that with the revised Alt.1, i.e. “UE does not have any preference on reducing configuration for parameter A”, Alt.1 would be similar to Alt.2 and the network doesn’t need to remember the previous configuration and indication.

**Q3a: Can you compromise to accept the following understanding:**

* **If the UE sent the first overheating assistance information with preference on reduced parameter A and the NW already reduced the configuration for parameter A, and then the UE sends the second overheating assistance information without including the preference on reduced parameter A, the absence of parameter A means that the UE does not have any preference on reducing configuration for parameter A?**

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Nokia | Yes. Our view is that UE sends information that is pertaining to its “current” status | Network should not be expected to remember previous information but process message by message in this case |
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On Proposal 2:

**Proposal 2: RAN2 to clarify how to understand the “reduced configuration” for overheating:**

**Alt 1) the reduced value can range up to the active configuration before UE indicates overheating assistance information**

**Alt 2) the reduced value can** **only range up to the current active configuration**

There are 6 companies explicitly supporting Alt.1 or its variant (i.e. up to UE capability) and 6 companies supporting Alt.2.

Moderator would like to further check in Phase 2 if companies are ok with the variant of Alt.1 (i.e. up to capability), given that:

1/ From the network’s point of view, it doesn’t harm if the UE signals a value larger than the current active configuration when the overheating problem has been alleviated, and the network can get more information about the UE’s preference. Future, the network doesn’t need to remember the previous configuration.

2/ From the UE’s point of view, it would be more flexible if the UE can signal any value up to its capability.

**Q3b: Can you compromise to accept the following understanding:**

* **For overheating, the reduced value can range up to the UE capability?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Nokia | Alt 1, up to full UE capability and no memory of past is required in both UE and network | See response to Q3a. When the problem is alleviated the network should be able to configure up to the full UE capability |
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# Conclusion

tbd

# References

[1]