**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #114-eR2-210xxxx**

**Electronic, 19th - 27th May, 2021**

Agenda Item: 8.1.3

Source: Huawei, HiSilicon

**Title: Offline discussion: [AT114-e][039][MBS] MCCH and MCCH change notification (Huawei)**

Document for: Discussion and decision

# Introduction

This documents aims at gathering and summarizing companies views for the following offline discussion:

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| * [AT114-e][039][MBS] MCCH and MCCH change notification (Huawei)         Scope: Determine whether to have multiple MCCH, whether MCCH change notification is needed, and details on the mechanism.        Intended outcome: Report        Deadline: EOM (CB if needed) |

The following agreements relevant for this discussion were made by RAN2 so far:

RAN2#113-e

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| * **Both idle/inactive UEs and connected mode UEs can receive MBS services transmitted by NR MBS delivery mode 2 (Broadcast service as already agreed, TBD other). The ability for connected mode UEs to receive this may depend on the network provisioning of the service (e.g. which freq), UE connected mode configuration and UE capabilities.** * **The two-step based approach (i.e. BCCH and MCCH) as adopted by LTE SC-PTM is reused for the transmission of PTM configuration for NR MBS delivery mode 2.** * **Assume it is possible to reuse LTE SC-PTM mechanism for the CONNECTED UEs to receive the PTM configuration for NR MBS delivery mode 2, i.e. broadcast based manner.** * **Assume that MCCH change notification mechanism is used to notify the changes of MCCH configuration due to session start for delivery mode 2 of NR MBS (other cases FFS, if any).** |

RAN2#113bis-e

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| * **The MCCH transmission window is defined by MCCH repetition period, MCCH window duration and radio frame/slot offset.** * **New RNTI is defined for scheduling MCCH.** * **The concept of MCCH transmission window, similar to the one used for LTE SC-PTM, is used for NR MCCH scheduling. The exact parameters to define the window are FFS (discussed in the following proposals).** * **Common search space is needed for MCCH scheduling. RAN2 should request RAN1 to discuss the details of CSS for MCCH.** * **R2 assumes PDCCH occasions for MCCH search space are associated with SSBs in a pre-defined manner so that the UE can receive MCCH scheduling on PDCCH occasions according to its detected SSB.** * **R2 assumes, In case searchSpace#0 is configured for MCCH (if allowed, pending RAN1 decision), the mapping between PDCCH occasions and SSBs is the same as for SIB1.** * **R2 assumes that If common search space other than searchSpace#0 is configured for MCCH (if allowed, pending RAN1 decision), the PDCCH monitoring occasions for MCCH message which are not overlapping with UL symbols are sequentially numbered from one in the MCCH transmission window and mapped to SSBs using the similar rule as defined for OSI in TS 38.331.** * **Request RAN1 to discuss the details of the configuration of the bandwidth for MCCH reception.** * **The modification period is defined for NR MCCH and NR MCCH contents are only allowed to be modified at each modification period boundary.** * **The updated MCCH message should be sent in the same MCCH modification period where the change notification is sent.** * **UE in RRC IDLE/INACTIVE should be able to monitor/read both MCCH channel and SI/Paging without BWP switch. It is up to RAN1 to decide how this is ensured.** * **It is up to RAN1 to to decide about the RNTI and DCI format used for MCCH change notifications.** * **FFS whether to support multiple MCCH, e.g. to support different service types.** * **RAN2 will discuss and down-select from the following two options for the UE to get aware of session stop/modification:**   **Reading MCCH once per each MCCH modification period when receiving an ongoing broadcast session**  **DCI used for MCCH notification indicates the change of an ongoing broadcast session** |

The aim of this discussion is to clarify further aspects of MCCH configuration and MCCH change notification, especially the ones having an impact on RAN1 work. The inputs as provided by companies in their Tdocs [1] – [20] are considered in the following.

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# Discussion

## 3.1 MCCH configuration baseline

Even though it seems a common understanding, it should be noted that RAN2 did not make an explicit agreement that a new MBS specific SIB should be defined to carry MCCH configuration for delivery mode 2. This is proposed, e.g. in [5], [7], [13], [19].

**Question 1: Do companies agree that a new MBS specific SIB should be defined to carry MCCH configuration.**

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| **Company** | **Agree/disagree** | **Comments** |
| MediaTek | Agree |  |
| TCL | Agree |  |

Similarly, it seems a common understanding that MCCH should contain at least configuration of MTCH channels corresponding to different services. For example, it is mentioned in [5], [7] that MCCH contents should include broadcast session MTCH configuration such as G-RNTI, MBS session ID and scheduling information for MTCH (e.g. search space, DRX).

**Question 2: Do companies agree that MCCH contents should include broadcast session MTCH configuration such as G-RNTI, MBS session ID and scheduling information for MTCH (e.g. search space, DRX).**

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| **Company** | **Agree/disagree** | **Comments** |
| MediaTek | Agree |  |
| TCL | Agree |  |

Furthermore, RAN2 agreed that PTM configuration carried by MCCH can be read by UEs in both RRC IDLE/INACTIVE and RRC CONNECTED states. However, for example in [14], it is mentioned that in some scenarios the UE might be configured with a dedicated BWP not overlapping with MCCH while the UE is in RRC CONNECTED state. It is then proposed that it should be possible to deliver MCCH to the UE in a dedicated configuration. On the other hand, in [1] it is indicated that such configuration is unlikely as in case MCCH cannot be read by the UE in its active BWP, then most likely the UE is not able to receive the MTCH in the active BWP as well. In this case, MTCHs should also be delivered on the dedicated BWP using separate PDCCH/PDSCH.

**Question 3: Do companies think that providing MCCH in a dedicated signaling to the UE in RRC CONNECTED state should be supported?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/disagree** | **Comments** |
| MediaTek | Disagree | We did not see the need. The RAN1 discussion did not hint a dedicated BWP not overlapping with MCCH. |
| TCL | - | We think such scenarios can be avoided by UE and network (NW) coordination (e.g., UE sends interest indication to NW and retunes to receive MCCH on initial BWP). Dedicated signaling will increase UE complexity. |

## 3.2 MCCH change notification

So far RAN2 agreed that MCCH change notification is only sent by the network to indicate that a new session starts. For an indication of session configuration modification for an ongoing session two options for down-selection were agreed, i.e.:

* 1. UE reads MCCH contents once per MCCH modification period (as in LTE SC-PTM).
  2. Session configuration modification is indicated with an explicit notification from the network (as for session start).

The proponents of the first approach (e.g. [1], [4], [12], [17]) indicate that change notifications for session modification will introduce additional signalling overhead, will impact power consumption of the UEs which are waiting for session start (and not receiving any service) and that UE may miss the notification of session modification resulting in a temporary service interruption. In [12] it is indicated the problem with missing the notification is especially relevant in case separate RNTIs are used for MCCH reception and for MCCH change notification reception.

The proponents of the second approach (e.g. [6], [7], [10], [11], [15], [18], [19], [20]) indicate that reading MCCH each modification period will impact the power consumption of the UEs which are already receiving an ongoing broadcast session. In [15] and [16] it is also suggested that RAN1 should be consulted about whether a notification DCI can accommodate session modification indication in a separate bit (different from the one used for session start indication).

The rapporteur would like to request companies to indicate their view on the session modification notification by answering the following question.

**Question 4: Which option do you prefer for the UE to get aware of ongoing session configuration modification:**

1. **UE reads MCCH contents once per MCCH modification period**
2. **Session configuration modification is indicated with an explicit notification from the network (provided that RAN1 confirms a separate bit for this purpose can be accommodated in the MCCH change notification DCI, in addition to a bit for session start notification)**

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| **Company** | **Preferred option** | **Comments** |
| MediaTek | Op-2 |  |
| TCL | Option 2 | We agree on consulting RAN1 regarding the session modification indication within the notification DCI |

Assuming the above proposal is agreeable, there is a further question on whether the problem of UE missing the notification which can happen for this approach should be somehow addressed.

**Question 5: If option 2 is preferred, do companies think the issue of UE missing the session modification notification should be addressed?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/disagree** | **Comments** |
| MediaTek | Disagree |  |
| TCL | Agree |  |

In [15], it is proposed to clarify that the MCCH change notification is sent in the first MCCH monitoring occasion of each MCCH repetition period, as in LTE. It seems beneficial to make this clarification (regardless of whether the notification is for session start only or for session modification as well).

**Question 6: Do companies agree that the MCCH change notification is sent in the first MCCH monitoring occasion of each MCCH repetition period.**

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| **Company** | **Agree/disagree** | **Comments** |
| MediaTek | Agree |  |
| TCL | Agree |  |

## 3.3 Multiple MCCH

There are different views on whether multiple MCCH configurations are needed and in general, three different approaches are proposed in companies’ contributions:

1. Multiple MCCH channels are supported ([6], [10], [14], [18], [20])
2. Only a single MCCH is supported ([4], [7], [11], [12]. [13], [15], [16], [17], [19])
3. Single MCCH channel with multiple modification/repetition periods is supported ([2], [9])

The proponents of the first approach think multiple MCCH is useful to accommodate different latency requirements of different broadcast services.

The proponents of the second approach indicate that delivery mode 2 is targeted at the use cases and services which do not require high reliability and low latency. For such services, delivery mode 1 should be utilized and hence a single MCCH is sufficient for broadcast services.

The proponents of option 3 indicate that support of multiple MCCH channels brings significant complexity to the system which may outweigh its benefits. On the other hand, they think it is worth addressing the MCCH overhead issue and/or different latency requirements of different services. According to the proponents of this option, this can be achieved with a single MCCH channel configured with multiple repetition/modification periods where each MCCH occasion carries configuration of different broadcast sessions (i.e. a single MCCH occasion may contain a subset of MTCH configurations that are provided by the network).

The issues that have to be solved for both option 1 and 3 are:

1. How the UE is made aware of the mapping between the service it is interested in and the MCCH channel or MCCH occasion where it can obtain corresponding MTCH configuration.
2. How notifications for multiple MCCH channels are handled, e.g. whether a separate RNTI is used for each MCCH channel or whether such information is included in Short Message.

Companies are therefore asked to answer the following question:

**Question 7: Which of the below option do you prefer:**

1. **Multiple MCCH channels are supported**
2. **Only a single MCCH is supported**
3. **Single MCCH channel with multiple modification/repetition periods is supported**

**In case option 1 or option 3 is your preferred option, please clarify how the issues outlined above should be solved.**

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| **Company** | **Preferred option** | **Comments** |
| MediaTek | Op-1 |  |
| TCL | Option 1 or 3 | For these two options, we think; under the assumption that only one bit is needed (i.e., form the 8 bit additional bitmap of the MCCH DCI, if agreed in RAN1) for indicating the notification change as in LTE SC-PTM. The other additional bits can be used to handle the issue of UE awareness of MCCH/MCCH occasions and service mapping and the issue of nonfictions of multiple MCCHs. In addition, short messages and/or other MAC CEs are also possible options for handling these issues. |

# Conclusions

TBD

# References

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2. R2-2104825 Idle and Inactive mode UEs support of NR MBS ZTE, Sanechips
3. R2-2104937 Discussion on MBS interesting indication and service continuity for delivery mode 2 OPPO
4. R2-2104984 On NR MBS operation in Idle/Inactive mode Samsung
5. R2-2105007 MCCH Configuration and messaging in MBS delivery mode 2 Futurewei
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7. R2-2105288 Open Issues for Delivery mode 2 vivo
8. R2-2105387 Discussion on delivery mode 2 for NR MBS CHENGDU TD TECH LTD.
9. R2-2105439 Discussion on Multicast Control Channel Scheduling Configurations for Delivery Mode 2 TCL Communication Ltd.
10. R2-2105511 Control plane aspects for delivery mode 2 in NR MBS Kyocera
11. R2-2105552 Discussion issues on delivery mode2 Spreadtrum Communications
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13. R2-2105653 Open issues broadcast Ericsson
14. R2-2105668 MCCH design details Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
15. R2-2105729 Remaining issues of MCCH and MCCH change notification Xiaomi Communications
16. R2-2105835 Discussion on Idle and Inactive mode UEs Lenovo, Motorola Mobility
17. R2-2105914 MBS support for RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE Intel Corporation
18. R2-2106242 Discussion on delivery mode 2 remaining issues cmcc
19. R2-2106350 MBS in IDLE/INACTIVE LG Electronics Inc.
20. R2-2106361 NR MBS Configuration Information Convida Wireless