3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #109bis-e***R2-20xxxxx***

Online, April 20 – 30, 2020

**Agenda item:** 6.8.2.4

**Source:** Ericsson

**Title:** Email discussion report: [AT109bis-e][602][POS] LPP ASN.1 structural issues (Ericsson)

**Document for:**  Discussion and Decision

# 1. Introduction

This document summarizes the following email discussion:

* [[AT109bis-e][602][POS] LPP ASN.1 structural issues (Ericsson)

Status: Started

Scope: Initial discussion on the issues raised in R2-2003144

Intended outcome: Report of potential easy agreements and remaining open issues (R2-2003983) suitable for capture in the LPP ASN.1 issue list

Deadline: Comments by Tuesday 2020-04-28 1000 UTC; output document Wednesday 2020-04-29 1000 UTC

2 Discussion about LPP ASN.1 structural issues

Different structural issues and aspects are addressed in the following subsections. As dfiscussed in RAN2-109-e, the guiding metric when comparing different representation is ASN.1 PER-encoded examples. Suggested proposals are adopted from [1].

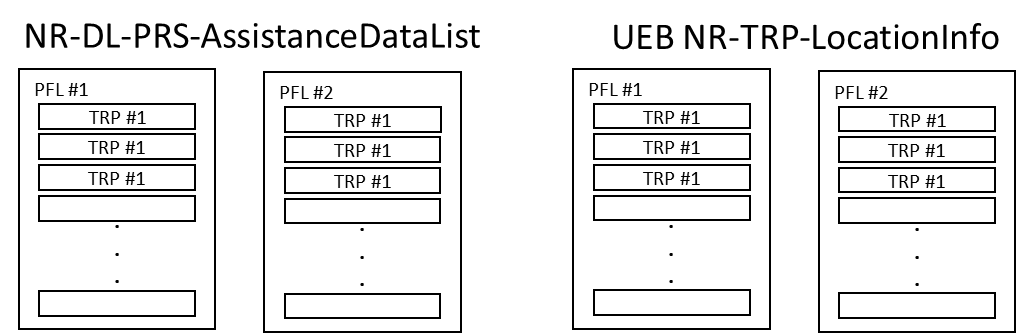
2.1 Association of DL-PRS AD and UE-Based AD

DL-PRS is fundamental is the NR positioning assistance data, and in the case of UE-based positioning, there is a need to provide additional assistance data of TRP location, beam information and relative time differences of DL-PRS transmissions – the UE-based assistance data.

The DL-PRS AD is represented in a hierarchy:

* 1-4 Positioning Frequency Layers (PFL)
  + 1-64 TRPs
    - 1-2 DL-PRS Resource Sets
      * 1-64 DL-PRS Resources

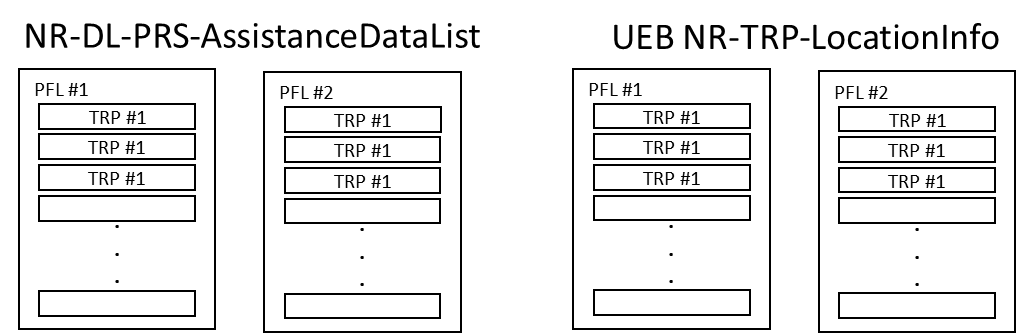
The following figure illustrate the highest two levels of the hierarchy in an example with two PFLs.



In case of UE-based positioning, the UE is also configured with UE-based assistance data, and each TRP of the DL-PRS AD needs to be associated to elements of the UEB AD. Two options are discussed in [1]:

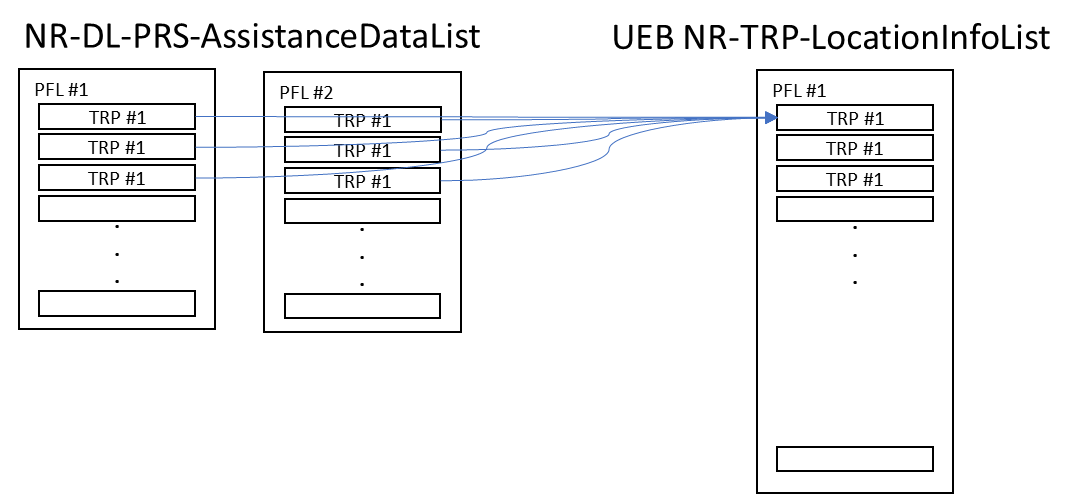
**Option 1.1: Matching UEB AD hierarchy (37.355 V16.0.0.)**

The UEB AD is represented by an hierarchy of exactly the same size as DL-PRS AD



**Option 1.2: Linear UEB AD hierarchy**

By listing only the unique elements in TRP lists, and introducing references from elements in the DL-PRS AD hierarchy to the TRP list elements, the representation can be very compact as illustrated by the following example based on an example with three sectors per TRP and two frequency layers. Groups of six TRPs from the DL-PRS AD only need to refer to one TRP location:



The cost is the pointer (list index) from each TRP in the DL-PRS AD hierarchy to the UEB AD TRP list.

In [1] these two representations are compared in terms of PER-encoded bytes in two examples, a minimalistic example which gives the same size, and the 3GPP Indoor Open Office scenario for FR2, which gives Option 1.1: 6.4 kBytes, and Option 1.2: 5.5 kBytes – a reduction in size of 13% or in absolute terms a reduction of more than three SI messages if using Option 1.2 instead of Option 1.1.

Companies are asked to Provide their opinion and preference on the two representations of UE-basedAD

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| 1.1 Representation of UE-based assistance data | |
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From [1], the following related proposals are adopted:

1. **Change the UE-based assistance data structure to linear lists and agree to the text proposals in Annex 1.**
2. **There is no need to include the TRP-ID in the UEB AD hierarchy. It is obtained by association via the references to the DL-PRS AD hierarchy.**

2.2 Representation of beam directions

UE-based AD may include information about the antenna beam directions in the network. At RAN2-109-e, two different representations of beam directions were discussed:

* **Option 2.1**: 0.1 degrees resolution
* **Option 2.2**: 1 degrees resolution with an optional refinement to 0.1 degrees.

This is not a measurement, but a configuration and is related to how accurate an operator can determine the main direction of the installed antenna beams in the network. To determine antenna beam directions as precisely as 0.1 degrees means specific operator efforts, and if antenna beam directions are known at a 1 degree resolution, then Option 2.1 means signing overhead, while Option 2.2 is more appropriate.

The two representations were used in [1] to PER-encode two examples, one where the operator has determined the antenna beam directions with a 0.1 degree resolution, and one with a 1 degree resolution for the 3GPP IOO scenario. In the former case, both Option 2.1 and Option 2.2 gives the same number of PER-encoded bytes, while in the latter case, Option 2.2 gives an 18% reduction in PER-encoded bytes compared to Option 2.1 – or a difference in absolute terms of more than one SI message.

In light of the new information about the impact on PER-encoded size reduction from Option 2.2 compared to Option 2.1, companies are asked to comment of the suitable ASN.1 representation for beam directions

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| 2.1 Beam direction representation of either 0.1 degrees or 1 degrees with an optional 0.1 degree refinement | |
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1. **Introduce a 1 degree resolution and an optional 0.1 degree refinement for beam direction representation and agree to the text proposal in Annex 2.**

2.3 Cartesian relative coordinates

The baseline representation of TRP coordinates is based on a reference point and relative coordinates in relation to the reference point in delta latitutde-longitude-height. This is most suitable to represent macro and micro deployments, but not very suitable not very efficient to represent indoor deployments such as the indoor open office. In such an environment, it is more appropriate to define a reference point such as a lower left coordinate, and then define relative XYZ coordinates in relation to the reference point.

The relative location of a TRP etc can then instead be a choice between the IE in baseline and a new IE with a cartesian XYZ coordinate as in the following:

-- ASN1START

RelativeLocationLoLaAlt-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

milli-arc-second-units-r16 ENUMERATED { mas0-03, mas0-3, mas3, mas30, ...},

height-units-r16 ENUMERATED {mm, cm, m, ...},

delta-latitude-r16 Delta-Latitude-r16,

delta-longitude-r16 Delta-Longitude-r16,

delta-height-r16 Delta-Height-r16,

locationUNC-r16 LocationUncertainty-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

RelativeLocation-r16 ::= CHOICE {

relativeLocationLoLaAlt-r16 RelativeLocationLoLaAlt-r16,

relativeLocationxyz-r16 RelativeLocationXYZ-r16

}

RelativeLocationXYZ-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

xyz-units-r16 ENUMERATED {cm, dm, ...},

delta-x-r16 INTEGER (0..4095),

delta-y-r16 INTEGER (0..4095),

delta-z-r16 INTEGER (0..4095),

locationUNC-r16 LocationUncertainty-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

-- ASN1STOP

In 3GPP IOO example in [1], PER-encoded 187 bytes is needed for the current baseline representation of relative coordinates, and 152 bytes for the proposed alternative cartesian representation of relative coordinates. The main driver for an alternative representation of relative locations is convenience for the operator.

Companies are asked to provide comments about possible and relevant representations of relative locations for DL-PRS transmission entities3

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| 3.1 Relative location representation also in local Cartesian coordinates | |
| Company | Comments |
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1. **RAN2 to discuss and agree to an alternative cartesian relative position representation.**
2. **RAN2 to agree to the text proposal in Annex 3.**

2.4 UEB high level AD structuring

As discussed in the email discussion, there is now one grouping of UE-based assistance data information in the IE *NR-PositionCalculationAssistanceData-r16* as part of the AD provided to the target device point to point and a different grouping of the UE-based assistance data information in the IEs *NR-UEB-TRP-LocationData-r16* and *NR-UEB-TRP-RTD-Info-r16* provided via broadcast.

The coding standard in LPP to date is to compile the pos SIBs based on existing IEs. Therefore it seems more natural and clear to group the UE-based assistance data in the IEs *NR-UEB-TRP-LocationData-r16* and *NR-UEB-TRP-RTD-Info-r16* for both pear to pear and broadcast.

Companies are asked to provide comments about the UE-based assistance data grouping and if it is relevant to have one and the same grouping of the information no matter how the assistance data is distributed

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| 4.1 UE-based assistance data grouping | |
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1. **Represent UEB AD grouped into *NR-UEB-TRP-LocationData* and *NR-UEB-TRP-RTD-Info* for both unicast and broadcast of assistance data**

2.5 NR DL-PRS Assistance Data

With the agreement to separate the NR positioning support in LPP over several positioning methods comes an issue about how to provide the DL-PRS AD. If only one positioning method is configured, then it is not so important, but if there are several methods configured, then it makes sense to place the DL-PRS AD more central. As before, there exists an index IE to point at what parts of the DL-PRS assistance data that is relevant per positioning method if it is relevant.

Three alternatives were discussed during the email discussion concerning the final check of the running CR:

* 1. Lift up DL-PRS AD one level to *ProvideAssistanceData* as *nr-DL-PRS-ProvideAssistanceData*:

    [[  nr-DL-PRS-ProvideAssistanceData-r16     NR-DL-PRS-ProvideAssistanceData-r16             OPTIONAL,   -- Need ON

        nr-Multi-RTT-ProvideAssistanceData-r16  NR-Multi-RTT-ProvideAssistanceData-r16   OPTIONAL,   -- Need ON

        nr-DL-AoD-ProvideAssistanceData-r16     NR-DL-AoD-ProvideAssistanceData-r16       OPTIONAL,   -- Need ON

        nr-DL-TDOA-ProvideAssistanceData-r16    NR-DL-TDOA-ProvideAssistanceData-r16   OPTIONAL    -- Need ON

    ]]

1. Include *nr-DL-PRS-AssistanceData* in the common provide assistance data

CommonIEsProvideAssistanceData ::= SEQUENCE {

            ...,

            [[

                            segmentationInfo-r14                        SegmentationInfo-r14                            OPTIONAL        -- Need ON

            ]],

            [[

                            periodicAssistanceData-r15            PeriodicAssistanceDataControlParameters-r15

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   OPTIONAL        -- Cond PerAD

            ]],

            [[

                nr-DL-PRS-AssistanceData-r16               NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceData-r16             OPTIONAL,   -- Need ON

            ]]

}

1. Include *nr-DL-PRS-AssistanceData* per positioning method with conditional presence

NR-DL-TDOA-ProvideAssistanceData-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

            nr-DL-PRS-AssistanceData-r16                    NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceData-r16                          OPTIONAL,       -- Cond NotProvidedInOtherMethod

            nr-SelectedDL-PRS-IndexList-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..nrMaxFreqLayers)) OF NR-SelectedDL-PRS-PerFreq-r16 OPTIONAL,-- Need ON

            nr-PositionCalculationAssistanceData-r16

                                                             NR-PositionCalculationAssistanceData-r16      OPTIONAL,       -- Cond UEB

            nr-DL-TDOA-Error-r16                            NR-DL-TDOA-Error-r16                         OPTIONAL,       -- Need ON

            ...

}

The nice things with a) is that it becomes more clear and readable, that it allows a separate DL PRS error, and that it also will include the UE-based assistance data in a clearly common place. Also, b) separates the DL PRS data from the positioning methods, and could have DL-PRS specific errors as part of some common structure, but it makes the common structure less clean. It is also possible to place the DL-PRS in the positioning methods with a conditional presence so that it only needs to be provide once, but then without the possibility of a separate DL PRS error message, and a more messy structure.

Companies are asked to comment on the suitable placmemtn of the DL-PRS AD in the LPP structure to make it a clean and clear representation.

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| 5.1 DL-PRS AD placement in the LPP message structure for provisioning of location information | |
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1. **Introduce DL-PRS AD as an IE *NR-DL-PRS-ProvideAssistanceData* as part of the *ProvideAssistanceData* IE**

2.6 Reference TRP indication

The discussion about TRP reference indication in [1] is already part of the email discussion #601 and is therefore omitted here.

# 3. Other Issues

Any other LPP ASN.1 structural issues which do not fit into the section 2 above?

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| Company | Issue |
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# 4. Summary

# 5. References

[1] R2-2003144, “Important LPP structural aspects”, Ericsson

Annex 1: Text Proposal for 37.355 Subsection 6.4.16.4.1 Common Lower-Level IEs

*[…]*

*- NR-TRP-LocationInfo*

The IE *NR-TRP-LocationInfo* is used by the location server to provide the coordinates of the antenna reference points for a set of TRPs. For each TRP, the ARP location can be provided for each associated PRS Resource ID per PRS Resource Set.

-- ASN1START

NR-TRP-LocationInfo-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

referencePoint-r16 ReferencePoint-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Cond NotSameAsPrev

trp-LocationInfoList-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..255)) OF TRP-LocationInfoElement-r16,

...

}

NR-TRP-LocationInfoPerFreqLayer-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

referencePoint-r16 ReferencePoint-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Cond NotSameAsPrev

trp-LocationInfoList-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF TRP-LocationInfoElement-r16,

...

}

TRP-LocationInfoElement-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

trp-Location-r16 RelativeLocation-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

trp-DL-PRS-ResourceSets-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..2)) OF

DL-PRS-ResourceSets-TRP-Element-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

DL-PRS-ResourceSets-TRP-Element-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP-r16 RelativeLocation-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-List-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF

DL-PRS-Resource-ARP-Element-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

DL-PRS-Resource-ARP-Element-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-location-r16 RelativeLocation-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

-- ASN1STOP

| **Conditional presence** | **Explanation** |
| --- | --- |
| *NotSameAsPrev* | The field is mandatory present in the first entry of the *NR-TRP-LocationInfoPerFreqLayer* list; otherwise it is optionally present, need OP. |

| ***NR-TRP-LocationInfo* field descriptions** |
| --- |
| ***referencePoint***  This field specifies the reference point used to define the TRP location in the *trp-LocationInfoList*. If this field is absent, the reference point is the same as in the previous entry of the *NR-TRP-LocationInfoPerFreqLayer* list. |
| ***trp-LocationInfoList***  This field provides the antenna reference point locations of the DL-PRS Resources for the TRPs. The list index is the reference used from the DL-PRS assistance data to associate a TRP of the DL-PRS to an element in this list. This field comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***trp-Location***: This field provides the location of the TRP relative to the *referencePoint* location. If this field is absent the TRP location coincides with the *referencePoint* location.  - ***trp-DL-PRS-ResourceSets***: This field provides the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resource Set(s) associated with this TRP. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resource Set(s) coincides with the *trp-Location* location. This field comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP***: This field provides the antenna reference point location of the DL-PRS Resource Set relative to the *trp-Location* location. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location of this DL-PRS Resource Set coincides with the *trp-Location* location.  - ***dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-List***: This field provides the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resource(s) associated with this resource set of the TRP. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resources coincides with the *dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP* location. This field comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-location***: This field provides the antenna reference point location of the DL-PRS Resource associated with the DL-PRS Resource Set of the TRP relative to the *dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP* location. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location of this DL-PRS Resource coincides with the *dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP* location. |

*[…]*

– *NR-DL-PRS-BeamInfo*

The IE *NR-DL-PRS-BeamInfo* is used by the location server to provide spatial direction information of the DL-PRS Resources. The list index is the reference used from the DL-PRS assistance data to associate a TRP of the DL-PRS to an element in this list.

-- ASN1START

NR-DL-PRS-BeamInfo-r16 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..255)) OF NR-DL-PRS-BeamInfo-r16

NR-DL-PRS-BeamInfo-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

lcs-gcs-translation-parameter-r16 LCS-GCS-Translation-Parameter-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

dl-prs-BeamInfoSet-r16 DL-PRS-BeamInfoSet-r16,

...

}

DL-PRS-BeamInfoSet-r16 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..2)) OF DL-PRS-BeamInfoResourceSet-r16

DL-PRS-BeamInfoResourceSet-r16 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF DL-PRS-BeamInfoElement-r16

DL-PRS-BeamInfoElement-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

dl-PRS-Azimuth-r16 INTEGER (0..3599),

dl-PRS-Elevation-r16 INTEGER (0..1800) OPTIONAL, -- Need ON

...

}

LCS-GCS-Translation-Parameter-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

alpha-r16 INTEGER (0..3599),

beta-r16 INTEGER (0..3599),

gamma-r16 INTEGER (0..3599),

...

}

-- ASN1STOP

| ***NR-DL-PRS-Beam-Info* field descriptions** |
| --- |
| ***lcs-gcs-translation-parameter***  This field provides the angles α (bearing angle), β (downtilt angle) and γ (slant angle) for the translation of a Local Coordinate System (LCS) to a Global Coordinate System (GCS) as defined in TR 38.901 [x]. If this field is absent, the *dl-PRS-Azimuth* and *dl-PRS-Elevation* are provided in a GCS. |
| ***dl-prs-BeamInfoSet***  This field provides the DL-PRS beam information for each DL-PRS Resource of the DL-PRS Resource Set associated with this TRP. |
| ***dl-PRS-Azimuth***  This field specifies the azimuth angle of the boresight direction in which the DL-PRS Resources associated with this DL-PRS Resource ID in the DL-PRS Resource Set are transmitted.  For a Global Coordinate System (GCS), the azimuth angle is measured counter-clockwise from geographical North.  For a Local Coordinate System (LCS), the azimuth angle is measured measured counter-clockwise from the x-axis of the LCS.  Scale factor 0.1 degrees; range 0 to 359.9 degrees. |
| ***dl-PRS-Elevation***  This field specifies the elevation angle of the boresight direction in which the DL-PRS Resources associated with this DL-PRS Resource ID in the DL-PRS Resource Set are transmitted.  For a Global Coordinate System (GCS), the elevation angle is measured relative to zenith and positive to the horizontal direction (elevation 0 deg. points to zenith, 90 deg to the horizon).  For a Local Coordinate System (LCS), the elevation angle is measured relative to the z-axis of the LCS (elevation 0 deg. points to the z-axis, 90 deg to the x-y plane).  Scale factor 0.1 degrees; range 0 to 180 degrees. |
| ***alpha***  This field specifies the bearing angle α for the translation of the LCS to a GCS as defined in TR 38.901 [x].  Scale factor 0.1 degrees; range 0 to 359.9 degrees. |
| ***beta***  This field specifies the downtilts angle β for the translation of the LCS to a GCS as defined in TR 38.901 [x].  Scale factor 0.1 degrees; range 0 to 359.9 degrees. |
| ***gamma***  This field specifies the slant angle γ for the translation of the LCS to a GCS as defined in TR 38.901 [x].  Scale factor 0.1 degrees; range 0 to 359.9 degrees. |

– *NR-RTD-Info*

The IE *NR-RTD-Info* is used by the location server to provide time synchronization information between a reference TRP and a list of neighbour TRPs. The list index is the reference used from the DL-PRS assistance data to associate a TRP of the DL-PRS to an element in this list.

-- ASN1START

NR-RTD-Info-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

referenceTRP-RTD-Info-r16 ReferenceTRP-RTD-Info-r16,

rtd-InfoList-r16 RTD-InfoList-r16,

...

}

ReferenceTRP-RTD-Info-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

ref-trp-id-r16 TRP-ID-r16,

refTime-r16 CHOICE {

systemFrameNumber-r16 BIT STRING (SIZE (10)),

utc-r16 UTCTime,

...

},

rtd-RefQuality-r16 NR-TimingMeasQuality-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need ON

...

}

RTD-InfoList-r16 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..254)) OF RTD-InfoElement-r16

RTD-InfoElement-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

subframeOffset-r16 INTEGER (0..1966079),

rtd-Quality-r16 NR-TimingMeasQuality-r16,

...

}

-- ASN1STOP

| ***NR-RTD-Info* field descriptions** |
| --- |
| ***referenceTRP-RTD-Info***  This field defines the reference TRP for the RTD and comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***ref-trp-id***: This field specifies the identity of the reference TRP.  - ***refTime***: This field specifies the reference time at which the *rtd-InfoList* is valid. The *systemFrameNumber* choice refers to the SFN of the reference TRP.  - ***rtd-RefQuality***: This field specifies the quality of the timing of reference TRP, used to determine the RTD values provided in *rtd-InfoList*. |
| ***subframeOffset***  This field specifies the subframe boundary offset at the TRP antenna location between the reference TRP and this neighbour TRP in time units where Hz and (TS 38.211 [x]).  The offset is counted from the beginning of a subframe #0 of the reference TRP to the beginning of the closest subsequent subframe of this neighbour TRP.  Scale factor 1 Tc. |
| ***rtd-Quality***  This field specifies the quality of the RTD. |

– *NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceData*

The IE *NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceData* is used by the location server to provide DL-PRS assistance data.

-- ASN1START

NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceData-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo-r16 DL-PRS-IdInfo-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need ON

nr-DL-PRS-AssistanceDataList-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..nrMaxFreqLayers)) OF NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceDataPerFreq-r16,

nr-SSB-Config-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..255)) OF NR-SSB-Config-r16, ...

}

NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceDataPerFreq-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

nr-DL-PRS-AssistanceDataPerFreq SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..nrMaxTRPsPerFreq)) OF NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceDataPerTRP-r16,

nr-DL–PRS-PositioningFrequencyLayer-r16 NR-DL–PRS-PositioningFrequencyLayer-r16 OPTIONAL, --Need ON

...

}

NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceDataPerTRP-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

nr-DL-PRS-expectedRSTD-r16 INTEGER (-3841..3841),

nr-DL-PRS-expectedRSTD-uncerainty-r16 INTEGER (-246..246),

trp-ID-r16 TRP-ID-r16 OPTIONAL,

nr-TRP-UEB-refIndices-r16 NR-TRP-UEB-refIndices-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Cond UEB

nr-DL-PRS-Config-r16 NR-DL-PRS-Config-r16,

...

}

NR-TRP-UEB-refIndices-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

trp-locInfo-index-r16 INTEGER (0..255),

trp-beamInfo-index-r16 INTEGER (0..255) OPTIONAL, -- Cond BeamInfo

trp-rtdInfo-index-r16 INTEGER (0..254) OPTIONAL, -- Cond RTDInfo

}

NR-DL–PRS-PositioningFrequencyLayer-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

dl-PRS-SubcarrierSpacing-r16 ENUMERATED {kHz15, kHz30, kHz60, kHz120, ...},

dl-PRS-ResourceBandwidth-r16 INTEGER (1..63),

dl-PRS-StartPRB-r16 INTEGER (0..2176),

dl-PRS-PointA-r16 ARFCN-ValueNR-r15,

dl-PRS-CombSizeN-r16 ENUMERATED {n2, n4, n6, n12, ...},

dl-PRS-CyclicPrefix-r16 ENUMERATED {normal, extended, ...},

...

}

nrMaxFreqLayers INTEGER ::= 4 -- Max freq layers

nrMaxTRPsPerFreq INTEGER ::= 64 -- Max TRPs per freq layers

nrMaxResourceIDs INTEGER ::= 64 -- Max ResourceIDs

-- ASN1STOP

| ***NR-DL-PRS-AssistanceData* field descriptions** |
| --- |
| ***nr-DL-PRS-Config***  This field specifies the PRS configuration of the TRP. |
| ***nr-DL-PRS-ReferenceInfo***  This field indicates the IDs of the reference TRP. |
| ***nr-DL-PRS-ResourceID-List***  The list of nr DL PRS resource ID. Only a single NR-DL-PRS-ResourceId is included if the field is used in measurement reporting. |
| ***nr-TRP-UEB-refIndices***  The set of reference indices refers to TRPs in the corresponding lists defined by IEs NR-TRP-LocationInfo, NR-DL-PRS-BeamInfo, and RTD-InfoList. |

### Annex 2: Text Proposal for 37.355 Subsection 6.4.16.4.1 Common Lower-Level IEs

*[…]*

– *NR-DL-PRS-BeamInfo*

*[…]*

NR-PRS-Beam-Info-ResourceSet-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

nr-PRS-BeamInfoList-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE(0..63)) OF NR-PRS-BeamInfoElement-r16

    lcs-To-GCS-Translation           SEQUENCE {

       alpha                            INTEGER (0..359),

alpha-fine INTEGER (0..9), OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

       beta                             INTEGER (0..359)     OPTIONAL,  -- Need OP

beta-fine INTEGER (0..9) OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

       gamma                            INTEGER (0..359)     OPTIONAL   -- Need OP

gamma-fine INTEGER (0..9) OPTIONAL -- Need OP    },                                                       OPTIONAL,  -- Need OP

    ...

}

NR-PRS-BeamInfoElement-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

nr-PRS-Azimuth-r16 INTEGER (0..359),

nr-PRS-Azimuth-fine-r16 INTEGER (0..9), OPTIONAL, -- Cond FineAngles

nr-PRS-Elevation-r16 INTEGER (0..180) OPTIONAL, -- Need ON

nr-PRS-Elevation-fine-r16 INTEGER (0..9) OPTIONAL, -- Cond FineAngles

...

}

-- ASN1STOP

Annex 3: Text Proposal for 37.355 Subsection 6.4.3 (which should be considered for relocation to 6.4.1)6.4.1 Common Lower-Level IEs

*[…]*

- *NR-TRP-LocationInfo*

The IE *NR-TRP-LocationInfo* is used by the location server to provide the coordinates of the antenna reference points for a set of TRPs. For each TRP, the ARP location can be provided for each associated PRS Resource ID per PRS Resource Set.

-- ASN1START

NR-TRP-LocationInfo-r16 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..4)) OF NR-TRP-LocationInfoPerFreqLayer-r16

NR-TRP-LocationInfoPerFreqLayer-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

referencePoint-r16 ReferencePoint-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Cond NotSameAsPrev

trp-LocationInfoList-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..64)) OF TRP-LocationInfoElement-r16,

...

}

TRP-LocationInfoElement-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

trp-id-r16 TRP-ID-r16,

trp-Location-r16 RelativeLocation-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

trp-DL-PRS-ResourceSets-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..2)) OF

DL-PRS-ResourceSets-TRP-Element-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

DL-PRS-ResourceSets-TRP-Element-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP-r16 RelativeLocation-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-List-r16 SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..64)) OF

DL-PRS-Resource-ARP-Element-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

DL-PRS-Resource-ARP-Element-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-location-r16 RelativeLocation-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

-- ASN1STOP

| **Conditional presence** | **Explanation** |
| --- | --- |
| *NotSameAsPrev* | The field is mandatory present in the first entry of the *NR-TRP-LocationInfoPerFreqLayer* list; otherwise it is optionally present, need OP. |

| ***NR-TRP-LocationInfo* field descriptions** |
| --- |
| ***referencePoint***  This field specifies the reference point used to define the TRP location in the *trp-LocationInfoList*. If this field is absent, the reference point is the same as in the previous entry of the *NR-TRP-LocationInfoPerFreqLayer* list. |
| ***trp-LocationInfoList***  This field provides the antenna reference point locations of the DL-PRS Resources for the TRPs and comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***trp-id***: This field provides an identity of the TRP.  - ***trp-Location***: This field provides the location of the TRP relative to the *referencePoint* location. If this field is absent the TRP location coincides with the *referencePoint* location.  - ***trp-DL-PRS-ResourceSets***: This field provides the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resource Set(s) associated with this TRP. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resource Set(s) coincides with the *trp-Location* location. This field comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP***: This field provides the antenna reference point location of the DL-PRS Resource Set relative to the *trp-Location* location. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location of this DL-PRS Resource Set coincides with the *trp-Location* location.  - ***dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-List***: This field provides the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resource(s) associated with this resource set of the TRP. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location(s) of the DL-PRS Resources coincides with the *dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP* location. This field comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***dl-PRS-Resource-ARP-location***: This field provides the antenna reference point location of the DL-PRS Resource associated with the DL-PRS Resource Set of the TRP relative to the *dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP* location. If this field is absent, the antenna reference point location of this DL-PRS Resource coincides with the *dl-PRS-ResourceSetARP* location. |

– *ReferencePoint*

The IE *ReferencePoint* provides a well defined location relative to which other locations may be defined.

-- ASN1START

ReferencePoint-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

referencePointGeographicLocation-r16 CHOICE {

location3D-r16 EllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid,

ha-location3D-r16 HighAccuracyEllipsoidPointWithAltitudeAndUncertaintyEllipsoid-r15,

...

},

...

}

-- ASN1STOP

| ***ReferencePoint* field descriptions** |
| --- |
| ***referencePointGeographicLocation***  This field provides the geodetic location of the reference point. |

– *RelativeLocation*

The IE *RelativeLocation* provides a location relative to some known reference location.

-- ASN1START

RelativeLocationLoLaAlt-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

milli-arc-second-units-r16 ENUMERATED { mas0-03, mas0-3, mas3, mas30, ...},

height-units-r16 ENUMERATED {mm, cm, m, ...},

delta-latitude-r16 Delta-Latitude-r16,

delta-longitude-r16 Delta-Longitude-r16,

delta-height-r16 Delta-Height-r16,

locationUNC-r16 LocationUncertainty-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

Delta-Latitude-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

delta-Latitude-r16 INTEGER (-1024..1023),

coarse-delta-Latitude-r16 INTEGER (0..4095) OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

Delta-Longitude-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

delta-Longitude-r16 INTEGER (-1024..1023),

coarse-delta-Longitude-r16 INTEGER (0..4095) OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

Delta-Height-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

delta-Height-r16 INTEGER (-1024..1023),

coarse-delta-Height-r16 INTEGER (0..4095) OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

LocationUncertainty-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

horizontalUncertainty-r15 INTEGER (0..255),

horizontalConfidence-r15 INTEGER (0..100),

verticalUncertainty-r15 INTEGER (0..255),

verticalConfidence-r15 INTEGER (0..100)

}

RelativeLocationXYZ-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

xyz-units-r16 ENUMERATED {cm, dm, ...},

delta-x-r16 INTEGER (0..4095),

delta-y-r16 INTEGER (0..4095),

delta-z-r16 INTEGER (0..4095),

locationUNC-r16 LocationUncertainty-r16 OPTIONAL, -- Need OP

...

}

RelativeLocation-r16 ::= CHOICE {

relativeLocationLoLaAlt-r16 RelativeLocation-r16,

relativeLocationxyz-r16 RelativeLocationXYZ-r16

}

-- ASN1STOP

| ***RelativeLocation* field descriptions** |
| --- |
| ***milli-arc-second-units***  This field provides the units and scale factor for the *delta-latitude* and *delta-longitude* fields. Enumerated values *mas0-03*, *mas0-3*, *mas3*, and *mas30*, correspond to 0.03, 0.3, 3, and 30 milliarcseconds, respectively. |
| ***height-units***  This field provides the units and scale factor for the *delta-height* field. Enumerated values *mm*, *cm*, and *m* correspond to 10-3 metre, 10-2 metre, and 1 metre, respectively. |
| ***delta-latitude***  This field specifies the delta value in latitude of the desired location, defined as "desired location" minus "reference point location" and comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***delta-Latitude*** specifies the delta value in latitude in the unit provided in *milli-arc-second-units* field.  - ***coarse-delta-Latitude*** specifies the delta value in latitude in 1024 times the size of the unit provided in *milli-arc‑second‑units* field and with the same sign as in the *delta-Latitude* field. If this field is absent, the value for *coarse-delta-Latitude*is zero.  I.e., the full *delta-latitude* is given by:  (*delta-Latitude* × *milli-arc-second-units*)±(*coarse-delta-Latitude* × 1024 × *milli-arc-second-units*) [milli-arc-seconds] |
| ***delta-longitude***  This field specifies the delta value in longitude of the desired location, defined as "desired location" minus "reference point location" and comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***delta-Longitude*** specifies the delta value in longitude in the unit provided in *milli-arc-second-units* field.  - ***coarse-delta-Longitude*** specifies the delta value in longitude in 1024 times the size of the unit provided in *milli-arc‑second‑units* field and with the same sign as in the *delta-Longitude* field. If this field is absent, the value for *coarse-delta-Longitude*is zero.  I.e., the full *delta-longitude* is given by:  (*delta-Longitude* × *milli-arc-second-units*)±(*coarse-delta-Latitude* × 1024 × *milli-arc-second-units*) [milli-arc-seconds] |
| ***delta-height***  This field specifies the delta value in ellipsoidal height of the desired location, defined as "desired location" minus "reference point location" and comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***delta-Height*** specifies the delta value in ellipsoidal height in the unit provided in *height-units* field.  - ***coarse-delta-Height*** specifies the delta value in ellipsoidal height in 1024 times the size of the unit provided in *height-units* field and with the same sign as in the *delta-Height* field. If this field is absent, the value for *coarse-delta-Height*is zero.  I.e., the full *delta-height* is given by:  (*delta-Height* × *height-units*) *±* (*coarse-delta-Height* × 1024 × *height-units*) [metres] |
| ***xyz-units***  This field provides the units and scale factor for the *delta-x, delta-y* and *delta-z* fields. Enumerated values *cm* and *dm* corresponds to centimeter and decimeter, respectively. |
| ***delta-x, delta-y***  This field specifies the delta value in horizontal cartesian coordinates of the desired location, defined as "desired location" minus "reference point location" |
| ***delta-x, delta-y***  This field specifies the delta value in horizontal cartesian coordinates of the desired location, defined as "desired location" minus "reference point location" |
| ***delta-z***  This field specifies the delta value in vertical cartesian coordinates of the desired location, defined as "desired location" minus "reference point location" |
| ***locationUNC***  This field specifies the uncertainty of the location coordinates and comprises the following sub-fields:  - ***horizontalUncertainty*** indicates the horizontal uncertainty of the ARP latitude/longitude. The ′*horizontalUncertainty*′ corresponds to the encoded high accuracy uncertainty as defined in TS 23.032 [15] and ′*horizontalConfidence*′ corresponds to confidence as defined in TS 23.032 [15].  - ***verticalUncertainty*** indicates the vertical uncertainty of the ARP altitude. The '*verticalUncertainty*' corresponds to the encoded high accuracy uncertainty as defined in TS 23.032 [15] and '*verticalConfidence*' corresponds to confidence as defined in TS 23.032 [15].  If this field is absent, the uncertainty is the same as for the associated reference point location. |