**3GPP TSG RAN#90e RP-20xxxx**

**e-Meeting, December 7th – 11th, 2020**

**Agenda item:**

**Source:** 3GPP TSG RAN1 Chairman

**Title:** Email Summary on RAN4 Requirements Handling

**Document for:** Discussion/Decision

# Introduction

In this document, we will provide a summary on RAN4 reuqirements handling based on the following contribution:

* RP-202801 On the Optionality of RAN4 Requirements Qualcomm Incorporated, Nokia, Verizon, Deutsche Telekom, Vodafone, T-Mobile USA, KDDI, Softbank, China Telecom, AT&T

# Proposals

There are two observations and one proposal made in RP-202623, as copied below:

* Observation 1. A capability implying the optionality of meeting the RAN4 requirements for a certain feature will implicitly make the feature optional by making it impossible to test.
* Observation 2: Allowing optionality of 3GPP requirements will devalue the 3GPP specifications and could raise serious issues for the entire eco-system.
* Proposal: RAN4 should not consider any proposals that make RAN4 requirements optional for a feature/functionality.

## Initial Email Discussion

Questions:

* Do you agree with the proposal in RP-202633? Why/why not?
	+ Please elaborate detailed thoughts
* Any other thoughts?

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| **Company** | **Views** |
| vivo | We agree with the proposal in RP-202633. For the features defined as mandatory by other WGs are discussed in depth and market need is well analysed. RAN4 requirements for specific technique is defined basded on their feasibility and implementation aspects are fully understood, which is based on consensus in RAN4. Agreed RAN4 requirements being optional just doesn’t make sense. |
| Verizon | The contribution RP-202633 well discussed the current RAN4 work status and possible technical problems. We agree and support the proposal in RP-202633.  |
| CMCC | We agree with the proposal in RP-202633. RAN4 had spent several meetings discussed whether to capture some RAN4 requirements as “optional features” in the UE feature list. This kind of discussion should be avoided in the future. Requirements are not features and cannot be optionally supported. Even for optional features, if UE support this optional feature, it needs to meet corresponding RAN4 requirements.  |
| T-Mobile USA  | We support the proposal in RP-202623 for the reasons explained in observations.  |
| China Telecom | We support the obsevations and proposal, which seems the common understanding according to the discussion in Nov RAN4 meeting.If something cannot be mandatory supported by all the UEs, separate UE feuature/capability(s) need to be introduced by the corresponding WG. The support of a feature and the requirements is always indicated by the same capability. |
| Apple | The term of “make RAN4 requirements optional” is a bit vague. RAN4 does specify requirements for optional features. UE can obviously opt for not supporting an optional feature. That means the related are optional to be supported by that UE. If the intention of RP-202623 is if UE capability can be defined based on different requirements. I think the answer is YES. RAN4 has precedence to specify two sets of requirements. Depending on which set of requirements UE chooses to comply with, different UE capability can be indicated. Overall, we think RAN4 has had established principle to deal with feature optionality and the related requirements. No further agreements seem necessary. |
| Samsung | We also support the observations as well as the proposals in RP-202633. It is better to get clear guideline from RAN that UE requirements shall NOT be included in the feature list discussion even for future release. For different sets of requirements as commented by Apple, we think it is about the applicability rules of certain requirements which can be discussed in RAN4. Given RAN4 is supposed to define the minimum requirements in general, we shall be also careful about defining different set of requirements. As similar as our understanding that mandaotry/optional cannot be applied for RAN4 requirements, we think release independent concept cannot be applied for RAN4 requirements either. RAN4 requirements defined in current release cannot be applied for early release even though the feature maybe introduced in early release. For any exceptions for applying requirements in early release, RAN4 shall discuss in case by case manner.   |
| LGE | In RP-202801, QC proposed that RAN4 should not consider any proposals that make RAN4 requirements optional for a feature/functionality. It is quite confused to us. Probablely, the intention is that follow the same principle with other WGs if they define the specific feature as mandatory, then RAN4 should define the related RAN4 requirements as mandatory for the feature.Then, could give a example case which RAN4 requirements do not follow the principle? In my understanding, RAN4 generally follow the genral principle.Specially, it is open to define different sets of requirements based on RAN4 consensus. |
| Telecom Italia | We support RP-202633 for the reasons mentioned by several companies. Moreover, specification works is not simply limited to RAN1 and RAN2 specifications, but to be possible to exploit a feature, RAN4 requirements and RAN5 testing must be specified |
| Intel | The proposal is somewhat ambiguous and we prefer not to define a general rule. There are specific use cases, which may require definition of optional RAN4 requirements. There are some examples when RAN4 requirements and respective features are defined as Optional (e.g. enhanced R-ML receivers). Also, there are cases when the feature is defined in Rel-15, while the requirement is introduced in Rel-16 or later. In this case Rel-15 UEs may not be required to meet the requirements. In theory such requirements can be potentially defined as optional for Rel-15 UE to allow early implementations. Therefore, we prefer to discuss each feature/requirement on a case by case basis. |
| MTK | At least for a feature designed by other WGs, if RAN4 only specifies a single requirement for that feature, then the requirement should be mandatory. Of course, if RAN4 agreed to have 2 different UE requirements (like BWP switch delay), it is fine to introduce capability.As to RAN4-led WIs, it is up to RAN4 discussion to decide mandatory or optional. |
| Qualcomm | We fully agree with the proposals in the paper. There is the technical aspect, which means that if a UE supports a feature(either optional or mandatory), it shall meet the requirements defined for that feature. RAN4 requirements are always mandatory for any feature/functionality supported by the UE. How would it be possible to test if a UE supports a feature if it claims it supports it but it says it does not meet the requirements?To LGE: during the Rel.16 RAN4 features/capabilities discussion there were proposals to define a feature with the description: “UE meets requirements for feature X” where feature X was defined by another workin group. This means that the requirements defined by RAN4 for that feature become optional.To Apple and Intel, it would be good if you could clarify what is ambiguous about this proposal. The example given by Intel is not about making requirements optional, is about the feature being optional. In the example given, if the UE claims it supports the advanced receiver, it has to meet the RAN4 requirement. It cannot claim it supports the feature but also say it does not meet the RAN4 requirement. For requirements defined in a later release, they become implicitly optional. To Apple: if different requirements are defined for a feature(for example different delays for BWP switching), it is still mandatory for the UE to support one of them. This does not mean they are optional. What we mean here are cases in which the UE is allowed to choose not to meet any requirement. |
| OPPO | Generally agree with the proposal, however, from the above feedbacks it can be seen that different understanding are shown on the definition of “Optional feature” and “Optional requirements”.RAN4 sometimes define several requirements for one feature like beam correspondence in FR2 that bit 1 and bit 0. Even beam correspondence is a mandatory feature, the requirements are divided into two sets depending on UE capability. If we call one set of requirements is optional, then yes, RAN4 can define optional requirement.Another example is that sometimes RAN4 define requirements according to the UE architecture, e.g. one PA, two PA. And different requirements are defined for each architecture. Then, can we call one PA requirement is optional for UE with two PA?Above are some examples on the concept of optional and mandatory confusions. In our understanding, when we discuss optional/mandatory, actually it means the feature. If UE supports one optional feature, then it has to meet the corresponding requirements. That’s it.Whether there is value to agree on some highlevel rules but with different interpretations is up to the group. |
| ZTE | We fully agree the proposal in 2633.For a feature/functionality, RAN4 makes the associated requirements under the assumption that the feature/functionality is supported. If the feature/functionality is claimed to be supported, then the corresponding RAN4 requirements should be fulfilled. There are only two choices: either supporting the feature/functionality and fulfilling the corresponding requirements, or not supporting the feature/functionality while not fulfilling the corresponding requirements. No other choice.Making some of these requirements optional could undermine the foundation of RAN4 works thus may lead to unpredicable and uncontrollable consequences |

Propoals:

* TBD

# Conclusion

Based on the email discussion, the following are proposed:

* TBD

# References

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