

TSG RAN Meeting #28  
Quebec, Canada, 1 - 3 March 2005

RP-050254

Title    Linked CRs (Rel-6 Category C) to TS25.214, TS25.423, TS25.433 & TS25.133 for  
Timing maintained Hard Handover  
Source    TSG RAN WG1, WG3 and WG4  
Agenda Item                                      8.11

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RAN WG Tdoc	Spec	CR	Rev	Rel	Cat	Current Version	Subject	Work item	Remarks
R1-050444	25.214	354	4	Rel-6	C	6.5.0	Timing maintained Hard Handover	TEI6	Linked CR from RAN2 is available as company proposal (RP-050339).
R3-050411	25.423	1042	3	Rel-6	C	6.5.0	Timing maintained Handover	TEI6	
R3-050410	25.433	1088	3	Rel-6	C	6.5.0	Timing maintained Handover	TEI6	
R4-050604	25.133	735	2	Rel-6	C	6.9.0	New requirements Timing-maintained hard handover	TEI6	

Athens, Greece 9 - 13 May 2005

CR-Form-v7.1

**CHANGE REQUEST**⌘ **25.133 CR 735** ⌘ rev **2** ⌘ Current version: **6.9.0** ⌘For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.Proposed change affects: UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network 

<b>Title:</b>	⌘ New requirements Timing-maintained hard handover		
<b>Source:</b>	⌘ 3GPP TSG RAN WG4 (Radio)		
<b>Work item code:</b>	⌘ TEI6	<b>Date:</b>	⌘ 16/05/2005
<b>Category:</b>	⌘ <b>C</b>	<b>Release:</b>	⌘ Rel-6
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories:		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases:
	<b>F</b> (correction)		<b>Ph2</b> (GSM Phase 2)
	<b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)		<b>R96</b> (Release 1996)
	<b>B</b> (addition of feature),		<b>R97</b> (Release 1997)
	<b>C</b> (functional modification of feature)		<b>R98</b> (Release 1998)
	<b>D</b> (editorial modification)		<b>R99</b> (Release 1999)
	Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="http://www.3gpp.org/Specs/tr21/21900">TR 21.900</a> .		<b>Rel-4</b> (Release 4)
			<b>Rel-5</b> (Release 5)
			<b>Rel-6</b> (Release 6)
			<b>Rel-7</b> (Release 7)

<b>Reason for change:</b>	⌘ Timing maintained hard handover can be performed without usage of synchronisation procedure A. The current specification allows time to perform procedure A, which is delaying the process of timing maintained hard handover.
<b>Summary of change:</b>	⌘ The interruption time, when it is indicated by higher layers that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, is decreased.
<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	⌘ The process of timing maintained hard handover is delayed.

<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘ 5.2.2.2, 7.12										
<b>Other specs affected:</b>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>Y</b></td> <td><b>N</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	<b>Y</b>	<b>N</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other core specifications	⌘ 25.214, 25.331, 25.423, 25.433
<b>Y</b>	<b>N</b>										
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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>										
		Test specifications									
		O&M Specifications									
<b>Other comments:</b>	⌘										

**How to create CRs using this form:**Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>. Below is a brief summary:

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- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

## 5.2 FDD/FDD Hard Handover

### 5.2.1 Introduction

The hard handover procedure is initiated from UTRAN with a RRC message that implies a hard handover, see TS 25.331 section 8.3.5.

### 5.2.2 Requirements

#### 5.2.2.1 Hard handover delay

Procedure delay for all procedures, that can command a hard handover, are specified in TS25.331 section 13.5.2.

When the UE receives a RRC message implying hard handover with the activation time "now" or earlier than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCH within  $D_{\text{handover}}$  seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command.

If the access is delayed to an indicated activation time later than RRC procedure delay seconds from the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command, the UE shall be ready to start the transmission of the new uplink DPCH at the designated activation time + interruption time.

where:

$D_{\text{handover}}$  equals the RRC procedure delay defined in TS25.331 Section 13.5.2 plus the interruption time stated in section 5.2.2.2.

#### 5.2.2.2 Interruption time

The interruption time, i.e. the time between the last TTI containing a transport block on the old DPCH and the time the UE starts transmission of the new uplink DPCH, is depending on whether the target cell is known for the UE or not.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, [and if higher layers do not indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover](#), the interruption time shall be less than  $T_{\text{interrupt1}}$

$$T_{\text{interrupt1}} = T_{\text{IU}} + 40 + 20 * \text{KC} + 150 * \text{OC} + 10 * F_{\text{max}} \text{ ms}$$

where

$T_{\text{IU}}$  is the interruption uncertainty when changing the timing from the old to the new cell.  $T_{\text{IU}}$  can be up to one frame (10 ms).

KC is the number of known target cells in the message, and

OC is the number of target cells that are not known in the message.

$F_{\text{max}}$  denotes the maximum number of radio frames within the transmission time intervals of all transport channels that are multiplexed into the same CCTrCH.

Note: The figure 40 ms is the time required for measuring the downlink DPCH channel as stated in TS 25.214 section 4.3.1.2.

In the interruption requirement  $T_{\text{interrupt1}}$  a cell is known if it has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds and the SFN of the cell has been decoded by the UE.

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and the UE needs compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements and if higher layers do not indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, the interruption time shall be less than  $T_{\text{interrupt2}}$

$$T_{\text{interrupt2}} = T_{\text{IU}} + 40 + 50 * \text{KC} + 150 * \text{OC} + 10 * F_{\text{max}} \text{ ms}$$

In the interruption requirement  $T_{\text{interrupt2}}$  a cell is known if:

- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds.

If intra-frequency hard handover is commanded or if inter-frequency hard handover is commanded when the UE does not need compressed mode to perform inter-frequency measurements, and if higher layers do indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, the interruption time shall be less than  $T_{\text{interrupt3}}$

$$T_{\text{interrupt3}} = 20 * \text{KC} + 150 * \text{OC} + 10 * F_{\text{max}} \text{ ms}$$

In the interruption requirement  $T_{\text{interrupt3}}$  a cell is known if:

- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds or the timing of the cell is signalled from higher layers by the signal "Reference time difference to cell" in [16], with the signalled accuracy lower than or equal to 40 chips.

If inter-frequency hard handover is commanded and if higher layers do indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover, the interruption time shall be less than  $T_{\text{interrupt4}}$

$$T_{\text{interrupt4}} = 50 * \text{KC} + 150 * \text{OC} + 10 * F_{\text{max}} \text{ ms}$$

In the interruption requirement  $T_{\text{interrupt4}}$  a cell is known if:

- the cell has been measured by the UE during the last 5 seconds or the timing of the cell is signalled from higher layers by the signal "Reference time difference to cell" in [16], with the signalled accuracy lower than or equal to 40 chips.

The phase reference is the primary CPICH.

The requirements in this section assume that N312 has the smallest possible value i.e. only one insync is required.

## NEW SECTION

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## 7.1 UE Transmit Timing

### 7.1.1 Introduction

The UE shall have capability to follow the frame timing change of the connected Node B. The uplink DPCCCH/DPDCH frame transmission takes place approximately  $T_0$  chips after the reception of the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCCH/DPDCH frame from the reference cell.  $T_0$  is defined in [2]. UE initial transmit timing

accuracy, maximum amount of timing change in one adjustment, minimum and maximum adjustment rate are defined in the following requirements.

## 7.1.2 Requirements

The UE initial transmission timing error shall be less than or equal to  $\pm 1.5$  Chip. The reference point for the UE initial transmit timing control requirement shall be the time when the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame is received from the reference cell plus  $T_0$  chips.  $T_0$  is defined in [2].

When the UE is not in soft handover, the reference cell shall be the one the UE has in the active set. The cell, which is selected as a reference cell, shall remain as a reference cell even if other cells are added to the active set. In case that the reference cell is removed from the active set the UE shall start adjusting its transmit timing no later than the time when the whole active set update message is available at the UE taking the RRC procedure delay into account.

[When the UE has performed a timing-maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover or w](#)When the UE attempts to re-establish all dedicated physical channel(s) after an inter-RAT, intra- or inter-frequency hard-handover failure [18], it shall resume UL transmission with the same transmit timing as used immediately before the handover attempt. After resuming transmission, transmit timing adjustment requirements defined in the remainder of this clause apply.

The UE shall be capable of changing the transmission timing according the received downlink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. The maximum amount of the timing change in one adjustment shall be  $\frac{1}{4}$  Chip.

The minimum adjustment rate shall be 233ns per second. The maximum adjustment rate shall be  $\frac{1}{4}$  chip per 200ms. In particular, within any given  $800 \cdot d$  ms period, the UE transmit timing shall not change in excess of  $\pm d$  chip from the timing at the beginning of this  $800 \cdot d$  ms period, where  $0 \leq d \leq 1/4$ .

## 7.2 UE Receive - Transmit Time Difference

### 7.2.1 Introduction

The UE shall have the capability to be in soft handover with more than one cell. The downlink DPCH frame timing shall take place approximately  $T_0$  chips before the transmission of the uplink DPDCH/DPCCH. The adjustment requirements for the uplink DPDCH/DPCCH timing are specified in 7.1.1. The valid range of the Receive to Transmit time difference at the UE is defined in the following requirements.

### 7.2.2 Requirements

A UE shall support reception, demodulation and combining of signals of a downlink DPCH when the receive timing is within a window of  $T_0 \pm 148$  chip before the transmit timing where  $T_0$  is defined in [2]. A UE is only required to react to TPC commands with a transmit power adjustment in the immediate next slot if the downlink receive timing of all cells in the active set is within a window of  $T_0 \pm 148$  chip before the uplink transmit timing. If the downlink receive timing of one or more cells in the active set is outside the window of  $T_0 \pm 148$  chip, the UE may also react with a power adjustment one slot later. The receive timing is defined as the first detected path in time.

## 7.3 UE timer accuracy

### 7.3.1 Introduction

UE timers are used in different protocol entities to control the UE behaviour.

### 7.3.2 Requirements

For UE timers  $T_{3xx}$ ,  $T_{\text{barred}}$ ,  $T_{\text{reselection}}$ ,  $\text{Penalty\_time}$ ,  $T_{\text{CRmax}}$ ,  $T_{\text{CRmaxHyst}}$  [16], UE shall comply with the timer accuracies according to Table 7.1.

The requirements are only related to the actual timing measurements internally in the UE. They do not include the following:

- Inaccuracy in the start and stop conditions of a timer (e.g. UE reaction time to detect that start and stop conditions of a timer is fulfilled), or
- Inaccuracies due to restrictions in observability of start and stop conditions of a UE timer (e.g. TTI alignment when UE sends messages at timer expiry).

**Table 7.1**

<b>Timer value [s]</b>	<b>Accuracy</b>
timer value <4	$\pm 0.1$ s
timer value $\geq 4$	$\pm 2.5$ %

**3GPP TSG-RAN WG1 Meeting #41**  
**Athens, Greece, 9–13 May 2005**

**Tdoc #R1-050444**

CR-Form-v7.1	<b>CHANGE REQUEST</b>
⌘ <b>TS 25.214 CR 354</b> ⌘ rev <b>4</b> ⌘ Current version: <b>6.5.0</b> ⌘	

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	⌘ Timing Maintained Hard Handover		
<b>Source:</b>	⌘ RAN WG1		
<b>Work item code:</b>	⌘ TEI6	<b>Date:</b>	⌘ 02/05/2005
<b>Category:</b>	⌘ <b>C</b> Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: <b>F</b> (correction) <b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) <b>B</b> (addition of feature), <b>C</b> (functional modification of feature) <b>D</b> (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a> .	<b>Release:</b>	⌘ <b>Rel-6</b> Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: Ph2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) Rel-4 (Release 4) Rel-5 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6) Rel-7 (Release 7)

<b>Reason for change:</b>	⌘ Timing maintained hard handover can be performed without usage of synchronisation procedure A. The current specification requests the UE/UTRAN to perform synchronisation procedure A, which is delaying the process of timing maintained hard handover.
<b>Summary of change:</b>	⌘ The use of procedure A for timing maintained hard handover is under control of UTRAN. UE does not perform any synchronisation procedure, and Node B performs steps a) and b) of synchronisation procedure B if this indicated by higher layers.
<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	⌘ The process of timing maintained hard handover is delayed.

<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘ 4.3.2.1										
<b>Other specs affected:</b>	<table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Y</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">N</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">X</td> <td style="padding: 2px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="padding: 2px;">X</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="padding: 2px;">X</td> </tr> </table>	Y	N	X			X		X	Other core specifications	⌘ 25.331, 25.433, 25.423, 25.133
	Y	N									
	X										
	X										
	X										
		Test specifications									
		O&M Specifications									
<b>Other comments:</b>	⌘										

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## 4.3.2 Radio link establishment and physical layer reconfiguration for dedicated channels

### 4.3.2.1 General

Two synchronisation procedures are defined in order to obtain physical layer synchronisation of dedicated channels between UE and UTRAN:

- Synchronisation procedure A : This procedure shall be used when at least one downlink dedicated physical channel (i.e. a DPCH or F-DPCH) and one uplink dedicated physical channel are to be set up on a frequency and none of the radio links after the establishment/reconfiguration existed prior to the establishment/reconfiguration which also includes the following cases :
  - the UE was previously on another RAT i.e. inter-RAT handover
  - the UE was previously on another frequency i.e. inter-frequency hard handover
  - the UE has all its previous radio links removed and replaced by other radio links i.e. intra-frequency hard-handover
  - after it fails to complete an inter-RAT, intra- or inter-frequency hard-handover [8], the UE attempts to re-establish [5] all the dedicated physical channels which were already established immediately before the hard-handover attempt. In this case only steps c) and d) of synchronisation procedure A are applicable.
- Synchronisation procedure B : This procedure shall be used when one or several radio links are added to the active set and at least one of the radio links prior to the establishment/reconfiguration still exists after the establishment/reconfiguration.
- If higher layers indicate that the UE shall not perform any synchronisation procedure for timing maintained intra- and inter-frequency hard handover, the UE shall not perform any of the synchronisation procedures A or B. If higher layers indicate to the Node B timing maintained intra- or inter-frequency hard handover where the UE does not perform any of the synchronisation procedures A or B, the Node B shall perform steps a) and b) of synchronisation procedure B.

For existing radio links, the reconfiguration of downlink phase reference from P-CPICH or S-CPICH to dedicated pilots is not supported. For all other physical layer reconfigurations not listed above, the UE and UTRAN shall not perform any of the synchronisation procedures listed above.

The two synchronisation procedures are described in subclauses 4.3.2.3 and 4.3.2.4 respectively.

## CHANGE REQUEST

# 25.423 CR 1042 # rev 3 # Current version: 6.5.0 #

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the # symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	# Timing Maintained Handover		
<b>Source:</b>	# RAN3		
<b>Work item code:</b>	# TEI6	<b>Date:</b>	# 02/05/2005
<b>Category:</b>	# <b>C</b>	<b>Release:</b>	# Rel-6
	<p>Use <u>one</u> of the following categories:</p> <p><b>F</b> (correction)</p> <p><b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)</p> <p><b>B</b> (addition of feature),</p> <p><b>C</b> (functional modification of feature)</p> <p><b>D</b> (editorial modification)</p> <p>Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a>.</p>		<p>Use <u>one</u> of the following releases:</p> <p><b>Ph2</b> (GSM Phase 2)</p> <p><b>R96</b> (Release 1996)</p> <p><b>R97</b> (Release 1997)</p> <p><b>R98</b> (Release 1998)</p> <p><b>R99</b> (Release 1999)</p> <p><b>Rel-4</b> (Release 4)</p> <p><b>Rel-5</b> (Release 5)</p> <p><b>Rel-6</b> (Release 6)</p> <p><b>Rel-7</b> (Release 7)</p>

<b>Reason for change:</b>	# Timing maintained hard handover, with quick setup time, has been discussed and proposed in RAN1. To accomplish this, changes are needed in NBAP and RNSAP.
<b>Summary of change:</b>	<p>Rev 3: No change, updated for RAN WG3 #47 (postponed from last RAN meeting)</p> <p>REV 2: Editorial Corrections</p> <p>Rev 1: The IE is changed to be extendible and name is changed to <i>Synchronization Indicator</i>. Editorial changes in the procedure text.</p> <p>Rev 0: Addition of a new <i>Timing Maintained Synchronization Indicator IE</i>, in message RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST, and associated procedure text. (Clarified in discussions with RAN1: Timing maintained HHO means that synch procedure B shall be applied with the slow ramp TPC pattern (see 25.214), which is normally associated with procedure A, so to achieve this new behaviour a new IE is needed. If the IE is not understood, it shall be ignored, and node B will per default use procedure A instead, with the only side effect of pro-longed RL synchronization).</p>
<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	# Timing maintained hard handover cannot be accomplished.

<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘	8.3.2.2, 9.1.6.1 ,9.2.2.X(new)										
<b>Other specs affected:</b>		<table border="1"><tr><td>Y</td><td>N</td></tr><tr><td>X</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>X</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>X</td></tr></table>	Y	N	X			X		X	Other core specifications	⌘ 25.133, 25.433, 25.214, 25.331
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<b>Other comments:</b>	⌘											

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## 8.3.2 Radio Link Addition

### 8.3.2.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more additional RLs towards a UE when there is already at least one RL established to the concerned UE via this DRNS.

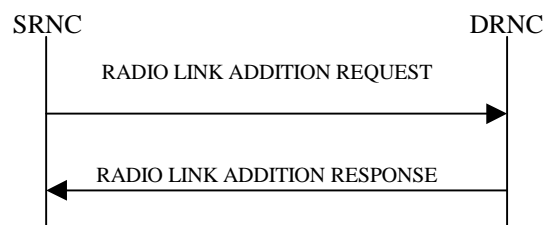
This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE Context.

The Radio Link Addition procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

[FDD - The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish one or more new Radio Links which do not contain the DSCH. If the DSCH shall be moved into a new Radio Link, the Radio Link reconfiguration procedure shall be applied.]

[TDD - The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish a new Radio Link with the DSCH and USCH included, if they existed before.]

### 8.3.2.2 Successful Operation



**Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation**

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon receipt, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

#### **Transport Channel Handling:**

[3.84 Mcps TDD - The DRNC shall include the *UL/DL DPCH Information* IE within the *UL/DL CCTrCH Information* IE for each CCTrCH that requires DPCHs.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The DRNC shall include the *UL/DL DPCH Information LCR* IE within the *UL/DL CCTrCH Information LCR* IE for each CCTrCH that requires DPCHs.]

**DSCH:**

[3.84 Mcps TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a *DSCH Information Response* IE for each DSCH.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a *DSCH Information Response LCR* IE for each DSCH.]

**[TDD - USCH:]**

[3.84 Mcps TDD - If the radio link to be added includes any USCHs, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a *USCH Information Response* IE for each USCH.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - If the radio link to be added includes any USCHs, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a *USCH Information Response LCR* IE for each USCH.]

**Physical Channels Handling:****[FDD -Compressed Mode]:**

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to activate the indicated (all ongoing) Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) in the new RL. The received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE refers to the latest passed CFN with that value. The DRNS shall treat the received *TGCFN* IEs as follows:]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE has the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE, the DRNS shall consider the concerned Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]
- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE does not have the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE but the first CFN after the *CM Configuration Change CFN* with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE has already passed, the DRNS shall consider the concerned Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]
- [FDD - For all other Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences included in the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall activate each Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence at the first CFN after the *CM Configuration Change CFN* with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE for the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence.]

FDD - If the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the ongoing compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the ongoing pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, the DRNC shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the *DL Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code.]

**[FDD - DL Code Information]:**

[FDD - When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When  $p$  number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the  $p$ th to "*PhCH number p*".]

**[TDD - CCTrCH Handling]:**

[TDD - If the *UL CCTrCH Information IE* is present, the DRNS shall configure the new UL CCTrCH(s) according to the parameters given in the message.]

[1.28Mcps TDD - If the *UL CCTrCH Information IE* includes the *TDD TPC Uplink Step Size IE*, the DRNS shall configure the uplink TPC step size according to the parameters given in the message, otherwise it shall use the step size configured in other radio link.]

[TDD - If the *DL CCTrCH Information IE* is present, the DRNS shall configure the new DL CCTrCH(s) according to the parameters given in the message.]

[TDD - If the *DL CCTrCH Information IE* includes the *TDD TPC Downlink Step Size IE*, the DRNS shall configure the downlink TPC step size according to the parameters given in the message, otherwise it shall use the step size configured in other radio link.]

**[FDD – Phase Reference Handling]:**

[FDD – If Primary CPICH is not to be used as a Phase Reference for this Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Primary CPICH Usage For Channel Estimation IE* set to the value "Primary CPICH shall not be used" in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

**General:**

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

**Radio Link Handling:**

**Diversity Combination Control:**

The *Diversity Control Field IE* indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur.

- If the *Diversity Control Field IE* is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives.
- If the *Diversity Control Field IE* is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.
- If the *Diversity Control Field IE* is set to "Must not", the DRNS shall not combine the RL with any other existing RL.

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field IE* is only applicable for DCHs, in case of E-DCH it shall always be assumed to be set to "May".]

In the case of not combining a RL with a RL established with a previous Radio Link Setup or Radio Link Addition Procedure or a RL previously listed in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message, the DRNC shall indicate with the Diversity Indication in the *RL Information Response IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include in the *DCH Information Response IE* both the *Transport Layer Address IE* and the *Binding ID IE* for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD - In case of combining E-DCH, the E-DCH FDD Information Response IE shall be included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message containing the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE for the establishment of transport bearers for every E-DCH MAC-d flow being established.]

In the case of combining with a RL established with a previous Radio Link Setup or Radio Link Addition Procedure or with a RL previously listed in this RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message, the DRNC shall indicate with the Diversity Indication in the *RL Information Response* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message that the RL is combined. In this case, the *RL ID* IE indicates (one of) the previously established RL(s) or a RL previously listed in this RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with which the new RL is combined.

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In the case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS needs to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH due to congestion caused by the UL UTRAN Dynamic Resources (see subclause 9.2.1.79) when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Allowed UL Rate* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS needs to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH due to congestion caused by the DL UTRAN Dynamic Resources (see subclause 9.2.1.79) when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Allowed DL Rate* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this Radio Link.

#### **[FDD - Transmit Diversity]:**

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD - If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall indicate the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell by including the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - When the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity for each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

#### **DL Power Control:**

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE or the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE and the *Enhanced Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE are included for an RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power for this RL. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS shall set the Initial DL TX Power based on the power relative to the Primary CPICH power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If [3.84Mcps TDD - the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] [1.28Mcps TDD - the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use it in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP Delta* IE is included, the DRNS shall assume that the reported value for Primary CCPCH RSCP is in the negative range as per [24], and the value is equal to the *Primary CCPCH RSCP Delta* IE. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP Delta* IE is not included and the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE is



included, the DRNS shall assume that the reported value is in the non-negative range as per [24], and the value is equal to the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE. The DRNS shall use it in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE, *Primary CCPCH RSCP Delta* IE, [3.84Mcps TDD - and the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] [1.28Mcps TDD - and the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are not present, the DRNS shall set the Initial DL TX Power based on the power relative to the Primary CCPCH power used by the existing RL.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or Power Balancing is activated. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[3.84 Mcps TDD - The DL TX power upper and lower limit is configured in the following way: The DRNC shall include the *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. If the maximum or minimum power needs to be different for particular DCH type CCTrCHs, the DRNC shall include the value(s) for that CCTrCH in the *CCTrCH Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *CCTrCH Minimum DL TX Power*. The DRNS shall not transmit with a higher power than indicated by the appropriate *Maximum DL TX Power* IE/*CCTrCH Maximum DL TX Power* IE or lower than indicated by the appropriate *Minimum DL TX Power* IE/*CCTrCH Minimum DL TX Power* IE on any DL DPCH within each CCTrCH of the RL.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The DL TX power upper and lower limit is configured in the following way: The DRNC shall include the *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. If the maximum or minimum power needs to be different for particular timeslots within a DCH type CCTrCH, the DRNC shall include the value(s) for that timeslot in the *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* within the *DL Timeslot Information LCR* IE. The DRNS shall not transmit with a higher power than indicated by the appropriate *Maximum DL TX Power* IE or lower than indicated by the appropriate *Minimum DL TX Power* IE on any DL DPCH within each timeslot of the RL.]

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the lifetime of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. The DRNS shall not transmit with a higher power than indicated by the *Maximum DL TX Power* IE or lower than indicated by the *Minimum DL TX Power* IE on any DL DPCH of the RL [FDD - except during compressed mode, when the  $\delta P_{curr}$ , as described in ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.3, shall be added to the maximum DL power for the associated compressed frame.]

[FDD - If the power balancing is active with the Power Balancing Adjustment Type of the UE Context set to "Individual" in the existing RL(s) and the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *DL Reference Power* IE, the DRNS shall activate the power balancing and use the *DL Reference Power* IE for the power balancing procedure in the new RL(s), if activation of power balancing by the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message is supported by the DRNS, according to subclause 8.3.15. In this case, the DRNC shall include the *DL Power Balancing Activation Indicator* IE in the *RL Information Response* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. If the DRNS starts the DL transmission and the activation of the power balancing at the same CFN, the initial power of the power balancing, i.e.  $P_{init}$  shall be set to the power level which is calculated based on the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE or the *Enhanced Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE (if received), or to the power level which is calculated based on the power relative to the Primary CPICH power used by the existing RLs.]

### **UL Power Control:**

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

### **Neighbouring Cell Handling:**

If there are UMTS neighbouring cell(s) to the cell in which a Radio Link was established then:

- The DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information IE* and/or *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE* in the *Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information IE* for each neighbouring FDD cell and/or TDD cell respectively. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Frame Offset IE*, *Primary CPICH Power IE*, *Cell Individual Offset IE*, *STTD Support Indicator IE*, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator IE*, *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator IE*, *Coverage Indicator IE*, *Antenna Co-location Indicator IE* and *HCS Prio IE* in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information IE*, and the *Frame Offset IE*, *Cell Individual Offset IE*, *DPCH Constant Value IE* and the *PCCPCH Power IE*, *Coverage Indicator IE*, *Antenna Co-location Indicator IE* and *HCS Prio IE* in the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE* or the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information LCR IE*. If the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE* includes the *Sync Case IE* set to "Case1", the DRNC shall include the *Time SlotFor SCH IE* in the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE*. If the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE* includes the *Sync Case IE* set to "Case2", the DRNC shall include the *SCH Time Slot IE* in the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE*.
- If a UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the same DRNC, the DRNC shall also include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *CN PS Domain Identifier IE* and/or *CN CS Domain Identifier IE* which are the identifiers of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell.
- [FDD - The DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *DPC Mode Change Support Indicator IE* for each neighbour cell in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information IE* if this information is available.]
- The DRNC shall include the *Cell Capability Container FDD IE*, the *Cell Capability Container TDD IE* and/or the *Cell Capability Container TDD LCR IE* if the DRNC is aware that the neighbouring cell supports any functionality listed in 9.2.2.D, 9.2.3.1a and 9.2.3.1b.
- For the UMTS neighbouring cells which are controlled by the DRNC, the DRNC shall report in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the restriction state of those cells, otherwise *Restriction State Indicator IE* may be absent. The DRNC shall include the *Restriction State Indicator IE* for the neighbouring cells which are controlled by the DRNC in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information IE*, the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE* and the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information LCR IE*.
- If available, the DRNC shall include the *SNA Information IE* for the concerned neighbouring cells in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information IE*, the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information IE* and the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information LCR IE*.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) in which a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *Cell Individual Offset IE*, and if the *Cell Individual Offset IE* alone cannot represent the value of the offset, the DRNC shall also include the *Extended GSM Cell Individual Offset IE* in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information IE*. If available the DRNC shall also include the *Coverage Indicator IE*, *Antenna Co-location Indicator IE* and *HCS Prio IE* in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information IE*. If available, the DRNC shall also include the *SNA Information IE* for the concerned neighbouring cells in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information IE*.

When receiving the *SNA Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message, the SRNC should use it to restrict cell access based on SNA information. See also [40] for a broader description of the SNA access control.

If there are GERAN neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *GERAN Cell Capability IE* in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information IE* that is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GERAN cells.

If there are GERAN Iu-mode neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include, if available, the *GERAN Classmark IE* in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information IE* that is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GERAN Iu-mode neighbouring cells. Ref. [39] defines when the transmission of the *GERAN Classmark IE* will be required at the initiation of the Relocation Preparation procedure.

**[1.28Mcps TDD - Uplink Synchronisation Parameters LCR]:**

[1.28Mcps TDD - If the *Uplink Synchronisation Parameters LCR IE* is present, the DRNC shall use the indicated values of *Uplink synchronisation stepsize IE* and *Uplink synchronisation frequency IE* when evaluating the timing of the UL synchronisation.]

**[1.28Mcps TDD - Uplink Timing Advance Control LCR]:**

[1.28Mcps TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Uplink Timing Advance Control LCR IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

**General:**

If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *RL Specific DCH Information IE*, the DRNC may use the transport layer address and the binding identifier received from the SRNC when establishing a transport bearer for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity IE*, the DRNS shall, if supported, activate SSDT for the concerned new RL using the indicated SSDT Cell Identity.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Qth Parameter IE* in addition to the *SSDT Cell Identity IE*, the DRNS shall use the *Qth Parameter IE*, if Qth signalling is supported, when SSDT is activated in the concerned new RL.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, the DRNC may include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *UTRAN Access Point Position IE* and the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI IE* or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes IE*. If the DRNC includes the *Cell GA Additional Shapes IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message, it shall also include the *Cell GAI IE*.

For each Radio Link established in a cell in which at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a URA Information for this cell including the *URA ID IE*, the *Multiple URAs Indicator IE* indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the *RNC-ID IEs* of all other RNCs that have at least one cell within the URA identified by the *URA ID IE*.

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info IE* for the FACH in which the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell in which DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[3.84Mcps TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response IE* or *USCH Information Response IE* is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also

include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD LCR* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response LCR* IE or *USCH Information Response LCR* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD LCR* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response LCR* IE or *USCH Information Response LCR* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

If the *Permanent NAS UE Identity* IE is present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall store the information for the considered UE Context for the lifetime of the UE Context.

If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes a *C-ID* IE corresponding to a cell reserved for operator use and the Permanent NAS UE Identity is available in the DRNC for the considered UE Context, the DRNC shall use this information to determine whether it can add the Radio Link on this cell or not.

If the HCS priority information is available in the DRNS, it shall include the *HCS Prio* IE for each of the established RLS in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the accessed cell supports TFCI power control, the DRNC shall include the *TFCI PC Support Indicator* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

The DRNS shall start receiving on the new RL(s) after the RLS are successfully established.

[\[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the \*Synchronisation Indicator\* IE, set to “Timing Maintained Synchronisation”, the DRNS shall use synchronisation procedure B according to subclause 4.3.2.4 in \[10\]. The DRNS shall select the TPC pattern as if “first RLS indicator” is set to “first RLS” according to subclause 5.1.2.2.1.2 in \[10\].\]](#)

#### **[FDD - Radio Link Set Handling]:**

[FDD - For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign to the RL a unique value for the *RL Set ID* IE which uniquely identifies the RL as an RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD - For all RLS having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign to each RL the same value for the *RL Set ID* IE which uniquely identifies these RLS as members of the same RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD - After addition of the new RL(s), the UL out-of-sync algorithm defined in ref. [10] shall, for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s), use the maximum value of the parameters *N\_OUTSYNC\_IND* and *T\_RLFAILURE* that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set. The UL in-sync algorithm defined in [10] shall, for each of the established RL Set(s), use the minimum value of the parameters *N\_INSYNC\_IND* that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set.]

[FDD - For all RLS having a common generation of E-RGCH and E-HICH related information with another RL, the DRNS shall assign to each RL the same value for the *E-DCH RL Set ID* IE which uniquely identifies these RLS as members of the same E-DCH RL Set within the UE Context.]

#### [FDD - E-DCH:

If the *RL Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains the *RL specific E-DCH Information* IE for one Radio Link then:

- The DRNS shall setup the requested E-DCH resources on the Radio Link indicated by the *RL ID* IE in the *RL Information* IE.
- If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Binding ID* IE in the *RL specific E-DCH Information* IE for an E-DCH MAC-d flow, then the DRNC may use the transport layer address and the binding identifier received from the SRNC when establishing a transport bearer for the concerned E-DCH MAC-d flow.
- The DRNC shall include the *E-AGCH and E-RGCH and E-HICH FDD Scrambling Code* IE and the *E-RGCH and E-HICH Channelisation Code* IE and the corresponding *Sequence Number for E-RGCH* IE and the *Sequence Number for E-HICH* IE in the *E-DCH FDD DL Control Channel Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains the *Serving E-DCH RL ID* IE then the DRNC shall allocate an E-RNTI and include this E-RNTI and the Channelisation Code of the corresponding E-AGCH in the *E-DCH FDD DL Control Channel Information* IE in the *RL Information* IE for the indicated RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

#### **Response message:**

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.

For each RL for which the *Delayed Activation* IE is not included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message the DRNS shall:

- [FDD -start transmission on the DL DPDCH(s) of the new RL as specified in ref. [4].]
- [TDD - start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

For each RL for which the *Delayed Activation* IE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall:

- if the *Delayed Activation* IE indicates "Separate Indication":
  - not start any DL transmission for the concerning RL on the Uu interface;
- if the *Delayed Activation* IE indicates "CFN":
  - [FDD - start transmission on the DL DPDCH(s) of the new RL as specified in ref. [4], however never before the CFN indicated in the *Activation CFN* IE.]
  - [TDD - start transmission on the new RL at the CFN indicated in the *Activation CFN* IE as specified in ref. [4].]



## 9.1.6 RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST

### 9.1.6.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE Type and Reference	Semantics Description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
Uplink SIR Target	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		YES	reject
<b>RL Information</b>		<i>1..&lt;maxNumberOfRLs-1&gt;</i>			EACH	notify
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>C-ID	M		9.2.1.6		–	
>Frame Offset	M		9.2.1.30		–	
>Chip Offset	M		9.2.2.1		–	
>Diversity Control Field	M		9.2.1.20		–	
>Primary CPICH Ec/No	O		9.2.2.32		–	
>SSDT Cell Identity	O		9.2.2.40			
>Transmit Diversity Indicator	O		9.2.2.48		–	
>DL Reference Power	O		DL Power 9.2.1.21A	Power on DPCH	YES	ignore
>Enhanced Primary CPICH Ec/No	O		9.2.2.131		YES	ignore
>RL Specific DCH Information	O		9.2.1.49A		YES	ignore
>Delayed Activation	O		9.2.1.19Aa		YES	reject
>Qth Parameter	O		9.2.2.34a		YES	ignore
>RL specific E-DCH Information	O		E-DCH MAC-d Flows Information 9.2.1.300 C		YES	reject
>E-DCH RL Indication	O		9.2.2.4E		YES	reject
> <a href="#">Synchronisation Indicator</a>	<a href="#">O</a>		<a href="#">9.2.2.X</a>		<a href="#">YES</a>	<a href="#">ignore</a>
Active Pattern Sequence Information	O		9.2.2A	Either all the already active Transmission Gap Sequence(s)	YES	reject

				are addressed (Transmission Gap Pattern sequence shall overlap with the existing one) or none of the transmission gap sequences is activated.		
DPC Mode	O		9.2.2.12A		YES	reject
Permanent NAS UE Identity	O		9.2.1.73		YES	ignore
Serving E-DCH RL ID	C-EDCHInfo		RL ID 9.2.1.49		YES	reject

Range bound	Explanation
<i>maxnoofRLs</i>	Maximum number of radio links for one UE.

Condition	Explanation
EDCHInfo	This IE shall be present if <i>RL specific E-DCH Information</i> IE is present for at least one RL indicated in the message.



## 9.2.2 FDD specific parameters

### 9.2.2.X Synchronisation Indicator

The *Synchronisation Indicator* IE indicates that Timing Maintained Synchronisation shall be used at start of Radio Link, see also [10].

<u>IE/Group Name</u>	<u>Presence</u>	<u>Range</u>	<u>IE Type and Reference</u>	<u>Semantics Description</u>
<u>Synchronisation Indicator</u>			ENUMERATED ( <u>Timing Maintained Synchronisation,...</u> )	

### 9.3.3 PDU Definitions

```
-- *****
--
-- PDU definitions for RNSAP.
--
-- *****

RNSAP-PDU-Contents {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) rnsap (1) version1 (1) rnsap-PDU-Contents (1) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

-- *****
--
-- IE parameter types from other modules.
--
-- *****

IMPORTS
    ***** unchanged parts omitted *****
    MACHs-ResetIndicator,
    UL-TimingAdvanceCtrl-LCR,
    TDD-TPC-UplinkStepSize-LCR,
    PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP-Delta,
    SynchronisationIndicator
FROM RNSAP-IEs

    ***** unchanged parts omitted *****

    id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationList-RL-ReconfRspTDD,
    id-DL-DPCH-InformationModifyItem-LCR-RL-ReconfRspTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-UplinkStepSize-LCR-RL-SetupRqstTDD,
    id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstTDD,
    id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRqstTDD,
    id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstTDD,
    id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRqstTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-UplinkStepSize-InformationAdd-LCR-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-UplinkStepSize-InformationModify-LCR-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-DownlinkStepSize-InformationAdd-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-DownlinkStepSize-InformationModify-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP-Delta,
    id-SynchronisationIndicator
FROM RNSAP-Constants;
```

\*\*\*\*\* *unchanged parts omitted* \*\*\*\*\*

```
-- *****  
--  
-- RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST FDD  
--  
-- *****
```

```
RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD ::= SEQUENCE {  
    protocolIEs          ProtocolIE-Container    {{RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-IEs}},  
    protocolExtensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer {{RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-Extensions}} OPTIONAL,  
    ...  
}
```

```
RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {  
    { ID id-UL-SIRTarget          CRITICALITY reject TYPE UL-SIR PRESENCE mandatory } |  
    { ID id-RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD CRITICALITY notify TYPE RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD PRESENCE mandatory } |  
    { ID id-Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information CRITICALITY reject TYPE Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information PRESENCE optional },  
    ...  
}
```

```
RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfRLs-1)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD-IEs} }
```

```
RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {  
    { ID id-RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD CRITICALITY notify TYPE RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD PRESENCE mandatory }  
}
```

```
RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE {  
    rL-ID          RL-ID,  
    c-ID          C-ID,  
    frameOffset   FrameOffset,  
    chipOffset    ChipOffset,  
    diversityControlField DiversityControlField,  
    primaryCPICH-EcNo PrimaryCPICH-EcNo OPTIONAL,  
    sSDT-CellID   SSdT-CellID OPTIONAL,  
    transmitDiversityIndicator TransmitDiversityIndicator OPTIONAL,  
    iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,  
    ...  
}
```

```
RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {  
    { ID id-DLReferencePower CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION DL-Power PRESENCE optional } |  
    { ID id-Enhanced-PrimaryCPICH-EcNo CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION Enhanced-PrimaryCPICH-EcNo PRESENCE optional } |  
    { ID id-RL-Specific-DCH-Info CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION RL-Specific-DCH-Info PRESENCE optional } |  
    { ID id-DelayedActivation CRITICALITY reject EXTENSION DelayedActivation PRESENCE optional } |  
    { ID id-Qth-Parameter CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION Qth-Parameter PRESENCE optional } |  
    { ID id-SynchronisationIndicator CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION SynchronisationIndicator PRESENCE optional },  
    ...  
}
```

```
}  
RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-Extensions RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {  
  { ID id-DPC-Mode          CRITICALITY reject      EXTENSION  DPC-Mode          PRESENCE optional } |  
  { ID id-Permanent-NAS-UE-Identity  CRITICALITY ignore  EXTENSION Permanent-NAS-UE-Identity  PRESENCE optional },  
  ...  
}
```

## 9.3.4 Information Element Definitions

```
-- *****  
--  
-- Information Element Definitions  
--  
-- *****
```

```
***** unchanged parts omitted *****
```

```
TFCI-SignallingMode ::= ENUMERATED {  
    normal,  
    split  
}  
  
TGD ::= INTEGER (0|15..269)  
-- 0 = Undefined, only one transmission gap in the transmission gap pattern sequence  
  
TGPRC ::= INTEGER (0..511)  
-- 0 = infinity  
  
TGPSID ::= INTEGER (1.. maxTGPS)  
  
TGSN ::= INTEGER (0..14)  
  
TimeSlot ::= INTEGER (0..14)  
  
TimeSlotLCR ::= INTEGER (0..6)  
  
TimingAdvanceApplied ::= ENUMERATED {  
    yes,  
    no  
}  
  
SynchronisationIndicator ::= ENUMERATED {  
    TimingMaintainedSynchronisation,  
    ...  
}
```

```
***** unchanged parts omitted *****
```

## 9.3.6 Constant Definitions

```
***** unchanged parts omitted *****
-- *****
--
-- IEs
--
-- *****

***** unchanged parts omitted *****
id-MBMS-Bearer-Service-List-InfEx-Rsp          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 561
id-Active-MBMS-Bearer-Service-UplinkSigTrFDD  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 562
id-Active-MBMS-Bearer-Service-UplinkSigTrTDD  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 563
id-Old-URA-ID                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 564
id-TMGI                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 565
id-TransmissionMode                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 566
id-AffectedUEInformationForMBMS               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 567
id-UE-State                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 568
id-URA-ID                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 569
id-DRNC-ID                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 570
id-HARQ-Preamble-Mode                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 571
| id-SynchronisationIndicator                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 572

END
```



## CHANGE REQUEST

# 25.433 CR 1088 # rev 3 # Current version: 6.5.0 #

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the # symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	# Timing Maintained Handover		
<b>Source:</b>	# RAN3		
<b>Work item code:</b>	# TEI6	<b>Date:</b>	# 02/05/2005
<b>Category:</b>	# <b>C</b>	<b>Release:</b>	# Rel-6
	<p>Use <u>one</u> of the following categories:</p> <p><b>F</b> (correction)</p> <p><b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)</p> <p><b>B</b> (addition of feature),</p> <p><b>C</b> (functional modification of feature)</p> <p><b>D</b> (editorial modification)</p> <p>Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a>.</p>		<p>Use <u>one</u> of the following releases:</p> <p><b>Ph2</b> (GSM Phase 2)</p> <p><b>R96</b> (Release 1996)</p> <p><b>R97</b> (Release 1997)</p> <p><b>R98</b> (Release 1998)</p> <p><b>R99</b> (Release 1999)</p> <p><b>Rel-4</b> (Release 4)</p> <p><b>Rel-5</b> (Release 5)</p> <p><b>Rel-6</b> (Release 6)</p> <p><b>Rel-7</b> (Release 7)</p>

<b>Reason for change:</b>	# Timing maintained hard handover, with quick setup time, has been discussed and proposed in RAN1. To accomplish this, changes are needed in NBAP and RNSAP.
<b>Summary of change:</b>	<p>Rev 3: No change, updated for RAN WG3 #47 (postponed from last RAN meeting)</p> <p>Rev 2: Editorial corrections.</p> <p>Rev 1: The IE is changed to be extendible and name is changed to <i>Synchronization Indicator</i>. Editorial changes in the procedure text.</p> <p>Rev 0: Addition of a new <i>Timing Maintained Synchronization Indicator IE</i>, in messages RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST and RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST, and associated procedure text. (Clarified in discussions with RAN1: Timing maintained HHO means that synch procedure B shall be applied with the slow ramp TPC pattern (see 25.214), which is normally associated with procedure A, so to achieve this new behaviour a new IE is needed. If the IE is not understood, it shall be ignored, and node B will per default use procedure A instead, with the only side effect of pro-longed RL synchronization).</p>
<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	# Timing maintained hard handover cannot be accomplished.



<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘	8.2.17.2, 8.2.17.4, 8.3.1.2, 9.1.36.1, 9.1.39.1, 9.2.2.X(new)										
<b>Other specs Affected:</b>		<table border="1"><tr><td>Y</td><td>N</td></tr><tr><td>X</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>X</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>X</td></tr></table>	Y	N	X			X		X	Other core specifications	⌘ 25.133, 25.423, 25.214, 25.331
	Y	N										
	X											
	X											
	X											
		Test specifications										
		O&M Specifications										
<b>Other comments:</b>	⌘											

**How to create CRs using this form:**

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

## 8.2.17 Radio Link Setup

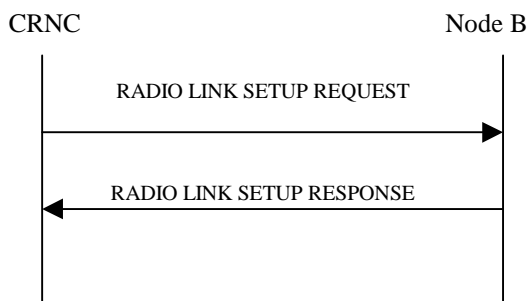
### 8.2.17.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources for a new Node B Communication Context in the Node B.

[FDD - The Radio Link Setup procedure is used to establish one or more radio links. The procedure establishes one or more DCHs on all radio links, and in addition, it can include the establishment of one or more DSCHs or an HS-DSCH on one radio link.]

[TDD - The Radio Link Setup procedure is used to establish one radio link including one or more transport channels. The transport channels can be a mix of DCHs, DSCHs, and USCHs, or DCHs and an HS-DSCH, including also combinations where one or more transport channel types are not present.]

### 8.2.17.2 Successful Operation



**Figure 24: Radio Link Setup procedure, Successful Operation**

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message sent from the CRNC to the Node B using the Node B Control Port.

\*\*\*\*\* *unchanged parts omitted* \*\*\*\*\*

#### Radio Link Handling:

##### [FDD - Transmit Diversity]:

[FDD - When the *Diversity Mode* IE is set to "STTD", "Closedloop mode1" or "Closedloop mode2", the Node B shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity for each Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indication* IE]

##### DL Power Control:

[FDD - The Node B shall start any DL transmission using the initial DL power specified in the message on each DL DPCH of the RL until either UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the RLS or Power Balancing is activated. No inner loop power control or balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10], subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see subclause 8.3.7), but shall always be kept within the maximum and minimum limit specified in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message. During compressed mode, the  $\delta P_{curr}$ , as described in ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.3, shall be added to the maximum DL power for the associated compressed frame.]

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the Node B shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the lifetime of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

[3.84 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the initial CcTrCH DL power for each DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *CcTrCH Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included for that CcTrCH, then the Node B shall use that power for the initial CcTrCH DL power, otherwise the initial CcTrCH DL power is the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. The Node B shall start any DL transmission on each DCH type CcTrCH using the initial CcTrCH DL power, as determined above, on each DL DPCH and on each Time Slot of the CcTrCH until the UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the CcTrCH. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[21], subclause 4.2.3.4), but shall always be kept within the maximum and minimum limit specified in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message.]

[3.84 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the maximum DL power for each DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *CcTrCH Maximum DL Transmission Power* IE is included for that CcTrCH, then the Node B shall use that power for the maximum DL power, otherwise the maximum DL power is the *Maximum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE.]

[3.84 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the minimum DL power for each DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *CcTrCH Minimum DL Transmission Power* IE is included for that CcTrCH, then the Node B shall use that power for the minimum DL power, otherwise the minimum DL power is the *Minimum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE.]

[3.84Mcps TDD - The initial power, maximum power, and minimum power for DSCH type CcTrCH shall be determined as follows:

- If the DSCH type CcTrCH is paired with an uplink CcTrCH(s) for inner loop power control, the minimum, maximum and initial power for each PDSCH is determined in the same way as described above for DCH type CcTrCHs.
- If the DSCH type CcTrCH is not paired with an uplink CcTrCH(s) for inner loop power control, the PDSCH transmission power is DSCH Data Frame Protocol signalled [24], with the maximum value determined in the same way as described above for DCH type CcTrCHs. The minimum and initial powers, however, are subject to control by the CRNC via the frame protocol].

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the initial DL power for each timeslot within the DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included in the *DL Timeslot Information LCR* IE, then the Node B shall use that power for the Initial DL Power and ignore the *DL Time Slot ISCP info LCR* IE, otherwise the initial DL Power is the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE and if *DL Time Slot ISCP info LCR* IE is present, the Node B shall use the indicated value when deciding the initial DL TX Power for each timeslot as specified in [21], it shall reduce the DL TX power in those downlink timeslots of the radio link where the interference is low, and increase the DL TX power in those timeslots where the interference is high, while keeping the total downlink power in the radio link unchanged. The Node B shall start any DL transmission on each timeslot within each DCH type CcTrCH using the initial DL power, as determined above, on each DL DPCH and on each timeslot of the CcTrCH until the UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the CcTrCH. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[21], subclause 5.1.2.4), but shall always be kept within the maximum and minimum limit specified in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the maximum DL power for each timeslot within the DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *Maximum DL Power* IE is included in the *DL Timeslot Information LCR* IE, then the Node B shall use that power for the maximum DL power, otherwise the maximum DL power is the *Maximum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the minimum DL power for each timeslot within the DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *Minimum DL Power* IE is included in the *DL Timeslot Information LCR* IE, then the Node B shall use that power for the minimum DL power, otherwise the minimum DL power is the *Minimum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE.]

[1.28Mcps TDD – The Node B shall determine the initial power for each timeslot within the DSCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If both the *CcTrCH Initial DL Transmission Power* IE, included in the *DL CcTrCH Information* IE, and the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE, included in the *RL Information* IE, are included then the Node B shall use that power for the PDSCH and ignore the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE, otherwise the initial DL Power is the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE and if *DL Time Slot ISCP info LCR* IE is present, the Node B shall use the indicated value when deciding the initial DL TX Power for each timeslot as specified in [21], it shall reduce

the DL TX power in those downlink timeslots of the radio link where the interference is low, and increase the DL TX power in those timeslots where the interference is high, while keeping the total downlink power in the radio link unchanged. The Node B shall start any DL transmission on each timeslot within each DSCH type CCTrCH using the initial DL power, as determined above, on each DL PDSCH and on each timeslot of the CCTrCH until the UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the CCTrCH. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[21], subclause 5.1.2.4), but shall always be kept within the maximum and minimum limit specified in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the maximum DL power for each timeslot within the DSCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *CCTrCH Maximum DL Transmission Power* IE, included in the *DL CCTrCH Information* IE, is included then the Node B shall use that power for the maximum DL power, otherwise the maximum DL power is the *Maximum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - The Node B shall determine the minimum DL power for each timeslot within the DSCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *CCTrCH Minimum DL Transmission Power* IE, included in the *DL CCTrCH Information* IE, is included then the Node B shall use that power for the minimum DL power, otherwise the minimum DL power is the *Minimum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE.]

[3.84Mcps TDD - If the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE is present, the Node B shall use the indicated value when deciding the initial DL TX Power for each timeslot as specified in [21], i.e. it shall reduce the DL TX power in those downlink timeslots of the radio link where the interference is low, and increase the DL TX power in those timeslots where the interference is high, while keeping the total downlink power in the radio link unchanged].

[FDD - If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the Node B shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the Node B shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10].]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *DL Power Balancing Information* IE and the *Power Adjustment Type* IE is set to "Common" or "Individual", the Node B shall activate the power balancing, if activation of power balancing by the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is supported, according to subclause 8.3.7, using the *DL Power Balancing Information* IE. If the Node B starts the DL transmission and the activation of the power balancing at the same CFN, the initial power of the power balancing, i.e.  $P_{init}$  shall be set to the power level indicated by the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE.]

[FDD - If activation of power balancing by the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is supported by the Node B, the Node B shall include the *DL Power Balancing Activation Indicator* IE in the *RL Information Response* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

#### **[1.28Mcps TDD - Uplink Synchronisation Parameters LCR]:**

[1.28Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message contains the *Uplink Synchronisation Parameters LCR* IE, the Node B shall use the indicated values of *Uplink Synchronisation Step size* IE and *Uplink Synchronisation Frequency* IE when evaluating the timing of the UL synchronisation.]

#### **General:**

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *RL Specific DCH Information* IE, the Node B may use the transport layer address and the binding identifier received from the CRNC when establishing a transport bearer for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and the *S-Field Length* IE, the Node B shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Qth Parameter* IE in addition to the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the Node B shall use the *Qth Parameter* IE, if Qth signalling is supported, when SSDT is activated.]

[FDD - Irrespective of SSDT activation, the Node B shall include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message an indication concerning the capability to support SSDT on this RL. Only if the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message requested SSDT activation and the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicates that the SSDT capability is supported for this RL, SSDT is activated in the Node B.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, the Node B shall activate enhanced DSCH power control, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity For EDSCHPC* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE as well as *Enhanced DSCH PC* IE in accordance with ref. [10] subclause 5.2.2. If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes both *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity For EDSCHPC* IE, then the Node B shall ignore the value in *SSDT Cell Identity For EDSCHPC* IE. If the enhanced DSCH power control is activated and the TFCI power control in DSCH hard split mode is supported, the primary/secondary status determination in the enhanced DSCH power control is also applied to the TFCI power control in DSCH hard split mode.]

The Node B shall start reception on the new RL(s) after the RLs are successfully established.

[FDD – If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Synchronisation Indicator* IE, set to “Timing Maintained Synchronisation”, the Node B shall use synchronisation procedure B according to subclause 4.3.2.4 in [10].]

**[FDD - Radio Link Set Handling]:**

[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerned RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the Node B together with the value of the *DL TPC Pattern 01 Count* IE which the Node B has received in the Cell Setup procedure, to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerned RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.1.2.]

[FDD - For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the Node B shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the Node B Communication Context.]

#### 8.2.17.4 Abnormal Conditions

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message contains the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, but the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not present, then the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.]

If more than one DCH of a set of co-ordinated DCHs has the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" [TDD – or no DCH of a set of co-ordinated DCHs has the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected"], the Node B shall regard the Radio Link Setup procedure as failed and shall respond with a RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs, and if the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE do not have the same *Transmission Time Interval* IE in the *Semi-static Transport Format Information* IE, then the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE in the *RL Specific DCH Information* IE included in the *RL Information* IE for a specific RL and the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the Node B shall regard the Radio Link Setup procedure as failed and respond with the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message contains the *Transport Layer Address* IE or the *Binding ID* IE, and not both are present for a transport bearer intended to be established, the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Length Of TFCI2* IE but the *TFCI Signalling Option* IE is set to "Normal", then the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message does not include the *Length Of TFCI2* IE but the *Split Type* IE is set to "Logical", then the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Split Type* IE set to the value "Hard" and the *Length Of TFCI2* IE set to the value "1", "2", "5", "8", "9" or "10", then the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes an *HS-PDSCH RL-ID* IE not referring to one of the radio links to be established, the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message contains the *HS-DSCH Information* IE and if the Priority Queues associated with the same *HS-DSCH MAC-d Flow ID* IE have the same *Scheduling Priority Indicator* IE value, the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.

[FDD – If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Synchronisation Indicator* IE, set to “Timing Maintained Synchronisation”, and if the *First RLS indicator* IE is set to “not first RLS”, the Node B shall reject the procedure using the RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE message.]

## 8.3 NBAP Dedicated Procedures

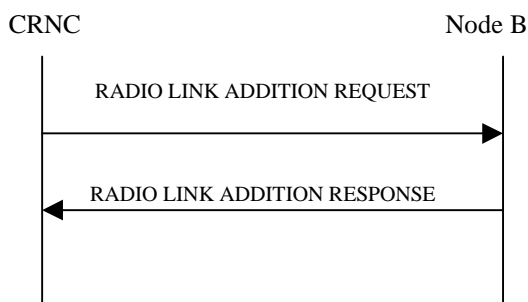
### 8.3.1 Radio Link Addition

#### 8.3.1.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the Node B for one or more additional RLs towards a UE when there is already a Node B Communication Context for this UE in the Node B.

The Radio Link Addition procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

#### 8.3.1.2 Successful Operation



**Figure: 28 Radio Link Addition procedure, Successful Operation**

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the CRNC to the Node B using the Communication Control Port assigned to the concerned Node B Communication Context.

Upon reception, the Node B shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

\*\*\*\*\* *unchanged parts omitted* \*\*\*\*\*

#### Radio Link Handling:

##### Diversity Combination Control:

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the Node B shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not.

- If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May", the Node B shall decide for any of the alternatives.
- If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the Node B shall combine the RL with one of the other - RL.
- If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must not", the Node B shall not combine the RL with any other existing RL.

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE is only applicable for DCHs, in case of E-DCH it shall always be assumed to be set to "Must".]

When a new RL is to be combined, the Node B shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

In the case of not combining a RL with a RL established with a previous Radio Link Setup or Radio Link Addition Procedure or a RL previously listed in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message, the

Node B shall indicate with the Diversity Indication in the *RL Information Response* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message that no combining is done. In this case, the Node B shall include in the *DCH Information Response* IE both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In the case of combining with a RL established with a previous Radio Link Setup or Radio Link Addition Procedure or with a RL previously listed in this RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message, the Node B shall indicate with the Diversity Indication in the *RL Information Response* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message that the RL is combined. In this case, the *RL ID* IE indicates (one of) the previously established RL(s) or a RL previously listed in this RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with which the new RL is combined.

In the case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in a set of coordinated DCHs.

[TDD – The Node B shall include in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DSCH and USCH.]

#### **[FDD – Transmit Diversity]:**

[FDD – If the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the Node B shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity for each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE and the already known diversity mode.]

#### **DL Power Control:**

[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE, the Node B shall apply the given power to the transmission on each DL DPCH of the RL when starting transmission until either UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the RLS or Power Balancing is activated. If no *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included, the Node B shall use any transmission power level currently used on already existing RLs for this Node B Communication Context. No inner loop power control or balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10], subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC MODE currently configured for the relevant Node B Communication Context and the downlink power control procedure (see subclause 8.3.7).]

[3.84 Mcps TDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the initial CcTrCH DL power for each DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *CcTrCH Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included for that CcTrCH, then the Node B shall use that power for the initial CcTrCH DL power, otherwise the initial CcTrCH DL power is the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. The Node B shall apply the given power to the transmission on each DL DPCH and on each Time Slot of the CcTrCH when starting transmission until the UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the CcTrCH. If no *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included (even if *CcTrCH Initial DL Transmission Power* IEs are included), the Node B shall use any transmission power level currently used on already existing CcTrCHs for this Node B Communication Context. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[21], subclause 4.2.3.4).]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the initial DL power for each timeslot within a DCH type CcTrCH by the following rule: If the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included in the *DL Timeslot Information LCR* IE, then the Node B shall use that power for the initial DL power and ignore the *DL Time Slot ISCP info LCR*, otherwise the initial DL power is the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE and if *DL Time Slot ISCP info LCR* IE is present, the Node B shall use the indicated value when deciding the initial DL TX Power for each timeslot as specified in [21], it shall reduce the DL TX power in those downlink timeslots of the radio link where the interference is low, and increase the DL TX power in those timeslots where the interference is high, while keeping the total downlink power in the radio link unchanged. The Node B shall apply the given power to the transmission on each DL DPCH and on each Time Slot of the CcTrCH when starting transmission until the UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the CcTrCH. If no *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included, the Node B shall use any transmission power level currently used on already existing RL/timeslots for this Node B Communication Context. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[21], subclause 5.1.2.4).]



[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Maximum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall store this value and not transmit with a higher power on any DL DPCH of the RL. If no *Maximum DL Power* IE is included, any Maximum DL power stored for already existing RLs for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied. During compressed mode, the  $\delta P_{curr}$ , as described in ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.3, shall be added to the maximum DL power for the associated compressed frame.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Minimum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall store this value and never transmit with a lower power on any DL DPCH of the RL. If no *Minimum DL Power* IE is included, any Minimum DL power stored for already existing RLs for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied.]

[3.84 Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Maximum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the maximum CCTrCH DL power for each DCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *CCTrCH Maximum DL Transmission Power* IE is included for that CCTrCH, then the Node B shall use that power for the maximum CCTrCH DL power, otherwise the maximum CCTrCH DL power is the *Maximum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. If no *Maximum DL Power* IE is included (even if *CCTrCH Maximum DL Transmission Power* IEs are included), any maximum DL power stored for already existing DCH type CCTrCHs for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied.]

[3.84 Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Minimum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the minimum CCTrCH DL power for each DCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *CCTrCH Minimum DL Transmission Power* IE is included for that CCTrCH, then the Node B shall use that power for the minimum CCTrCH DL power, otherwise the minimum CCTrCH DL power is the *Minimum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. If no *Minimum DL Power* IE is included (even if *CCTrCH Minimum DL Transmission Power* IEs are included), any minimum DL power stored for already existing DCH type CCTrCHs for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Maximum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the maximum DL power for each timeslot within a DCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *Maximum DL Power* IE is included in the *DL Timeslot Information LCR* IE for that timeslot, then the Node B shall use that power for the maximum DL power, otherwise the maximum DL power is the *Maximum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. The Node B shall store this value and not transmit with a higher power on any applicable DL DPCH. If no *Maximum DL Power* IE is included, any maximum DL power stored for already existing RL/timeslots for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Minimum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the minimum DL power for each timeslot within a DCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *Minimum DL Power* IE is included in the *DL Timeslot Information LCR* IE for that timeslot, then the Node B shall use that power for the minimum DL power, otherwise the minimum DL power is the *Minimum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. The Node B shall store this value and not transmit with a lower power on any applicable DL DPCH. If no *Minimum DL Power* IE is included, any minimum DL power stored for already existing RL/timeslots for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied.]

[3.84 Mcps TDD - The initial power, maximum power, and minimum power for DSCH type CCTrCH shall be determined as follows:

- If the DSCH type CCTrCH is paired with an uplink CCTrCH(s) for inner loop power control, the minimum, maximum and initial power for each PDSCH is determined in the same way as described above for DCH type CCTrCHs.
- If the DSCH type CCTrCH is not paired with an uplink CCTrCH(s) for inner loop power control, the PDSCH transmission power is DSCH Data Frame Protocol signalled [24], with the maximum value determined in the same way as described above for DCH type CCTrCHs. The minimum and initial powers, however, are subject to control by the CRNC via the frame protocol].

[1.28 Mcps TDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the initial DL power for each timeslot within a DSCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If both the *CCTrCH Initial DL Transmission Power* IE, included in the *DL CCTrCH Information* IE, and the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE, included in the *RL Information* IE, are included then the Node B shall use that power for the PDSCH and ignore the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE, otherwise the initial DL Power is the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE and if *DL Time Slot ISCP info LCR* IE is present, the Node B shall use the

indicated value when deciding the initial DL TX Power for each timeslot as specified in [21], it shall reduce the DL TX power in those downlink timeslots of the radio link where the interference is low, and increase the DL TX power in those timeslots where the interference is high, while keeping the total downlink power in the radio link unchanged. The Node B shall apply the given power to the transmission on each DL PDSCH and on each Time Slot of the CCTrCH when starting transmission until the UL synchronisation on the Uu interface is achieved for the CCTrCH. If no *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE is included, the Node B shall use any transmission power level currently used on already existing RL/timeslots for this Node B Communication Context. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[21], subclause 5.1.2.4).]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Maximum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the maximum DL power for each timeslot within a DSCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *CCTrCH Maximum DL Transmission Power* IE, included in the *DL CCTrCH Information* IE, is included then the Node B shall use that power for the maximum DL power, otherwise the maximum DL power is the *Maximum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. The Node B shall store this value and not transmit with a higher power on any applicable PDSCH. If no *Maximum DL Power* IE is included, any maximum DL power stored for already existing RL/timeslots for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied.]

[1.28 Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Minimum DL Power* IE, the Node B shall determine the minimum DL power for each timeslot within a DSCH type CCTrCH by the following rule: If the *CCTrCH Minimum DL Transmission Power* IE, included in the *DL CCTrCH Information* IE, is included then the Node B shall use that power for the minimum DL power, otherwise the minimum DL power is the *Minimum DL Power* IE included in the *RL Information* IE. The Node B shall store this value and not transmit with a lower power on any applicable PDSCH. If no *Minimum DL Power* IE is included, any minimum DL power stored for already existing RL/timeslots for this Node B Communication Context shall be applied.]

[3.84Mcps TDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE, the Node B shall use the indicated value when deciding the DL TX Power for each timeslot as specified in ref. [21], i.e. it shall reduce the DL TX power in those downlink timeslots of the radio link where the interference is low, and increase the DL TX power in those timeslots where the interference is high, while keeping the total downlink power in the radio link unchanged].

[FDD – If the power balancing is active with the Power Balancing Adjustment Type of the Node B Communication Context set to "Individual" in the existing RL(s) and the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *DL Reference Power* IE, the Node B shall activate the power balancing and use the *DL Reference Power* IE for the power balancing procedure in the new RL(s), if activation of power balancing by the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message is supported, according to subclause 8.3.7. In this case, the Node B shall include the *DL Power Balancing Activation Indicator* IE in the *RL Information Response* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. If the Node B starts the DL transmission and the activation of the power balancing at the same CFN, the initial power of the power balancing, i.e.  $P_{init}$  shall be set to the power level indicated by the *Initial DL Transmission Power* IE (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL based on power level of existing RLs.]

### **[1.28Mcps TDD – Uplink Synchronisation Parameters LCR]:**

[1.28Mcps TDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains the *Uplink Synchronisation Parameters LCR* IE, the Node B shall use the indicated values of *Uplink Synchronisation StepSize* IE and *Uplink Synchronisation Frequency* IE when evaluating the timing of the UL synchronisation.]

#### **General:**

If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *RL Specific DCH Information* IE, the Node B may use the transport layer address and the binding identifier received from the CRNC when establishing a transport bearer for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the Node B shall activate SSDT, if supported, for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT cell identity used for that RL.]

[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Qth Parameter* IE in addition to the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the Node B shall use the *Qth Parameter* IE, if Qth signalling is supported, when SSDT is activated in the concerned new RL.]

The Node B shall start reception on the new RL(s) after the RLs are successfully established.

[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Synchronisation Indicator* IE, set to “Timing Maintained Synchronisation”, the Node B shall use synchronisation procedure B according to subclause 4.3.2.4 in [10]. The Node B shall select the TPC pattern as if “first RLS indicator” is set to “first RLS” according to subclause 5.1.2.2.1.2 in [10].]

#### [FDD – Radio Link Set Handling]:

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the Node B shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the Node B Communication Context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the Node B shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the Node B Communication Context.]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL out-of-sync algorithm defined in [10] shall, for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s), use the maximum value of the parameters *N\_OUTSYNC\_IND* and *T\_RLFAILURE* that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set. The UL in-sync algorithm defined in [10] shall, for each of the established RL Set(s), use the minimum value of the parameters *N\_INSYNC\_IND*, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set.]

#### [FDD - E-DCH]:

[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains the *E-DCH RL Indication* IE in the *RL Information* IE, then for every such RL:]

- [FDD – The Node B shall setup the E-DCH resources as configured in the Node B Communication Context.]
- [FDD – The Node B shall include the E-AGCH And E-RGCH/E-HICH FDD Scrambling Code IE, the E-RGCH/E-HICH Channelisation Code IE and the corresponding SequenceNumber IEs in the E-DCH FDD DL Control Channel Information IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

#### Response Message:

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the Node B shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message, the Node B shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.

For each RL for which the *Delayed Activation* IE is not included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the Node B shall:

- [FDD - start transmission on the DL DPDCH(s) of the new RL as specified in [16].]
- [TDD - start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in [16].]

For each RL for which the *Delayed Activation* IE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the Node B shall:

- if the *Delayed Activation* IE indicates "Separate Indication":
  - not start any DL transmission for the concerned RL on the Uu interface;
- if the *Delayed Activation* IE indicates "CFN":
  - [FDD – start transmission on the DL DPDCH(s) of the new RL as specified in [16], however never before the CFN indicated in the *Activation CFN* IE.]

- [TDD – start transmission on the new RL at the CFN indicated in the *Activation CFN* IE as specified in [16].]

## 9.1.36 RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST

### 9.1.36.1 FDD message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE Type and Reference	Semantics Description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Discriminator	M		9.2.1.45		–	
Message Type	M		9.2.1.46		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.62		–	
CRNC Communication Context ID	M		9.2.1.18	The reserved value "All CRNCCC" shall not be used.	YES	reject
<b>UL DPCH Information</b>		1			YES	reject
>UL Scrambling Code	M		9.2.2.59		–	
>Min UL Channelisation Code Length	M		9.2.2.22		–	
>Max Number of UL DPDCHs	C-CodeLen		9.2.2.21		–	
>Puncture Limit	M		9.2.1.50	For UL	–	
>TFCS	M		9.2.1.58	For UL	–	
>UL DPCCH Slot Format	M		9.2.2.57		–	
>UL SIR Target	M		UL SIR 9.2.1.67A		–	
>Diversity Mode	M		9.2.2.9		–	
>SSDT Cell ID Length	O		9.2.2.45		–	
>S Field Length	O		9.2.2.40		–	
>DPC Mode	O		9.2.2.13C		YES	reject
>UL DPDCH Indicator For E-DCH Operation	C-ifEDPCHInfo		ENUMERATED (UL-DPDCH present, UL-DPDCH not present)		YES	reject
<b>E-DPCH Information</b>		0..1			YES	reject
>Min UL Channelisation Code Length For E-DCH FDD	M		9.2.2.22a		–	
>Max Number Of UL E-DPDCHs	C-CodeLenE DCH		9.2.2.20B	more than one E-DPDCHs possible in case of SF=[2 or 4]	–	
>Puncture Limit	M		9.2.1.50		–	
>E-TFCS	M		9.2.1.29ag		–	
>E-TTI	M		ENUMERATED (2ms, 10ms)		–	
<b>DL DPCH Information</b>		1			YES	reject
>TFCS	M		9.2.1.58	For DL	–	
>DL DPCH Slot Format	M		9.2.2.10		–	
>TFCI Signalling Mode	M		9.2.2.50		–	
>TFCI Presence	C-SlotFormat		9.2.1.57		–	
>Multiplexing Position	M		9.2.2.23		–	
>PDSCH RL ID	C-DSCH		RL ID 9.2.1.53		–	
>PDSCH Code Mapping	C-DSCH		9.2.2.25		–	
<b>&gt;Power Offset Information</b>		1			–	

>>PO1	M		Power Offset 9.2.2.29	Power offset for the TFCI bits	–	
>>PO2	M		Power Offset 9.2.2.29	Power offset for the TPC bits	–	
>>PO3	M		Power Offset 9.2.2.29	Power offset for the pilot bits	–	
>FDD TPC DL Step Size	M		9.2.2.16		–	
>Limited Power Increase	M		9.2.2.18A		–	
>Inner Loop DL PC Status	M		9.2.2.18B		–	
DCH Information	M		DCH FDD Information 9.2.2.4D		YES	reject
DSCH Information	O		DSCH FDD Information 9.2.2.13B		YES	reject
<b>TFCI2 Bearer Information</b>		0..1			YES	ignore
>ToAWS	M		9.2.1.61		–	
>ToAWE	M		9.2.1.60		–	
>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.4	Shall be ignored if bearer establishment with ALCAP.	YES	ignore
>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.63	Shall be ignored if bearer establishment with ALCAP.	YES	ignore
<b>RL Information</b>		1..<maxno ofRLs>			EACH	notify
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.53		–	
>C-ID	M		9.2.1.9		–	
>First RLS Indicator	M		9.2.2.16A		–	
>Frame Offset	M		9.2.1.31		–	
>Chip Offset	M		9.2.2.2		–	
>Propagation Delay	O		9.2.2.35		–	
>Diversity Control Field	C-NotFirstRL		9.2.1.25		–	
>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		–	
>Initial DL Transmission Power	M		DL Power 9.2.1.21	Initial power on DPCH	–	
>Maximum DL Power	M		DL Power 9.2.1.21	Maximum allowed power on DPCH	–	
>Minimum DL Power	M		DL Power 9.2.1.21	Minimum allowed power on DPCH	–	
>SSDT Cell Identity	O		9.2.2.44		–	
>Transmit Diversity Indicator	C-Diversity mode		9.2.2.53		–	
>SSDT Cell Identity For EDSCHPC	C-EDSCHPC		9.2.2.44A		YES	ignore
>RL Specific DCH Information	O		9.2.1.53G		YES	ignore
>Delayed Activation	O		9.2.1.24C		YES	reject
>Qth Parameter	O		9.2.2.36A		YES	ignore
>Primary CPICH Usage For	O		9.2.2.33A		YES	ignore

Channel Estimation						
>Secondary CPICH Information	O		Common Physical Channel ID 9.2.1.13		YES	ignore
>E-DCH RL Indication	O		9.2.2.13De		YES	reject
>Synchronisation Indicator	<u>O</u>		<u>9.2.2.X</u>		<u>YES</u>	<u>ignore</u>
Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information	O		9.2.2.53A		YES	reject
Active Pattern Sequence Information	O		9.2.2.A		YES	reject
DSCH Common Information	O		DSCH FDD Common Information 9.2.2.13D		YES	ignore
DL Power Balancing Information	O		9.2.2.12B		YES	ignore
HS-DSCH Information	O		HS-DSCH FDD Information 9.2.2.18D		YES	reject
HS-DSCH-RNTI	C-InfoHSDSCH		9.2.1.31J		YES	reject
HS-PDSCH RL ID	C-InfoHSDSCH		RL ID 9.2.1.53		YES	reject
E-DCH FDD Information	C-EDPCHInfo		9.2.2.13Da		YES	reject
Serving E-DCH RL	C-EDPCHInfo		9.2.1.53Ha		YES	reject

Condition	Explanation
CodeLen	The IE shall be present if <i>Min UL Channelisation Code Length</i> IE equals to 4.
NotFirstRL	The IE shall be present if the RL is not the first one in the <i>RL Information</i> IE.
DSCH	The IE shall be present if the <i>DSCH Information</i> IE is present.
SlotFormat	The IE shall be present if the <i>DL DPCH Slot Format</i> IE is equal to any of the values from 12 to 16.
Diversity mode	The IE shall be present if <i>Diversity Mode</i> IE in <i>UL DPCH Information</i> IE is not set to "none".
EDSCHPC	The IE shall be present if <i>Enhanced DSCH PC</i> IE is present in the <i>DSCH Common Information</i> IE.
InfoHSDSCH	The IE shall be present if <i>HS-DSCH Information</i> IE is present.
EDPCHInfo	This IE shall be present if <i>E-DPCH Information</i> IE is present.
CodeLenEDCH	The IE shall be present if <i>Min UL Channelisation Code Length For E-DCH FDD</i> IE equals [2 or 4]

Range Bound	Explanation
<i>maxnoofRLs</i>	Maximum number of RLs for one UE

## 9.1.39 RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST

### 9.1.39.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE Type and Reference	Semantics Description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Discriminator	M		9.2.1.45		–	
Message Type	M		9.2.1.46		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.62		–	
Node B Communication Context ID	M		9.2.1.48	The reserved value "All NBCC" shall not be used.	YES	reject
Compressed Mode Deactivation Flag	O		9.2.2.3A		YES	reject
<b>RL Information</b>		<i>1..&lt;maxno ofRLs-1&gt;</i>			EACH	notify
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.53		–	
>C-ID	M		9.2.1.9		–	
>Frame Offset	M		9.2.1.31		–	
>Chip Offset	M		9.2.2.2		–	
>Diversity Control Field	M		9.2.1.25		–	
>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		–	
>Initial DL Transmission Power	O		DL Power 9.2.1.21	Initial power on DPCH	–	
>Maximum DL Power	O		DL Power 9.2.1.21	Maximum allowed power on DPCH	–	
>Minimum DL Power	O		DL Power 9.2.1.21	Minimum allowed power on DPCH	–	
>SSDT Cell Identity	O		9.2.2.44		–	
>Transmit Diversity Indicator	O		9.2.2.53		–	
>DL Reference Power	O		DL power 9.2.1.21	Power on DPCH	YES	ignore
>RL Specific DCH Information	O		9.2.1.53G		YES	ignore
>E-DCH RL Indication	O		9.2.2.13De		YES	reject
>Delayed Activation	O		9.2.1.24C		YES	reject
>Qth Parameter	O		9.2.2.36A		YES	ignore
>Primary CPICH Usage For Channel Estimation	O		9.2.2.33A		YES	Ignore
>Synchronisation Indicator	<u>O</u>		<u>9.2.2.X</u>		<u>YES</u>	<u>ignore</u>

Range Bound	Explanation
<i>maxnoofRLs</i>	Maximum number of RLs for one UE





## 9.2.2 FDD specific parameters

### 9.2.2.X Synchronisation Indicator

The *Synchronisation Indicator* IE indicates that Timing Maintained Synchronisation shall be used at start of Radio Link, see also [10].

<u>IE/Group Name</u>	<u>Presence</u>	<u>Range</u>	<u>IE Type and Reference</u>	<u>Semantics Description</u>
<u>Synchronisation Indicator</u>			<u>ENUMERATED</u> <u>(Timing Maintained Synchronisation, ...)</u>	

### 9.3.3 PDU Definitions

```

-- *****
--
-- PDU definitions for NBAP.
--
-- *****

NBAP-PDU-Contents {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) nbap (2) version1 (1) nbap-PDU-Contents (1) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

-- *****
--
-- IE parameter types from other modules.
--
-- *****

IMPORTS
    Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information,
    ***** unchanged parts omitted *****
    TDD-UL-DPCH-TimeSlotFormat-LCR,
    TDD-TPC-UplinkStepSize-LCR,
    CellSyncBurstTimingLCR,
    TimingAdjustmentValueLCR,
    PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP-Delta,
    SynchronisationIndicator
FROM NBAP-IEs

    ***** unchanged parts omitted *****
    id-TDD-TPC-UplinkStepSize-InformationAdd-LCR-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-UplinkStepSize-InformationModify-LCR-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-DownlinkStepSize-InformationModify-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TDD-TPC-DownlinkStepSize-InformationAdd-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TimeslotISCP-LCR-InfoList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD,
    id-TimingAdjustmentValueLCR,
    id-PrimaryCCPCH-RSCP-Delta,
    id-SynchronisationIndicator,

    maxNrOfCCTrCHs,
    maxNrOfCellSyncBursts,
    maxNrOfCodes,
    maxNrOfCPCHs,

```

\*\*\*\*\* unchanged parts omitted \*\*\*\*\*

FROM NBAP-Constants;

\*\*\*\*\* unchanged parts omitted \*\*\*\*\*

```
-- *****
--
-- RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST FDD
--
-- *****
```

```
RadioLinkSetupRequestFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
    protocolIEs          ProtocolIE-Container    {{RadioLinkSetupRequestFDD-IEs}},
    protocolExtensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer {{RadioLinkSetupRequestFDD-Extensions}}          OPTIONAL,
    ...
}
```

```
RadioLinkSetupRequestFDD-IEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-CRNC-CommunicationContextID          CRITICALITY reject TYPE CRNC-CommunicationContextID          PRESENCE mandatory }|
    { ID id-UL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD  CRITICALITY reject TYPE UL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD  PRESENCE mandatory }|
    { ID id-DL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD  CRITICALITY reject TYPE DL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD  PRESENCE mandatory }|
    { ID id-DCH-FDD-Information                  CRITICALITY reject TYPE DCH-FDD-Information                  PRESENCE mandatory }|
    { ID id-DSCH-FDD-Information                 CRITICALITY reject TYPE DSCH-FDD-Information                 PRESENCE optional }|
    { ID id-TFCI2-Bearer-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD CRITICALITY ignore TYPE TFCI2-Bearer-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD PRESENCE optional }|
    { ID id-RL-InformationList-RL-SetupRqstFDD   CRITICALITY notify TYPE RL-InformationList-RL-SetupRqstFDD   PRESENCE mandatory }|
    { ID id-Transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Information CRITICALITY reject TYPE Transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Information PRESENCE optional }|
    { ID id-Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information  CRITICALITY reject TYPE Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information  PRESENCE optional },
    ...
}
```

```
RadioLinkSetupRequestFDD-Extensions NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    { ID id-DSCH-FDD-Common-Information          CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION DSCH-FDD-Common-Information          PRESENCE optional }|
    { ID id-DL-PowerBalancing-Information        CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION DL-PowerBalancing-Information        PRESENCE optional }|
    { ID id-HSDSCH-FDD-Information               CRITICALITY reject EXTENSION HSDSCH-FDD-Information               PRESENCE optional }|
    { ID id-HSDSCH-RNTI                          CRITICALITY reject EXTENSION HSDSCH-RNTI                          PRESENCE conditional }|
    -- The IE shall be present if HS-DSCH Information IE is present
    { ID id-HSPDSCH-RL-ID                        CRITICALITY reject EXTENSION RL-ID                        PRESENCE conditional },
    -- The IE shall be present if HS-DSCH Information IE is present
    ...
}
```

```
UL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
    ul-ScramblingCode          UL-ScramblingCode,
    minUL-ChannelisationCodeLength MinUL-ChannelisationCodeLength,
    maxNrOfUL-DPDCHs          MaxNrOfUL-DPDCHs          OPTIONAL,
    -- This IE shall be present if Min UL Channelisation Code length IE is set to 4 --
    ul-PunctureLimit          PunctureLimit,
    tFCS                      TFCS,
    ul-DPCCH-SlotFormat        UL-DPCCH-SlotFormat,
    ul-SIR-Target              UL-SIR,
```

```

diversityMode          DiversityMode,
sSDT-CellID-Length    SSDT-CellID-Length    OPTIONAL,
s-FieldLength         S-FieldLength      OPTIONAL,
iE-Extensions         ProtocolExtensionContainer { { UL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
...
}

UL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  {ID id-DPC-Mode      CRITICALITY reject  EXTENSION  DPC-Mode    PRESENCE optional  },
  ...
}

DL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
  tFCS                TFCS,
  dl-DPCH-SlotFormat  DL-DPCH-SlotFormat,
  tFCI-SignallingMode TFCI-SignallingMode,
  tFCI-Presence       TFCI-Presence    OPTIONAL,
  -- this IE shall be present if the DL DPCH slot format IE is set to any of the values from 12 to 16 --
  multiplexingPosition MultiplexingPosition,
  pDSCH-RL-ID         RL-ID            OPTIONAL,
  -- This IE shall be present if the DSCH Information IE is present --
  pDSCH-CodeMapping   PDSCH-CodeMapping  OPTIONAL,
  -- This IE shall be present if the DSCH Information IE is present --
  powerOffsetInformation PowerOffsetInformation-RL-SetupRqstFDD,
  fdd-TPC-DownlinkStepSize FDD-TPC-DownlinkStepSize,
  limitedPowerIncrease LimitedPowerIncrease,
  innerLoopDLPCStatus InnerLoopDLPCStatus,
  iE-Extensions       ProtocolExtensionContainer { { DL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
  ...
}

DL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  ...
}

PowerOffsetInformation-RL-SetupRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
  pO1-ForTFCI-Bits    PowerOffset,
  pO2-ForTPC-Bits     PowerOffset,
  pO3-ForPilotBits    PowerOffset,
  iE-Extensions       ProtocolExtensionContainer { { PowerOffsetInformation-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
  ...
}

PowerOffsetInformation-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  ...
}

TFCI2-Bearer-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
  toAWS                ToAWS,
  toAWE                ToAWE,
  iE-Extensions       ProtocolExtensionContainer { { TFCI2-Bearer-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
  ...
}

```

```

TFCI2-Bearer-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  { ID id-bindingID          CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  BindingID          PRESENCE  optional }|
  { ID id-transportlayeraddress  CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  TransportLayerAddress  PRESENCE  optional },
  ...
}

RL-InformationList-RL-SetupRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfRLs)) OF
  ProtocolIE-Container{{ RL-InformationItemIE-RL-SetupRqstFDD }}

RL-InformationItemIE-RL-SetupRqstFDD NBAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-RL-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstFDD          CRITICALITY  notify          TYPE          RL-InformationItem-RL-
  SetupRqstFDD          PRESENCE  mandatory}
}

RL-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
  rL-ID          RL-ID,
  c-ID          C-ID,
  firstRLS-indicator      FirstRLS-Indicator,
  frameOffset      FrameOffset,
  chipOffset      ChipOffset,
  propagationDelay      PropagationDelay          OPTIONAL,
  diversityControlField      DiversityControlField      OPTIONAL,
  -- This IE shall be present if the RL is not the first one in the RL Information IE
  dl-CodeInformation      FDD-DL-CodeInformation,
  initialDL-transmissionPower      DL-Power,
  maximumDL-power      DL-Power,
  minimumDL-power      DL-Power,
  sSDT-Cell-Identity      SSDT-Cell-Identity          OPTIONAL,
  transmitDiversityIndicator      TransmitDiversityIndicator      OPTIONAL,
  -- This IE shall be present if Diversity Mode IE in UL DPCH Information group is not set to "none"
  iE-Extensions      ProtocolExtensionContainer { { RL-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs} }      OPTIONAL,
  ...
}

RL-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstFDD-ExtIEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
  { ID id-SSDT-CellIDforEDSCHPC          CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  SSDT-Cell-Identity          PRESENCE  conditional }|
  -- This IE shall be present if Enhanced DSCH PC IE is present in the DSCH Common Information IE.
  { ID id-RL-Specific-DCH-Info          CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  RL-Specific-DCH-Info          PRESENCE  optional }|
  { ID id-DelayedActivation          CRITICALITY reject     EXTENSION  DelayedActivation          PRESENCE  optional }|
  { ID id-Qth-Parameter          CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  Qth-Parameter          PRESENCE  optional }|
  { ID id-Primary-CPICH-Usage-for-Channel-Estimation      CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  Primary-CPICH-Usage-for-Channel-Estimation      PRESENCE
  optional }|
  { ID id-Secondary-CPICH-Information          CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  CommonPhysicalChannelID          PRESENCE  optional }|
  { ID id-SynchronisationIndicator          CRITICALITY ignore     EXTENSION  SynchronisationIndicator          PRESENCE  optional },,
  ...
}

***** unchanged parts omitted *****

-- *****
--

```

```

-- RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST FDD
--
-- *****

RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
    protocolIEs          ProtocolIE-Container  {{RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-IEs}},
    protocolExtensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer  {{RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-Extensions}}          OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-IEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-NodeB-CommunicationContextID          CRITICALITY reject  TYPE NodeB-CommunicationContextID          PRESENCE mandatory } |
    { ID id-Compressed-Mode-Deactivation-Flag      CRITICALITY reject  TYPE Compressed-Mode-Deactivation-Flag          PRESENCE optional } |
    { ID id-RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD CRITICALITY notify  TYPE RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD      PRESENCE mandatory } ,
    ...
}

RadioLinkAdditionRequestFDD-Extensions NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfRLs-1)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container {{ RL-InformationItemIE-RL-AdditionRqstFDD}}

RL-InformationItemIE-RL-AdditionRqstFDD NBAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-RL-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRqstFDD CRITICALITY notify  TYPE RL-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRqstFDD      PRESENCE mandatory}
}

RL-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRqstFDD ::= SEQUENCE {
    rL-ID                RL-ID,
    c-ID                 C-ID,
    frameOffset          FrameOffset,
    chipOffset           ChipOffset,
    diversityControlField DiversityControlField,
    dl-CodeInformation   FDD-DL-CodeInformation,
    initialDL-TransmissionPower DL-Power          OPTIONAL,
    maximumDL-Power      DL-Power          OPTIONAL,
    minimumDL-Power      DL-Power          OPTIONAL,
    sSDT-CellIdentity    SSDT-Cell-Identity  OPTIONAL,
    transmitDiversityIndicator TransmitDiversityIndicator  OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions        ProtocolExtensionContainer { { RL-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRqstFDD-ExtIEs } }  OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

RL-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRqstFDD-ExtIEs NBAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    { ID id-DLReferencePower          CRITICALITY ignore  EXTENSION DL-Power          PRESENCE optional} |
    { ID id-RL-Specific-DCH-Info      CRITICALITY ignore  EXTENSION RL-Specific-DCH-Info  PRESENCE optional} |
    { ID id-DelayedActivation         CRITICALITY reject  EXTENSION DelayedActivation    PRESENCE optional} |
    { ID id-Qth-Parameter             CRITICALITY ignore  EXTENSION Qth-Parameter        PRESENCE optional} |
    { ID id-Primary-CPICH-Usage-for-Channel-Estimation CRITICALITY ignore  EXTENSION Primary-CPICH-Usage-for-Channel-Estimation PRESENCE optional } |
    { ID id-SynchronisationIndicator  CRITICALITY ignore  EXTENSION SynchronisationIndicator PRESENCE optional } ,
    ...
}

```

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}

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### 9.3.4 Information Elements Definitions

\*\*\*\*\* unchanged parts omitted \*\*\*\*\*

```
TimingAdjustmentValue ::= CHOICE {  
    initialPhase      INTEGER (0..1048575,...),  
    steadyStatePhase  INTEGER (0..255,...)  
}
```

```
TimingAdjustmentValueLCR ::= CHOICE {  
    initialPhase      INTEGER (0..524287,...),  
    steadyStatePhase  INTEGER (0..127,...)  
}
```

```
TimingAdvanceApplied ::= ENUMERATED {  
    yes,  
    no  
}
```

```
SynchronisationIndicator ::= ENUMERATED {  
    TimingMaintainedSynchronisation,  
    ...  
}
```

\*\*\*\*\* unchanged parts omitted \*\*\*\*\*

### 9.3.6 Constant Definitions

\*\*\*\*\* *unchanged parts omitted* \*\*\*\*\*

```
-- *****
--
-- IEs
--
-- *****
```

\*\*\*\*\* *unchanged parts omitted* \*\*\*\*\*

id-MICH-Information-AuditRsp	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 638
id-MICH-Information-ResourceStatusInd	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 639
id-MICH-Parameters-CTCH-ReconfRqstFDD	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 640
id-MICH-Parameters-CTCH-ReconfRqstTDD	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 641
id-MICH-Parameters-CTCH-SetupRqstFDD	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 642
id-MICH-Parameters-CTCH-SetupRqstTDD	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 643
id-Modification-Period	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 644
id-NI-Information-NotifUpdateCmd	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 645
id-S-CCPCH-InformationListExt-AuditRsp	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 646
id-S-CCPCH-InformationListExt-ResourceStatusInd	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 647
id-S-CCPCH-LCR-InformationListExt-AuditRsp	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 648
id-S-CCPCH-LCR-InformationListExt-ResourceStatusInd	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 649
id-HARQ-Preamble-Mode	ProtocolIE-ID ::= 650
<u>id-SynchronisationIndicator</u>	<u>ProtocolIE-ID ::= 657</u>

END

}

END

