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| Technical Specification |
| 3rd Generation Partnership Project;Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals;Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS); User Equipment (UE) policies;Stage 3(Release 18) |
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# Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

x the first digit:

1 presented to TSG for information;

2 presented to TSG for approval;

3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.

y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.

z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

In the present document, certain modal verbs have the following meanings:

**shall** indicates a mandatory requirement to do something

**shall not** indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

NOTE 1: The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

NOTE 2: The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

**should** indicates a recommendation to do something

**should not** indicates a recommendation not to do something

**may** indicates permission to do something

**need not** indicates permission not to do something

NOTE 3: The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

**can** indicates that something is possible

**cannot** indicates that something is impossible

NOTE 4: The constructions "can" and "cannot" shall not to be used as substitutes for "may" and "need not".

**will** indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

**will not** indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

**might** indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

**might not** indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

**is** (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

**is not** (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

NOTE 5: The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

# 1 Scope

The present document defines User Equipment (UE) policies that are used to configure the UE for Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS) based on the architectural requirements defined in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

The protocol aspects for V2X services in 5G System (5GS) are described in 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non‑specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

[2] 3GPP TS 23.287: "Architecture enhancements for 5G System (5GS) to support Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services".

[3] 3GPP TS 24.587: "Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".

[4] 3GPP TS 24.501: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".

[5] ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers : <http://standards.iso.org/iso/ts/17419/TS17419%20Assigned%20Numbers/TS17419_ITS-AID_AssignedNumbers.pdf>

[6] ITU-T Recommendation E.212: "The international identification plan for public networks and subscriptions", 2016-09-23.

[7] 3GPP TS 23.032: "Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)".

[8] IEEE 1609.3 2016: "IEEE Standard for Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments (WAVE) -- Networking Services".

[9] ISO 29281-1 2013: "Intelligent transport systems -- Communication access for land mobiles (CALM) -- Non-IP networking -- Part 1: Fast networking & transport layer protocol (FNTP)".

[10] ETSI EN 302 636-3 v1.2.1: "Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS); Vehicular Communications; GeoNetworking; Part 3: Network Architecture".

[11] 3GPP TS 24.526: "UE policies for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".

[12] 3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".

[13] 3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".

[14] 3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".

[15] 3GPP TS 38.101-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".

[16] 3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".

[17] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".

# 3 Definitions of terms and abbreviations

## 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

**example:** text used to clarify abstract rules by applying them literally.

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 24.587 [3] apply:

**E-UTRA-PC5**

**NR-PC5**

**V2X service identifier**

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

V2X Vehicle-to-Everything

V2XP V2X Policy

# 4 Descriptions of UE policies for V2X

## 4.1 Overview

The V2XP in 5GS include:

- UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 (see clause 4.2); and

- UE policies for V2X communication over Uu (see clause 4.3).

The V2XP can be delivered from the PCF to the UE. The UE policy delivery procedure is specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4].

## 4.2 UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

The UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are defined in clause 5.2.3 of 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

NOTE: The generic description of the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are specified in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

## 4.3 UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

The UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are defined in clause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

NOTE: The generic description of the UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are specified in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

# 5 Encoding of UE policies for V2X

## 5.1 Overview

The UE policies for V2X are provided to the UE in a V2X policy (V2XP) UE policy part using the UE policy delivery service as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4] annex D.

## 5.2 Encoding of V2X policy (V2XP) UE policy part

### 5.2.1 General

The purpose of the V2XP is to indicate UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 and UE policies for V2X communication over Uu.

The V2XP is encoded as shown in figures 5.2.1.1 to 5.2.1.3 and table 5.2.1.1 according to the UE policy part top level format (see annex D of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| UE policy part contents length | octet 1octet 2 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | UE policy part type={ V2XP } | octet 3 |
| Spare |
| UE policy part contents={V2XP contents} | octet 4octet x |

Figure 5.2.1.1: UE policy part when UE policy part type = {V2XP}

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| V2XP info #1 | octet 4octet a |
| V2XP info #2 | octet (a+1)\*octet b\* |
| … | octet (b+1)\*octet w\* |
| V2XP info #n | octet (w+1)\*octet x\* |

Figure 5.2.1.2: V2XP contents

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | V2XP info type | octet k |
| Spare |
| Length of V2XP info contents | octet k+1octet k+2 |
| V2XP info contents | octet k+3octet l |

Figure 5.2.1.3: V2XP info

Table 5.2.1.1: V2XP information format

|  |
| --- |
| UE policy part type field is set to '0011' (=V2XP) as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4] annex D. |
|  |
| UE policy part contents length field indicate the length of the V2XP contents in octets. |
| V2XP contents (octets 4 to x) |
|  |
| V2XP contents consist of 1 or more V2XP info(s) (see figure 5.2.1.2). |
|  |
| V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set according to the following: |
| Bits |
| 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | UE policies for V2X communication over Uu |
| All other values are reserved. |
|  |
| Bits 8 to 5 of octet k are spare and shall be encoded as zero. |
|  |
| Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of the V2XP info contents field. |
|  |
| V2XP info contents (octets k+3 to l) can be UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 (see clause 5.3.1) or UE policies for V2X communication over Uu (see clause 5.4.1). |
|  |

## 5.3 Encoding of UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

### 5.3.1 General

The UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are coded as shown in figures 5.3.1.1 and table 5.3.1.1.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | V2XP info type = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5} | octet k |
| Spare |
| Length of V2XP info contents | octet k+1octet k+2 |
| Validity timer | octet k+3octet k+7 |
| VSITPMRI | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet k+8 |
| Served by E-UTRA or served by NR | octet k+9octet o1 |
| Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR | octet o1+1octet o2 |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules | octet (o2+1)\*octet o3\* |
| Privacy config | octet o124(see NOTE)octet o4 |
| V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 | octet o4+1octet o5 |
| V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 | octet o5+1octet l |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5}

Table 5.3.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5}

|  |
| --- |
| V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set to "0001" (UE policies for V2X communication over PC5) |
|  |
| Length of Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of V2XP info contents. |
|  |
|  |
| Validity timer:The validity timer field provides the expiration time of validity of the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5. The validity timer field is a binary coded representation of a UTC time, in seconds since midnight UTC of January 1, 1970 (not counting leap seconds). |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules indicator (VSITPMRI)The VSITPMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field.Bit**8**0 V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is absent1 V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is present |
|  |
| Served by E-UTRA or served by NR:The served by E-UTRA or served by NR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.2 and table 5.3.1.2, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 when the UE is served by E-UTRA or served by NR. |
|  |
| Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR:The not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.6 and table 5.3.1.6, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 when the UE is not served by E-UTRA or NR. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.12 and table 5.3.1.12, and contains a list of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules. |
|  |
| Privacy config:The Privacy config field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.15 and table 5.3.1.15, and contains configuration parameters for privacy configuration. |
|  |
| V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5:The V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.19 and table 5.3.1.19, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5. |
|  |
| V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5:The V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.31 and table 5.3.1.31, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5. |
|  |
| If the length of V2XP info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.1, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2XP info contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of served by E-UTRA or served by NR contents | octet k+9octet k+10 |
| Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations | octet k+11octet o1 |

Figure 5.3.1.2: Served by E-UTRA or served by NR

Table 5.3.1.2: Served by E-UTRA or served by NR

|  |
| --- |
| Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations:The authorized PLMN and RATs combinations field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.3 and table 5.3.1.3. |
|  |
| If the length of served by E-UTRA or served by NR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.2, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the served by E-UTRA or served by NR contents. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of authorized PLMN and RATs combinations contents | octet k+11octet k+12 |
| Authorized PLMN and RATs combination 1 | octet (k+13)\*octet (k+16)\* |
| Authorized PLMN and RATs combination 2 | octet (k+ 17)\*octet (k+20)\* |
| ... | octet (k+21)\*octet (k+8+n\*4)\* |
| Authorized PLMN and RATs combination n | octet (k+9+n\*4)\*octet (k+12+n\*4)\* = octet o1\* |

Figure 5.3.1.3: Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations

Table 5.3.1.3: Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations

|  |
| --- |
| Authorized PLMN and RATs combination:The authorized PLMN and RATs combination field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.4 and table 5.3.1.4. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| PLMN ID | octet k+17octet k+19 |
| EPIEN | NPIEN | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet k+20 |

Figure 5.3.1.4: Authorized PLMN and RATs combination

Table 5.3.1.4: Authorized PLMN and RATs combination

|  |
| --- |
| PLMN ID:The PLMN ID field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.5 and table 5.3.1.5. |
|  |
| E-UTRA-PC5 indicator when served by E-UTRA or served by NR (EPIEN):The EPIEN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over E-UTRA-PC5 in the PLMN indicated by the PLMN ID field when served by E-UTRA or served by NR.Bit**8**0 Not authorized1 Authorized |
|  |
| NR-PC5 indicator when served by E-UTRA or served by NR (NPIEN):The NPIEN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over NR-PC5 in the PLMN indicated by the PLMN ID field when served by E-UTRA or served by NR.Bit**7**0 Not authorized1 Authorized |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| MCC digit 2 | MCC digit 1 | octet k+17 |
| MNC digit 3 | MCC digit 3 | octet k+18 |
| MNC digit 2 | MNC digit 1 | octet k+19 |

Figure 5.3.1.5: PLMN ID

Table 5.3.1.5: PLMN ID

|  |
| --- |
| Mobile country code (MCC):The MCC field is coded as in ITU-T Recommendation E.212 [6], annex A. |
|  |
| Mobile network code (MNC):The coding of MNC field is the responsibility of each administration but BCD coding shall be used. The MNC shall consist of 2 or 3 digits. If a network operator decides to use only two digits in the MNC, MNC digit 3 shall be coded as "1111". |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR contents | octet o1+1octet o1+2 |
| EPINENN | NPINENN | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | VPNENNI | octet o1+3 |
| E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list | octet (o1+4)\*octet o121\* |
| NR radio parameters per geographical area list | octet o122\*(see NOTE)octet o2\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.6: Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR

Table 5.3.1.6: Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR

|  |
| --- |
| V2X communication over PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR indicator (VPNENNI):The VPNENNI bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR.Bit**1**0 Not authorized1 Authorized |
|  |
| E-UTRA-PC5 indicator when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR (PEINENN):The EPINENN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over E-UTRA-PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR.Bit**8**0 Not authorized1 Authorized |
|  |
| NR-PC5 indicator when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR (NPINENN):The NPINENN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over NR-PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR.Bit**7**0 Not authorized1 Authorized |
|  |
| E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list:If EPINENN bit is set to "Authorized", the E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list field is present otherwise the E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list field is absent. It is coded according to figure 5.3.1.7 and table 5.3.1.7. |
| NR radio parameters per geographical area list:If NPINENN bit is set to "Authorized", the NR radio parameters per geographical area list field is present otherwise the NR radio parameters per geographical area list field is absent. It is coded according to figure 5.3.1.7 and table 5.3.1.7. |
| If the length of not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.6, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR contents. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of radio parameters per geographical area list contents | octet o1+4octet o1+5 |
| Radio parameters per geographical area info 1 | octet (o1+6)\*octet o6\* |
| Radio parameters per geographical area info 2 | octet (o6+1)\*octet o7\* |
| ... | octet (o7+1)\*octet o8\* |
| Radio parameters per geographical area info n | octet (o8+1)\*octet o121\* |

Figure 5.3.1.7: Radio parameters per geographical area list

Table 5.3.1.7: Radio parameters per geographical area list

|  |
| --- |
| Radio parameters per geographical area info:The radio parameters per geographical area info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.8 and table 5.3.1.8. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of radio parameters per geographical area contents | octet o6+1octet o6+2 |
| Geographical area | octet o6+3octet o9 |
| Radio parameters | octet o9+1octet o7-1 |
| MI | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o7 |

Figure 5.3.1.8: Radio parameters per geographical area info

Table 5.3.1.8: Radio parameters per geographical area info

|  |
| --- |
| Geographical area:The geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.9 and table 5.3.1.9. |
|  |
| Radio parameters:The radio parameters field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.11 and table 5.3.1.11, applicable in the geographical area indicated by the geographical area field when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR. |
|  |
| Managed indicator (MI):The Managed indicator indicates how the radio parameters indicated in the radio parameters field in the geographical area indicated by the geographical area field are managed.Bit**8**0 Non-operator managed1 Operator managed |
|  |
| If the length of radio parameters per geographical area contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.8, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the radio parameters per geographical area contents. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of geographical area contents | octet o6+3octet o6+4 |
| Coordinate 1 | octet (o6+5)\*octet (o6+10)\* |
| Coordinate 2 | octet (o6+11)\*octet (o6+16)\* |
| ... | octet (o6+17)\*octet (o6-2+6\*n)\* |
| Coordinate n | octet (o6-1+6\*n)\*octet (o6+4+6\*n)\* = octet o9\* |

Figure 5.3.1.9: Geographical area

Table 5.3.1.9: Geographical area

|  |
| --- |
| Coordinate:The coordinate field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.10 and table 5.3.1.10. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Latitude | octet o6+11octet o6+13 |
| Longitude | octet o6+14octet o6+16 |

Figure 5.3.1.10: Coordinate area

Table 5.3.1.10: Coordinate area

|  |
| --- |
| Latitude:The latitude field is coded according to clause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7]. |
|  |
| Longitude:The longitude field is coded according to clause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7]. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of radio parameters contents | octet o9+1octet o9+2 |
| Radio parameters contents | octet o9+3octet o7-1 |

Figure 5.3.1.11: Radio parameters

Table 5.3.1.11: Radio parameters

|  |
| --- |
| Radio parameters contents:In E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list, radio parameters are defined as *SL-V2X-Preconfiguration* in clause 9 of 3GPP TS 36.331 [16].In NR radio parameters per geographical area list, radio parameters are defined as *SL-PreconfigurationNR* in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12]. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules contents | octet o2+1octet o2+2 |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule 1 | octet (o2+3)\*octet o10\* |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule 2 | octet (o10+1)\*octet o11\* |
| ... | octet (o11+1)\*octet o12\* |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule n | octet (o12+1)\*octet o3\* |

Figure 5.3.1.12: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.12: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.13 and table 5.3.1.13. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule contents | octet o10+1octet o10+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o10+3octet o79 |
| 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | UINTI | BGNTI | PC5 RAT(s) | octet o79+1 |
| Length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles | octet (o79+2)\* |
| E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles | octet (o79+3)\*octet o82\*  |
| Broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile | octet o113\* (see NOTE) |
| Unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile | octet o114\* = o11\* (see NOTE) |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.13: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.13: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
| Unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile indicator (UINTI)The UINTI bit indicates presence of the unicast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field.Bit**4**0 unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent1 unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field is present |
| Broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile indicator (BGNTI)The BGNTI bit indicates presence of the broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field.Bit**3**0 broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent1 broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is present |
|  |
| If the PC5 RAT field is set to "E-UTRA-PC5", then the BGNTI bit is set to "broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent" and the UINTI bit is set to "unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent". If the PC5 RAT field is set to "NR-PC5" or "Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5", then the BGNTI bit can be set to "broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent" or "broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is present", and the UINTI bit can be set to "unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field is absent" or "unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field is present". |
|  |
| PC5 RAT(s):The PC5 RAT(s) field indicates the PC5 RAT(s) mapped to the V2X service identifiers.**Bits**2 10 0 E-UTRA-PC50 1 NR-PC51 0 Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5All other values are spare.If the PC5 RAT field is set to "E-UTRA-PC5" or "Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5", the length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field and the E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field are present otherwise the length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field and the E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field are absent. If the PC5 RAT field is set to a spare value, the receiving entity shall ignore the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule. |
|  |
| E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles: |
| The E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field is coded as *v2x-TxProfileList* in clause 9.3.2 of 3GPP TS 36.331 [16]. |
|  |
| Broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field: |
| The broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field indicates NR Tx profile corresponding to the NR-PC5 for broadcast mode V2X communication over PC5 and groupcast mode V2X communication over PC5.The broadcast and groupcast mode NR-PC5 Tx profile field is coded as *SL-TxProfile-r17* in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12]. |
| Unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field:The unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field indicates NR Tx profile corresponding to transmitting and receiving initial signalling of the PC5 unicast link establishment.The unicast mode initial signalling NR-PC5 Tx profile field is coded as *SL-TxProfile-r17* in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12]. |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.13, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifiers contents | octet o10+3octet o10+4 |
| V2X service identifier 1 | octet (o10+5)\*octet (o10+8)\* |
| V2X service identifier 2 | octet (o10+9)\*octet (o10+12)\* |
| ... | octet (o10+13)\*octet (o10+n\*4)\* |
| V2X service identifier n | octet (o10+1+n\*4)\*octet (o10+4+n\*4)\* = octet o79\* |

Figure 5.3.1.14: V2X service identifiers

Table 5.3.1.14: V2X service identifiers

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier:The V2X service identifier field contains a binary coded V2X service identifier as specified in ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers [5]. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of privacy config contents | octet o124octet o124+1 |
| V2X services requiring privacy | octet o124+2octet o4-2 |
| Privacy timer | octet o4-1octet o4 |

Figure 5.3.1.15: Privacy config

Table 5.3.1.15: Privacy config

|  |
| --- |
| V2X services requiring privacy:The V2X services requiring privacy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.16 and table 5.3.1.16. |
|  |
| Privacy timer: |
| The privacy timer field contains binary encoded duration, in units of seconds, after which the UE shall change the source Layer-2 ID self-assigned by the UE while performing transmission of V2X communication over the PC5 when privacy is required. |
|  |
| If the length of privacy config contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.15, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the privacy config contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X services requiring privacy contents | octet o124+2octet o124+3 |
| V2X service requiring privacy 1 | octet (o124+4)\*octet o12\* |
| V2X service requiring privacy 2 | octet (o12+1)\*octet o13\* |
| ... | octet (o13+1)\*octet o14\* |
| V2X service requiring privacy n | octet (o14+1)\*octet (o4-2)\* |

Figure 5.3.1.16: V2X services requiring privacy

Table 5.3.1.16: V2X services requiring privacy

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service requiring privacy:The V2X service requiring privacy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.17 and table 5.3.1.17. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service requiring privacy contents | octet o12+1octet o12+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o12+3octet o15 |
| Geographical areas | octet o15+1octet o13 |

Figure 5.3.1.17: V2X service requiring privacy

Table 5.3.1.17: V2X service requiring privacy

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Geographical areas:The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service requiring privacy contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.17, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service requiring privacy contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of geographical areas contents | octet o15+1octet o15+2 |
| Geographical area 1 | octet (o15+3)\*octet o23\* |
| Geographical area 2 | octet (o23+1)\*octet o24\* |
| ... | octet (o24+1)\*octet o25\* |
| Geographical area n | octet (o25+1)\*octet o13\* |

Figure 5.3.1.18: Geographical areas

Table 5.3.1.18: Geographical areas

|  |
| --- |
| Geographical area:The geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.9 and table 5.3.1.9. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 contents | octet o4+1octet o4+2 |
| DDL2II | VSIEFMRI | VSAPI | PPMR | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o4+3 |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules | octet o4+4octet o26 |
| PPPP to PDB mapping rules | octet (o26+1)\*octet o27\* |
| V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules | octet o120\*(see NOTE)octet o28\* |
| V2X services authorized for PPPR | octet o106\* (see NOTE)octet o29\* |
| Default destination layer-2 ID | octet o107\* (see NOTE)octet (o107+2)\* = octet o5\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.19: V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5

Table 5.3.1.19: V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5

|  |
| --- |
| Default destination layer-2 ID indicator (DDL2II):The DDL2II bit indicates presence of the default destination layer-2 ID field.Bit**8**0 Default destination layer-2 ID field is absent1 Default destination layer-2 ID field is present |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules indicator (VSIEFMRI):The VSIEFMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field.Bit**7**0 V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is absent1 V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is present |
|  |
| V2X services authorized for PPPR indicator (VSAPI):The VSAPI bit indicates presence of the V2X services authorized for PPPR field.Bit**6**0 V2X services authorized for PPPR field is absent1 V2X services authorized for PPPR field is present |
| PPPP to PDB mapping rules indicator (PPMRI):The PPMRI bit indicates presence of the PPPP to PDB mapping rules field.Bit**5**0 PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is absent1 PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is present |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.20 and table 5.3.1.20. |
|  |
| PPPP to PDB mapping rules:The PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.22 and table 5.3.1.22. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.24 and table 5.3.1.24. |
|  |
| V2X services authorized for PPPR:The V2X services authorized for PPPR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.29 and table 5.3.1.29. |
|  |
| Default destination layer-2 ID:The default destination layer-2 ID field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.19, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules contents | octet o4+4octet o4+5 |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule 1 | octet (o4+6)\*octet o19\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule 2 | octet (o19+1)\*octet o20\* |
| ... | octet (o20+1)\*octet o21\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule n | octet (o21+1)\*octet o26\* |

Figure 5.3.1.20: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.20: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.21 and table 5.3.1.21. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule contents | octet o19+1octet o19+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o19+3octet o22 |
| Destination layer-2 ID | octet o22+1octet (o22+3) = octet o20 |

Figure 5.3.1.21: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.21: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Destination layer-2 ID:The destination layer-2 ID field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.21, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PPPP to PDB mapping rules contents | octet o26+1octet o26+2 |
| PPPP to PDB mapping rule 1 | octet (o26+3)\*octet (o26+5)\* |
| PPPP to PDB mapping rule 2 | octet (o26+6)\*octet (o26+8)\* |
| ... | octet (o26+9)\*octet (o26+3\*n-1)\* |
| PPPP to PDB mapping rule n | octet (o26+3\*n)\*octet (o26+2+3\*n)\*= octet o27\* |

Figure 5.3.1.22: PPPP to PDB mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.22: PPPP to PDB mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| PPPP to PDB mapping rule:The PPPP to PDB mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.23 and table 5.3.1.23. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | PPPP | octet o26+6 |
| PDB | octet o26+7octet o26+8 |

Figure 5.3.1.23: PPPP to PDB mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.23: PPPP to PDB mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| ProSe per-packet priority (PPPP):The PPPP field is a ProSe per-packet priority value.Bits**3 2 1**0 0 0 PPPP value 10 0 1 PPPP value 20 1 0 PPPP value 30 1 1 PPPP value 41 0 0 PPPP value 51 0 1 PPPP value 61 1 0 PPPP value 71 1 1 PPPP value 8 |
|  |
| Packet delay budget (PDB): |
| The PDB field indicates binary encoded the packet delay budget value in miliseconds to which the ProSe per-packet priority value indicated by the PPPP field is mapped. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules contents | octet o120\*octet (o120+2)\* |
| V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule 1 | octet (o120+3)\*octet o33\* |
| V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule 2 | octet (o33+1)\*octet o34\* |
| ... | octet (o34+1)\*octet o35\* |
| V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule n | octet (o35+1)\*octet o28\* |

Figure 5.3.1.24: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.24: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule is coded according to figure 5.3.1.25 and table 5.3.1.25. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule contents | octet o33+1octet o33+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o33+3octet o39 |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list | octet o39+1octet o34 |

Figure 5.3.1.25: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.25: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list:The V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.26 and table 5.3.1.26. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.25, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list contents | octet o39+1octet o39+2 |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info 1 | octet (o39+3)\*octet o40\* |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info 2 | octet (o40+1)\*octet o41\* |
| ... | octet (o41+1)\*octet o42\* |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info n | octet (o42+1)\*octet o34\* |

Figure 5.3.1.26: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list

Table 5.3.1.26: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list

|  |
| --- |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info:The V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.27 and table 5.3.1.27. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info contents | octet o40+1octet o40+2 |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies | octet o40+3octet o43 |
| Geographical areas | octet o43+1octet o41 |

Figure 5.3.1.27: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info

Table 5.3.1.27: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info

|  |
| --- |
| V2X E-UTRA frequencies:The V2X E-UTRA frequencies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.28 and table 5.3.1.28. |
|  |
| Geographical areas:The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.27, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X E-UTRA frequencies contents | octet o40+3octet o40+4 |
| V2X E-UTRA frequency 1 | octet (o40+5)\*octet (o40+7)\* |
| V2X E-UTRA frequency 2 | octet (o40+8)\*octet (o40+10)\* |
| ... | octet (o40+11)\*octet (o40+4+(n-1)\*3)\* |
| V2X E-UTRA frequency n | octet (o40+5+(n-1)\*3)\*octet (o40+4+n\*3)\* = octet o42\* |

Figure 5.3.1.28: V2X E-UTRA frequencies

Table 5.3.1.28: V2X E-UTRA frequencies

|  |
| --- |
| V2X E-UTRA frequency:V2X E-UTRA frequency is coded according to the EARFCN value defined in 3GPP TS 36.101 [13]. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X services authorized for PPPR contents | octet o106octet o106+1 |
| V2X service authorized for PPPR 1 | octet (o106+2)\*octet o36\* |
| V2X service authorized for PPPR 2 | octet (o36+1)\*octet o37\* |
| ... | octet (o37+1)\*octet o38\* |
| V2X service authorized for PPPR n | octet (o38+1)\*octet o29\* |

Figure 5.3.1.29: V2X services authorized for PPPR

Table 5.3.1.29: V2X services authorized for PPPR

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service authorized for PPPR:The V2X services authorized for PPPR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.30 and table 5.3.1.30. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service authorized for PPPR contents | octet o36+1octet o36+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o36+3octet o37-1 |
| 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | PPPR | octet o37 |

Figure 5.3.1.30: V2X service authorized for PPPR

Table 5.3.1.30: V2X service authorized for PPPR

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| ProSe per-packet reliability (PPPR):The PPPR field is a ProSe per-packet reliability value.Bits**3 2 1**0 0 0 PPPR value 10 0 1 PPPR value 20 1 0 PPPR value 30 1 1 PPPR value 41 0 0 PPPR value 51 0 1 PPPR value 61 1 0 PPPR value 71 1 1 PPPR value 8 |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service authorized for PPPR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.30, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service authorized for PPPR contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 contents | octet o5+1octet o5+2 |
| DDL2IBI | VSINFMRI | PDBGI | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o5+3 |
| V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules | octet (o5+4)\*octet o45\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules | octet o108(see NOTE)octet o46 |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules | octet o46+1octet o47 |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules | octet o47+1octet o48 |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules | octet o48+1octet o49 |
| AS configuration | octet o49+1octet o50 |
| Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast | octet (o50+1)\*octet (o50+3)\*  |
| NR-PC5 unicast security policies | octet o93 (see NOTE)octet o84 |
| V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules | octet (o84+1)octet o85 |
| PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling | octet (o85+1)\*octet o123\* = octet l |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.31: V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5

Table 5.3.1.31: V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5

|  |
| --- |
| Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast indicator (DDL2IBI):The DDL2IBI bit indicates presence of the default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field.Bit**8**0 Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is absent1 Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is present |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules indicator (VSINFMRI):The VSINFMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field.Bit**7**0 V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is absent1 V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is present |
|  |
| PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling indicator (PDBGI):The PDBGI bit indicates presence of the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast groupcast and unicast initial signalling field.Bit**6**0 PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling field is absent1 PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling field is present |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.32 and table 5.3.1.32. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.37 and table 5.3.1.37. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.39 and table 5.3.1.39. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.41 and table 5.3.1.41. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.43 and table 5.3.1.43. |
|  |
| AS configuration:The AS configuration field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.46a and table 5.3.1.46a. |
|  |
| Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast:The default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier. |
|  |
| NR-PC5 unicast security policies:The NR-PC5 unicast security policies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.50 and table 5.3.1.50. |
| V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules:The V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules is coded according to figure 5.3.1.53 and table 5.3.1.53. |
| PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling.The PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling field indicates the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR, and is coded according to figure 5.3.1.55 and table 5.3.1.55. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.31, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules contents | octet o5+4octet o5+5 |
| V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule 1 | octet (o5+6)\*octet o51\* |
| V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule 2 | octet (o51+1)\*octet o52\* |
| ... | octet (o52+1)\*octet o53\* |
| V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule n | octet (o53+1)\*octet o45\* |

Figure 5.3.1.32: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.32: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule is coded according to figure 5.3.1.33 and table 5.3.1.33. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule contents | octet o51+1octet o51+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o51+3octet o54 |
| V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list | octet o54+1octet o52 |

Figure 5.3.1.33: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.33: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list:The V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.34 and table 5.3.1.34. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.33, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list contents | octet o54+1octet o54+2 |
| V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info 1 | octet (o54+3)\*octet o55\* |
| V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info 2 | octet (o55+1)\*octet o56\* |
| ... | octet (o56+1)\*octet o57\* |
| V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info n | octet (o57+1)\*octet o52\* |

Figure 5.3.1.34: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list

Table 5.3.1.34: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list

|  |
| --- |
| V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info:The V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.35 and table 5.3.1.35. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info contents | octet o55+1octet o55+2 |
| V2X NR frequencies | octet o55+3octet o58 |
| Geographical areas | octet o58+1octet o56 |

Figure 5.3.1.35: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info

Table 5.3.1.35: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info

|  |
| --- |
| V2X NR frequencies:The V2X NR frequencies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.36 and table 5.3.1.36. |
|  |
| Geographical areas:The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.35, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X NR frequencies contents | octet o55+3octet o55+4 |
| V2X NR frequency 1 | octet (o55+5)\*octet (o55+7)\* |
| V2X NR frequency 2 | octet (o55+8)\*octet (o55+10)\* |
| ... | octet (o55+11)\*octet (o55+4+(n-1)\*3)\* |
| V2X NR frequency n | octet (o55+5+(n-1)\*3)\*octet (o55+4+n\*3)\* = octet o58\* |

Figure 5.3.1.36: V2X NR frequencies

Table 5.3.1.36: V2X NR frequencies

|  |
| --- |
| V2X NR frequency:V2X NR frequency is coded according to the NR-ARFCN value defined in 3GPP TS 38.101-1 [14] and 3GPP TS 38.101-2 [15]. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules contents | octet o108octet o108+1 |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule 1 | octet (o108+2)\*octet o59\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule 2 | octet (o59+1)\*octet o60\* |
| ... | octet (o60+1)\*octet o61\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule n | octet (o61+1)\*octet o46\* |

Figure 5.3.1.37: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.37: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.38 and table 5.3.1.38. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule contents | octet o59+1octet o59+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o59+3octet o62 |
| Destination layer-2 ID for broadcast | octet o62+1octet (o62+3) = octet o60 |

Figure 5.3.1.38: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.38: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Destination layer-2 ID for broadcast:The destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.38, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules contents | octet o46+1octet o46+2 |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule 1 | octet (o46+3)\*octet o63\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule 2 | octet (o63+1)\*octet o64\* |
| ... | octet (o64+1)\*octet o65\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule n | octet (o65+1)\*octet o47\* |

Figure 5.3.1.39: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.39: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.40 and table 5.3.1.40. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule contents | octet o63+1octet o63+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o63+3octet o80 |
| Destination layer-2 ID for groupcast | octet o80+1octet (o80+3) = octet o64 |

Figure 5.3.1.40: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.40: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Destination layer-2 ID for groupcast:The destination layer-2 ID for groupcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.40, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules contents | octet o47+1octet o47+2 |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule 1 | octet (o47+3)\*octet o66\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule 2 | octet (o66+1)\*octet o67\* |
| ... | octet (o67+1)\*octet o68\* |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule n | octet (o68+1)\*octet o48\* |

Figure 5.3.1.41: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.41: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.42 and table 5.3.1.42. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule contents | octet o66+1octet o66+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o66+3octet o81 |
| Destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling | octet o81+1octet (o81+3) = octet o67 |

Figure 5.3.1.42: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.42: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling:The destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.42, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules contents | octet o48+1octet o48+2 |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule 1 | octet (o48+3)\*octet o70\* |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule 2 | octet (o70+1)\*octet o71\* |
| ... | octet (o71+1)\*octet o72\* |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule n | octet (o72+1)\*octet o49\* |

Figure 5.3.1.43: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.43: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.46 and table 5.3.1.46. |
|  |

Figure 5.3.1.44: void

Table 5.3.1.44: void

Figure 5.3.1.45: void

Table 5.3.1.45: void

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents | octet o70+1octet o70+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o70+3octet o74 |
| GFBRI | MFBRI | PLAMBRI | RI | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o74+1 |
| PQI | octet o74+2 |
| Guaranteed flow bit rate | octet (o74+3)\*octet (o74+5)\* |
| Maximum flow bit rate | octet (o94)\* (see NOTE)octet (o94+2)\* |
| Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate | octet (o95)\* (see NOTE)octet (o95+2)\* |
| Range | octet (o96)\* (see NOTE)octet (o96+2)\* = octet o71\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.46: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.46: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Guaranteed flow bit rate indicator (GFBRI):The GFBRI bit indicates presence of guaranteed flow bit rate field.Bit**8**0 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is absent1 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is present |
|  |
| Maximum flow bit rate indicator (MFBRI):The MFBRI bit indicates presence of maximum flow bit rate field.Bit**7**0 Maximum flow bit rate field is absent1 Maximum flow bit rate field is present |
|  |
| Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate indicator (PLAMBRI):The PLAMBRI bit indicates presence of per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field.Bit**6**0 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is absent1 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is present |
|  |
| Range indicator (RI):The RI bit indicates presence of range field.Bit**5**0 Range field is absent1 Range field is present |
|  |
| PQI:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Reserved0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 to Spare0 0 0 1 0 1 0 00 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 PQI 210 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 PQI 220 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 PQI 230 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 to Spare0 0 1 1 0 1 1 00 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 PQI 550 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 PQI 560 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 PQI 570 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 PQI 580 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 PQI 590 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 to Spare0 1 0 1 1 0 0 10 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 PQI 900 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 PQI 910 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 to Spare0 1 1 1 1 1 1 11 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to Operator-specific PQIs1 1 1 1 1 1 1 01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ReservedIf the UE receives a PQI value (excluding the reserved PQI values) that it does not understand, the UE shall choose a PQI value from the set of PQI values defined in this version of the protocol (see 3GPP TS 23.287 [2]) and associated with: - GBR resource type, if the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule includes the guaranteed flow bit rate field; and - non-GBR resource type, if the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule does not include the guaranteed flow bit rate field.The UE shall use this chosen PQI value for internal operations only. The UE shall use the received PQI value in subsequent V2X communication over PC5 signalling procedures. |
|  |
| Guaranteed flow bit rate:The guaranteed flow bit rate field indicates guaranteed flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the guaranteed flow bit rate.Unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 PbpsOther values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.Value of the guaranteed flow bit rate is binary coded value of the guaranteed flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate. |
|  |
| Maximum flow bit rate:The maximum flow bit rate field indicates maximum flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the maximum flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the maximum flow bit rate.Unit of the maximum flow bit rate:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 PbpsOther values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.Value of the maximum flow bit rate is binary coded value of the maximum flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the maximum flow bit rate. |
|  |
| Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:The per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field indicates per-link aggregate maximum bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate.Unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 PbpsOther values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.Value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate is binary coded value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate in units defined by the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate. |
|  |
| Range The range field indicates a binary encoded value of the range in meters. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.46, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of AS configuration contents | octet o49+1octet o49+2 |
| SLRB mapping rules | octet o49+3octet o50 |

Figure 5.3.1.46a: AS configuration

Table 5.3.1.46a: AS configuration

|  |
| --- |
| SLRB mapping rules:The SLRB mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.47 and table 5.3.1.47. |
|  |
| If the length of AS configuration contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.46a, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the AS configuration contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of SLRB mapping rules contents | octet o49+3octet o49+4 |
| SLRB mapping rule 1 | octet (o49+5)\*octet o75\* |
| SLRB mapping rule 2 | octet (o75+1)\*octet o76\* |
| ... | octet (o76+1)\*octet o77\* |
| SLRB mapping rule n | octet (o77+1)\*octet o50\* |

Figure 5.3.1.47: SLRB mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.47: SLRB mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| SLRB mapping rule:The SLRB mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.48 and table 5.3.1.48. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of SLRB mapping rule contents | octet o75+1octet o75+2 |
| PC5 QoS profile | octet o75+3octet o78 |
| Length of SLRB | octet o78+1octet o78+2 |
| SLRB | octet o78+3octet o76 |

Figure 5.3.1.48: SLRB mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.48: SLRB mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| PC5 QoS profile:The PC5 QoS profile field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.49 and table 5.3.1.49. |
|  |
| SLRB |
| SLRB is defined as *SL-PreconfigurationNR* in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12]. |
|  |
| If the length of SLRB mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.48, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the SLRB mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PC5 QoS profile contents | octet o75+3octet o75+4 |
| GFBRI | MFBRI | PLAMBRI | RI | PLOI | AWI | MDBVI | 0Spare | octet o73+5 |
| PQI | octet o75+6 |
| Guaranteed flow bit rate | octet (o75+7)\*octet (o75+9)\* |
| Maximum flow bit rate | octet o97\* (see NOTE)octet (o97+2)\* |
| Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate | octet o98\* (see NOTE)octet (o98+2)\* |
| Range | octet o99\* (see NOTE)octet (o99+1)\* |
| 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | Priority level | octet o100\*(see NOTE) |
| Averaging window | octet o101\*(see NOTE)octet (o101+1)\* |
| Maximum data burst volume | octet o102\*(see NOTE)octet (o102+1)\* = octet o78\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.49:PC5 QoS profile

Table 5.3.1.49:PC5 QoS profile

|  |
| --- |
| Guaranteed flow bit rate indicator (GFBRI):The GFBRI bit indicates presence of guaranteed flow bit rate field.Bit**8**0 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is absent1 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is present |
|  |
| Maximum flow bit rate indicator (MFBRI):The MFBRI bit indicates presence of maximum flow bit rate field.Bit**7**0 Maximum flow bit rate field is absent1 Maximum flow bit rate field is present |
|  |
| Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate indicator (PLAMBRI):The PLAMBRI bit indicates presence of per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field.Bit**6**0 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is absent1 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is present |
|  |
| Range indicator (RI):The RI bit indicates presence of range field.Bit**5**0 Range field is absent1 Range field is present |
|  |
| Priority level octet indicator (OPLI):The OPLI bit indicates presence of the octet of the priority level field.Bit**4**0 The octet of the priority level is absent1 The octet of the priority level is present |
|  |
| Averaging window indicator (AWI):The AWI bit indicates presence of averaging window field.Bit**3**0 Averaging window field is absent1 Averaging window field is present |
|  |
| Maximum data burst volume indicator (MDBVI):The MDBVI bit indicates presence of maximum data burst volume field.Bit**2**0 Maximum data burst volume field is absent1 Maximum data burst volume field is present |
|  |
| PQI:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Reserved0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 to Spare0 0 0 1 0 1 0 00 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 PQI 210 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 PQI 220 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 PQI 230 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 to Spare0 0 1 1 0 1 1 00 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 PQI 550 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 PQI 560 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 PQI 570 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 PQI 580 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 PQI 590 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 to Spare0 1 0 1 1 0 0 10 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 PQI 900 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 PQI 910 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 to Spare0 1 1 1 1 1 1 11 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to Operator-specific PQIs1 1 1 1 1 1 1 01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ReservedIf the UE receives a PQI value (excluding the reserved PQI values) that it does not understand, the UE shall choose a PQI value from the set of PQI values defined in this version of the protocol (see 3GPP TS 23.287 [2]) and associated with: - GBR resource type, if the PC5 QoS profile includes the guaranteed flow bit rate field; and - non-GBR resource type, if the PC5 QoS profile does not include the guaranteed flow bit rate field.The UE shall use this chosen PQI value for internal operations only. The UE shall use the received PQI value in subsequent V2X communication over PC5 signalling procedures. |
|  |
| Guaranteed flow bit rate:The guaranteed flow bit rate field indicates guaranteed flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the guaranteed flow bit rate.Unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 PbpsOther values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.Value of the guaranteed flow bit rate is binary coded value of the guaranteed flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate. |
|  |
| Maximum flow bit rate:The maximum flow bit rate field indicates maximum flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the maximum flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the maximum flow bit rate.Unit of the maximum flow bit rate:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 PbpsOther values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.Value of the maximum flow bit rate is binary coded value of the maximum flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the maximum flow bit rate. |
|  |
| Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:The per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field indicates per-link aggregate maximum bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate.Unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:Bits**8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1**0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 PbpsOther values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.Value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate is binary coded value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate in units defined by the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate. |
|  |
| Range:The range field indicates a binary encoded value of the range in meters. |
|  |
| Priority level:The Priority level field contains a ProSe per-packet priority value.Bits**3 2 1**0 0 0 PPPP value 10 0 1 PPPP value 20 1 0 PPPP value 30 1 1 PPPP value 41 0 0 PPPP value 51 0 1 PPPP value 61 1 0 PPPP value 71 1 1 PPPP value 8 |
|  |
| Averaging window:The averaging window field indicates a binary representation of the averaging window for both sending and receiving in milliseconds. |
|  |
| Maximum data burst volume:The maximum data burst volume field indicates a binary representation of the maximum data burst volume for both sending and receiving in octets. |
|  |
| If the length of PC5 QoS profile contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.49, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PC5 QoS profile contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of NR-PC5 unicast security policies contents | octet o93octet o93+1 |
| NR-PC5 unicast security policy 1 | octet (o93+2)\*octet o86\* |
| NR-PC5 unicast security policy 2 | octet (o86+1)\*octet o87\* |
| ... | octet (o87+1)\*octet o88\* |
| NR-PC5 unicast security policy n | octet (o88+1)\*octet o84\* |

Figure 5.3.1.50: NR-PC5 unicast security policies

Table 5.3.1.50: NR-PC5 unicast security policies

|  |
| --- |
| NR-PC5 unicast security policy:The NR-PC5 unicast security policy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.51 and table 5.3.1.51. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of NR-PC5 unicast security policy contents | octet o86+1octet o86+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o86+3octet o89 |
| Security policy | octet o89+1octet o89+2 |
| Geographical areas | octet o89+3octet o87 |

Figure 5.3.1.51: NR-PC5 unicast security policy

Table 5.3.1.51: NR-PC5 unicast security policy

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Security policy: |
| The security policy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.52 and table 5.3.1.52 |
|  |
| Geographical areas:The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.If the length of NR-PC5 unicast security policy contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.51, the receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the NR-PC5 unicast security policy contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 0spare | Signalling ciphering policy | 0spare | Signalling integrity protection policy | octet o89+1 |
| 0spare | User plane ciphering policy | 0spare | User plane integrity protection policy | octet o89+2 |

Figure 5.3.1.52: Security policy

Table 5.3.1.52: Security policy

|  |
| --- |
| Signalling integrity protection policy (octet o89+1, bit 1 to 3): |
| Bits |
| **3** | **2** | **1** |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |  | Signalling integrity protection not needed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |  | Signalling integrity protection preferred |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |  | Signalling integrity protection required |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  to Spare |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  | Reserved |
|  |
| If the UE receives a signalling integrity protection policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "Signalling integrity protection required". Signalling ciphering policy (octet o89+1, bit 5 to 7): |
| Bits |
| **7** | **6** | **5** |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |  | Signalling ciphering not needed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |  | Signalling ciphering preferred |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |  | Signalling ciphering required |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  to Spare |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  | Reserved |
|  |
| If the UE receives a signalling ciphering policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "Signalling ciphering required".Bit 4 and 8 of octet o89+1 are spare and shall be coded as zero. |
|  |
| User plane integrity protection policy (octet o89+2, bit 1 to 3): |
| Bits |
| **3** | **2** | **1** |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |  | User plane integrity protection not needed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |  | User plane integrity protection preferred |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |  | User plane integrity protection required |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  to Spare |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  | Reserved |
|  |
| If the UE receives a user plane integrity protection policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "User plane integrity protection required".User plane ciphering policy (octet o89+2, bit 5 to 7): |
| Bits |
| **7** | **6** | **5** |  |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |  | User plane ciphering not needed |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |  | User plane ciphering preferred |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |  | User plane ciphering required |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
|  to Spare |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |  | Reserved |
|  |
| If the UE receives a user plane ciphering policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "User plane ciphering required".Bit 4 and 8 of octet o89+2 are spare and shall be coded as zero. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules contents | octet o84+1octet o84+2 |
| V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule 1 | octet (o84+3)\*octet o90\* |
| V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule 2 | octet (o90+1)\*octet o91\* |
| ... | octet (o91+1)\*octet o92\* |
| V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule n | octet (o92+1)\*octet o85\* |

Figure 5.3.1.53: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.53: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule:The V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.54 and table 5.3.1.54. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents | octet o90+1octet o90+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o90+3octet o91-1 |
| 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | DMC | octet o91 |

Figure 5.3.1.54: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.54: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiers:The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. |
|  |
| Default mode of communication (DMC):The DMC field indicates the default mode of communication.Bits**2 1**0 0 unicast0 1 groupcast1 0 broadcast1 1 spareIf the DMC field is set to a spare value, the receiving entity shall ignore the V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.54, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling contents | octet o85+1octet o85+2 |
| PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules | octet o85+3octet o103 |
| Default PC5 DRX configuration | octet o103+1octet o123 |

Figure 5.3.1.55: PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling

Table 5.3.1.55: PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling

|  |
| --- |
| PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules:The PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.56 and table 5.3.1.56. |
|  |
| Default PC5 DRX configuration:The default PC5 DRX configuration field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.58 and table 5.3.1.58. |
|  |
| If the length of PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast and unicast initial signalling contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.55, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast, groupcast contents and unicast initial signalling. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules contents | octet o85+3octet o85+4 |
| PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule 1 | octet (o85+5)\*octet o124\* |
| PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule 2 | octet (o124+1)\*octet o125\* |
| ... | octet (o125+1)\*octet o126\* |
| PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule n | octet (o126+1)\*octet o123\* |

Figure 5.3.1.56: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.56: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule:The PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.57 and table 5.3.1.57. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule contents | octet o124+1octet o124+2 |
| PC5 QoS profile | octet o124+3octet o127 |
| PC5 DRX cycle | octet oo127+1octet o125 |

Figure 5.3.1.57: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.57: PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| PC5 QoS profile:The PC5 QoS profile field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.49 and table 5.3.1.49. |
|  |
| PC5 DRX cycle |
| The PC5 DRX cycle field is coded as *sl-DRX-GC-BC-Cycle-r17* in clause 6.3.5 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12]. |
|  |
| If the length of PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.z, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PC5 QoS profile to PC5 DRX cycle mapping rule contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of default PC5 DRX configuration contents | octet o103+1octet o103+2 |
| Default PC5 DRX configuration contents | octet o103+3octet o123 |

Figure 5.3.1.58: Default PC5 DRX configuration

Table 5.3.1.58: Default PC5 DRX configuration

|  |
| --- |
| Default PC5 DRX configuration contents:The default PC5 DRX configuration field is coded as *sl-DefaultDRX-GC-BC-r17* in clause 6.3.5 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12]. |
|  |

## 5.4 Encoding of UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

### 5.4.1 General

The UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are coded as shown in figures 5.4.1.1 and table 5.4.1.1.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | V2XP info type = {UE policies for V2X communication over Uu} | octet k |
| Spare |
| Length of V2XP info contents | octet k+1octet k+2 |
| Validity timer | octet k+3octet k+7 |
| VPSPI | PII | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet (k+8)\* |
| V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules | octet (k+9)\*octet o1\* |
| PLMN infos | octet o29\*(see NOTE)octet l\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over Uu}

Table 5.4.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over Uu}

|  |
| --- |
| V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set to "0010" (UE policies for V2X communication over Uu) |
|  |
| Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of V2XP info contents. |
|  |
| Validity timerThe validity timer field provides the expiration time of validity of the UE policies for V2X communication over Uu. The validity timer field is a binary coded representation of a UTC time, in seconds since midnight UTC of January 1, 1970 (not counting leap seconds). |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules indicator (VPSPI)The VPSPI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field.Bit80 V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is absent1 V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is present |
|  |
| PLMN infos indicator (APII)The PII bit indicates presence of the PLMN infos field.Bit70 PLMN infos field is absent1 PLMN infos field is present |
|  |
| V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rulesThe V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.17 and table 5.4.1.17. |
|  |
| PLMN infosThe PLMN infos field is coded according to the figure 5.4.1.2 and table 5.4.1.2 and contains a list of PLMNs in which the UE is configured to use V2X communication over Uu. |
|  |
| If the length of V2XP info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.1, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2XP info contents. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PLMN infos contents | octet o29octet o29+1 |
| PLMN info 1 | octet o29+2octet o7 |
| PLMN info 2 | octet (o7+1)\*octet o8\* |
| ... | octet (o8+1)\*octet o9\* |
| PLMN info n | octet (o9+1)\*octet l\* |

Figure 5.4.1.2: PLMN infos

Table 5.4.1.2: PLMN infos

|  |
| --- |
| PLMN infoThe PLMN info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.3 and table 5.4.1.3. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PLMN info contents | octet o7+1octet o7+2 |
| PLMN IDs | octet o7+3octet o5 |
| VSIUII | VSIRII | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o5+1 |
| V2X service identifier unrelated info | octet (o5+2)\*octet o6\* |
| V2X service identifier related info | octet o30\*(see NOTE)octet o8\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.3: PLMN info

Table 5.4.1.3: PLMN info

|  |
| --- |
| PLMN IDsThe PLMN IDs field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.4 and table 5.4.1.4. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier unrelated info indicator (VSIUII)The VSIUII bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier unrelated info field.Bit**8**0 V2X service identifier unrelated info field is absent1 V2X service identifier unrelated info field is present |
|  |
| V2X service identifier related info indicator (VSIRII)The VSIRII bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier related info field.Bit**7**0 V2X service identifier related info field is absent1 V2X service identifier related info field is present |
|  |
| V2X service identifier unrelated infoThe V2X service identifier unrelated info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.6 and table 5.4.1.6, and contains information for V2X services not identified by V2X service identifiers, applicable in a PLMN indicated in the PLMN IDs field. |
|  |
| V2X service identifier related infoThe V2X service identifier related info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.9 and table 5.4.1.9, and contains information for V2X services identified by V2X service identifiers, applicable in a PLMN indicated in the PLMN IDs field. |
|  |
| If the length of PLMN info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.3, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PLMN info contents. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of PLMN IDs contents | octet o7+3octet o7+4 |
| PLMN ID 1 | octet o7+5octet o7+7 |
| PLMN ID 2 | octet (o7+8)\*octet (o7+10)\* |
| ... | octet (o7+11)\*octet (o7+1+(3\*n))\* |
| PLMN ID n | octet (o7+2+(3\*n))\*octet (o7+4+(3\*n))\* = octet o5\* |

Figure 5.4.1.4: PLMN IDs

Table 5.4.1.4: PLMN IDs

|  |
| --- |
| PLMN IDThe PLMN ID field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.5 and table 5.4.1.5. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| MCC digit 2 | MCC digit 1 | octet o7+8 |
| MNC digit 3 | MCC digit 3 | octet o7+9 |
| MNC digit 2 | MNC digit 1 | octet o7+10 |

Figure 5.4.1.5: PLMN ID

Table 5.4.1.5: PLMN ID

|  |
| --- |
| Mobile country code (MCC)The MCC field is coded as in ITU-T Recommendation E.212 [6], annex A. |
|  |
| Mobile network code (MNC)The coding of MNC field is the responsibility of each administration but BCD coding shall be used. The MNC shall consist of 2 or 3 digits. If a network operator decides to use only two digits in the MNC, MNC digit 3 shall be coded as "1111". |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier unrelated info contents | octet o5+2octet o5+3 |
| 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | VAAI | octet o5+4 |
| V2X AS addresses | octet (o5+5)\*octet o6\* |

Figure 5.4.1.6: V2X service identifier unrelated info

Table 5.4.1.6: V2X service identifier unrelated info

|  |
| --- |
| V2X AS address indicator (VAAI)The VAAI bit indicates presence of the V2X AS address field.Bit**1**0 V2X AS address field is absent1 V2X AS address field is present |
|  |
| V2X AS addressesThe V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier unrelated info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.6, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier unrelated info contents. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X AS addresses contents | octet o5+5octet o5+6 |
| V2X AS address 1 | octet o5+7octet o12 |
| V2X AS address 2 | octet (o12+1)\*octet o13\* |
| ... | octet (o13+1)\*octet o14\* |
| V2X AS address n | octet (o14+1)\*octet o6\* |

Figure 5.4.1.7: V2X AS addresses

Table 5.4.1.7: V2X AS addresses

|  |
| --- |
| V2X AS addressThe V2X AS address field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.8 and table 5.4.1.8. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X AS address contents | octet o12+1octet o12+2 |
| I4AI | I6AI | FI | UPUTI | TPBTI | UPDTI | GAI | 0Spare | octet o12+3 |
| IPv4 address | octet (o12+4)\*octet (o12+7)\* |
| IPv6 address | octet o31\*(see NOTE)octet (o31+15)\* |
| FQDN | octet o32\*(see NOTE)octet o15\* |
| UDP port for uplink transport | octet o33\*(see NOTE)octet (o33+1)\* |
| TCP port for bidirectional transport | octet o34\*(see NOTE)octet (o34+1)\* |
| UDP port for downlink transport | octet o35\*(see NOTE)octet (o35+1)\* |
| Geographical area | octet o36\*(see NOTE)octet o13\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.8: V2X AS address

Table 5.4.1.8: V2X AS address

|  |
| --- |
| IPv4 Address Indicator (I4AI)The I4AI bit indicates presence of the IPv4 address field.Bit**8**0 IPv4 address field is absent1 IPv4 address field is present |
|  |
| IPv6 Address Indicator (I6AI)The I6AI bit indicates presence of the IPv6 address field.Bit**7**0 IPv6 address field is absent1 IPv6 address field is present |
|  |
| FQDN Indicator (FI)The FI bit indicates presence of the FQDN field.Bit**6**0 FQDN field is absent1 FQDN field is present |
|  |
| UDP Port for Uplink Transport Indicator (UPUTI)The UPUI bit indicates presence of the UDP port for uplink transport field.Bit**5**0 UDP port for uplink transport field is absent1 UDP port for uplink transport field is present |
|  |
| TCP Port for Bidirectional Transport Indicator (TPBTI)The TPBTI bit indicates presence of the TCP port for bidirectional transport field.Bit**4**0 TCP port for bidirectional transport field is absent1 TCP port for bidirectional transport field is present |
|  |
| UDP Port for Downlink Transport Indicator (UPUTI)The UPUTI bit indicates presence of the UDP port for downlink transport field.Bit**3**0 UDP port for downlink transport field is absent1 UDP port for downlink transport field is present |
|  |
| Geographical Area Indicator (GAI)The GAI bit indicates presence of the geographical area field.Bit**2**0 geographical area field is absent1 geographical area field is present |
|  |
| IPv4 address (NOTE 2)The IPv4 address field contains an IPv4 address of a V2X application server. |
|  |
| IPv6 address (NOTE 2)The IPv6 address field contains an IPv6 address of a V2X application server. |
|  |
| FQDN (NOTE 2)The FQDN field contains an FQDN of a V2X application server. The first octet of the FQDN field indicates length of the FQDN and the remaining octets of the FQDN field contain the FQDN. |
|  |
| UDP port for uplink transport (NOTE 1)The UDP port for uplink transport field indicates binary coded UDP port to be used for uplink transport. |
|  |
| TCP port for bidirectional transport (NOTE 1)The TCP port for bidirectional transport field indicates binary coded TCP port to be used for bidirectional transport. |
|  |
| UDP port for downlink transport (NOTE 1)The UDP port for downlink transport field indicates binary coded UDP port to be used for downlink transport. |
|  |
| Geographical areaThe Geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.15 and table 5.4.1.15, and contains a list of points of a polygon. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X AS address contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.8, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X AS address contents. |
|  |
| NOTE 1: The UDP port for uplink transport field, the TCP port for bidirectional transport field, and the UDP port for downlink transport field are absent when the V2X AS address is present in the V2X service identifier unrelated info. |
| NOTE 2: One of the IPv4 address field, the IPv6 address field or the FQDN field is present. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier related info contents | octet o30octet o30+1 |
| VSII | DVAAII | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o30+2 |
| V2X service infos | octet (o30+3)\*octet o18\* |
| Default V2X AS address infos | octet o37\*(see NOTE)octet o8\* |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.9: V2X service identifier related info

Table 5.4.1.9: V2X service identifier related info

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service infos indicator (VSII)The VSII bit indicates presence of the V2X service infos field.Bit**8**0 V2X service infos field is absent1 V2X service infos field is present |
|  |
| Default V2X AS address infos indicator (DVAAII)The AVSII bit indicates presence of the default V2X AS address infos field.Bit**7**0 Default V2X AS address infos field is absent1 Default V2X AS address infos field is present |
|  |
| V2X service infosThe V2X service infos field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.10 and table 5.4.1.10 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier to V2X application server address mapping rules. |
|  |
| Default V2X AS address infosThe default V2X AS address infos field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.13 and table 5.4.1.13 and indicates default V2X application server addresses for the unicast V2X communication over Uu. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service identifier related info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.9, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier related info contents. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service infos contents | octet o30+3octet o30+4 |
| V2X service info 1 | octet o30+5octet o20 |
| V2X service info 2 | octet (o20+1)\*octet o21\* |
| ... | octet (o21+1)\*octet o22\* |
| V2X service info n | octet (o22+1)\*octet o18\* |

Figure 5.4.1.10: V2X service infos

Table 5.4.1.10: V2X service infos

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service infoThe V2X service info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.11 and table 5.4.1.11. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service info contents | octet o20+1octet o20+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o20+3octet o23 |
| VAAI | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o23+1 |
| V2X AS addresses | octet (o23+2)\*octet o21\* |

Figure 5.4.1.11: V2X service info

Table 5.4.1.11: V2X service info

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiersThe V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.12 and table 5.4.1.12 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier. |
|  |
| V2X AS addresses indicator (VAAI)The AVSII bit indicates presence of the V2X AS addresses field.Bit**8**0 V2X AS addresses field is absent1 V2X AS addresses field is present |
|  |
| V2X AS addressesThe V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7 and indicates V2X application server addresses for V2X services identified by the V2X service identifiers indicated in the V2X service identifiers field. |
|  |
| If the length of V2X service info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.11, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service info contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifiers contents | octet o20+3octet o20+4 |
| V2X service identifier 1 | octet o20+5octet o20+8 |
| V2X service identifier 2 | octet (o20+9)\*octet (o20+12)\* |
| ... | octet (o20+13)\*octet (o20+n\*4)\* |
| V2X service identifier n | octet (o20+1+n\*4)\*octet o23\* |

Figure 5.4.1.12: V2X service identifiers

Table 5.4.1.12: V2X service identifiers

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifierThe V2X service identifier field contains a binary coded V2X service identifier as specified in ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers [5]. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of Default V2X AS address infos contents | octet o37octet o37+1 |
| Default V2X AS address info 1 | octet o37+2octet o24 |
| Default V2X AS address info 2 | octet (o24+1)\*octet o25\* |
| ... | octet (o25+1)\*octet o26\* |
| Default V2X AS address info n | octet (o26+1)\*octet o8\* |

Figure 5.4.1.13: Default V2X AS address infos

Table 5.4.1.13: Default V2X AS address infos

|  |
| --- |
| Default V2X AS address infoThe default V2X AS address info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.14 and table 5.4.1.14. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of default V2X AS address info contents | octet o24+1octet o24+2 |
| TD | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | 0Spare | octet o24+3 |
| V2X message family | octet (o24+4)\* |
| V2X AS addresses | octet o39(see NOTE)octet o25 |

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.14: Default V2X AS address info

Table 5.4.1.14: Default V2X AS address info

|  |
| --- |
| Type of Data (TD)The type of data bit indicates type of data.Bit**8**0 non-IP1 IPIf the type of data bit is set to "non-IP", then the V2X message family field is present otherwise the V2X message family field is absent. |
|  |
| V2X message familyBits8 7 6 5 4 3 2 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 IEEE 1609, see IEEE 1609.3 [8]0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 ISO, see ISO 29281-1 [9]0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 ETSI-ITS, see ETSI EN 302 636-3 [10]All other values are spare. |
|  |
| V2X AS addressesThe V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7 and indicates V2X application server addresses for type of data identified by the TD bit and the V2X message family (if the type of data is non-IP). |
| If the length of default V2X AS address info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.14, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the default V2X AS address info contents. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of Geographical area contents | octet o36octet o36+1 |
| Coordinate 1 | octet o36+2octet o36+7 |
| Coordinate 2 | octet (o36+8)\*octet (o36+13)\* |
| ... | octet (o36+14)\*octet (o36-5+6\*n)\* |
| Coordinate n | octet (o36-4+6\*n)\*octet (o36+1+6\*n) \* = octet o13\* |

Figure 5.4.1.15: Geographical area

Table 5.4.1.15: Geographical area

|  |
| --- |
| CoordinateThe coordinate field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.16 and table 5.4.1.16. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Latitude | octet o36+8octet o36+10 |
| Longitude | octet o36+11octet o36+13 |

Figure 5.4.1.16: Coordinate area

Table 5.4.1.16: Coordinate area

|  |
| --- |
| LatitudeThe latitude field is coded according to clause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7]. |
|  |
| LongitudeThe longitude field is coded according to clause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7]. |
|  |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules contents | octet k+9octet k+10 |
| V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule 1 | octet k+11octet o2 |
| V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule 2 | octet (o2+1)\*octet o3\* |
| ... | octet (o3+1)\*octet o4\* |
| V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule n | octet (o4+1)\*octet o1\* |

Figure 5.4.1.17: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules

Table 5.4.1.17: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping ruleThe V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.18 and table 5.4.1.18. |
|  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Length of V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule contents | octet o2+1octet o2+2 |
| V2X service identifiers | octet o2+3octet o28 |
| Length of route selection descriptor list | octet o28+1octet o28+2 |
| Route selection descriptor list | octet (o28+3)\*octet o3\* |

Figure 5.4.1.18: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Route selection descriptor 1 | octet o28+3octet o29 |
| Route selection descriptor 2 | octet (o29+1)\*octet o30\* |
| … | octet (o30+1)\*octet o31\* |
| Route selection descriptor m | octet (o30+1)\*octet o3\* |

Figure 5.4.1.19: Route selection descriptor list

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| Length of route selection descriptor | octet o28+3octet o28+4 |
| Precedence value of route selection descriptor | octet o28+5 |
| Length of route selection descriptor contents | octet o28+6octet o28+7 |
| Route selection descriptor contents | octet o28+8octet o29 |

Figure 5.4.1.20: Route selection descriptor

Table 5.4.1.18: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule

|  |
| --- |
| V2X service identifiersThe V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.12 and table 5.4.1.12 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier. |
|  |
| Route selection descriptor contents (octets o28+8 to o29)The route selection descriptor contents field is of variable size and contains a variable number (at least one) of route selection descriptor components. Each route selection descriptor component shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet route selection descriptor component type identifier and a route selection descriptor component value field. The route selection descriptor component type identifier shall be transmitted first. |
| Route selection descriptor component type identifierBits8 7 6 5 4 3 2 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 SSC mode type0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 S-NSSAI type0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 DNN type0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 PDU session type type0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 Transport layer protocol type All other values are spare. If received, they shall be ignored. |
| For "SSC mode type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a one octet SSC mode field. The bits 8 through 4 of the octet shall be spare, and the bits 3 through 1 shall be encoded as the value part of the SSC mode information element defined in clause 9.11.4.16 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]. The "SSC mode type" route selection descriptor component shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor. |
| For "S-NSSAI type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet S-NSSAI length field and an S-NSSAI value field of a variable size. The S-NSSAI value shall be encoded as the value part of the S-NSSAI information element defined in clause 9.11.2.8 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]. |
| For "DNN type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet DNN length field and a DNN value field of a variable size. The DNN value contains an APN as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17]. |
| For "PDU session type type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a one octet PDU session type field. The bits 8 through 4 of the octet shall be spare, and the bits 3 through 1 shall be encoded as the value part of the PDU session type information element defined in clause 9.11.4.11 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]. The "PDU session type type" route selection descriptor component shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor. |
| For "Transport layer protocol type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as:Bits8 7 6 5 4 3 2 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 UDP0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 TCPAll other values are spared.The "Transport layer protocol type" route selection descriptor component appears only when the "PDU session type type" appears and the PDU session type value is set to "IPv4", "IPv6" or "IPv4v6". It shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor. |
| If the length of V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.18, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule contents. |
|  |

Annex A (informative):
Change history

|  |
| --- |
| **Change history** |
| **Date** | **Meeting** | **TDoc** | **CR** | **Rev** | **Cat** | **Subject/Comment** | **New version** |
| 2019-05 | CT1#117 | C1-193478 |  |  |  | Draft skeleton provided in C1-193478 by the rapporteur. | 0.0.0 |
| 2019-05 | CT1#117 |  |  |  |  | Implementing the following p-CR agreed by CT1:C1-193479 | 0.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | CT1#119 |  |  |  |  | Implementing the following p-CRs agreed by CT1:C1-194553, C1-194847, C1-194849 and C1-194850 | 0.2.0 |
| 2019-10 | CT1#120 |  |  |  |  | Implementing the following p-CRs agreed by CT1:C1-196493 | 0.3.0 |
| 2019-12 | CT#86 | CP-193157 |  |  |  | Presentation for information at TSG CT  | 1.0.0 |
| 2019-12 | CT#86 | CP-193290 |  |  |  | A title corrected | 1.0.1 |
| 2020-03 | CT1#122-e |  |  |  |  | Implementing the following p-CR agreed by CT1:C1-200652, C1-200933 and C1-200936 | 1.1.0 |
| 2020-03 | CT-87e | CP-200174 |  |  |  | Presentation for approval at TSG CT  | 2.0.0 |
| 2020-03 | CT-87e |  |  |  |  | Version 16.0.0 created after approval | 16.0.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0001 | 2 | B | NR PC5 unicast security policy provisioning | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0002 | 1 | F | Clarifications on the V2X policies regarding QoS | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0003 | 1 | B | Update to the V2X policies regarding RAN parameters | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0004 | 1 | C | Correction of coding of configuration of PC5 RAT selection and Tx profiles | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0005 | 1 | F | Correction of coding of configuration of default mode of communication | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0006 | 1 | F | Correction of PC5 RAT names | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0007 | 1 | F | Correction of coding of PC5 QoS mapping configuration | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0008 | 1 | F | Correction in coding of PC5 QoS profile | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0009 | 1 | F | Correction of coding of validity timers | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-06 | CT-88e | CP-201116 | 0010 | 1 | F | Remove IP address from privacy timer | 16.1.0 |
| 2020-09 | CT-89e | CP-202248 | 0013 | 3 | F | Update configuration parameters over Uu to meet stage2 requirements | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-09 | CT-89e | CP-202158 | 0014 |  | F | Corrections in V2XP UE policy part | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-09 | CT-89e | CP-202158 | 0017 |  | F | Correction of V2XP statement | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-09 | CT-89e | CP-202158 | 0018 |  | F | Removal of V2X policy for EPC interworking | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-09 | CT-89e | CP-202041 | 0019 | 2 | F | Adding the flag indicating the optional PPPP to PDB mapping rules | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-09 | CT-89e | CP-202039 | 0020 | 3 | F | Radio parameters for UE neither served by E-UTRA nor served by NR | 16.2.0 |
| 2020-12 | CT-90e | CP-203189 | 0015 | 1 | F | Corrections in UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-12 | CT-90e | CP-203189 | 0016 | 1 | F | Corrections in UE policies for V2X communication over Uu | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-12 | CT-90e | CP-203189 | 0021 | 1 | F | Update RAT selection rule | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-12 | CT-90e | CP-203189 | 0022 | 1 | F | V2X service identifier | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-12 | CT-90e | CP-203189 | 0023 | 1 | F | Some corrections on UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 | 16.3.0 |
| 2021-03 | CT#91e | CP-210108 | 0024 |  | F | Removal of Tx Profile for NR PC5 | 16.4.0 |
| 2022-03 | CT#95e | CP-220254 | 0025 | 1 | B | NR-PC5 Tx profiles | 17.0.0 |
| 2022-03 | CT#95e | CP-220254 | 0026 | - | B | Adding the PC5 DRX configuration for broadcast and groupcast to the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 | 17.0.0 |
| 2022-06 | CT#96 | CP-221216 | 0027 | 1 | F | Resolving the EN related to defining the PC5 DRX configurations | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-06 | CT#96 | CP-221216 | 0028 | 1 | F | Resolving the EN related to defining the NR TX Profile | 17.1.0 |
| 2022-12 | CT#98e | CP-223126 | 0029 | 1 | F | Add default Tx profile for initial unicast connection establishment - coding | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-12 | CT#98e | CP-223126 | 0031 | 1 | F | Policy configuration of the PC5 DRX parameters for initial signalling of PC5 V2X unicast communication | 17.2.0 |
| 2022-12 | CT#98e | CP-223126 | 0032 | 1 | F | Removal of duplicated Table 5.3.1.54 | 17.2.0 |
| 2023-09 | CT#101 | CP-232195 | 0036 | - | F | Correction on octet numbering in the figure of coordinate area | 18.0.0 |