**3GPP TSG-CT WG1 Meeting #124-eC1-203777**

**Electronic meeting, 2-10 June 2020**

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| *CR-Form-v12.0* | | | | | | | | |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** | | | | | | | | |
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|  | **24.501** | **CR** | **2337** | **rev** | **1** | **Current version:** | **16.4.1** |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **x** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network | **x** |

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| ***Title:*** | Establishment of UP resources for NB-IoT based on number of supported DRBs | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to WG:*** | Samsung, InterDigital, Huawei, HiSilicon, BlackBerry | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | C1 | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Work item code:*** | 5G\_CIoT | | | | |  | ***Date:*** | | | 2020-05-25 |
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| ***Category:*** | **F** |  | | | | | ***Release:*** | | | Rel-16 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:* ***F*** *(correction)* ***A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)* ***B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)* ***D*** *(editorial modification)*  Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | | | | | | | | *Use one of the following releases: Rel-8 (Release 8) Rel-9 (Release 9) Rel-10 (Release 10) Rel-11 (Release 11) Rel-12 (Release 12)* *Rel-13 (Release 13) Rel-14 (Release 14) Rel-15 (Release 15) Rel-16 (Release 16)* | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Reason for change:*** | | The NB-IoT UE that supports N3 data transfer may support 1 or 2 DRBs based on its capability for which the UE provides an indication to the AMF (see document C1-203515).  There are multiple sections in TS 24.501 that assume that the UE always supports 2 DRBs, for which some restrictions have been defined for the UE and also on the AMF to verify that these restrictions are not violated.  For example, the current specifcation (with the current incorrect assumption that the NB-IoT UE always supports 2 DRBs) requires that service request procedure should not be used to establish UP resources for more than 2 DRBs. However, this needs to be changed such that the procedure is not used to establish UP resources for a number of PDU session that exceeds the number of DRBs that the UE supports.  Similarly, for PDU session establishment, the current specification allows the AMF to always establish an additional new PDU session for UP optimization even if the UE already has UP resources established for 1 PDU session. However, this should not be the case if the UE only supports 1 DRB.  Therefore, the relevant sections need to be updated such that these restrictions and enforcements consider what the UE actually supports in terms of number of DRBs, and not always assume that the UE supports 2 DRBs. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Summary of change:*** | | Clarify that the UE’s maximum number of user plane data radio bearers can be 1 or 2 depending on the UE’s indication for the Mutliple DRB support bit in the 5GMM capability IE.  Update the service request and UE transport procedure (for PDU session establishment request) such that the AMF verifies the UE’s maximum supported number of user plane data radio bearers and enforces the rules accordingly, i.e. if this is:  a) 1 DRB, then AMF does not establish UP resources for more than 1 PDU session, or  b) 2 DRBs, then AMF does not estbalish UP resources for more than 2 PDU sessions.  Etc. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | | The AMF always assumes that the UE in NB-N1 mode supports 2 DRBs and may attempt to establish UP resources beyond the UE’s capabilities and this is not allowed and can lead to abnormal cases. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Clauses affected:*** | | 5.3.21, 5.4.5.2.4, 5.6.1.1, 5.6.1.2.1, 5.6.1.2.2, 5.6.1.4.1, 5.6.1.4.2, 6.4.1.5A | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | | **Y** | **N** |  | | | |  | | |
| ***Other specs*** | |  | **X** | Other core specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***affected:*** | |  | **X** | Test specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***(show related CRs)*** | |  | **X** | O&M Specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Other comments:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

### 5.3.21 CIoT 5GS optimizations

CIoT 5GS optimizations provide improved support of small data and SMS transfer. A UE supporting CIoT 5GS optimizations can indicate the 5GS CIoT network behaviour the UE can support and prefers to use during the registration procedure (see 3GPP TS 23.502 [9]). The UE may indicate the support for control plane CIoT 5GS optimization, user plane CIoT 5GS optimization, N3 data transfer and header compression (see subclause 9.11.3.1). Furthermore, the UE may, separately from the indication of support, indicate preference for control plane CIoT 5GS optimization or user plane CIoT 5GS optimization (see subclause 9.11.3.9A). The indication of preference is also considered as the request to use. A UE supporting CIoT EPS optimizations can also indicate the EPS CIoT network behaviour the UE can support during the registration procedure. Furthermore, the UE may, separately from the indication of support, indicate preference for control plane CIoT EPS optimization or user plane CIoT EPS optimization.

NOTE 1: CIoT 5GS optimizations are not supported by NR connected to 5GCN.

NOTE 2: If the UE does not support user plane CIoT 5GS optimization, it does not indicate preference for user plane CIoT 5GS optimization.

The UE can be in NB-N1 mode or WB-N1 mode when requesting the use of CIoT 5GS optimizations during the registration procedure. A UE in NB-N1 mode always indicates support for control plane CIoT 5GS optimization.

In NB-N1 mode, the UE, when requesting the use of CIoT 5GS optimizations, does not:

- request an initial registration for emergency services;

- request a PDU session establishment for emergency PDU session; or

- indicate UE's usage setting during the registration procedure.

The network does not indicate to the UE support of emergency services when the UE is in NB-N1 mode (see subclause 5.5.1.2.4 and 5.5.1.3.4).

The control plane CIoT 5GS optimization enables support of efficient transport of user data (IP, Ethernet and Unstructured) or SMS messages over control plane via the AMF without triggering user-plane resources establishment. The support of control plane CIoT 5GS optimization is mandatory for the network in NB-N1 mode and optional in WB-N1 mode. Optional header compression of IP data and Ethernet data can be applied to PDU sessions with IP PDU session type and Ethernet PDU session type that are configured to support header compression.

For a UE that supports Location Services (LCS) notification mechanisms in N1 mode, the control plane CIoT 5GS optimization also enables the transport of location services messages from 5GMM-IDLE mode using the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message when location services are requested (see subclause 6.7.1 in 3GPP TS 23.273 [6B]).

The user plane CIoT 5GS optimization enables support for change from 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access to 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access without the need for using the service request procedure (see subclause 5.3.1.5).

If the UE supports user plane CIoT 5GS optimization, it shall also support N3 data transfer.

If the UE indicates support of one or more CIoT 5GS optimizations and the network supports one or more CIoT 5GS optimizations and decides to accept the registration request, the network indicates the supported CIoT 5GS optimizations to the UE per registration area when accepting the UE request. Network indication of support is interpreted by the UE as the acceptance to use the respective feature. After completion of the registration procedure, the UE and the network can then use the accepted CIoT 5GS optimizations for the transfer of user data (IP, Ethernet, Unstructured and SMS).

A UE in NB-N1 mode or WB-N1 mode can request the use of SMS over NAS by setting the SMS requested bit of the 5GS update type IE in the REGISTRATION REQUEST message as specified in subclauses 5.5.1.2.2 and 5.5.1.3.2.

The AMF indicates whether it allows the use of SMS over NAS for a UE in NB-N1 mode or WB-N1 mode by setting the SMS allowed bit of the 5GS registration result IE in the REGISTRATION ACCEPT message as specified in subclauses 5.5.1.2.4 and 5.5.1.3.4.

If the UE and the network support both the control plane CIoT 5GS optimization and N3 data transfer, then when receiving the UE's request for a PDU session establishment, the AMF decides whether the PDU session should be NEF PDU session or N6 PDU session as specified in 3GPP TS 23.501 [8] and then:

a) if NEF PDU session is to be established for unstructured data type, the AMF includes Control plane only indication for the requested PDU session to the SMF;

b) if N6 PDU session is to be established and the DNN or S-NSSAI of the newly requested N6 PDU session supports interworking with EPS as specified in TS 23.502 [9]:

1) if there are existing N6 PDU sessions supporting interworking with EPS for this UE that were established with the Control plane only indication, the AMF includes the Control plane only indication for the newly requested N6 PDU session to the SMF; or

2) if there are existing N6 PDU sessions supporting interworking with EPS for this UE that were established without the Control plane only indication, the AMF does not include the Control plane only indication for the newly requested N6 PDU session to the SMF;

3) if there is no existing N6 PDU session supporting interworking with EPS for this UE, the AMF determines whether to include the Control plane only indication for the newly requested N6 PDU session to the SMF based on local policies, the UE's preferred CIoT network behaviour and the supported CIoT network behaviour; and

c) if N6 PDU session is to be established and the DNN or S-NSSAI of the N6 PDU session does not support interworking with EPS as specified in TS 23.502 [9], the AMF determines whether to include the Control plane only indication for the newly requested N6 PDU session to the SMF based on local policies, the UE's preferred CIoT network behaviour and the supported CIoT network behaviour.

In NB-N1 mode, if the UE or the network does not support N3 data transfer, then when receiving the UE's request for a PDU session establishment, the AMF decides whether the PDU session should be NEF PDU session or N6 PDU session as specified in 3GPP TS 23.501 [8] and then includes the Control plane only indication for the requested PDU session to the SMF.

If the network supports user plane CIoT 5GS optimization, it shall also support N3 data transfer.

Broadcast system information may provide information about support of CIoT 5GS optimizations (see 3GPP TS 36.331 [25A]). At reception of new broadcast system information, the lower layers deliver it to the 5GMM layer in the UE. The information provided by lower layers is per PLMN and used by the UE to determine whether certain CIoT 5GS optimizations are supported in the cell.

The UE shall not attempt to use CIoT 5GS optimizations which are indicated as not supported.

In NB-N1 mode, at any given time, there cannot be user-plane resources established for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers. The UE in NB-N1 mode shall not:

a) request the establishment of user-plane resources for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers; or

b) initiate the establishment of a new PDU session if:

1) the UE has indicated preference for user plane CIoT 5GS optimization;

2) the network accepted the use of user plane CIoT 5GS optimization; and

3) the UE currently has user-plane resources established a number of PDU sessions that is equal to the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers.

The AMF enforces a limit on the number of PDU sessions with active user-plane resources for a UE in NB-N1 mode based on the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers as follows:

a) there can be a maximum of one PDU session with active user-plane resources when the Multiple DRB support bit is set to "Multiple DRB not supported", or

b) there can be a maximum of two PDU sessions with active user-plane resources when the Multiple DRB support bit is set to "Multiple DRB supported".

A PDU session for a UE in NB-N1 mode shall only have one QoS rule and that is the default QoS rule. Reflective QoS is not supported in NB-N1 mode.

In NB-N1 mode, when the UE requests the lower layer to establish a RRC connection and the UE requests the use of user plane CIoT 5GS optimization, the UE shall pass an indication of the requested CIoT 5GS optimizations to the lower layers. If the UE requests the use of N3 data transfer without user plane CIoT 5GS optimization, then the UE shall also pass an indication of user plane CIoT 5GS optimization to lower layers.

In WB-N1 mode, when the UE requests the lower layer to establish a RRC connection and the UE requests the use of control plane CIoT 5GS optimization or user plane CIoT 5GS optimization, the UE shall pass an indication of the requested CIoT 5GS optimizations to the lower layers.

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

##### 5.4.5.2.4 UE-initiated NAS transport of messages not accepted by the network

Upon reception of an UL NAS TRANSPORT message, if the Payload container type IE is set to "N1 SM information" and the UE is not configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, and:

a) if the Request type IE is set to "initial request" or "existing PDU session";

1) DNN based congestion control is activated for the DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or DNN based congestion control is activated for the selected DNN in case of no DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #22 "congestion" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

2) S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the S-NSSAI and DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message and the selected DNN in case of no DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the selected S-NSSAI in case of no S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message and the DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the selected S-NSSAI and the selected DNN in case of no S-NSSAI and no DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #67 "insufficient resources for specific slice and DNN" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

3) S-NSSAI only based congestion control is activated for the S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI based congestion control is activated for the selected S-NSSAI in case of no S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #69 "insufficient resources for specific slice" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

b) if the Request type IE is set to "MA PDU request";

1) DNN based congestion control is activated for the DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or DNN based congestion control is activated for the selected DNN in case of no DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #22 "congestion" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

2) S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the S-NSSAI and DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message and the selected DNN in case of no DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the selected S-NSSAI in case of no S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message and the DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the selected S-NSSAI and the selected DNN in case of no S-NSSAI and no DNN included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #67 "insufficient resources for specific slice and DNN" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

3) S-NSSAI only based congestion control is activated for the S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, or S-NSSAI based congestion control is activated for the selected S-NSSAI in case of no S-NSSAI included in the UL NAS TRANSPORT message, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #69 "insufficient resources for specific slice" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

c) if the Request type IE is set to "modification request" and the PDU session is not an emergency PDU session;

1) DNN based congestion control is activated for the stored DNN, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #22 "congestion" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

2) S-NSSAI and DNN based congestion control is activated for the stored S-NSSAI and DNN, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #67 "insufficient resources for specific slice and DNN" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f);

3) S-NSSAI only based congestion control is activated for the stored S-NSSAI, e.g. configured by operation and maintenance, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded, a back-off timer value and 5GMM cause #69 "insufficient resources for specific slice" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f); or

d) the timer T3447 is running and the UE does not support service gap control:

1) the current NAS signalling connection was not triggered by paging; and

2) mobile terminated signalling has not been sent or no user-plane resources have been established for any PDU session after the establishment of the current NAS signalling connection,

the AMF shall send back to the UE the message which was not forwarded, send the 5GMM cause #22 "Congestion", and may include a back-off timer set to the remaining time of the timer T3447 as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case f).

Upon reception of a UL NAS TRANSPORT message, if the Payload container type IE is set to "N1 SM information", the Request type IE is set to "initial request", "existing PDU session" or "MA PDU request", and the AMF determines that the PLMN's maximum number of PDU sessions has already been reached for the UE, the AMF shall send back to the UE the 5GSM message which was not forwarded and 5GMM cause #65 "maximum number of PDU sessions reached" as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case h).

Upon reception of a UL NAS TRANSPORT message, if the Payload container type IE is set to "N1 SM information", the Request type IE is set to "initial request", and

a) the UE is in NB-N1 mode;

b) the UE has indicated preference for user plane CIoT 5GS optimization;

c) the network accepted the use of user plane CIoT 5GS optimization; and

d) the AMF determines that there are user-plane resources established for a number of PDU sessions that is equal to the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers (see 3GPP TS 23.501 [8]);

the AMF shall either:

a) send back to the UE the message which was not forwarded as specified in in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case h1); or

b) proceed with the PDU session establishment and include the Control Plane CIoT 5GS Optimisation indication or Control Plane Only indicator to the SMF.

Upon reception of an UL NAS TRANSPORT message, if the Payload container type IE is set to "CIoT user data container", the UE is not configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, and:

a) the timer T3447 is running and the UE does not support service gap control;

b) the current NAS signalling connection was not triggered by paging; and

c) mobile terminated signalling has not been sent or no user-plane resources have been established for any PDU session after the establishment of the current NAS signalling connection;

the AMF shall send back to the UE the CIoT user data which was not forwarded, send the 5GMM cause #22 "Congestion", and include a back-off timer set to the remaining time of the timer T3447 as specified in subclause 5.4.5.3.1 case l2).

Upon reception of an UL NAS TRANSPORT message, if the Payload container type IE is set to "SMS" or "LTE Positioning Protocol (LPP) message container", the UE is not configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, and:

a) the timer T3447 is running and the UE does not support service gap control;

b) the current NAS signalling connection was not triggered by paging; and

c) mobile terminated signalling has not been sent or no user-plane resources have been established for any PDU session after the establishment of the current NAS signalling connection;

the AMF shall abort the procedure.

NOTE: In this state the NAS signalling connection can be released by the network.

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

#### 5.6.1.1 General

The purpose of the service request procedure is to change the 5GMM mode from 5GMM-IDLE to 5GMM-CONNECTED mode. If the UE is not using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization, this procedure is used to request the establishment of user-plane resources for PDU sessions which are established without user-plane resources. In latter case, the 5GMM mode can be the 5GMM-IDLE mode or the 5GMM-CONNECTED mode if the UE requires to establish user-plane resources for PDU sessions. If the UE is using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization, this procedure can be used for UE initiated transfer of user data via the control plane from 5GMM-IDLE mode.

NOTE 1: The lower layer indicates when the user-plane resources for PDU sessions are successfully established or released.

This procedure is used when:

- the network has downlink signalling pending over 3GPP access and the UE is in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access;

- the network has downlink signalling pending over non-3GPP access, the UE is in 5GMM-IDLE mode over non-3GPP access and in 5GMM-IDLE or 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access;

- the UE has uplink signalling pending over 3GPP access and the UE is in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access;

- the network has downlink user data pending over 3GPP access and the UE is in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access;

- the network has downlink user data pending over non-3GPP access, the UE is in 5GMM-IDLE mode over non-3GPP access and in 5GMM-IDLE or 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access;

- the UE has user data pending over 3GPP access and the UE is in 5GMM-IDLE or 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access;

- the UE has user data pending over non-3GPP access and the UE is in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over non-3GPP access;

- the UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode over non-3GPP access, receives an indication from the lower layers of non-3GPP access, that the access stratum connection is established between UE and network;

- the UE in 5GMM-IDLE or 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access receives a request from the upper layers to perform emergency service fallback and performs emergency services fallback as specified in subclause 4.13.4.2 of 3GPP TS 23.502 [9]; or

- the UE has to request resources for V2X communication over PC5.

This procedure shall not be used for initiating user data transfer or PDU session management related signalling other than for performing UE-requested PDU session release procedure related to a PDU session for LADN when the UE is located outside the LADN service area.

In NB-N1 mode, this procedure shall not be used to request the establishment of user-plane resources:

a) for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane radio data bearers if there is currently:

1) no user-plane resources established for the UE;

2) user-plane resources established for:

i) one PDU session and the Multiple DRB support bit was set to "Multiple DRB not supported" in the 5GMM capability IE; or

ii) two PDU sessions and the Multiple DRB support bit was set to "Multiple DRB supported" in the 5GMM capability IE; or

b) for additional PDU sessions, if the number of PDU sessions for which user-plane resources currently established is equal to the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers.

The service request procedure is initiated by the UE, however, it can be triggered by the network by means of:

- the paging procedure (see subclause 5.6.2) for the transfer of downlink signalling or user data pending over 3GPP access to a UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access;

- the paging procedure (see subclause 5.6.2) for the transfer of downlink signalling or user data pending over non-3GPP access to a UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access and in 5GMM-IDLE mode over non-3GPP access;

- the notification procedure (see subclause 5.6.3) for the transfer of downlink signalling or user data pending over non-3GPP access to a UE in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access and in 5GMM-IDLE mode over non-3GPP access; or

- the notification procedure (see subclause 5.6.3) for the transfer of downlink signalling or user data pending over 3GPP access to a UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access and in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over non-3GPP access.

NOTE 2: In case the UE is in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access and in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over non-3GPP access and downlink signalling or user data pending over 3GPP access needs to be transferred, the AMF can trigger either the notification procedure or the paging procedure based on implementation.

The UE shall invoke the service request procedure when:

a) the UE, in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access, receives a paging request from the network;

b) the UE, in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access, receives a notification from the network with access type indicating non-3GPP access;

c) the UE, in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access, has uplink signalling pending (except in case i);

d) the UE, in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access, has uplink user data pending (except in case j);

e) the UE, in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode or in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode with RRC inactive indication, has user data pending due to no user-plane resources established for PDU session(s) used for user data transport;

f) the UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode over non-3GPP access, receives an indication from the lower layers of non-3GPP access, that the access stratum connection is established between UE and network;

g) the UE, in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access, receives a notification from the network with access type indicating 3GPP access when the UE is in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over non-3GPP access;

h) the UE, in 5GMM-IDLE, 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access, or 5GMM-CONNECTED mode with RRC inactive indication, receives a request from the upper layers to perform emergency service fallback and performs emergency services fallback as specified in subclause 4.13.4.2 of 3GPP TS 23.502 [9];

i) the UE, in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access or in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode with RRC inactive indication, receives a fallback indication from the lower layers (see subclauses 5.3.1.2 and 5.3.1.4) and the UE has a pending NAS procedure other than a registration, service request, or de-registration procedure;

j) the UE, in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode over 3GPP access or in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode with RRC inactive indication, receives a fallback indication from the lower layers (see subclauses 53.1.2 and 5.3.1.4) and the UE has pending uplink user data for PDU session(s) with user-plane resources already established but no pending NAS procedure;

k) the UE, in 5GMM-CONNECTED mode and has a NAS signalling connection only, is using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization and has pending user data to be sent via user-plane resources; or

l) the UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode over 3GPP access has to request resources for V2X communication over PC5 (see 3GPP TS 23.287 [6C]).

If one of the above criteria to invoke the service request procedure is fulfilled, then the service request procedure shall only be initiated by the UE when the following conditions are fulfilled:

- its 5GS update status is 5U1 UPDATED, and the TAI of the current serving cell is included in the TAI list; and

- no 5GMM specific procedure is ongoing.

The UE shall not invoke the service request procedure when the UE is in the state 5GMM-SERVICE-REQUEST-INITIATED.



Figure 5.6.1.1.1: Service Request procedure (Part 1)



Figure 5.6.1.1.2: Service Request procedure (Part 2)

A service request attempt counter is used to limit the number of service request attempts and no response from the network. The service request attempt counter shall be incremented as specified in subclause 5.6.1.7.

The service request attempt counter shall be reset when:

- a registration procedure for mobility and periodic registration update is successfully completed;

- a service request procedure is successfully completed; or

- a service request procedure is rejected as specified in subclause 5.6.1.5 or subclause 5.3.20.

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

##### 5.6.1.2.1 UE is not using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization

The UE initiates the service request procedure by sending a SERVICE REQUEST message to the AMF and starts timer T3517.

If the UE is sending the SERVICE REQUEST message from 5GMM-IDLE mode and the UE needs to send non-cleartext IEs, the UE shall send the SERVICE REQUEST message including the NAS message container IE as described in subclause 4.4.6.

For cases a), b), and g) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message shall be set to "mobile terminated services".

For cases c), d), e), f), i) and j) in subclause 5.6.1.1, if the UE is a UE configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message shall be set to "high priority access".

For case a) in subclause 5.6.1.1:

a) if the paging request includes an indication for non-3GPP access type, the Allowed PDU session status IE shall be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message. If the UE has established the PDU session(s) associated with the S-NSSAI(s) which are included in the allowed NSSAI for 3GPP access, the UE shall indicate the PDU session(s) for which the UE allows the user-plane resources to be re-established over 3GPP access in the Allowed PDU session status IE. Otherwise, the UE shall not indicate any PDU session(s) in the Allowed PDU session status IE;

b) if the UE has uplink user data pending to be sent over 3GPP access, the Uplink data status IE shall be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate the PDU session(s) for which the UE has pending user data to be sent; or

c) otherwise, the Uplink data status IE shall not be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message.

For case b) in subclause 5.6.1.1:

a) the Allowed PDU session status IE shall be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message. If the UE has the PDU session(s) associated with the S-NSSAI(s) which are included in the allowed NSSAI for 3GPP access, the UE shall indicate the PDU session(s) for which the UE allows the user-plane resources to be re-established over 3GPP access in the Allowed PDU session status IE. Otherwise, the UE shall not indicate any PDU session(s) in the Allowed PDU session status IE;

b) if the UE has uplink user data pending to be sent over 3GPP access, the Uplink data status IE shall be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate the PDU session(s) for which the UE has pending user data to be sent;

c) otherwise, the Uplink data status IE shall not be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message.

When the Allowed PDU session status IE is included in the SERVICE REQUEST message, the UE shall indicate that a PDU session is not allowed to be transferred to the 3GPP access if the 3GPP PS data off UE status is "activated" for the corresponding PDU session and the UE is not using the PDU session to send uplink IP packets for any of the 3GPP PS data off exempt services (see subclause 6.2.10).

For case c) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the Uplink data status IE shall not be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message except if the UE has one or more active always-on PDU sessions associated with the access type over which the SERVICE REQUEST message is sent. If the UE is not a UE configured for high priority access in selected PLMN and:

a) if the SERVICE REQUEST message is triggered by a request for emergency services from the upper layer, the UE shall set the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message to "emergency services"; or

b) otherwise, the UE shall set the service type IE to "signalling".

When the UE is in a non-allowed area or is not in an allowed area as specified in subclause 5.3.5 and:

a) if the uplink signalling pending is to indicate a change of 3GPP PS data off UE status for a PDU session, the UE shall set the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message to "elevated signalling", and shall not include the Uplink data status IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message even if the UE has one or more active always-on PDU sessions associated with the access type over which the SERVICE REQUEST message is sent; or

b) otherwise, the UE shall not initiate service request procedure except for emergency services, high priority access or responding to paging or notification.

For cases d) and e) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the Uplink data status IE shall be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate the PDU session(s) the UE has pending user data to be sent. If the UE is not a UE configured for high priority access in selected PLMN:

a) if there exists an emergency PDU session which is indicated in the Uplink data status IE the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message shall be set to "emergency services"; or

b) otherwise, the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message shall be set to "data".

NOTE 1: For a UE in NB-N1 mode, the Uplink data status IE cannot be used to request the establishment of user-plane resources such that there will be user-plane resources established for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers.

For case f) in subclause 5.6.1.1:

a) if the UE has uplink user data pending to be sent, the Uplink data status IE shall be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate the PDU session(s) the UE has pending user data to be sent. If the UE is not a UE configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message shall be set to "data";

b) otherwise, if the UE is not a UE configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, the service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message shall be set to "signalling".

For case g) in subclause 5.6.1.1, if the UE has uplink user data pending to be sent, the Uplink data status IE shall be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate the PDU session(s) the UE has pending user data to be sent.

For case h) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the UE shall send a SERVICE REQUEST message with service type set to "emergency services fallback".

For case i) in subclause 5.6.1.1, if the UE is not configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, the UE shall set the Service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message as follows:

a) if the pending message is an UL NAS TRANSPORT message with the Request type IE set to "initial emergency request" or "existing emergency PDU session", the UE shall set the Service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message to "emergency services"; or

b) otherwise, the UE shall set the Service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message to "signalling".

For case j) in subclause 5.6.1.1:

a) the UE shall include the Uplink data status IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message indicating the PDU session(s) for which user-plane resources were active prior to receiving the fallback indication, if any; and

b) if the UE is not a UE configured for high priority access in selected PLMN, the UE shall set the Service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message as follows:

1) if there is an emergency PDU session which is indicated in the Uplink data status IE, the UE shall set the Service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message to "emergency services"; or

2) if there is no emergency PDU session which is indicated in the Uplink data status IE, the UE shall set the Service type IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message to "data".

The UE shall include a valid 5G-S-TMSI in the 5G-S-TMSI IE of the SERVICE REQUEST message.

If the UE has one or more active always-on PDU sessions associated with the access type over which the SERVICE REQUEST message is sent and the user-plane resources for these PDU sessions are not established, the UE shall include the Uplink data status IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message and indicate that the UE has pending user data to be sent for those PDU sessions.

If the UE has one or more active PDU sessions which are not accepted by the network as always-on PDU sessions and no uplink user data pending to be sent for those PDU sessions, the UE shall not include those PDU sessions in the Uplink data status IE in the SERVICE REQUEST message.

The Uplink data status IE may be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate which PDU session(s) associated with the access type the SERVICE REQUEST message is sent over have pending user data to be sent.

The PDU session status information element may be included in the SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate the PDU session(s) available in the UE associated with the access type the SERVICE REQUEST message is sent over.

If the SERVICE REQUEST message includes a NAS message container IE, the AMF shall process the SERVICE REQUEST message that is obtained from the NAS message container IE as described in subclause 4.4.6.

If the UE has an emergency PDU session over the non-current access, it shall not initiate the SERVICE REQUEST message with the service type IE set to "emergency services" over the current access, unless the SERVICE REQUEST message has to be initiated to perform handover of an existing emergency PDU session from the non-current access to the current access.

NOTE 2: Transfer of an existing emergency PDU session between 3GPP access and non-3GPP access is needed e.g. if the UE determines that the current access is no longer available.

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

##### 5.6.1.2.2 UE is using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization

The UE shall send a CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message, start T3517 and enter the state 5GMM-SERVICE-REQUEST-INITIATED.

For case a in subclause 5.6.1.1, the Control plane service type of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message shall indicate "mobile terminating request". If the UE only has uplink CIoT user data or SMS to be sent, the UE shall:

a) if the data size is not more than 254 octets and there is no other optional IE to be included in the message:

1) for sending CIoT user data, set the Data type field to "control plane user data", include the PDU session ID, data, and Downlink data expected (DDX) (if available), in the CIoT small data container IE; and

2) for sending SMS, set the Data type field to "SMS", include SMS in the CIoT small data container IE; and

b) otherwise if the data size is more than 254 octets or there are other optional IEs to be included in the message:

1) for sending CIoT user data, set the Payload container type IE to "CIoT user data container", include data in the Payload container IE as described in subclause 5.4.5.2.2; and

2) for sending SMS, set the Payload container type IE to "SMS" and include data in the Payload container IE as described in subclause 5.4.5.2.2.

NOTE 1: The term DDX used in the present document corresponds to the term NAS RAI used in 3GPP TS 23.502 [9].

For case c, and case d if the UE has pending CIoT user data that is to be sent via the control plane in subclause 5.6.1.1, the UE shall set the Control plane service type of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message to "mobile originating request". If the UE has only uplink CIoT user data, SMS or location services message to be sent, the UE shall:

a) if the data size is not more than 254 octets, there is no other optional IE to be included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message, and the data being sent is:

1) CIoT user data, set the Data type field to "control plane user data", include the PDU session ID, data, and Downlink data expected (DDX) (if available), in the CIoT small data container IE;

2) location services message, set the Data type field to "Location services message container" and Downlink data expected (DDX), if available, in the CIoT small data container IE, and:

i) if routing information is provided by upper layers:

A) set the length of additional information field in the CIoT small data container IE to the length of routing information provided by upper layer location services application (see subclause 9.11.3.67), and set the additional information field in the CIoT small data container IE to the routing information provided by upper layer location services application (see subclause 9.11.3.67); or

B) otherwise set the length of additional information field in the CIoT small data container IE to zero. In this case the Additional information field of the CIoT small data container IE shall not be included; and

ii) set the Data contents field of the CIoT small data container IE to the location services message payload; or

3) SMS, set the Data type field to "SMS", include SMS in the CIoT small data container IE; or

b) otherwise if the data size is more than 254 octets or there are other optional IEs to be included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message, and the data being sent is:

1) CIoT user data, set the Payload container type IE to "CIoT user data container", include data in the Payload container IE as described in subclause 5.4.5.2.2;

2) location services message, set the Payload container type IE to "Location services message container", include data in the Payload container IE as described in subclause 5.4.5.2.2. If the upper layer location services application provides the routing information set the Additional information IE to the routing information as described in subclause 5.4.5.2.2; or

3) SMS, set the Payload container type IE to "SMS" and include data in the Payload container IE as described in subclause 5.4.5.2.2.

For case a, if the UE has pending user data that is to be sent via the user plane in subclause 5.6.1.1, the UE shall set the Control plane service type of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message to "mobile terminating request". The UE shall include the Uplink data status IE in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate which PDU session(s) have pending user data to be sent via user-plane resources.

For case d, if the UE has pending user data that is to be sent via the user plane in subclause 5.6.1.1, the UE shall set the Control plane service type of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message to "mobile originating request". The UE shall include the Uplink data status IE in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate which PDU session(s) have pending user data to be sent via user-plane resources.

NOTE 2: For a UE in NB-N1 mode, the Uplink data status IE cannot be used to request the establishment of user-plane resources such that there will be user-plane resources established for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers.

For case i) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the Control plane service type of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message shall indicate "mobile originating request". If the pending message is an UL NAS TRANSPORT message with the Payload container type IE set to:

a) "SMS", "Location services message container", or "CIoT user data container", the UE shall send the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST and include the SMS, location services message, or CIoT user data as described in this subclause; or

b) otherwise, the UE shall send the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST:

2) without including the the CIoT small data container IE and without including the NAS message container IE if the UE has no other optional IE to be sent; or

3) with the NAS message container IE if the UE has an optional IE to be sent as described in this subclause.

For case j) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the Control plane service type of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message shall indicate "mobile originating request". The UE shall include the Uplink data status IE in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message indicating the PDU session(s) for which user-plane resources were active prior to receiving the fallback indication, if any.

The UE may include the PDU session status IE in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message to indicate which PDU session(s) associated with the access type the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message is sent over are active in the UE.

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

##### 5.6.1.4.1 UE is not using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization

For cases other than h) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the UE shall treat the reception of the SERVICE ACCEPT message as successful completion of the procedure. The UE shall reset the service request attempt counter, stop timer T3517 and enter the state 5GMM-REGISTERED.

For case h) in subclause 5.6.1.1,

a) the UE shall treat the indication from the lower layers when the UE has changed to S1 mode or E-UTRA connected to 5GCN (see 3GPP TS 23.502 [9]) as successful completion of the procedure and stop timer T3517;

b) if a UE operating in single-registration mode has changed to S1 mode, it shall disable the N1 mode capability for 3GPP access (see subclause 4.9.2); and

c) the AMF shall not check forCAG restrictions.

If the PDU session status information element is included in the SERVICE REQUEST message, then the AMF:

a) shall perform a local release of all those PDU sessions which are active on the AMF side associated with the access type the SERVICE REQUEST message is sent over, but are indicated by the UE as being inactive, and

b) request the SMF to perform a local release of all those PDU sessions.

If the AMF needs to initiate PDU session status synchronization or a PDU session status IE was included in the SERVICE REQUEST message, the AMF shall include a PDU session status IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message to indicate which PDU sessions associated with the access type the SERVICE ACCEPT message is sent over are active in the AMF. If the PDU session status information element is included in the SERVICE ACCEPT message, then the UE shall perform a local release of all those PDU sessions which are active on the UE side associated with the access type the SERVICE ACCEPT message is sent over, but are indicated by the AMF as being inactive.

If the Uplink data status IE is included in the SERVICE REQUEST message and the UE is:

a) not in NB-N1 mode; or

b) in NB-N1 mode and the UE does not indicate a request to have user-plane resources established for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers;

the AMF shall:

a) indicate the SMF to re-establish the user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU sessions;

b) include the PDU session reactivation result IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message to indicate the user-plane resources re-establishment result of the PDU sessions for which the UE requested to re-establish the user-plane resources; and

c) determine the UE presence in LADN service area and forward the UE presence in LADN service area towards the SMF, if the corresponding PDU session is a PDU session for LADN.

If the Allowed PDU session status IE is included in the SERVICE REQUEST message, the AMF shall:

a) for a 5GSM message from each SMF that has indicated pending downlink signalling only, forward the received 5GSM message via 3GPP access to the UE after the SERVICE ACCEPT message is sent;

b) for each SMF that has indicated pending downlink data only:

1) notify the SMF that reactivation of the user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU session(s) associated with non-3GPP access cannot be performed if the corresponding PDU session ID(s) are not indicated in the Allowed PDU session status IE; and

2) notify the SMF that reactivation of the user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU session(s) associated with non-3GPP access can be performed if the corresponding PDU session ID(s) are indicated in the Allowed PDU session status IE.

c) for each SMF that have indicated pending downlink signalling and data:

1) notify the SMF that reactivation of the user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU session(s) associated with non-3GPP access cannot be performed if the corresponding PDU session ID(s) are not indicated in the Allowed PDU session status IE;

2) notify the SMF that reactivation of the user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU session(s) associated with non-3GPP access can be performed if the corresponding PDU session ID(s) are indicated in the Allowed PDU session status IE; and

3) discard the received 5GSM message for PDU session(s) associated with non-3GPP access; and

d) include the PDU session reactivation result IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message to indicate the successfully re-established user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU sessions, if any.

If due to regional subscription restrictions or access restrictions the UE is not allowed to access the TA or due to CAG restrictions the UE is not allowed access the cell, but the UE has an emergency PDU session established, the AMF may accept the SERVICE REQUEST message and indicate to the SMF to perform a local release of all non-emergency PDU sessions (associated with 3GPP access if it is due to CAG restrictions) and informs the UE via the PDU session status IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message. The AMF shall not indicate to the SMF to release the emergency PDU session. The network shall behave as if the UE is registered for emergency services.

If the PDU session reactivation result IE is included in the SERVICE ACCEPT message indicating that the user-plane resources have been successfully reactivated for a PDU session that was requested by the UE in the Allowed PDU session status IE, the UE considers the corresponding PDU session to be associated with the 3GPP access. If the user-plane resources of a PDU session have been successfully reactivated over the 3GPP access, the AMF and SMF update the associated access type of the corresponding PDU session.

If the user-plane resources cannot be established for a PDU session, the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message indicating that user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU session cannot be re-established, and:

a) if the user-plane resources cannot be established because the SMF indicated to the AMF that the UE is located out of the LADN service area (see 3GPP TS 29.502 [20A]), the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with the 5GMM cause set to #43 "LADN not available";

b) if the user-plane resources cannot be established because the SMF indicated to the AMF that only prioritized services are allowed (see 3GPP TS 29.502 [20A]), the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with the 5GMM cause set to #28 "restricted service area";

c) if the user-plane resources cannot be established because the SMF indicated to the AMF that the resource is not available in the UPF (see 3GPP TS 29.502 [20A]), the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with the 5GMM cause set to #92 "insufficient user-plane resources for the PDU session"; or

d) otherwise, the AMF may include the PDU session reactivation result error cause IE to indicate the cause of failure to re-establish the user-plane resources.

NOTE: It is up to UE implementation when to re-send a request for user-plane re-establishment for the associated PDU session after receiving a PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with a 5GMM cause set to #92 "insufficient user-plane resources for the PDU session".

If the SERVICE REQUEST message is for emergency services fallback, the AMF triggers the emergency services fallback procedure as specified in subclause 4.13.4.2 of 3GPP TS 23.502 [9].

If the UE having an emergency PDU session sent the SERVICE REQUEST message via:

a) a CAG cell and none of the CAG-IDs of the CAG cell are included in the "Allowed CAG list" for the current PLMN in the UE's subscription; or

b) a non-CAG cell in a PLMN for which the UE's subscription contains an "indication that the UE is only allowed to access 5GS via CAG cells";

the network shall accept the SERVICE REQUEST message and release all non-emergency PDU sessions locally. The emergency PDU session shall not be released.

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

##### 5.6.1.4.2 UE is using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization

For case a in subclause 5.6.1.1, upon receipt of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message with Control plane service type indicating "mobile terminating request", after completion of the 5GMM common procedures (if initiated) according to subclause 5.6.1.3, the AMF shall send a SERVICE ACCEPT message.

For case c and d in subclause 5.6.1.1, upon receipt of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message with Control plane service type indicating "mobile originating request", after completion of the 5GMM common procedures (if initiated) according to subclause 5.6.1.3, the AMF shall send a SERVICE ACCEPT message, except for case d when the DDX field of the Release assistance indication IE or the DDX field of the CIoT small data container IE indicates "No further uplink and no further downlink data transmission subsequent to the uplink data transmission is expected".

For case a, c and d:

a) if the CIoT small data container IE is included in the message, the AMF shall decipher the value part of the CIoT small data container IE and:

1) if the Data type field indicates "control plane user data", extract the PDU session ID and data content from the CIoT small data container IE, look up a PDU session routing context for the UE and the PDU session ID, and forward the content of the CIoT small data container IE to the SMF associated with the UE;

2) if the Data type field indicates "SMS", forward the content of the CIoT small data container IE to the SMSF associated with the UE; or

3) if the Data type field indicates "Location services message container", and if

i) length of additional information field in the CIoT small data container IE is zero, forward the value of Data type field and the content of the CIoT small data container IE to the to the location services application; or

ii) otherwise forward the value of Data type field and the content of the CIoT small data container IE to the LMF associated with the routing information that is included in the additional information field of the CIoT small data container IE; or

b) otherwise, the AMF shall decipher the value part of NAS message container IE and:

1) if the Payload container IE is included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message and if the Payload container type IE is set to "CIoT user data container", the AMF shall look up a PDU session routing context for the UE and the PDU session ID, and forward the content of the Payload container IE to the SMF associated with the UE;

2) if the Payload container IE is included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message and if the Payload container type IE is set to "SMS", the AMF shall forward the content of the Payload container IE to the SMSF associated with the UE;

3) if the PDU session status IE is included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message or the AMF needs to perform a PDU session status synchronization, the AMF shall include a PDU session status IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message to indicate which PDU sessions associated with the access type the SERVICE ACCEPT message is sent over are active in the AMF;

4) if the Uplink data status IE is included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message and the UE is:

i) not in NB-N1 mode; or

ii) in NB-N1 mode and the UE does not indicate a request to have user-plane resources established for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers;

the AMF shall:

i) indicate the SMF to re-establish the user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU sessions; and

ii) include the PDU session reactivation result IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message to indicate the user-plane resources re-establishment result of the PDU sessions for which the UE requested to re-establish the user-plane resources;

5) if the Uplink data status IE is included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST, the UE is in NB-N1 mode, and the UE indicates a request to have user-plane resources established for a number of PDU sessions that exceeds the UE's maximum number of supported user-plane data radio bearers, the AMF shall not indicate to the SMF to re-establish the user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU sessions; or

6) otherwise, if the Payload container IE is included in the message and if the Payload container type IE is set to "Location services message container", the AMF shall forward the Payload container type and the content of the Payload container IE to the LMF associated with the routing information included in the Additional information IE of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message.

If the DDX field in the CIoT small data container IE or the DDX field of the Release assistance indication IE indicates:

1) "No further uplink and no further downlink data transmission subsequent to the uplink data transmission is expected" and if there is no downlink signalling or downlink data for the UE; or

2) "Only a single downlink data transmission and no further uplink data transmission subsequent to the uplink data transmission is expected" and upon subsequent delivery of the next received downlink data transmission to the UE and if there is no additional downlink signalling or downlink data for the UE,

the AMF initiates the release of the N1 NAS signalling connection (see 3GPP TS 23.502 [9]).

Upon successful completion of the procedure, the UE shall reset the service request attempt counter, stop the timer T3517 and enter the state 5GMM-REGISTERED.

If the PDU session status information element is included in the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message, then the AMF:

a) shall perform a local release of all those PDU sessions which are active on the AMF side associated with the access type the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message is sent over, but are indicated by the UE as being inactive, and

b) request the SMF to perform a local release of all those PDU sessions.

If the PDU session status information element is included in the SERVICE ACCEPT message, then the UE shall perform a local release of all those PDU sessions which are active on the UE side associated with the 3GPP access but are indicated by the AMF as being inactive.

If the user-plane resources cannot be established for a PDU session, the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message indicating that user-plane resources for the corresponding PDU session cannot be re-established, and:

a) if the user-plane resources cannot be established because the SMF indicated to the AMF that the UE is located out of the LADN service area (see 3GPP TS 29.502 [20A]), the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with the 5GMM cause set to #43 "LADN not available";

b) if the user-plane resources cannot be established because the SMF indicated to the AMF that only prioritized services are allowed (see 3GPP TS 29.502 [20A]), the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with the 5GMM cause set to #28 "restricted service area"; or

c) if the user-plane resources cannot be established because:

1) the SMF indicated to the AMF that the resource is not available in the UPF (see 3GPP TS 29.502 [20A]); or

2) the UE is in NB-N1 mode and the result will lead to user-plane resources established for more than two PDU sessions (see 3GPP TS 23.502 [9])

the AMF shall include the PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with the 5GMM cause set to #92"insufficient user-plane resources for the PDU session":

NOTE: For a UE that is not in NB-N1 mode, it is up to UE implementation when to re-send a request for user-plane re-establishment for the associated PDU session after receiving a PDU session reactivation result error cause IE with a 5GMM cause set to #92 "insufficient user-plane resources for the PDU session".

For case d) in subclause 5.6.1.1, the UE shall also treat the indication from the lower layers that the RRC connection has been released as successful completion of the procedure. The UE shall reset the service request attempt counter, stop the timer T3517 and enter the state 5GMM-REGISTERED.

Editor's note: abnormal cases for the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST on the UE and network side are FFS.

If the AMF sends a SERVICE ACCEPT message upon receipt of the CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message with uplink data:

- if the UE has indicated support for the control plane CIoT 5GS optimizations; and

- if the AMF decides to activate the congestion control for transport of user data via the control plane,

then the AMF shall include the T3448 value IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message.

If the AMF decides to deactivate the congestion control for transport of user data via the control plane, then the AMF shall delete the stored control plane data back-off time for the UE and the AMF shall not include timer T3448 value IE in the SERVICE ACCEPT message.

If the T3448 value IE is present in the received SERVICE ACCEPT message and the value indicates that this timer is neither zero nor deactivated, the UE shall:

a) stop timer T3448 if it is running;

b) consider the transport of user data via the control plane as successful; and

c) start timer T3448 with the value provided in the T3448 value IE.

If the UE is using 5GS services with control plane CIoT 5GS optimization, the T3448 value IE is present in the SERVICE ACCEPT message and the value indicates that this timer is either zero or deactivated, the UE shall ignore the T3448 value IE and proceed as if the T3448 value IE was not present.

If the UE in 5GMM-IDLE mode initiated the service request procedure by sending a CONTROL PLANE SERVICE REQUEST message and the SERVICE ACCEPT message does not include the T3448 value IE and if timer T3448 is running, then the UE shall stop timer T3448.

\*\*\*\*\*\* NEXT CHANGE \*\*\*\*\*\*

#### 6.4.1.5A Handling the maximum number of allowed active user-plane resources for PDU sessions of UEs in NB-N1 mode

For a UE in NB-N1 mode, the UE's maximum number of active user-plane data radio bearers is two (as defined in 3GPP TS 36.300 [25B]) when the UE sets the Multiple DRB support bit to "Multiple DRB supported" during the registration procedure for initial registration or for for mobility and periodic registration update, and one otherwise.

For a UE operating in NB-N1 mode, if:

a) the UE's maximum number of active user plane data radio bearers is one, then only one PDU session can have active user-plane resources even though that UE might have established more than one PDU session; or

b) the UE's maximum number of active user plane data radio bearers is two, then only two PDU sessions can have active user-plane resources even though that UE might have established more than two PDU sessions.

When the maximum number of active user-plane resources is reached and upper layers request for more user-plane resources for PDU sessions other than the PDU sessions with those active user-plane resources, the UE can choose to release one or more of the PDU sessions with active user-plane resources to cater for the upper layer request. The choice of which PDU sessions to be released is implementation specific. However if there is a PDU session with an active user-plane that is used for exception data reporting (see subclause 6.2.13), that PDU session shall not be released.

If the maximum number of active user-plane resources is reached and the upper layers of the UE request user-plane resources for exception data reporting (see subclause 6.2.13), the UE shall release a PDU session that has user-plane resources to cater for the request for exception data reporting. The choice of which PDU session to be released is implementation specific.

If the UE decides to release one or more active user-plane resources to cater for upper layer request, the UE shall release the PDU session via explicit 5GSM signalling.