

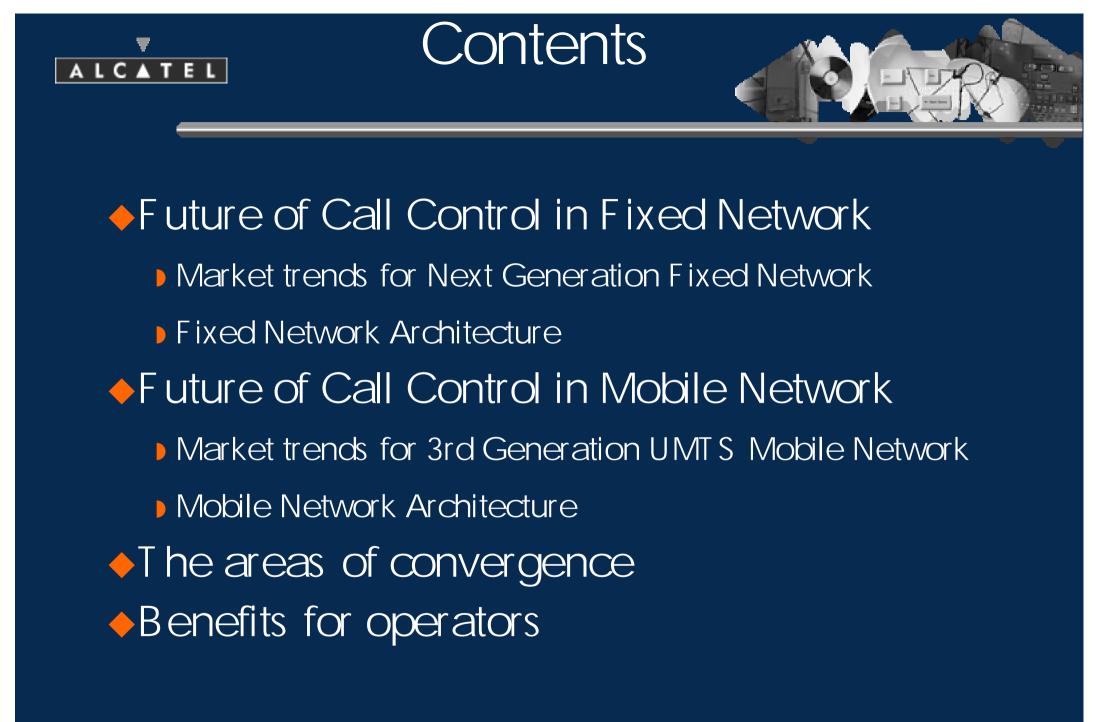




AII-IP Networks

Architectures Convergence

Mid term vision







Future of

Call Control

in Fixed Network



Why a Distributed and Layered Architecture ?

Market Trends for Fixed

- Provide better flexibility and decoupling. Thus facilitate vendor's, carrier's, or third party's development of Application S oftware
- Reduce time to market for new Technologies and Services
- Allow competitive procurement of modular S ubsystems, thanks to standard Interfaces and Protocols



Market Trends for Fixed NGN



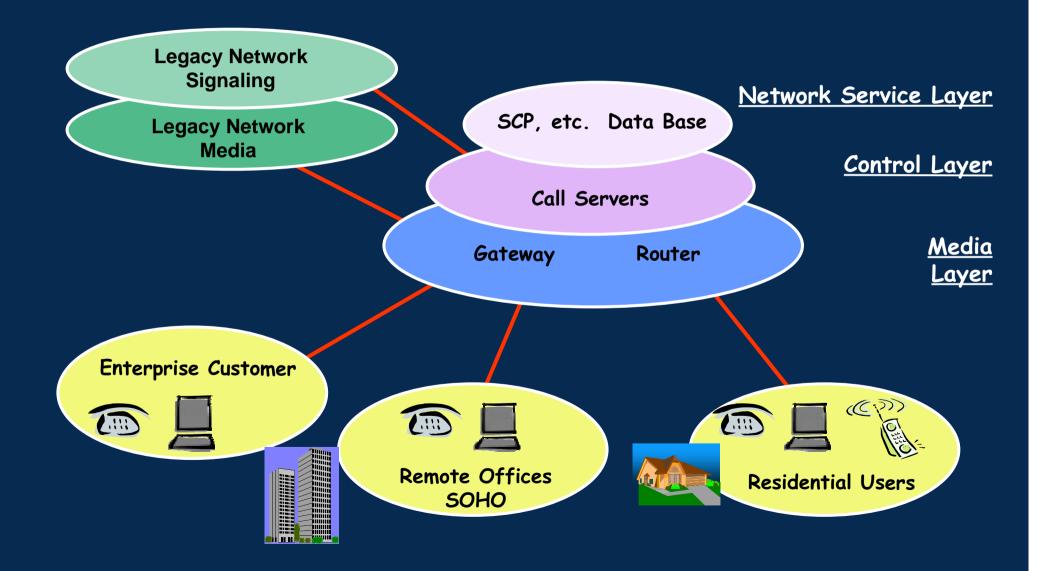
 Distributed and layered architecture characterized by separation in several layers

- **Service**
- Control
- Transport

Two terminal families for two service families :

- Circuit-based terminal (e.g. POTS, ISDN) for Telephony & Fax
- IP Native terminal (e.g. PC, PDA) for multimedia services (i.e. H.323 and SIP)

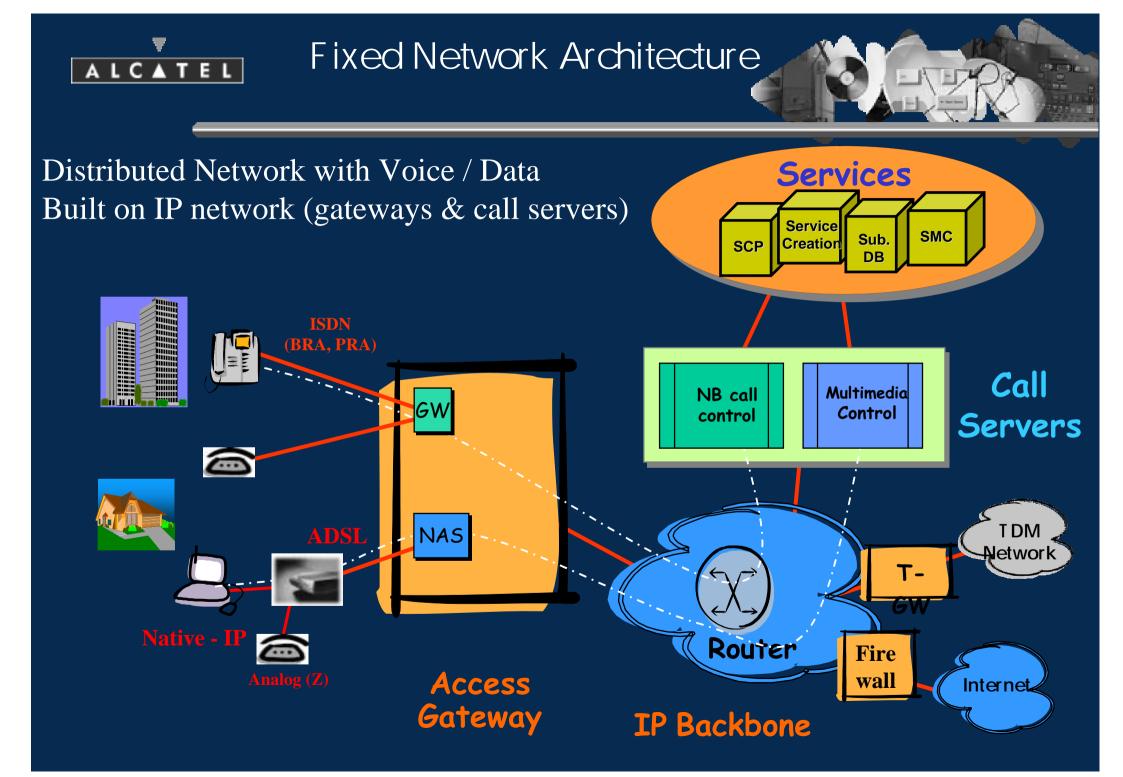




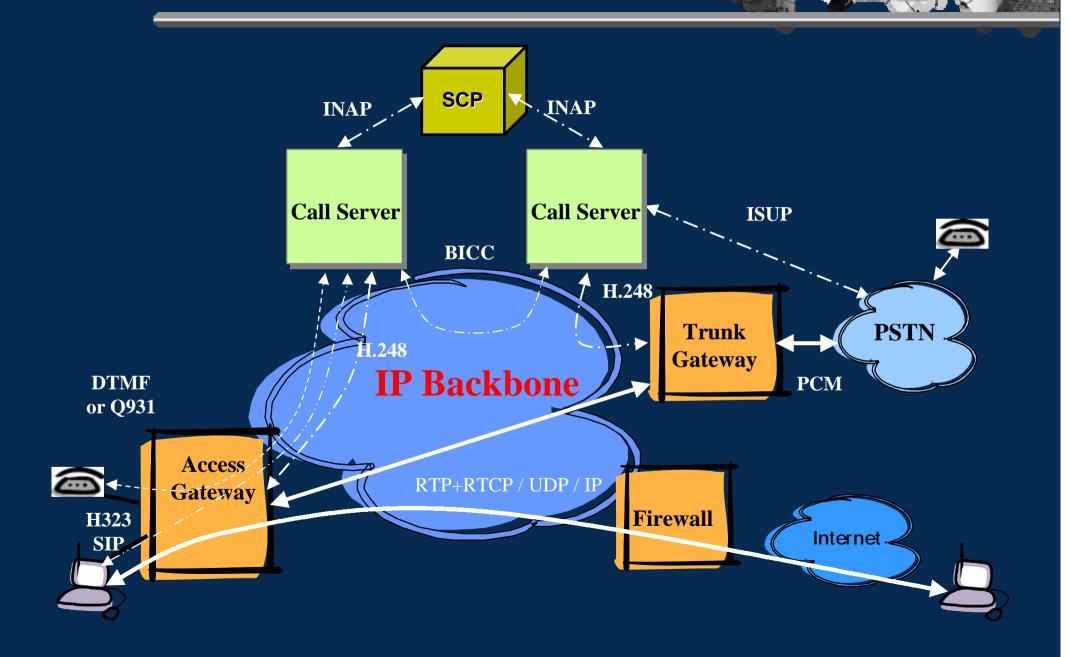


Two families of fixed Terminals for two service families





Needed Protocols in **ALCATEL** Fixed Distributed Architecture







Future of

Call Control

in Mobile Network

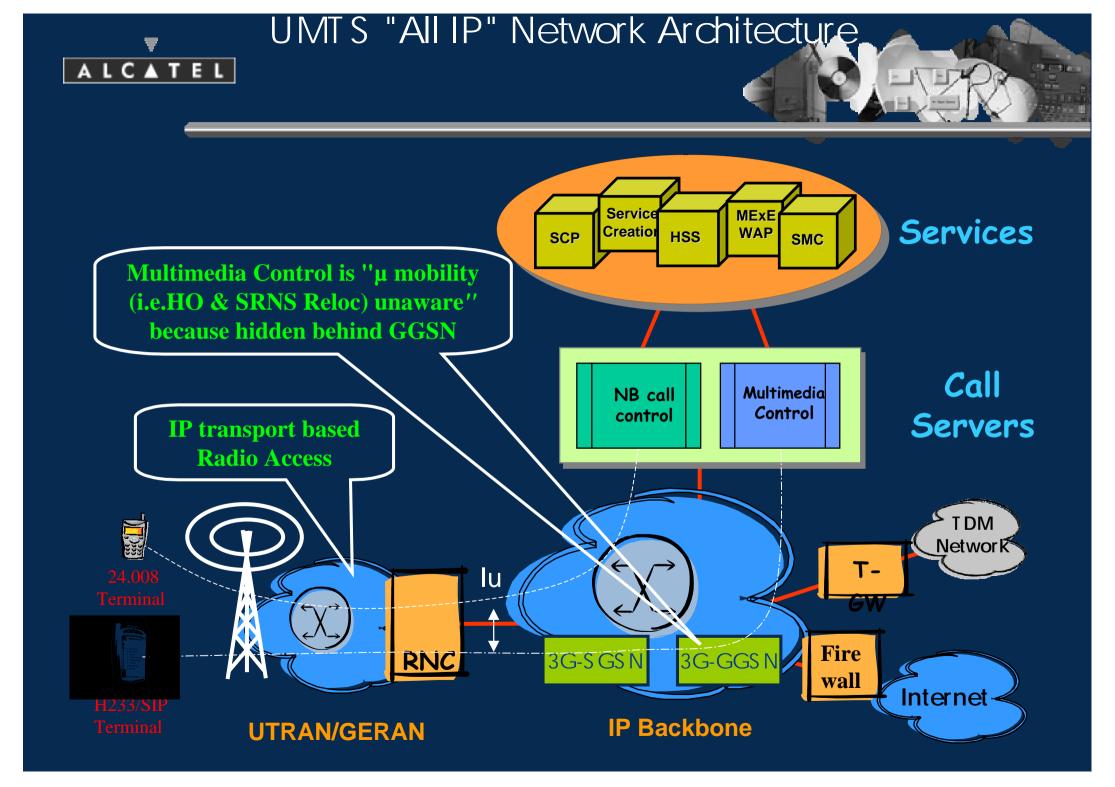


Note that some IP Native Terminals will support both Signalings





- Same type of equipment as for fixed architecture
- Mobility Management :
 - Hand-over : fully hidden within Radio Access
 - SRNS relocation : hidden behind SGSN/GGSN for multimedia services
- Location management : within HSS (HLR + UMS)
- Transport in RAN and at Iu Reference Point will be fully IP based thus avoiding heavy interworking







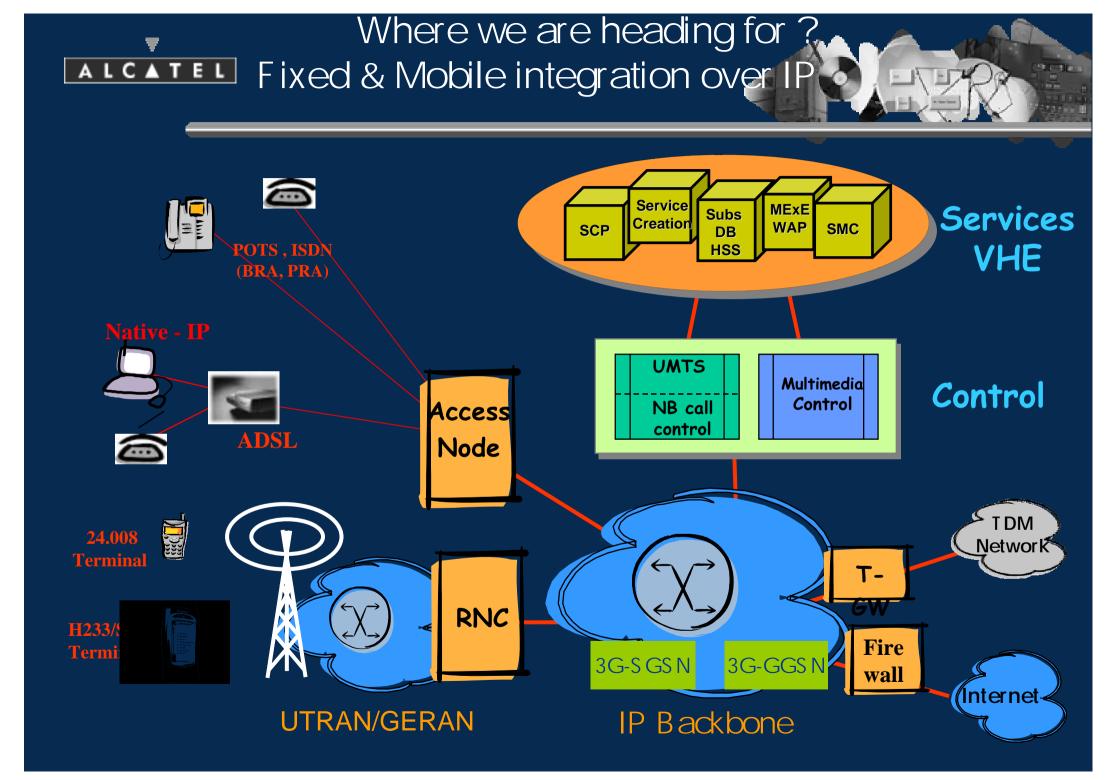
The areas of S ynergy & Convergence





As soon as Nobility is hidden a mobile terminal is no more than

a fixed terminal







Benefits

for operators



Optimization through Convergence



Next Generation Networks allows for fixed/mobile convergence at several levels

- Service level : same VHE relying on
 - same IN services & service creation environment
 - same MM Subscriber Data base, and SMC
- Control level : same Multimedia Call S erver
- Transport level : same routers, MGWs, MGCs, Firewalls, etc.

ALCATEL Operator Benefits (1)

 Acquisition cost optimization through Voice/Data Fixed/Mobile & CN/RAN convergence

- Scale effect :
 - dimensioning (pool effect)
 - purchasing
- Cheaper equipment (Router vs. Switch)
- Open interfaces
 - Choose the best quality/price ratio

ALCATEL Operator Benefits (2)

Operational cost optimization Single technology Single service and user management Simple routing management R educed staff training R educed s pares stock

ALCATEL Operator Benefits (3)

Differentiation

- Develop once common (fixed/mobile & circuit/multimedia) services through the same creation environment
- New innovative multi-media services (like IP call ergonomy)
- Quick Service Roll-out of services
- Open interfaces : choose freely your providers !!!



Condusions



- IP transport brings global homogeneity (CN & RAN)
- A single fixed+mobile core network architecture is possible as soon as mobility is hidden
- Convergence & synergies exist at several levels :
 - fixed/mobile
 - voice/data
 - orcuit/multimedia
 - CN/RAN

