**3GPPSA4 #120-e S4-** **220990**

**E-meeting, 17-26 Aug 2022**

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| *CR-Form-v12.0* | | | | | | | | |
| **DRAFT CHANGE REQUEST** | | | | | | | | |
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|  | **26**.**501** | **CR** |  | **rev** | **-** | **Current version:** | **17.2.0** |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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| ***Title:*** | **[5GMSA\_PH2] Uplink collaboration scenarios** | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to WG:*** | Tencent | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to TSG:*** |  | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Work item code:*** | 5GMSA\_PH2 | | | | |  | ***Date:*** | | | 8/09/2022 |
|  |  | | | |  | |  | | |  |
| ***Category:*** | **B** |  | | | | | ***Release:*** | | | 18 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:* ***F*** *(correction)* ***A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)* ***B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)* ***D*** *(editorial modification)*  Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | | | | | | | | *Use one of the following releases: Rel-8 (Release 8) Rel-9 (Release 9) Rel-10 (Release 10) Rel-11 (Release 11) Rel-12 (Release 12)* *Rel-13 (Release 13) Rel-14 (Release 14) Rel-15 (Release 15) Rel-16 (Release 16)* | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Reason for change:*** | | This document adds 6 collaboration scenarios for uplink streaming that are documented in TR 26.804 in Annex A. The order of collaboration scenarios are changed since the first collaboration scenario (collaboration scenario 5 in TR 26.804) is used for the baseline call flow in clause 6.1 of TS 26.501. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Summary of change:*** | | * Collaboration scenarios for uplink streaming | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | | A | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | | **Y** | **N** |  | | | |  | | |
| ***Other specs*** | |  | **X** | Other core specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***affected:*** | |  | **X** | Test specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***(show related CRs)*** | |  | **X** | O&M Specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Other comments:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |

CHANGE

# A.0 General

This annex describes a set of collaboration scenarios and deployment options of the 5G Media Streaming architecture. The intention is to illustate different deployment options.

Note that the scenarios focus on the ownership of the functions. Scalability realizations such as a CDN are not illustrated. As result of the scalability considerations, the M4-serving 5GMS AS and/or M5-serving 5GMS AF may:

- Consist of multiple (physical) servers, which may be addressed using a single FQDN. A load balancer forwards client requests to one of these servers. Forwarding may be via HTTP redirects or transparent towards the client.

- Consist of multiple (physical) servers, where different servers, or different groups of servers, may be addressed with different FQDNs. The client may be made aware of this via the manifest (i.e. listing multiple base URLs).

NOTE: In this case the servers may be managed by the same or different parties (e.g. MNO and/or 5GMS Application Provider).

- Be addressed with a single FQDN. For example, the MNO AS is mostly transparent and acts as a proxy/cache.

CHANGE

# A.10 Uplink media streaming with AF and AS in trusted Data Network

In this collaboration scenario, both the 5GMSu AS and 5GMSu AF are present and follow 3GPP specifications. Both the 5GMSu AS and 5GMSu AF reside in the trusted Data Network. Additionally, reference point M2u is used for content egest to the external 5GMSu Application Provider.



Figure A.10-1: Uplink media streaming with AF and AS in trusted Data Network

Figure A.10‑2 provides a high-level call flow for this collaboration scenario.



Figure A.10-2: Call flow for uplink media streaming with AF and AS in trusted Data Network

Steps:

1. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session with the 5GMSu AF.

2. The 5GMSu Application Provider requests the 5GMSu AF to create one Content Publishing Configuration that defines the instructions for content egest (M1u).

3. The 5GMSu AF, based on the received Content Publishing Configuration, requests the 5GMSu AS to confirm the availability of content resources for content preparation.

4. The 5GMSu AF acknowledges to the 5GMSu Application Provider the successful creation of the Content Publishing Configuration (M1u).

At some later point in time:

5. The 5GMSu Application Provider provides Service Access Information to the 5GMS-Aware Application at reference point M8u.

6. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

If remote configuration and control is activated,

7. The 5GMSu AF configures and controls the 5GMSu Client remotely (M5u).

Otherwise,

8. The 5GMSu Client requests the start of media uplink streaming (M5u).

Alternatively:

9. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

10. The 5GMSu Client requests Service Access Information from the 5GSMu AF at reference point M5u.

Then:

11. The 5GMSu Client requests starting media session uplink streaming (M5u).

12. The 5GMSd AF requests initialisation of the content preparation process (M3u).

13. The 5GMSd AS initialises the content preparation process, if is not already running (M3u).

14. The 5GMSd AF acknowledges the initialisation of the content preparation process (M3u).

Next:

15. Uplink media streaming starts from the 5GMSu Client to the 5GMSu AS (M4u).

16. Media streaming egest starts from the 5GMSu AS to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M2u).

Finally:

17. The 5GMSu AS releases its resources after observing a period of interactivity.

NOTE: This step is implementation dependent.

# A.11 Uplink media streaming (media plane only) with AF and AS in the trusted Data Network

This uplink collaboration scenario pertains to a media plane only collaboration for which the 5GMSu AS is deployed in the trusted Data Network. Here, the 5GMS System is assumed to offer uplink streaming capabilities as a service to an external 5GMSu Application Provider.



Figure A.11-1: Uplink media streaming (media plane only) with AF and AS in the trusted Data Network

NOTE: Although provisioning at reference point M1 is shown in figure A.11-1 between the (external) 5GMSu Application Provider and the 5GMSu AF, due to the absence of reference point M5u in this diagram, there is no control plane collaboration between the 5GMSu Application Provider and the 5GMS System.

Figure A.11‑2 provides a high-level call flow for this collaboration scenario.



Figure A.11-2: Call flow for Uplink, Media plane only, AF & AS in the trusted Data Network

Steps:

1. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session for uplink streaming with the 5GMSu AF.

2. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Content Publishing Configuration as part of the Provisioning Session that defines the instructions for content egest (M1u).

3. The 5GMSu AF, based on the received Content Publishing Configuration, requests the 5GMSu AS to instantiate the content preparation process (M3u).

4. The 5GMSu AS initialises the content preparation process.

5. The 5GMSu AS acknowledges the initialisation of the required process (M3u).

6. The 5GMSu AF acknowledges the successful creation of the Content Publishing Configuration to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M1u).

At some later point in time:

7. The 5GMSu Application Provider optionally provides Service Access Information to the 5GMS-Aware Application (M8).

8. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

9. Uplink media streaming starts from the 5GMSu Client to the 5GMSu AS (M4u).

10. Media streaming egest starts from the 5GMSu AS to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M2u).

Finally:

11. The 5GMSu AS releases its resources after observing a period of inactivity.

NOTE: Step 10 is implementation-dependent.

# A.12 Uplink media streaming (media plane only) with provisioning and AS in the external domain

This scenario pertains to a media plane only collaboration for which the 5GMSu AS is deployed in the external domain and the 5GMSu AF is not involved. Specifically, reference points M1′ and/or M2u′ do not follow 3GPP specifications.



Figure A.12-1: Uplink media streaming (media plane only) with provisioning and AS in the external domain

Figure A.12‑2 provides a high-level call flow for this collaboration scenario.



Figure A.12-2: Call flow for Uplink media streaming (media plane only) with provisioning and AS in the external domain

Steps:

1. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session for uplink streaming with the 5GMSu AF (M1u′).

2. The Provisioning function requests the 5GMSu AS to initialise the required content preparation process (M3u′).

3. The 5GMSu AS initialises the content preparation process.

4. The 5GMSu AS acknowledges the initialisation of the required process (M3u′).

5. The Provisioning function acknowledges the successful creation of the Provisioning Session to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M1u′).

At some later point in time:

6. The 5GMSu Application Provider provides Service Access Information to the 5GMS-Aware Application (M8).

7. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

8. Uplink media streaming starts from the 5GMSu Client to the 5GMSu AS (M4u).

9. Media streaming egest starts from the 5GMSu AS to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M2u).

Finally:

10. The 5GMSu AS releases its resources after observing a period of inactivity.

NOTE: Step 9 is implementation-dependent.

# A.13 Uplink media streaming with AF in the trusted Data Network and AS in the external domain

In this collaboration scenario, both the 5GMSu AS and 5GMSu AF are present. The 5GMSu AS resides in the external domain and does not employ 5GMS protocols and formats for uplink media reception from the 5GMSu Client, nor for content egest. The 5GMSu AF is used to interact with the 5G System, e.g., for dynamic policy invocation and/or other uplink streaming related network features such as metrics reporting and network assistance).



Figure A.13-1: Uplink media streaming AF in the trusted Data Network and AS in the external domain

Figure A.13‑2 provides a high-level call flow for this collaboration scenario.



Figure A.13-2: Call flow for uplink media streaming with AF in the trusted Data Network and AS in the external domain

Steps:

1. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session with its internal Provisioning function (M1u′).

2. The Provisioning function requests the 5GMSu-like AS to initialise the required content preparation process instantiation (M3u′).

3. The 5GMSu-like AS instantiates the content preparation process.

4. The 5GMSu-like AS acknowledges the Provisioning the instantiation of required process (M3u′).

5. The Provisioning function acknowledges successful provisioning to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M1u′).

6. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session for uplink streaming with the 5GMSu AF.

At some later point in time:

7. The 5GMSu Application Provider provides Service Access Information to the 5GMS-Aware Application at reference point M8u.

8. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

If remote configuration and control is activated,

9. The 5GMSu AF configures and controls the 5GMSu Client remotely (M5u).

Otherwise,

10. The 5GMSu Client requests the start of media uplink streaming (M5u).

Alternatively:

11. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

12. The 5GMSu Client requests Service Access Information from the 5GSMu AF at reference point M5u.

At some later point in time:

13. Uplink media streaming starts from the 5GMSu Client to the 5GMSu-like AS (M4u′).

14. Media streaming egest starts from the 5GMSu-like AS to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M2u′).

Finally:

15. The 5GMSu AS releases its resources after observing a period of inactivity.

NOTE: This step is implementation dependent.

# A.14 Uplink media streaming with AF and AS in the external domain

In this collaboration scenario, both the 5GMSu AS and 5GMSu AF are present and follow 3GPP specifications. Both the 5GMSu AS and 5GMSu AF reside in the external DN/domain.



Figure A.13-1: Uplink media streaming with AF and AS in the external domain

Figure A.14‑2 provides a high-level call flow for this collaboration scenario.



Figure A.14-2: Call flow for uplink media streaming with AF and AS in the external domain

Steps:

1. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session for uplink streaming with the 5GMSu AF (M1u′).

2. The 5GMSu Application Provider creates a Content Publishing Configuration as part of the Provisioning Session that defines the instructions for content egest (M1u′).

3. The 5GMSu AF, based on the received publishing configuration, requests the 5GMSu AS to confirm the availability of content resources for egest (M3u).

4. The 5GMSu AF acknowledges the successful creation of the Content Publishing Configuration to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M1u′).

At some later point in time:

5. The 5GMSu Application Provider requests that the 5GMSu AF initialises the content preparation process (M1u′).

6. The 5GMSd AF requests initialisation of the content preparation process (M3u).

7. The 5GMSd AS initialises the content preparation process, if is not already running (M3u).

8. The 5GMSd AS acknowledges the initialisation of the content preparation process (M3u).

9. The 5GMSu AF acknowledges the initialisation of the cotent preparation process (M1u′).

10. The 5GMSu Application Provider provides Service Access Information to the 5GMS-Aware Application (M8).

11. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

If remote configuration and control is activated,

12. The 5GMSu AF configures and controls the 5GMSu Client remotely (M5u).

Otherwise,

13. The 5GMSu Client requests the start of media uplink streaming (M5u).

Alternatively:

14. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

15. The 5GMSu Client requests Service Access Information from the 5GSMu AF (M5u).

16. The 5GMSd AF requests initialisation of the content preparation process (M3u).

17. The 5GMSd AS initialises the content preparation process, if is not already running (M3u).

18. The 5GMSd AF acknowledges the initialisation of the content preparation process (M3u).

19. The 5GMSMu AF provides Service Access Information to the 5GMSu Client (M5u).

Then:

20. Uplink media streaming starts from the 5GMSu Client to the 5GMSu AS (M4u).

21. Media streaming egest starts from the 5GMSu AS to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M2u′).

Finally:

22. The 5GMSu AS releases its resources after observing a period of inactivity.

NOTE: This step is implementation-dependent.

# A.15 Hybrid uplink and downlink media streaming

This scenario represents a hybrid end-to-end form of collaboration across uplink media streaming and downlink media streaming services. An external 5GMS Application Provider relies on the 5GMS System to support both the uplink streaming media transmission by 5GMSu Clients and subsequent distribution of that content via downlink media streaming for reception by 5GMSd Clients within the same 5GMS System.



Figure A.15-1: Hybrid uplink and downlink media streaming

Figure A.15-2 shows the call flow for this scenario. To simplify the call flow, the content preparation process is omitted.



Figure A.15-2: Call flow for hybrid uplink and downlink media streaming

Steps:

1. The 5GMSd Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session with the 5GMSd AF (M1d).

2. The 5GMSd Application Provider provisions the 5GMSD AF with a Content Hosting Configuration.

3. The 5GMSd AF, based on the received Content Hosting Configuration, requests the 5GMSd AS to confirm the availability of distribution resources (M3d, procedures not specified).

4. The 5GMSd AF acknowledges to the 5GMSd Application Provider the successful creation of the Content Hosting Configuration (M1d).

5. The 5GMS Application Provider creates a Provisioning Session with the 5GMSu AF (M1u).

6. The 5GMSu AF requests the 5GMSu AS to confirm the uplink resources availability. (M3u, procedures not specified).

7. The 5GMSu AF acknowledges to the 5GMSu Application Provider of the successful provisioning (M1u).

At some later point in time:

8. The 5GMSu Application Provider provides Service Access Information to the 5GMS-Aware Application at reference point M8u.

9. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

If remote configuration and control is activated,

10. The 5GMSu AF configures and controls the 5GMSu Client remotely (M5u).

Otherwise,

11. The 5GMSu Client requests the start of media uplink streaming (M5u).

Alternatively:

12. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSu Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6u/M7u).

13. The 5GMSu Client requests Service Access Information from the 5GSMu AF at reference point M5u.

At some later point in time:

14. Uplink media streaming starts from the 5GMSu Client to the 5GMSu-like AS (M4u′).

15. Media streaming egest starts from the 5GMSu-like AS to the 5GMSu Application Provider (M2u′).

16. The 5GMSu AS streams the content to the 5GMSd AS (I2, not specified).

Steps 17–21 concern the 5GMS downlink streaming process:

17. The 5GMS Application Provider optionally provides the service access information to the 5GMSd-Aware Application (M8d).

18. The 5GMS-Aware Application requests the 5GMSd Client to start an uplink streaming session (M6d/M7d).

19. If Service Access Information was not provided in step 14, the 5GMSd Client requests this information from the 5GSMd AF (M5d).

20. The 5GMSd Client requests the start of the downlink streaming session from the 5GSMd AF (M5d).

21. The downlink media streaming starts (M4d).

Finally:

22. The 5GMSu AS releases its resources after observing a period of interactivity.

23. The 5GMSd AS releases its resources after observing a period of interactivity.

NOTE 2: Steps 19 and 20 are implementation-dependent.

END OF CHANGES