

3GPP TSG-SA WG3-LI Meeting #3/02  
 Helsinki, Finland, 24-26 September 2002

Tdoc **⌘** S3LI02\_157r1

CR-Form-v7

## CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **33.107** CR **CRNum** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **5.4.0** ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	⌘ Event Time		
<b>Source:</b>	⌘ SA3 LI		
<b>Work item code:</b>	⌘ SEC1	<b>Date:</b>	⌘ 26.09.2002
<b>Category:</b>	⌘ <b>F</b>	<b>Release:</b>	⌘ REL-5
Use <i>one</i> of the following categories: <b>F</b> (correction) <b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) <b>B</b> (addition of feature), <b>C</b> (functional modification of feature) <b>D</b> (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.		Use <i>one</i> of the following releases: <b>2</b> (GSM Phase 2) <b>R96</b> (Release 1996) <b>R97</b> (Release 1997) <b>R98</b> (Release 1998) <b>R99</b> (Release 1999) <b>Rel-4</b> (Release 4) <b>Rel-5</b> (Release 5) <b>Rel-6</b> (Release 6)	

<b>Reason for change:</b>	⌘ Alignment with approved and implemented tdoc S3-020346
<b>Summary of change:</b>	⌘ Addition of HLR internal clock for generating timestamp
<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	⌘ Timestamp will not be specified according to the standard when using HLR.

<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘ 7.3.2 Table 2.					
<b>Other specs affected:</b>	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">N</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">⌘</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> </tr> </table> Other core specifications	Y	N	⌘	X	⌘
	Y	N				
	⌘	X				
<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">⌘</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> </tr> </table> Test specifications	⌘	X	⌘			
⌘	X					
<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">⌘</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> </tr> </table> O&M Specifications	⌘	X	⌘			
⌘	X					
<b>Other comments:</b>	⌘					

### 7.3.2 Structure of the events

There are eight different events in which the information is sent to the DF2 if this is required. Details are described in the following section. The events for interception are configurable (if they are sent to DF2) in the 3G GSN or the HLR and can be suppressed in the DF2.

**The following events are applicable to 3G SGSN:**

- Mobile Station Attach;
- Mobile Station Detach;
- PDP context activation;
- Start of intercept with PDP context active;
- PDP context modification;
- PDP context deactivation;
- RA update;
- SMS.

NOTE: 3G GGSN interception is a national option. Location information may not be available in this case.

**The following events are applicable to the 3G GGSN:**

- PDP context activation;
- PDP context modification;
- PDP context deactivation;
- Start of interception with PDP context active.

**The following events are applicable to the HLR:**

- Roaming.

A set of fields as shown below is used to generate the events. The events transmit the information from 3G GSN or HLR to DF2. This set of fields as shown below can be extended in the 3G GSN or HLR, if this is necessary as a national option. DF2 can extend this information if this is necessary as a national option e.g. a unique number for each surveillance warrant.

The following events are applicable to the 3G GGSN:

- PDP context activation ;
- PDP context deactivation ;
- Start of interception with PDP context active.

The following events are applicable to the HLR:

- Roaming.

A set of fields as shown below is used to generate the events. The events transmit the information from 3G GSN or HLR to DF2. This set of fields as shown below can be extended in the 3G GSN or HLR, if this is necessary as a national option. DF2 can extend this information if this is necessary as a national option e.g. a unique number for each surveillance warrant.

**Table 2: Information Events for Packet Data Event Records**

Observed MSISDN MSISDN of the target subscriber (monitored subscriber)
Observed IMSI IMSI of the target subscriber (monitored subscriber)
Observed IMEI IMEI of the target subscriber (monitored subscriber), it shall be checked for each activation over the radio interface.
Event type Description which type of event is delivered: MS attach, MS detach, PDP context activation, Start of intercept with PDP context active, PDP context deactivation, SMS, Cell and/or RA update,
Event date Date of the event generation in the 3G GSN or the HLR.
Event time Time of the event generation in the 3G GSN or the HLR. Timestamp shall be generated relative to <u>GSN or HLR</u> internal clock.
PDP address The PDP address of the target subscriber. Note that this address might be dynamic.
Access Point Name The APN of the access point. (Typically the GGSN of the other party)
Location Information Location Information is the service area identity (SAI), RAI and/or location area identity that is present at the GSN at the time of event record production.
PDP Type The used PDP type.
Correlation Number The correlation number is used to correlate CC and IRI.
SMS The SMS content with header which is sent with the SMS-service. The header also includes the SMS-Centre address.
Network Element Identifier Unique identifier for the element reporting the ICE.
Failed attach reason Reason for failed attach of the target subscriber.
Failed context activation reason Reason for failed context activation of the target subscriber.
IAs The observed Interception Areas
Session initiator The initiator of the PD context activation or modification request either the network or the 3G MS.
Initiator SMS indicator whether the SMS is MO or MT
Deactivation/termination cause The termination cause of the PDP context
QoS This field indicated the Quality of Service associated with the PDP Context procedure.
Serving System Address Information about the serving system (e.g., serving SGSN number or serving SGSN address).