**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting # 99-e R4-210XXXX**

**Electronic Meeting, 19th – 27th May 2021**

**Agenda item:** 9.9.2.2

**Source:** Moderator (vivo)

**Title:** Email discussion summary for [99-e][225] NR\_RRM\_enh2\_2

**Document for:** Information

# Introduction

This email discussion summary includes HO with PSCell (9.9.2.2).

Candidate target of email discussion for 1st round and 2nd round

* 1st round:
  + Stage 1: Moderators kick off email discussion (Wed. 8am UTC May 19)
  + Stage 2: Companies provide comments for the 1st round (May 1 – Friday 12pm UTC May 21)
  + Stage 3: Moderators summarize the status and possible proposals, recommending what decisions can be made for 1st round. A formal t-doc will be used (Friday 7pm UTC May 21)
  + Stage 4: After receiving the summary from moderators, session chair may approve documents, make agreements or assign new CRs, WFs, LSs, etc. (no later than Friday 8am UTC, May 24)
* 2nd round:
  + Stage 5: Companies provide comments for 2nd round starting from Monday 3am UTC May 24.
    - Draft WF/LS and revised CRs/TPs shall be shared by Monday 7pm UTC, May 24.
    - Formal tdocs of WF/LS/CRs/TPs shall be uploaded to the Inbox (except Cat A CRs) by Wednesday 3am UTC, May 26.
    - Commenting shall stop by Thursday 3am UTC, May 27.
  + Stage 6: Moderators provide 2nd round summary with a formal tdoc by Thursday 8am UTC, May 27.
  + Stage 7: Session chairs announce close of sessions (no later than 4pm UTC, May 27). Final decisions will be captured in Chairman meeting report (to be shared after the meeting is closed)

# Topic #1: HO with PSCell

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |
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| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| [**R4-2108768**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2108768.zip) | ZTE Corporation | **Proposal 1: For the starting point of the delay, reuse the starting point definition from legacy HO, i.e., the end of the last TTI containing the RRC command implying handover with PSCell.**  Proposal 2: The UE shall perform handover and PSCell addition in parallel.  **Proposal 3: Include both 2-step RA and 4-step RA into the new requirements made for handover with PSCell.**  **Proposal 4: For UE which is already configured with DC, the UE’s behaviour is same when the configured PSCell is same as the original one or not.** |
| [**R4-2109051**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109051.zip) | CATT | **Proposal 1: The scenarios extention should not be discussed in RAN4, and RAN4 work should following the WID, i.e. only to define RRM requirements for following scenarios:**   * **from NR SA to EN-DC** * **from EN-DC to EN-DC** * **from NE-DC to NE-DC** * **from NR-DC to NR-DC**   **Proposal 2: In Rel-17, RAN4 only considers FR1+FR2 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC, and only considers FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.**  **Proposal 3: UE will perform in parallel the PCell handover process and PSCell addition process. We should wait for RAN2 response for order of random access carried out towards PCell and PSCell.**  **Proposal 4: Waiting for RAN2 response for order of random access carried out towards PCell and PSCell.**  **Proposal 5: The UE’s behavior is same when the configured PSCell is same as the original one or not. If PSCell is not changed, it can be dealt with as a known cell.**  **Proposal 6: The value of processing time of handover and the PSCell addition can be reused separately. AndTprocessing for HO with PSCell including UE SW processing and RF warm-up time should be the maximum of the processing time of handover and the processing time of the PSCell addition.**  **Proposal 7: The delay requirement structure can be designed as above description, and decision will be made waiting for the conclusion of other issues and RAN2 LS response.**  **Proposal 8: Yes, PCell could schedule UE when PCell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed.**  **Proposal 9: No interruption requirement should be defined during HO with PSCell. RRC connection interruptions in normal handover requirements can be reused in HO with PSCell.**  **Proposal 10: Waiting RAN2 response and conclusions of other issues for 2 step and 4 step RACH.**  **Proposal 11: The NR-U scenario is out of scope of this WID, no need to discuss.** |
| [**R4-2109244**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109244.zip) | Intel Corporation | **Proposal 1: Consider FR1+FR2, FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell and FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell.**  **Proposal 2: Considering the reply LS from RAN2, RRC processing delay for HO with PSCell is:**  **NR SA to EN-DC : 50ms**  **EN-DC to EN-DC: 20ms**  **NE-DC to NE-DC: 16ms**  **NR-DC to NR-DC: 16ms**  **Proposal 3:** **Tprocessing can be further split into software processing (Tprocessing\_SW) and RF warm up time(Tprocessing\_RF). For Tprocessing\_RF, it depends on whether PCell or PSCell changed across FR. For Tprocessing\_SW, PSCell can be processed in parallel with PCell handover, FFS if any extension is needed.**  **Proposal 4:** **Tsearch, Tmargin, T∆ can be processed in parallel for both PCell HO and PSCell addition.** |
| [**R4-2109250**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109250.zip) | Xiaomi | **Proposal 1: RAN4 specifies RRM requirement for HO with PSCell for following scenarios:**   * + - * **from NR SA to EN-DC**       * **from EN-DC to EN-DC**       * **from NE-DC to NE-DC**       * **from NR-DC to NR-DC**   **Proposal 2: For NR-DC and NE-DC mode in HO with PSCell, the following scenarios are considered to specify the RRM requirements:**   * + - * **FR1+FR2 NR-DC and FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC,**       * **FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.**   **Proposal 3: RAN4 follow the RRC processing delay for HO with PSCell which is captured in reply LS (R4-2107622).**  **Proposal 4: For HO with PSCell, it is assumed that the preparation of synchronization procedures should be performed in sequentially order:**   * **Cell search;** * **Fine time tracking;** * **UE processing time;** * **Time for interruption uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the new cell;** * **Time for SSB post-processing**   **Proposal 5: The ending point of HO with PSCell is the timing when UE is capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell.**  **Proposal 6: When the configured PSCell is the same as the original one or not, the requirements and UE’s behavior are the same.**  **Proposal 7: No interruption requirement should be defined for HO with PSCell.** |
| [**R4-2109309**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109309.zip) | Apple | ***Proposal 1: RAN4 specifies RRM requirement for HO with PSCell for following scenarios:***   * ***from NR SA to EN-DC*** * ***from EN-DC to EN-DC*** * ***from NE-DC to NE-DC*** * ***from NR-DC to NR-DC***   ***Proposal 2: NR-DC and NE-DC mode in HO with PSCell are:***   * ***FR1+FR2 NR-DC and FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC,*** * ***FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.*** * ***Note: the baseline PSCell addition requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC would be discussed in TEI16.***   ***Proposal 3: In HO with PSCell, if SMTC of target unknown PSCell is configured in targetcellSMTC-SCG-r16, sequential processing shall be assumed; otherwise parallel processing shall be assumed for all the other cases.***  ***Proposal 4: the ending point*** ***of the delay requirement for HO with PSCell is:***   * ***if sequential processing is used, the timing when UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell*** * ***if the parallel processing is used, the later timing between “timing when UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target Pcell” and “the timing when UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell”***   ***Proposal 5: For UE which is already configured with DC, the UE’s behaviour is same when the configured PSCell is same as the original one or not.***  ***Proposal 6: the RRC procedure delay in requirement of HO with PSCell is defined based on RAN2 reply LS R2-2104580.***  ***Proposal 7:***  ***For sequential processing for HO with PSCell, the total UE processing time for HO with PSCell is the sum of UE processing timing of HO and UE processing timing of PSCell addition.***  ***For parallel processing for HO with PSCell, the total UE processing time for HO with PSCell could be the maximum one between UE processing timing of HO and UE processing timing of PSCell addition***  ***Proposal 8: the UE processing time for HO with PSCell is:***   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | ***UE processing margin (Tprocessing)*** | ***Target PCell and PSCell is in the same FR as old serving cell*** | ***Target PCell and/or target PSCell is in the different FR from old serving cell*** | | ***Sequential processing*** | ***40ms*** | ***60ms*** | | ***Parallel processing*** | ***20ms*** | ***40ms*** |   ***Proposal 9: for requirement of HO with PSCell, RAN4 starts the discussion with 4 step RACH first and FFS on 2 step RACH.***  ***Proposal 10: If sequential processing is used, there is no need to consider RACH occasion (RO) collision between PCell and PSCell.***  ***If parallel processing is used:***   * ***for FR1+FR1 EN-DC, an additional uncertainty delay due to PSCell RACH collision with PCell UL channels may be introduced if the PSCell RACH cannot be transmitted based on the criteria in TS38.213 section 7.6.1;*** * ***for FR1+FR1 NE-DC, an additional uncertainty delay due to PCell RACH collision with PSCell RACH may be introduced if the PCell RACH cannot be transmitted based on the criteria in TS38.213 section 7.6.2;*** * ***otherwise, if the PCell and PSCell are on the different FRs or FR1+FR1 NR-DC, no need to consider RO collision issue.***   ***Proposal 11: RAN4 assumes PCC could be scheduled for UE when PCell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed.***  ***Proposal 12:***  ***If sequential processing is used for HO with PSCell, UE may have an interruption on new PCell due to the PSCell addition.***  ***If parallel processing is used for HO with PSCell, no need to define interruption requirement.*** |
| [**R4-2109510**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109510.zip) | CMCC | ***Proposal 1: for HO with PSCell, except the agreed scenario including HO from NR SA to EN-DC, HO from EN-DC to EN-DC, HO from NE-DC to NE-DC and HO from NR-DC to NR-DC, it is proposed to include the following new scenarios:***   * ***HO from NR SA to NE-DC*** * ***HO from NR SA to NR-DC*** * ***HO from LTE SA to EN-DC***   ***Proposal 2: supporting FR1+FR2 NR-DC and FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC, and the baseline PSCell addition requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC would be discussed in TEI16.***  ***Proposal 3: RRC processing delay for HO with PSCell is specified as following table according to RAN2 reply LS.***   |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Scenario | Source PCell | Target PCell | Target PSCell | RRC procedure delay for HO with PSCell | | NR SA to EN-DC | NR (incl. FR1 and FR2) | LTE | NR (incl. FR1 and FR2) | [50ms] | | EN-DC to EN-DC | LTE | LTE | NR (incl. FR1 and FR2) | 20ms | | NE-DC to NE-DC | NR FR1 | NR FR1 | LTE | 16ms | | NR-DC to NR-DC | NR FR1 | NR FR1 | NR FR2 | 16ms |   ***Proposal 4: the ending point is related with whether RACH processing is performed in a sequential order or in a parallel order, and can be further discussed after we get the feedback from RAN2.***  ***Proposal 5: for HO with PSCell, it is proposed to consider parallel way to perform HO and PSCell addition except RACH processing, as for whether RACH processing can be performed in parallel or not, it depends on RAN2 reply and can be further discussed.***  ***Proposal 6: delay for HO with PSCell is maximum (PSCell addition delay, HO delay)***   * ***PSCell addition delay= TRRC\_delay + Tprocessing + Tsearch + T∆ + TPSCell\_ DU + 2 ms*** * ***HO delay = TRRC\_delay +Tinterrupt = TRRC\_delay +Tsearch + TIU + Tprocessing + T∆ + Tmargin ms*** |
| [**R4-2109732**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109732.zip) | Qualcomm CDMA Technologies | **Proposal1: RAN4 to agree an overall parallel flow can be assumed for defining the requirements of HO with PSCell.**  **Proposal2: Parallel RACH is preferred for defining the RRM requirements.**  **Proposal2.1: It’s necessary to understand the network side’s limitation not to support parallel RACHs.** |
| [**R4-2109885**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109885.zip) | MediaTek inc. | **Proposal 1: RAN4 to specify the delay requirement for HO with PSCell based on the assumption that some of procedures should be able to be performed in parallel. FFS what kinds of components in the overall delay requirement, e.g., Tprocessing, will have dependency between PCell and PSCell.**  **Proposal 2: The overall Tprocessing for HO with PSCell should be max(Tprocessing for PCell HO, Tprocessing for PSCell addition) +10ms**  **Proposal 3: RAN4 to confirm that PCC could also be scheduled for UE when PCell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed**  **Proposal 4: No new interruption requirement for HO with PSCell is needed. Interruption in legacy handover delay requirement can still be applied for the PCell** |
| [**R4-2109891**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2109891.zip) | NEC | **Proposal 1: RAN4 to consider defining requirements for NR SA to NE-DC, NR SA to NR-DC and LTE SA to EN-DC.**  **Proposal 2: RAN4 to consider FR1+FR1 mode, FR1+FR2 mode for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC and FR1+LTE mode for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.**  **Proposal 3: RAN4 to confirm 50ms as RRC processing delay for NR SA to EN-DC scenario.**  **Proposal 4: RAN4 to agree that cell search is performed in parallel for HO with PSCell.**  **Proposal 5: RAN4 to postpone the discussion on interruption uncertainty (TIU) till reply LS from RAN2 is received.**  **Proposal 6: Tprocessing is the UE processing time. Tprocessing is the maximum value of PCell HO and PSCell addition; and T∆ is time for fine time tracking and acquiring full timing information of the PCell and PSCell and it can be performed parallel.**  **Proposal 7: RAN4 to define both 2-step and 4-step RACH requirements for handover with PSCell.** |
| [**R4-2110062**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2110062.zip) | OPPO | **Proposal 1: In R17 RAN4 only considers:**   * **FR1+FR2 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC,** * **FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.**   **Proposal 2: RRM requirements are defined as minimum requirements assuming PCell HO and PSCell addition is performed in a sequential order.**  **Proposal 3: The ending point of the delay requirements for HO with PSCell is the timing when UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell.**  **Proposal 4: For UE which is already configured with DC, the UE’s behaviour is same when the configured PSCell is same as the original one or not.**  **Proposal 5: Additional interruption may be expected on PCell due to PSCell addition, if PCC could be scheduled when PCell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed.** |
| [**R4-2110147**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2110147.zip) | NTT DOCOMO, INC. | **Proposal 1: Ending point of the delay requirement should be defined as the timing when the UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell(i.e., option1).** |
| [**R4-2110344**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2110344.zip) | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Observation 1: There is no baseline RRM requirements for FR1+FR1 NR-DC.**  **Proposal 1: Consider FR1+FR2 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC and FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.**  **Proposal 2: RAN4 to define HO with PSCell requirements based on parallel processing assumption.**  **Observation 2: Based on the parallel processing assumption, the extra delay uncertainty of RACH to NR could be included for EN-DC and NE-DC.**  **Proposal 3: Wait for LS reply from RAN2 about whether there is strict order of RACH to PCell and RACH to PSCell before considering the RACH delay uncertainty.**  **Observation 3: Whether to consider additional delay for searching procedure depends on whether to include FR1+FR1 NR-DC case.**  **Observation 4: UE processing time is the maximum valure of PCell HO and PSCell addition, and FFS whether to extend the processing time for NR SA to EN-DC and the value if needed.**  **Proposal 4: Define delay requirements for HO and PSCell addition/change separately with the ending points defined as PCell PRACH and PSCell PRACH respectively. No need to define overall delay requirement.**  **Proposal 5: No interruption requirements to be defined during HO with PSCell.** |
| [**R4-2110971**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2110971.zip) | Ericsson | **Proposal 1:** As a starting point, RRM requirements are defined for the following handover scenarios:   * from NR SA to EN-DC * from EN-DC to EN-DC * from NE-DC to NE-DC * from NR-DC to NR-DC   **Proposal 2:** As a starting point, RRM requirements are defined for the following NR-DC and NE-DC handover scenarios.   * FR1+FR2 NR-DC to NR-DC * FR1+FR1 NR-DC to NR-DC * FR1+LTE NE-DC to NE-DC   **Proposal 3:** RAN4 shall wait for LS reply from RAN2/RAN3 on whether RA can be carried out in parallel, before further discussing the detailed timeline and associated delay requirements.  **Proposal 4:** The delay requirement for HO with PSCell shall be specified separately for PCell and PSCell.  **Proposal 5:** HO with PSCell delay requirements shall allow UE to carry out fine time tracking (contributing with T∆ in the time line) regardless of whether source and target PSCell is the same cell.  **Proposal 6:** For software processing for PSCell, the following values are to be used.   * 0ms, when source and target PSCells are the same same NR or LTE cell, * 20ms, when source and target PSCells are different NR cells in same FR, * 40ms, when source and target PSCells are different NR cells in different FRs, * [40ms], when there is no source PSCell i.e. when it is a matter of PSCell addition.   **Proposal 7:** RAN4 shall assume that UE can be scheduled on PCC after RA towards PCell has been completed, even if RA towards PSCell has not been completed.  **Proposal 8:** Interruption in legacy handover delay requirement can be applied for PCell. No interruption is defined for PSCell.  **Proposal 9:** RAN4 shall define delay requirements for HO with PSCell for both 2-step and 4-step RA. Impact on delay requirements depends on timeline with respect to parallel processing of RA.  **Proposal 10:** RAN4 to further study whether RA for spCell on unlicensed carrier with CCA shall be prioritized over RA for spCell on licensed carrier, once CCA is successful. |
| [**R4-2111042**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2111042.zip) | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell | 1. In addition to the scenarios agreed RAN4#98e, RAN4 specifies RRM requirements for handover with PSCell for following scenarios:  * **From NR SA to NR-DC** * **From NR SA to NE-DC** * **From E-UTRAN to EN-DC**  1. RAN4 should define RRM requirements for handover with PSCell including FR1+FR2 NR-DC and FR1+FR1 NR-DC when considering “from NR-DC to NR-DC” scenario. 2. Both FR1+LTE NE-DC and FR2+LTE NE-DC should be supported for RRM requirements for handover with PSCell in “from NE-DC to NE-DC” scenario and “from NR SA to NE-DC” scenario. 3. In HO with PSCell, legacy HO and PSCell addition operations can be performed in parallel except RA procedure. 4. The UE processing time in HO with PSCell can be 20ms if source & target PCell is in same frequency range and source & target PSCell in same frequency range, 40ms otherwise. 5. The cell searching time in HO with PSCell can be the maximum searching time of target PCell and PSCell. 6. The delay requirements for HO with PSCell can be described as: DHO\_with\_PSCell = TRRC\_delay + Tsearch + Tprocessing + T∆ + Tmargin +TFFS.Where TFFS is the delay in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the target cells 7. No additional interruption should be defined during HO with PSCell. 8. Both 2-step RA and 4-step RA are applicable for HO with PSCell and no need to mention 2-step or 4-step in HO with PSCell requirements. |
| [**R4-2111265**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_99-e/Docs/R4-2111265.zip) | vivo | **Proposal 1 Further discuss the newly added scenarios in the RAN plenary, and before that RAN4 will not discuss on this issue.**  **Proposal 2 For NR-DC and NE-DC mode in HO with PSCell, we support Option 2/2a from last meeting, i.e. in R17 RAN4 considers FR1+FR2 NR-DC and FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC, and only considers FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.**  **Proposal 3 RAN4 proceed requirements discussion on HO with PSCell with 2 case: RACH is performed in sequential and RACH is performed in parallel.**  **Proposal 4 The requirements defined for the case RACH performed in sequential is only applicable for certain band combination and for some certain cases of the uplink PRACH power.**  **Proposal 5 RF chain activation and retuning time needs to be considered in the timeline of HO with PSCell.**  **Proposal 6 For the delay requirement, the ending point of handover with PSCell can be considered separately for PCell and PSCells.**  **Proposal 7 RAN4 assumes PCC could be scheduled for UE when PCell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed**  **Proposal 8 Even if PSCell is not changed during HO with PSCell, T∆ reduction seems not necessary, considering the multi-TRP deployment.**  **Proposal 9 RAN4 do not need to specify interruptions for handover with PSCell.**  **Proposal 10 RAN4 start the discussion with 4 step RACH, and the applicability rule for 2-step RACH can be updated later, considering the same expression of requirements will be used.** |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 2-1 Scenarios for RRM requirement of HO with PSCell

*Sub-topic description:*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 2-1-1:** Scenarios for RRM requirement of HO with PSCell

* Proposals
  + Option 1(CATT, Xiaomi, Apple, MTK, Ericsson, vivo): RAN4 specifies RRM requirement for HO with PSCell for following scenarios:
    - from NR SA to EN-DC
    - from EN-DC to EN-DC
    - from NE-DC to NE-DC
    - from NR-DC to NR-DC
    - Note: The extension of WI scope should be discussed in RAN plenary.
  + Option 2(CMCC, NEC, Nokia): RAN4 specifies RRM requirement for HO with PSCell for following scenarios:
    - from NR SA to EN-DC
    - from EN-DC to EN-DC
    - from NE-DC to NE-DC
    - from NR-DC to NR-DC
    - from NR SA to NE-DC (newly added)
    - from NR SA to NR-DC (newly added)
    - from LTE SA to EN-DC (newly added)
* Recommended WF
  + RAN4 concludes that RRM requirements are needed for the additional scenarios for HO with PSCell. It is up to RAN plenary decision whether to extend the scope the WID.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CMCC | We support option 2 and we are OK with moderator’s recommended WF. We have potential deployment of NR-DC, NE-DC, if there is no significant impact on RAN4 workload. it is suggested to specify the HO requirements for the additional scenarios to guarantee the performance. |
| CATT | Fine with recommended WF. |
| Apple | Support option 1. The necessity of the requirement shall be up to the scope of WID but not the other way round; so we suggest to discuss in RANP first. |
| Xiaomi | Support option 1, the extension of WI scope should be discussed in RAN plenary. |
| OPPO | Support the recommended WF. |
| Ericsson | We are fine with the Recommended WF. |
| Qualcomm | Recommended WF is agreeable to us. |
| Intel | Fine with the recommended WF. It’s better to discuss the extension of WI scope in the RAN plenary. |
| Docomo | We are fine with the Recommended WF. |

**Issue 2-1-2: NR-DC and NE-DC mode in HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(CATT, OPPO, Huawei): In R17 RAN4 only considers:
    - FR1+FR2 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC,
    - FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.
  + Option 2 (Intel, Xiaomi, Apple, MTK, NEC, Ericsson, vivo):
    - FR1+FR2 NR-DC and FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC
      * Note: the baseline PSCell addition requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC would be discussed in TEI16.
    - FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC.
  + Option 2a (CMCC, Nokia): For NR-DC to NR-DC:
    - FR1+FR2 NR-DC and FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC,
      * Note: the baseline PSCell addition requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC would be discussed in TEI16.
  + Option 3 (Nokia): For NE-DC to NE-DC and NR-SA to NE-DC
    - FR1+LTE and FR2+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC,
    - FR1+LTE and FR2+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NR SA to NE-DC.
* Recommended WF
  + FR1+FR2 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC is supported.
  + FR1+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC is supported.
  + FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC is FFS
    - the baseline PSCell addition requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC would be discussed in TEI16.
  + FR2+LTE NE-DC for HO with PSCell from NE-DC to NE-DC is FFS.

Companies are encouraged to provide comments on the FFS issues, including whether baseline PSCell addition requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC would be discussed in TEI16.

* 1st round Comment collection:

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| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CMCC | For HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC, we are OK with option 2 and option 2a. It seems that option 2 and option 2a are the same. |
| CATT | Support option 1. The FR1+FR1 PSCell addition requirements should be defined first. |
| Apple | Support option 2. |
| Xiaomi | Support option 2, from our perspective, it is benefit to consider the FR1+FR1 NR-DC case in HO with PSCell, as the joint HO procedure can reduce the delay compared with legacy HO procedure. |
| OPPO | OK with the recommended WF. Agree to define PScell addition requirements for FR1+FR1 NR-DC firstly, before discussing the scenario FR1+FR1 NR-DC for HO with PSCell from NR-DC to NR-DC. |
| Ericsson | We are fine with Option 2 as starting point. We do not see why we should exclude support for valid FR1+FR1 NR-DC band combinations. |
| Qualcomm | Option1 is supported as a starting point.  Further scenario depends on introducing the baseline PSCell addition requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC in TEI16. |
| Huawei | We support option 1/2/2b. But for the note about discussing the PSCell addition requirements for FR1+FR1 NR-DC in TEI 16, we wonder that does it mean in Rel-16 we only have this particular RRM requirements (PSCell addition) for FR1+FR1 NR-DC. |
| Intel | Support option 2. In order to reduce work load, suggest to only define PSCell addition related requirement for FR1+FR1 NR-DC. |
| Docomo | We are fine with the recommended WF. |

### Sub-topic 2-2 Delay requirement design of HO with PSCell

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 2-2-1: Timeline for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (CMCC, CATT, QC, ZTE, Intel, NEC, Huawei, Ericsson, Nokia, MTK, vivo): For HO with PSCell, PCell HO and PSCell addition are performed in parallel for at least some of procedures, except RACH processing
    - Note: How and what procedures, including RACH processing, can be performed in parallel are discussed in Issue 2-2-2, Issue 2-2-3 and Issue 2-2-4 respectively.
  + Option 2 (Apple): In HO with PSCell, if SMTC of target unknown PSCell is configured in targetcellSMTC-SCG-r16, sequential processing shall be assumed; otherwise parallel processing shall be assumed for all the other cases.
  + Option 3 (Xiaomi, OPPO): For HO with PSCell, it is assumed that the preparation of synchronization procedures should be performed in sequentially order:
    - Cell search;
    - Fine time tracking;
    - UE processing time;
    - Time for interruption uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the new cell;
    - Time for SSB post-processing
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round

* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 1. Except RACH procedure can wait for RAN2 reply LS, the other procedures should be performed in parallel. |
| Apple | Option 2. As we analyzed in our paper, for NR-DC to NR-DC case, when SMTC of new PSCell is configured in targetcellSMTC-SCG-r16, the new Pcell timing would be used as the reference for that SMTC; and therefore sequential processing shall be used in this case. Regarding NR SA to EN-DC, the SMTC configuration for new PSCell is in the LTE RRC container from old NR Pcell RRC signaling, and the SMTC reference timing is based on the new LTE Pcell timing; so sequential processing is also assumed for this case when SMTC of target PSCell is configured. For the other cases, parallel processing could be assumed. |
| Xiaomi | Our preference is option 3, as for the low cost Ues which is implemented with single RF chain, they may not be capable to perform cell search on target Pcell and target PSCell simultaneously. But we can compromise to option 1 to move forward. |
| OPPO | Support Option 3. Our main concern is about PRACH procedure. At least for some UE with single RF chain, or UE with certain band combinations not supporting simultaneous dual Tx(as metioned in issue 2-2-4), it is not feasible to perform PRACH procedure in parallel.  For option 1, we are open to further discuss other procedures in Issue 2-2-2 and 2-2-3. |
| Ericsson | We support Option 1. Whether RA for MCG and SCG can be run in parallel depends on whether RAN2/RAN3 confirms that the procedures can run in parallel.  Regarding Option 2, the logic behind the proposal might need to be elaborated a little more. It seems like the only case where it potentially would be required to firstly establish PCell timing would be when both a target PCell and target PSCell would be unknown. And even then it can be argued whether it would be a valid use case with e.g. a blind handover to a PCell for which one does not know where to search for synchronization signals. So we need to look more into this.  Regarding Option 3, if the intention is to have fully sequential procedures then it is better UE does not claim support of the “HO with PSCell” feature. Full sequential processing is already the baseline so nothing new and the feature would just become a paper product. |
| Qualcomm | Option1 is supported as a starting point.  As to Apple’s observation, we think it’s worth further checking based on RAN2 LS reply for RACH and if companies agree to define requirements for such case(s) when the target PSCell search is directed to depend on the target PCell’s timing reference. |
| Huawei | After checking RAN2 spec. We tend to agree option 2 in some degree. For NR-DC, when targetcellSMTC-SCG-r16 is configured, then UE may sync to the target PCell first and then search the target PSCell based on the timing of target PCell. But we would like to further check whether we will define requirements for both sequential processing and parallel processing. |
| Intel | Prefer to start with option 1. For option 2, we are open to it and needs to further check the scenario it applied. |
| Docomo | Support option1. Our understanding is that RA to PSCell should be performed after RA to PCell. |

**Issue 2-2-2: Parallel processing for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1a (QC, Nokia, ZTE, CMCC, CATT, Ericsson, vivo):
    - PCell HO and PSCell addition are performed in parallel independently without considering RA procedures and Tprocessing.
  + Option 1b (Intel):
    - Tsearch, Tmargin, T∆ can be processed in parallel for both Pcell HO and PSCell addition. Tsearch is the time required to search the target cell. T∆ is time for fine time tracking and acquiring full timing information of the target cell. Tmargin is time for SSB post-processing.
  + Option 1c (Huawei):
    - Based on the parallel processing assumption
    - Whether to consider additional delay for searching procedure depends on whether to include FR1+FR1 NR-DC case
  + Option 2a (NEC):
    - T∆ is time for fine time tracking and acquiring full timing information of the Pcell and PSCell and it can be performed parallel.
    - Cell search is performed in parallel for HO with PSCell.
  + Option 2b (MTK):
    - RAN4 to specify the delay requirement for HO with PSCell based on the assumption that some of procedures should be able to be performed in parallel.
    - FFS what kinds of components in the overall delay requirement, e.g., Tprocessing, will have dependency between Pcell and PSCell.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Pcell HO and PSCell addition are performed in parallel independently except RA procedures and Tprocessing. RA procedure should wait for the reply LS from RAN2 and Tprocessing should be the maximum of processing time for HO and for PSCell addition. |
| Apple | When parallel processing is used, we agree with option 1a. |
| OPPO | Fine with Option 1a and 2b which are not contradictory, |
| Ericsson | We support Option 1a. |
| Qualcomm | Option1a is supported as a starting point. |
| Huawei | Support option 1c. |
| Intel | Support 1b, 2a, 2b. for RA procedures, it’s better to wait for the reply of LS from RAN2 first. |
| Docomo | Support Option 1a. |

**Issue 2-2-3: UE SW processing and RF warm-up(if needed) time for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (CATT): The value of processing time of handover and the PSCell addition can be reused separately. And Tprocessing for HO with PSCell including UE SW processing and RF warm-up time should be the maximum of the processing time of handover and the processing time of the PSCell addition.
  + Option 2 (Intel): Tprocessing can be further split into software processing (Tprocessing\_SW) and RF warm up time(Tprocessing\_RF). For Tprocessing\_RF, it depends on whether Pcell or PSCell changed across FR. For Tprocessing\_SW, PSCell can be processed in parallel with Pcell handover, FFS if any extension is needed.
  + Option 3 (Apple):
    - For sequential processing for HO with PSCell, the total UE processing time for HO with PSCell is the sum of UE processing timing of HO and UE processing timing of PSCell addition.
    - For parallel processing for HO with PSCell, the total UE processing time for HO with PSCell could be the maximum one between UE processing timing of HO and UE processing timing of PSCell addition
    - the UE processing time for HO with PSCell is:

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| UE processing margin (Tprocessing) | Target Pcell and PSCell is in the same FR as old serving cell | Target Pcell and/or target PSCell is in the different FR from old serving cell |
| Sequential processing | 40ms | 60ms |
| Parallel processing | 20ms | 40ms |

* + Option 4 (Huawei): UE processing time is the maximum value of Pcell HO and PSCell addition, and FFS whether to extend the processing time for NR SA to EN-DC and the value if needed.
  + Option 5 (Ericsson): For software processing for PSCell, the following values are to be used.
    - 0ms, when source and target PSCells are the same same NR or LTE cell,
    - 20ms, when source and target PSCells are different NR cells in same FR,
    - 40ms, when source and target PSCells are different NR cells in different FRs,
    - [40ms], when there is no source PSCell i.e. when it is a matter of PSCell addition.
  + Option 6 (Nokia):
    - The UE processing time in HO with PSCell can be 20ms if source & target Pcell is in same frequency range and source & target PSCell in same frequency range, 40ms otherwise.
    - No additional RF retuning interruption should be defined during HO with PSCell..
  + Option 7 (NEC): Tprocessing is the UE processing time. Tprocessing is the maximum value of Pcell HO and PSCell addition
  + Option 8 (MTK): The overall Tprocessing for HO with PSCell should be max(Tprocessing for PCell HO, Tprocessing for PSCell addition) +10ms
  + Option 9 (vivo): RF chain activation and retuning time needs to be considered in the timeline of HO with PSCell.
  + Option 10:
    - Extending the UE processing time for NRSA to EN-DC joint handover by [FFS]ms and [FFS] can be 10ms as the starting point, i.e. Tprocessing = [30]ms.
    - For NRDC to NRDC, the UE processing time to be 20ms without FR mode switch on PSCell; otherwise, the UE processing time shall be 40ms as the legacy PSCell change requirement.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | We think there is no need to differentiate the SW processing time and RF warm-up time. The total processing time is considered. |
| Apple | Option 3. We think it’s better to first align the philosophy on how to derive this processing time. Our understanding is:   * For sequential processing for HO with PSCell, the total UE processing time for HO with PSCell is the sum of ‘legacy UE processing timing of HO’ and ‘legacy UE processing timing of PSCell addition’. * For parallel processing for HO with PSCell, the total UE processing time for HO with PSCell could be the maximum one between ‘legacy UE processing timing of HO’ and ‘legacy UE processing timing of PSCell addition’. |
| Xiaomi | Prefer option 3 |
| OPPO | Option 8 is fine. We also agree to discuss how UE processing time is performed, in sequential or in parallel firstly. |
| Ericsson | We have discussed slightly different parameters. For parallel processing we agree that the SW processing time to account for shall be maximum what is required for HO and PSCell addition/change, respectively. Then the actual processing time depends on attributes of source and target cells, whether there is a source PSCell (not the case in NR-SA – EN-DC), etc.  Moreover, to be consistent with Issue 2-2-6 , we do not have to optimize with respect to whether source and target PSCell is the same PSCell. It is enough to optimize based on whether source and target cells are in same or different FRs. |
| Qualcomm | Share the similar view as CATT and we support Option10. |
| Huawei | One question for option 10 about the 10 ms extension. What is the difference from inter-RAT handover from NR to LTE, where the processing time is also 20 ms. |
| Intel | We are fine to define a total UE processing time which including both software processing and RF warming part. Our intention is to mention that RF warming up part is not related to parallel processing, and it can further check whether parallel processing can be performed for software processing and if any extension is needed. |

**Issue 2-2-4: RA processing for Pcell and PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (CMCC, CATT, Intel, NEC, Huawei, Ericsson, Nokia, MTK): Whether RACH processing can be performed in parallel or not, it depends on RAN2 reply and can be further discussed.
  + Option 2 (vivo): The requirements defined for the case RACH performed in sequential is only applicable for certain band combination and for some certain cases of the uplink PRACH power. Otherwise, RACH is performed in parallel.
  + Option 3 (QC, ZTE): RA procedures for Pcell and PSCell are performed in parallel completely.
    - Note: It’s necessary to understand the network side’s limitation if parallel RACHs are not favoured.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round

* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 1. |
| Apple | Option 1. |
| Xiaomi | Support option 1 |
| OPPO | Agree with option 1 in principle. For option 2, as we discussed in issue 2-2-1, it also makes sense that RACH shall be performed in sequential for certain band combination. |
| Ericsson | Option 1. Our view is that parallel processing is not precluded by RAN2/RAN3, but it is better to have this confirmed by RAN2 so all companies are on the same page in RAN4. |
| Qualcomm | We can compromise to Option1 and wait for RAN2 reply. |
| Huawei | Option 1 |
| Intel | Support option 1. |
| Docomo | Basically we think that RA to PSCell should be performed after RA to PCell as we commented for Issue 2-2-1, but we can agree with option 1. |

**Issue 2-2-5: Ending point of the delay requirement for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals:
  + Option 1 (CATT, CMCC): Waiting for RAN2 response for order of random access carried out towards PCell and PSCell.
  + Option 2 (Xiaomi, OPPO, DoCoMo): The ending point of HO with PSCell is the timing when UE is capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell.
  + Option 3 (Apple): the ending point of the delay requirement for HO with PSCell is:
    - if sequential processing is used, the timing when UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell
    - if the parallel processing is used, the later timing between “timing when UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target Pcell” and “the timing when UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards target PSCell”
  + Option 4 (Huawei, Ericsson, QC, vivo):
    - Define delay requirements for HO and PSCell addition/change separately with the ending points defined as Pcell PRACH and PSCell PRACH respectively. No need to define overall delay requirement.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round. Relevant to the conclusion of issue 2-2-4.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CMCC | For option 4, we have one question for clarification. If we go with option 4, whether to define the total delay of HO with PSCell, e.g. maximum (delay for Pcell HO, delay for Pscell addition)? |
| CATT | Support option 1. If RACH procedure can be performed in parallel, the ending point should be the later PRACH towards Pcell and PSCell. If the RACH procedure is performed in order, the ending point should be the PRACH towards PSCell. |
| Apple | Option 3. If sequential processing is used, option 4 cannot be used. |
| Xiaomi | Option 2 is our preference. It is assumed HO with PSCell is performed in sequential. And we are also fine with option 3. |
| OPPO | Support Option 2 |
| Ericsson | Support Option 1. We need the feedback from RAN2. |
| Qualcomm | Option4 is preferred which is flexible to accommodate various cases. |
| Huawei | We support option4 for the parallel assumption. But it is relevant to whether to distinguish parallel processing and sequential processing in issue 2-2-1. |
| Intel | Fine with option 1. If sequential processing is applied for some steps, option 4 didn’t work. If parallel processing is assumed, whether the requirement is defined separately or based on the maximum delay can be further discussed. |
| Docomo | Support option 2. |

**Issue 2-2-6: Optimisation for the case when PSCell is not changed during HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (ZTE, CATT, Apple, OPPO, Ericsson, vivo): For UE which is already configured with DC, the UE’s behavior is same when the configured PSCell is same as the original one or not.
* Recommended WF
  + Agree on option 1.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 1. |
| Apple | Option 1 at this stage. But we understand there is an on-going discussion in RAN2 for PCell HO without PSCell change (whether RACH on the PSCell is needed or not), we may revisit this option when RAN2 has conclusion. |
| Xiaomi | Support the recommended WF. |
| OPPO | Support the recommended WF. |
| Ericsson | We support Option 1, i.e., we do not need to optimize at this point w.r.t. whether it is same source and target PSCell (only based on same or different FRs). |
| Qualcomm | Recommended WF is agreeable to us. |
| Huawei | Support the recommended WF. |
| Intel | Support option 1. |
| Docomo | Option 1 is OK for us. |

**Issue 2-2-7: RRC processing delay for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (Intel, Xiaomi, Apple, CMCC, NEC): Considering the reply LS from RAN2, RRC processing delay for HO with PSCell is:
    - NR SA to EN-DC : 50ms
    - EN-DC to EN-DC: 20ms
    - NE-DC to NE-DC: 16ms
    - NR-DC to NR-DC: 16ms
* Recommended WF
  + Agree on option 1.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CMCC | We support the recommended WF. |
| CATT | Support the recommended WF. |
| Apple | Option 1 |
| Xiaomi | Support option 1. |
| OPPO | Support the recommended WF. |
| Ericsson | Agree with Recommended WF, i.e. the numbers provided by RAN2. |
| Qualcomm | Option1 is supported. |
| Huawei | Support recommended WF. |
| Intel | Support the recommended WF. |

**Issue 2-2-8: Delay requirement design if parallel processing is assumed**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (CATT):
    - If parallel processing is assumed and having order limit of PRACH, the delay requirement can be defined as:
      * Delay = RRC processing time + max(Tprocessing for handove, Tprocessing for addition) + max(Tinterrupt –Tprocessing for handove , Tconfig\_PSCell – TRRC\_delay –Tprocessing for addition–TPSCell\_ DU) + TPSCell\_ DU
    - If parallel processing is assumed and having not order limit of PRACH, the delay requirement can be defined as:
      * Delay = RRC processing time + max(Tinterrupt , Tconfig\_PSCell – TRRC\_delay)
  + Option 2 (CMCC):
    - Delay for HO with PSCell is maximum (PSCell addition delay, HO delay)
      * PSCell addition delay= TRRC\_delay + Tprocessing + Tsearch + T∆ + TPSCell\_ DU + 2 ms
      * HO delay = TRRC\_delay +Tinterrupt = TRRC\_delay +Tsearch + TIU + Tprocessing + T∆ + Tmargin ms
  + Option 3 (Nokia):
    - The delay requirements for HO with PSCell can be described as: DHO\_with\_PSCell = TRRC\_delay + Tsearch + Tprocessing + T∆ + Tmargin +TFFS.Where TFFS is the delay in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the target cells.
      * The cell searching time in HO with PSCell can be the maximum searching time of target PCell and PSCell.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round. Relevant to outcome of previous issues in Sub-topic 2-2.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 1. |
| Apple | Up to the conclusions from other issues. |
| Ericsson | Prefer to discuss this further once we have RAN2 feedback on whether RA can be executed in parallel. |
| Huawei | Suggest to focus on the general assumptions of the frame work before stepping in to the detailed requirements. |

**Issue 2-2-9: Delay requirement design if sequential processing is assumed**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (CATT):
    - If sequential processing is assumed, the delay requirement can be defined as:
      * Delay = RRC processing time + max(Tprocessing for handove, Tprocessing for addition) + (Tinterrupt –Tprocessing for handove) + (Tconfig\_PSCell – TRRC\_delay –Tprocessing for addition)
  + Option 2:
    - Other options are not precluded.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round. Relevant to outcome of Issue 2-2-1
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 1. |
| Apple | Up to the conclusions from other issues. |
| Xiaomi | This issue relate to outcome of issue 2-2-1 |
| Ericsson | Prefer to discuss this further once we have RAN2 feedback on whether RA can be executed in parallel. |
| Qualcomm | Option2 |
| Huawei | Suggest to focus on the general assumptions of the frame work before stepping in to the detailed requirements. |
| Docomo | We should conclude issue 2-2-1 firstly. |

### Sub-topic 2-3 Interruption requirement design of HO with PSCell

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 2-3-1: whether or not RAN4 assumes PCC could be scheduled for UE when Pcell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (CATT, Apple, MTK, Ericsson, vivo): Yes
  + Option 1a (OPPO): Yes, but Additional interruption may be expected on PCell due to PSCell addition, if PCC could be scheduled when PCell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 1. We think only the RF adjustment will cause interruption, but the RF adjustment for PCell and PSCell should be performed in parallel. So after the RF adjustment, even the PSCell is not completed, there will be no interruption. |
| Apple | Option 1. |
| Xiaomi | Option 1 |
| OPPO | Option 1 is fine. Interruption requirements can be further discussed in issue 2-3-2. |
| Ericsson | We support Option 1.  For Option 1a our understanding is that for PCell and PSCell in different bands it shall be possible to start RF for PSCell at the same time as for PCell and hence to avoid additional interruptions. |
| Qualcomm | Option1 is supported. |
| Huawei | Option 1 |
| Intel | Support option 1. |

**Issue 2-3-2: Interruption requirement for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (CATT, Xiaomi, Huawei, Nokia, vivo): No interruption requirement should be defined during HO with PSCell
  + Option 2 (MTK, Ericsson): No new interruption requirement for HO with PSCell is needed. Interruption in legacy handover delay requirement can still be applied for the PCell
  + Option 3 (Apple): Interruption in legacy handover delay requirement can be applied for Pcell. No interruption is defined on PSCell.
    - If sequential processing is used for HO with PSCell, UE may have an interruption on new PCell due to the PSCell addition.
    - If parallel processing is used for HO with PSCell, no need to define interruption requirement.
  + Option 4 (OPPO): Additional interruption may be expected on PCell due to PSCell addition, if PCC could be scheduled when PCell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed.
  + Option 5 (NEC): RAN4 to postpone the discussion on interruption uncertainty (TIU) till reply LS from RAN2 is received.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 1 and option 2. We think the option 1 and option 2 are the same. |
| Apple | Need to differentiate sequential and parallel processing cases. For sequential processing case, we think interruption is needed. |
| Xiaomi | Option 1 |
| OPPO | Support Option 3. If sequential processing is used for HO with PSCell, UE may have an interruption on new PCell due to the PSCell addition. |
| Ericsson | We support Option 2. |
| Qualcomm | This is pending on RAN2 LS reply. |
| Huawei | Support option 1, and option 3 is also reasonable if sequential process has to be considered for some particular cases. |
| Intel | If parallel processing is assumed, support option 2. For option 1, did it mean that there is no additional interruption caused by PSCell addition? |
| Docomo | Option 1. |

### Sub-topic 2-4 Generic RACH assumption for HO with PSCell

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 2-4-1: 2 step and 4 step RACH for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1a (ZTE, Nokia, vivo): Include both 2-step RA and 4-step RA into the new requirements made for handover with PSCell. No need to mention 2-step or 4-step in HO with PSCell requirements.
  + Option 1b (NEC, Ericsson): RAN4 to define both 2-step and 4-step RACH requirements for handover with PSCell.
  + Option 2 (Apple): for requirement of HO with PSCell, RAN4 starts the discussion with 4 step RACH first and FFS on 2 step RACH.
  + Option 3 (CATT): Waiting RAN2 response and conclusions of other issues for 2 step and 4 step RACH.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 3. Only when the RA is performed in order, 2 step or 4 step should be considered |
| Apple | Option 2. |
| Xiaomi | Prefer option 2 |
| OPPO | Option 2. |
| Ericsson | We support Option 1b.  Whether this is same as Option 1a depends on RAN2 feedback on parallel RA processing. |
| Qualcomm | Option3 is supported |

**Issue 2-4-2: RACH occasion collision between Pcell and PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (Apple):
    - If sequential processing is used, there is no need to consider RACH occasion (RO) collision between Pcell and PSCell.
    - If parallel processing is used:
      * for FR1+FR1 EN-DC, an additional uncertainty delay due to PSCell RACH collision with Pcell UL channels may be introduced if the PSCell RACH cannot be transmitted based on the criteria in TS38.213 section 7.6.1;
      * for FR1+FR1 NE-DC, an additional uncertainty delay due to Pcell RACH collision with PSCell RACH may be introduced if the Pcell RACH cannot be transmitted based on the criteria in TS38.213 section 7.6.2;
      * otherwise, if the Pcell and PSCell are on the different FRs, no need to consider RO collision issue.
* Recommended WF
  + Discussion option 1 in the 1st round.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Apple | Option 1. |
| Ericsson | Prefer to discuss this further once we have RAN2 feedback on whether RA can be executed in parallel. |
| Huawei | Prefer to wait for the RAN2 LS reply. |

**Issue 2-4-3: RACH occasion on NR-U CC for HO with PSCell**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (Ericsson): RAN4 to further study whether RA for spCell on unlicensed carrier with CCA shall be prioritized over RA for spCell on licensed carrier, once CCA is successful.
  + Option 2 (CATT): The NR-U scenario is out of scope of this WID, no need to discuss.
* Recommended WF
  + Further discussion in the 1st round.
* 1st round Comment collection:

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| CATT | Support option 2. |
| Apple | Option 2. |
| OPPO | Option 2 |
| Ericsson | We support Option 1, as we cannot see that the concerned band combinations would be precluded in the WID.  For Option 2, we ask CATT to point out where it is stated that band combinations with CCA are out-of-scope. |
| Qualcomm | Option2 is supported. |
| Huawei | Option 2 |

## Companies’ views collection for 1st round

### Open issues

Comments are collected in section 1.2

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize Wis and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going Wis, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

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| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

**Sub-topic 2-1 Scenarios for RRM requirement of HO with PSCell**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Issue 2-1-1: Scenarios for RRM requirement of HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-1-2: NR-DC and NE-DC mode in HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

**Sub-topic 2-2 Delay requirement design of HO with PSCell**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Issue 2-2-1: timeline for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-2: Parallel processing for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-3: UE SW processing and RF warm-up(if needed) time for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-4: RA processing for PCell and PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-5: Ending point of the delay requirement for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-6: Optimisation for the case when PSCell is not changed during HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-7: RRC processing delay for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-8: Delay requirement design if parallel processing is assumed** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-2-9: Delay requirement design if sequential processing is assumed** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

**Sub-topic 2-3 Interruption requirement design of HO with PSCell**

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| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Issue 2-3-1: whether or not RAN4 assumes PCC could be scheduled for UE when Pcell HO is completed but PSCell addition is not completed** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-3-2: Interruption requirement for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

**Sub-topic 2-4 Generic RACH assumption for HO with PSCell**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Issue 2-4-1: 2 step and 4 step RACH for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-4-2: RACH occasion collision between Pcell and PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |
| **Issue 2-4-3: RACH occasion on NR-U CC for HO with PSCell** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Recommendations for Tdocs

## 1st round

**New tdocs**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Title** | **Source** | **Comments** |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

**Existing tdocs**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tdoc number** | **Title** | **Source** | **Recommendation** | **Comments** |
| R4-210xxxx | CR on … | XXX | Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Notes:

1. Please include the summary of recommendations for all tdocs across all sub-topics incl. existing and new tdocs.
2. For the Recommendation column please include one of the following:
   1. CRs/TPs: Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued
   2. Other documents: Agreeable, Revised, Noted
3. For new LS documents, please include information on To/Cc WGs in the comments column
4. Do not include hyper-links in the documents

## 2nd round

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tdoc number** | **Title** | **Source** | **Recommendation** | **Comments** |
|  |  |  |  |  |
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Notes:

1. Please include the summary of recommendations for all tdocs across all sub-topics.
2. For the Recommendation column please include one of the following:
   1. CRs/TPs: Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued
   2. Other documents: Agreeable, Revised, Noted
3. Do not include hyper-links in the documents