**3GPP TSG-RAN4 Meeting #108bis *R4-231xxxx***

**Xiamen, China, October 09 - October 13, 2023**

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| *CR-Form-v12.2* |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** |
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|  | **38.133** | **CR** |  | **rev** | **1** | **Current version:** | **18.3.0** |  |
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| *For* ***[HE](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm%22%20%5Cl%20%22_blank)******[LP](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm%22%20%5Cl%20%22_blank)*** *on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests>.* |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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| ***Title:***  | Draft CR to TS 38.133 on ATG signaling characteristics requirements  |
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| ***Source to WG:*** | CMCC, Huawei, HiSilicon |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | RAN4 |
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| ***Work item code:*** | NR\_ATG-Core |  | ***Date:*** | 2023-09-08 |
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| ***Category:*** | F |  | ***Release:*** | Rel-18 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:****F*** *(correction)****A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)****B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)****D*** *(editorial modification)*Detailed explanations of the above categories canbe found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | *Use one of the following releases:Rel-8 (Release 8)Rel-9 (Release 9)Rel-10 (Release 10)Rel-11 (Release 11)…Rel-16 (Release 16)Rel-17 (Release 17)Rel-18 (Release 18)Rel-19 (Release 19)* |
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| ***Reason for change:*** | 1. To diminish the spec size, revise some ATG clauses which could directly refer to legacy clauses by using referred method.
2. The L1 measurement sharing factor for ATG UE with antenna array is agreed in RAN#4 108, which should be added.
3. Considering that there is no unknown case for ATG UE due to UE has serving cell location information, the known conditions for TCI state switching delay requirement is not needed.
4. The editor note for ATG UE with antenna array is not needed after update.
5. There are some editorial error in the spec.
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| ***Summary of change:*** | 1. For requirements in clauses 8.1X.4, 8.1X.5, 8.1X.6, 8.5X.4, 8.5X.9, 8.13X.2 8.14X.3, 8.19X.2.1, 8.19X.3, directly refer to legacy clauses.2. Add the L1 measurement sharing factor for ATG UE with antenna array.3. Remove the known conditions for TCI state switching delay requirement4. Remove the editor note for ATG UE with antenna array5. Some editorial changes |
|  |  |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | The sharing factor for L1 measurements will missThe known condition for TCI state switching delay requirement is redundant |
|  |  |
| ***Clauses affected:*** |  |
|  |  |
|  | **Y** | **N** |  |  |
| ***Other specs*** |  | **X** |  Other core specifications  | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***affected:*** | **X** |  |  Test specifications | TS 38.533  |
| ***(show related CRs)*** |  | **X** |  O&M Specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
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| ***Other comments:*** | The revision is based on bigCR R4-2314486 |
|  |  |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | Revised from R4-2315163 |

**<Start of change>**

## 8.1X Radio Link Monitoring for ATG

### 8.1X.1 Introduction

The requirements in clause 8.1X apply for radio link monitoring on ATG UE.

The UE shall monitor the downlink radio link quality based on the reference signal configured as RLM-RS resource(s) in order to detect the downlink radio link quality of the PCell as specified in TS 38.213 [3]. The configured RLM-RS resources can be all SSBs, or all CSI-RSs, or a mix of SSBs and CSI-RSs. UE is not required to perform RLM outside the active DL BWP.

On each RLM-RS resource, the UE shall estimate the downlink radio link quality and compare it to the thresholds Qout and Qin for the purpose of monitoring downlink radio link quality of the cell.

The threshold Qout is defined as the level at which the downlink radio link cannot be reliably received and shall correspond to the out-of-sync block error rate (BLERout) as defined in Table 8.1.1-1. For SSB based radio link monitoring, Qout\_SSB is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.2.1-1. For CSI-RS based radio link monitoring, Qout\_CSI-RS is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.3.1-1.

The threshold Qin is defined as the level at which the downlink radio link quality can be received with significantly higher reliability than at Qout and shall correspond to the in-sync block error rate (BLERin) as defined in Table 8.1.1-1. For SSB based radio link monitoring, Qin\_SSB is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.2.1-2. For CSI-RS based radio link monitoring, Qin\_CSI-RS is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.3.1-2.

The out-of-sync block error rate (BLERout) and in-sync block error rate (BLERin) are determined from the network configuration via parameter *rlmInSyncOutOfSyncThreshold* signalled by higher layers. When UE is not configured with *rlmInSyncOutOfSyncThreshold* from the network, UE determines out-of-sync and in-sync block error rates from Configuration #0 in Table 8.1.1-1 by default. All requirements in clause 8.1X are applicable for BLER Configuration #0 in Table 8.1.1-1.

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UE shall be able to monitor up to NRLM RLM-RS resources of the same or different types in each corresponding carrier frequency range, depending on a maximum number  of SSBs per half frame according to TS 38.213 [3], where NRLM is specified in Table 8.1X.1-2 according TS 38.213 [3], and meet the requirements as specified in clause 8.1X. UE is not required to meet the requirements in clause 8.1X if RLM-RS is not configured and no TCI state for PDCCH is activated.

Table 8.1X.1-1: Void

Table 8.1X.1-2: Maximum number of RLM-RS resources NRLM

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| Carrier frequency range of PCell  |  | Maximum number of RLM-RS resources, NRLM  |
| FR1, ≤ 3 GHzNote  | 4 | 2 |
| FR1, > 3 GHzNote   | 8 | 4 |
| NOTE: For unpaired spectrum operation with Case C - 30 kHz SCS, 3GHz is replaced by 1.88GHz, as specified in clause 4.1 in TS 38.213 [3]. |

### 8.1X.2 Requirements for SSB based radio link monitoring

#### 8.1X.2.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each SSB based RLM-RS resource configured for PCell, provided that the SSB configured for RLM is actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.1X.2.2.

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#### 8.1X.2.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_out\_SSB ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_SSB within TEvaluate\_out\_SSB [ms] evaluation period.

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_in\_SSB ms period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_SSB within TEvaluate\_in\_SSB [ms] evaluation period.

TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB are defined in Table 8.1X.2.2-1 for FR1.

For FR1 ATG UE [with omnidirectional antennas],

- $P=\frac{1}{1−\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency or inter-frequency measurements, and these measurement gaps are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the SSB; and

- P = 1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the SSB.

For FR1 ATG UE [with antenna array],

- P value for an RLM-RS resource to be measured is defined as

* Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0
* Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0
	+ For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRPmax), where MGRPmax is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps and per-FR1 measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any RLM-RS resource occasion:
	+ Ntotal is the total number of RLM-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and
	+ Noutside\_MG is the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W
	+ Navailable is
		- the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W
	+ TL1 is periodicity of the target RLM-RS
	+ Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of RLM-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

Table 8.1X.2.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB for FR1

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_SSB (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(10 × P) × TSSB) | Max(100, Ceil(5 × P) × TSSB) |
| DRX cycle≤320ms | Max(200, Ceil(15 × P) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) | Max(100, Ceil(7.5 × P) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(10 × P) × TDRX | Ceil(5 × P) × TDRX |
| NOTE: TSSB is the periodicity of the SSB configured for RLM. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.1X.2.3 Measurement restrictions for SSB based RLM

The UE is required to be capable of measuring SSB for RLM without measurement gaps. The UE is required to perform the SSB measurements with measurement restrictions as described in the following clauses.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM is in the same OFDM symbol as CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement,

- If SSB and CSI-RS have same SCS, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for RLM without any restriction;

- If SSB and CSI-RS have different SCS,

- If UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for RLM without any restriction;

- If UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both SSB for RLM and CSI-RS. Longer measurement period for SSB based RLM is expected, and no requirements are defined.

### 8.1X.3 Requirements for CSI-RS based radio link monitoring

#### 8.1X.3.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each CSI-RS based RLM-RS resource configured for PCell, provided that the CSI-RS configured for RLM is actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.1X.3.2. UE is not expected to perform radio link monitoring measurements on the CSI-RS configured as RLM-RS if the CSI-RS is not in the active TCI state of any CORESET configured in the UE active BWP.

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#### 8.1X.3.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS [ms] evaluation period.

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS ms period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS [ms] evaluation period.

- TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS are defined in Table 8.1X.3.2-1 for FR1.

The requirements of TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS apply provided that the CSI-RS for RLM is not in a resource set configured with repetition ON. The requirements do not apply when the CSI-RS resource in the active TCI state of CORESET is the same CSI-RS resource for RLM and the TCI state information of the CSI-RS resource is not given, wherein the TCI state information means QCL Type-D to SSB for L1-RSRP or CSI-RS with repetition ON.

For FR1 ATG UE [with omnidirectional antennas],

- $P=\frac{1}{1−\frac{T\_{CSI−RS}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency or inter-frequency measurements, and these measurement gaps are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the CSI-RS; and

- P = 1, when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the CSI-RS.

For FR1 ATG UE [with antenna array],

- P value for an RLM-RS resource to be measured is defined as

* Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0
* Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0
	+ For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRPmax), where MGRPmax is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps and per-FR1 measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any RLM-RS resource occasion:
	+ Ntotal is the total number of RLM-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and
	+ Noutside\_MG is the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W
	+ Navailable is
		- the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W
	+ TL1 is periodicity of the target RLM-RS
	+ Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of RLM-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

The values of Mout and Min used in Table 8.1X.3.2-1 are defined as:

- Mout = 20 and Min = 10, if the CSI-RS resource configured for RLM is transmitted with higher layer CSI-RS parameter *density* [6, clause 7.4.1] set to 3 and over the bandwidth ≥ 24 PRBs.

Table 8.1X.3.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS for FR1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(Mout×P)×TCSI-RS) | Max(100, Ceil(Min×P) × TCSI-RS) |
| DRX ≤ 320ms | Max(200, Ceil(1.5×Mout×P)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) | Max(100, Ceil(1.5×Min×P)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX > 320ms | Ceil(Mout×P) × TDRX | Ceil(Min×P) × TDRX |
| NOTE: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of the CSI-RS resource configured for RLM. The requirements in this table apply for TCSI-RS equal to 5 ms, 10ms, 20 ms or 40 ms. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.1X.3.3 Measurement restrictions for CSI-RS based RLM

The UE is required to be capable of measuring CSI-RS for RLM without measurement gaps. The UE is required to perform the CSI-RS measurements with measurement restrictions as described in the following clauses.

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for RLM is in the same OFDM symbol as SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE is not required to receive CSI-RS for RLM in the PRBs that overlap with an SSB.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD, or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has same SCS than CSI-RS for RLM, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS measurement without restrictions.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has different SCS than CSI-RS for RLM, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS measurement with restrictions according to its capabilities:

- If the UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS for RLM measurement without restrictions.

- If the UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both CSI-RS for RLM and SSB. Longer measurement period for CSI-RS based RLM is expected, and no requirements are defined.

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for RLM is in the same OFDM symbol as another CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE shall be able to measure the CSI-RS for RLM without any restriction.

### 8.1X.4 Minimum requirement at transitions

The requirement in clause 8.1.4 shall apply.

### 8.1X.5 Minimum requirement for UE turning off the transmitter

The requirement in clause 8.1.5 shall apply.

### 8.1X.6 Minimum requirement for L1 indication

The requirement in clause 8.1.6 shall apply.

### 8.1X.7 Scheduling availability of UE during radio link monitoring

When the reference signal to be measured for RLM has different subcarrier spacing than PDSCH/PDCCH, there are restrictions on the scheduling availability as described in the following clauses.

#### 8.1X.7.1 Scheduling availability of UE performing radio link monitoring with a same subcarrier spacing as PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

There are no scheduling restrictions due to radio link monitoring performed with a same subcarrier spacing as PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1.

#### 8.1X.7.2 Scheduling availability of UE performing radio link monitoring with a different subcarrier spacing than PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

For UEs which support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* [14] there are no restrictions on scheduling availability due to radio link monitoring based on SSB as RLM-RS. For UEs which do not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* [14] the following restrictions apply due to radio link monitoring based on SSB as RLM -RS.

- The UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH, PUSCH or SRS or receive PDCCH, PDSCH or CSI-RS for tracking or CSI-RS for CQI on SSB symbols to be measured for radio link monitoring.

**<Next change>**

## 8.5X Link Recovery Procedures for ATG

### 8.5X.1 Introduction

The requirements in clause 8.5X apply for link recovery procedure on ATG UE.

The UE shall assess the downlink radio link quality of a serving cell based on the reference signal in the set  as specified in TS 38.213 [3] in order to detect beam failure on PCell.

The RS resource configurations in the set  can be periodic CSI-RS resources and/or SSBs. UE is not required to perform beam failure detection outside the active DL BWP. UE is not required to meet the requirements in clause 8.5X.2 and 8.5X.3 if UE does not have set .

On each RS resource configuration in the set , the UE shall estimate the radio link quality and compare it to the threshold Qout\_LR for the purpose of accessing downlink radio link quality of the serving cell beams.

The threshold Qout\_LR is defined as the level at which the downlink radio level link of a given resource configuration on set  cannot be reliably received and shall correspond to the BLERout = 10% block error rate of a hypothetical PDCCH transmission. For SSB based beam failure detection, Qout\_LR\_SSB is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.5.2.1-1. For CSI-RS based beam failure detection, Qout\_LR\_CSI-RS is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.5.3.1-1.

Upon request the UE shall deliver configuration indexes from the set as specified in TS 38.213 [3] , to higher layers, and the corresponding L1-RSRP measurement provided that the measured L1-RSRP is equal to or better than the threshold Qin\_LR, which is indicated by higher layer parameter *rsrp-ThresholdSSB*. The UE applies the Qin\_LR threshold to the L1-RSRP measurement obtained from an SSB. The UE applies the Qin\_LR threshold to the L1-RSRP measurement obtained for a CSI-RS resource after scaling a respective CSI-RS reception power with a value provided by higher layer parameter *powerControlOffsetSS*. The RS resource configurations in the set  can be periodic CSI-RS resources or SSBs or both SSB and CSI-RS resources. UE is not required to perform candidate beam detection outside the active DL BWP.

### 8.5X.2 Requirements for SSB based beam failure detection

#### 8.5X.2.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each SSB resource in the set  configured for a serving cell, provided that the SSB configured for beam failure detection is actually transmitted within the UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.5X.2.2.

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#### 8.5X.2.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured SSB resource in set  estimated over the last TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_LR\_SSB within TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB ms period.

The value of TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB is defined in Table 8.5X.2.2-1 for FR1.

For FR1 ATG UE [with omnidirectional antennas],

- $P=\frac{1}{1−\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, which are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the SSB.

- P = 1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the SSB.

For FR1 ATG UE [with antenna array],

- P value for an BFD-RS resource to be measured is defined as

* Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0
* Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0
	+ For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRPmax), where MGRPmax is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps and per-FR1 measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any BFD-RS resource occasion:
	+ Ntotal is the total number of BFD-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and
	+ Noutside\_MG is the number of BFD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W
	+ Navailable is
		- the number of BFD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W
	+ TL1 is periodicity of the target BFD-RS
	+ Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of BFD-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

**Table 8.5X.2.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB for FR1**

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| **Configuration** | **TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB (ms)**  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(5 × P) × TSSB) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(7.5 × P) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(5 × P) × TDRX |
| Note: TSSB is the periodicity of SSB in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.5X.2.3 Measurement restriction for SSB based beam failure detection

The UE is required to be capable of measuring SSB for BFD without measurement gaps. The UE is required to perform the SSB measurements with measurement restrictions as described in the following clauses.

For FR1, when the SSB for BFD measurement is in the same OFDM symbol as CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement,

- If SSB and CSI-RS have same SCS, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for BFD measurement without any restriction;

- If SSB and CSI-RS have different SCS,

- If UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for BFD measurement without any restriction;

- If UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both SSB for BFD measurement and CSI-RS. Longer measurement period for SSB based BFD measurement is expected, and no requirements are defined.

### 8.5X.3 Requirements for CSI-RS based beam failure detection

#### 8.5X.3.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each CSI-RS resource in the set  of resource configurations for a serving cell, provided that the CSI-RS resource(s) in set for beam failure detection are actually transmitted within the UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.5X.3.2. UE is not expected to perform beam failure detection measurements on the CSI-RS configured for BFD if the CSI-RS is not QCL-ed, with QCL-TypeD when applicable, with the RS in the active TCI state of any CORESET configured in the UE active BWP.

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#### 8.5X.3.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the CSI-RS resource in set  estimated over the last TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_LR\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS ms period.

The value of TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS is defined in Table 8.5X.3.2-1 for FR1.

The requirements of TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS apply provided that the CSI-RS for BFD is not in a resource set configured with repetition ON. The requirements shall not apply when the CSI-RS resource in the active TCI state of CORESET is the same CSI-RS resource for BFD and the TCI state information of the CSI-RS resource is not given, wherein the TCI state information means QCL Type-D to SSB for L1-RSRP or CSI-RS with repetition ON.

For FR1 ATG UE [with omnidirectional antennas],

- $P=\frac{1}{1−\frac{T\_{CSI−RS}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, which are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the CSI-RS.

- P = 1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the CSI-RS.

For FR1 ATG UE [with antenna array],

- P value for an BFD-RS resource to be measured is defined as

* Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0
* Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0
	+ For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRPmax), where MGRPmax is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps and per-FR1 measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any RLM-RS resource occasion:
	+ Ntotal is the total number of BFD-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and
	+ Noutside\_MG is the number of BFD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W
	+ Navailable is
		- the number of BFD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W
	+ TL1 is periodicity of the target BFD-RS
	+ Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of the BFD-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

The values of MBFD used in Table 8.5X.3.2-1 are defined as

- MBFD = 10, if the CSI-RS resource(s) in set  used for BFD is transmitted with Density = 3 and over the bandwidth ≥ 24 PRBs.

**Table 8.5X.3.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS for FR1**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Configuration** | **TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS (ms)**  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(MBFD  P)  TCSI-RS) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(1.5 × MBFD  P)  Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(MBFD  P)  TDRX |
| Note: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of CSI-RS resource in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.5X.3.3 Measurement restrictions for CSI-RS beam failure detection

The UE is required to be capable of measuring CSI-RS for BFD without measurement gaps. The UE is required to perform the CSI-RS measurements with measurement restrictions as described in the following clauses.

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for BFD measurement is in the same OFDM symbol as SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE is not required to receive CSI-RS for BFD measurement in the PRBs that overlap with an SSB.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has same SCS than CSI-RS for BFD measurement, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS measurement without restrictions.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has different SCS than CSI-RS for BFD measurement, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS measurement with restrictions according to its capabilities:

- If the UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS measurement without restrictions.

- If the UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both CSI-RS for BFD measurement and SSB. Longer measurement period for CSI-RS based BFD measurement is expected, and no requirements are defined.

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for BFD measurement is in the same OFDM symbol as another CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE shall be able to measure the CSI-RS for BFD measurement without any restriction.

### 8.5X.4 Minimum requirement for L1 indication

The requirement in clause 8.5.4 shall apply.

### 8.5X.5 Requirements for SSB based candidate beam detection

#### 8.5X.5.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each SSB resource in the set  configured for a serving cell, provided that the SSBs configured for candidate beam detection are actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.5X.5.2.

#### 8.5X.5.2 Minimum requirement

Upon request the UE shall be able to evaluate whether the L1-RSRP measured on the configured SSB resource in set  estimated over the last TEvaluate\_CBD\_SSB ms period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_LR provided SSB\_RP and SSB Ês/Iot are according to Annex Table B.2.4.1 for a corresponding band.

The UE shall monitor the configured SSB resources using the evaluation period in table 8.5X.5.2-1 corresponding to the non-DRX mode, if the configured DRX cycle ≤ 320ms.

The value of TEvaluate\_CBD\_SSB is defined in Table 8.5X.5.2-1 for FR1.

where,

For FR1 ATG UE [with omnidirectional antennas],

- $P=\frac{1}{1−\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, which are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the SSB,

- P = 1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the SSB.

For FR1 ATG UE [with antenna array],

- P value for an CBD-RS resource to be measured is defined as

* Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0
* Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0
	+ For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRPmax), where MGRPmax is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps and per-FR1 measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any CBD-RS resource occasion:
	+ Ntotal is the total number of CBD-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and
	+ Noutside\_MG is the number of CBD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W
	+ Navailable is
		- the number of CBD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W
	+ TL1 is periodicity of the target CBD-RS
	+ Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of the CBD-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

Table 8.5X.5.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_CBD\_SSB for FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_CBD\_SSB (ms)  |
| non-DRX, DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(25, Ceil(3 × P) × TSSB) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(3 × P) × TDRX |
| Note: TSSB is the periodicity of SSB in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.5X.5.3 Measurement restriction for SSB based candidate beam detection

For FR1, when the SSB for CBD measurement is in the same OFDM symbol as CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement,

- If SSB and CSI-RS have same SCS, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for CBD measurement without any restrictions;

- If SSB and CSI-RS have different SCSs,

- If UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for CBD measurement without any restriction;

- If UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both SSB for CBD measurement and CSI-RS. Longer measurement period for SSB based CBD measurement is expected, and no requirements are defined.

### 8.5X.6 Requirements for CSI-RS based candidate beam detection

#### 8.5X.6.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each CSI-RS resource in the set  configured for a serving cell, provided that the CSI-RS resources configured for candidate beam detection are actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.5X.6.2.

#### 8.5X.6.2 Minimum requirement

Upon request the UE shall be able to evaluate whether the L1-RSRP measured on the configured CSI-RS resource in set  estimated over the last TEvaluate\_CBD\_CSI-RS [ms] period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_LR within TEvaluate\_CBD\_CSI-RS [ms] period provided CSI-RS Ês/Iot is according to Annex Table B.2.4.2 for a corresponding band.

The UE shall monitor the configured CSI-RS resources using the evaluation period in table 8.5X.6.2-1 corresponding to the non-DRX mode, if the configured DRX cycle ≤ 320ms.

The value of TEvaluate\_CBD\_CSI-RS is defined in Table 8.5X.6.2-1 for FR1.

For FR1 ATG UE [with omnidirectional antennas],

- $P=\frac{1}{1−\frac{T\_{CSI−RS}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, which are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the CSI-RS; and

- P = 1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the CSI-RS.

For FR1 ATG UE [with antenna array],

- P value for an CBD-RS resource to be measured is defined as

* Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0
* Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0
	+ For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRPmax), where MGRPmax is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps and per-FR1 measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any CBD-RS resource occasion:
	+ Ntotal is the total number of CBD-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and
	+ Noutside\_MG is the number of CBD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W
	+ Navailable is
		- the number of CBD-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W
	+ TL1 is periodicity of the target CBD-RS
	+ Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of the CBD-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the CSI-RS is on the same OFDM symbols with RLM, BFD, BM-RS, or other CBD-RS, according to the measurement restrictions defined in clause 8.5X.6.3.

The values of MCBD used in Table 8.5X.6.2-1 are defined as

- MCBD = 3, if the CSI-RS resource configured in the set  is transmitted with Density = 3 and over the bandwidth ≥ 24 PRBs.

**Table 8.5X.6.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_CBD\_CSI-RS for FR1**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Configuration** | **TEvaluate\_CBD\_CSI-RS (ms)**  |
| non-DRX, DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(25, Ceil(MCBD × P) × TCSI-RS) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(MCBD × P) × TDRX |
| Note: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of CSI-RS resource in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.5X.6.3 Measurement restriction for CSI-RS based candidate beam detection

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for CBD measurement is in the same OFDM symbol as SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE is not required to receive CSI-RS for CBD measurement in the PRBs that overlap with an SSB.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has same SCS than CSI-RS for CBD measurement, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS based CBD measurement without restrictions.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has different SCS than CSI-RS for CBD measurement, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS based CBD measurement with restrictions according to its capabilities:

- If the UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS based CBD measurement for without restrictions.

- If the UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both CSI-RS for CBD measurement and SSB. Longer measurement period for CSI-RS based CBD measurement is expected, and no requirements are defined.

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for CBD measurement is in the same OFDM symbol as another CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE shall be able to measure the CSI-RS for CBD measurement without any restriction.

### 8.5X.7 Scheduling availability of UE during beam failure detection

Scheduling availability restrictions when the UE is performing beam failure detection are described in the following clauses.

#### 8.5X.7.1 Scheduling availability of UE performing beam failure detection with a same subcarrier spacing as PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

There are no scheduling restrictions due to beam failure detection performed on SSB and CSI-RS configured for BFD with the same SCS as PDSCH or PDCCH in FR1.

#### 8.5X.7.2 Scheduling availability of UE performing beam failure detection with a different subcarrier spacing than PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

For UEs which support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* [14] there are no restrictions on scheduling availability due to beam failure detection when SSB is configured as BFD. For UEs which do not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* [14] the following restrictions apply due to beam failure detection when SSB is configured as BFD.

- The UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH, PUSCH or SRS or receive PDCCH, PDSCH or CSI-RS for tracking or CSI-RS for CQI on SSB symbols to be measured for beam failure detection.

### 8.5X.8 Scheduling availability of UE during candidate beam detection

Scheduling availability restrictions when the UE is performing L1-RSRP measurement for candidate beam detection are described in the following clauses.

#### 8.5X.8.1 Scheduling availability of UE performing L1-RSRP measurement with a same subcarrier spacing as PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

There are no scheduling restrictions due to L1-RSRP measurement performed on SSB and CSI-RS configured as link recovery detection resource with the same SCS as PDSCH or PDCCH in FR1.

#### 8.5X.8.2 Scheduling availability of UE performing L1-RSRP measurement with a different subcarrier spacing than PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

For UEs which support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* [14] there are no restrictions on scheduling availability due to L1-RSRP measurement based on SSB as link recovery detection resource. For UEs which do not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* [14] the following restrictions apply due to L1-RSRP measurement based on SSB configured as link recovery detection resource.

- The UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH, PUSCH or SRS or receive PDCCH, PDSCH, TRS, CSI-RS for tracking or CSI-RS for CQI on SSB symbols to be measured for L1-RSRP.

### 8.5X.9 Minimum requirement at transitions for beam failure detection

The requirement in clause 8.5.10 shall apply.

**<Next change>**

## 8.6X Active BWP switch delay for ATG

### 8.6X.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for an ATG UE. The requirements in this clause also apply for a UE configured with more than one BWP on PCell. UE shall complete the switch of active DL and/or UL BWP within the delay defined in this clause.

### 8.6X.2 DCI and timer based BWP switch delay

The requirements in this clause only apply to the case that the BWP switch is performed on the PCell with more than one BWP configurations configured.

For DCI-based BWP switch, after the UE receives BWP switching request at DL slot n on a serving cell, UE shall be able to receive PDSCH (for DL active BWP switch) or transmit PUSCH (for UL active BWP switch) on the new BWP on the serving cell on which BWP switch on the first DL or UL slot occurs right after a time duration of TBWPswitchDelay + Y which starts from the beginning of DL slot n. Where,

- Y=0, if the serving cell where UE receives DCI for BWP switch request is same as the serving cell on which BWP switch occurs.

The UE is not required to transmit UL signals or receive DL signals until the first DL or UL slot occurs right after a time duration of TBWPswitchDelay which starts from the beginning of DL slot n except DCI triggering BWP switch on the cell where DCI-based BWP switch occurs. The UE is not required to follow the requirements defined in this clause when performing a DCI-based BWP switch between the BWPs in disjoint channel bandwidths or in partially overlapping channel bandwidths.

For timer-based BWP switch, the UE shall start BWP switch at DL slot n, where slot n is the first slot of a DL subframe (FR1) immediately after a BWP-inactivity timer *bwp-InactivityTimer* [2] expires on a serving cell, and the UE shall be able to receive PDSCH (for DL active BWP switch) or transmit PUSCH (for UL active BWP switch) on the new BWP on the serving cell on which BWP switch on the first DL or UL slot occurs right after a time duration of TBWPswitchDelay which starts from the beginning of DL slot n.

The UE is not required to transmit UL signals or receive DL signals during time duration TBWPswitchDelay after *bwp-InactivityTimer* [2] expires on the cell where timer-based BWP switch occurs.

Depending on UE capability *bwp-SwitchingDelay* [2], UE shall finish BWP switch within the time duration TBWPswitchDelay defined in Table 8.6X.2-1.

Table 8.6X.2-1: BWP switch delay

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | NR Slot length (ms) | BWP switch delay TBWPswitchDelay (slots) |
| Type 1Note 1 | Type 2Note 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 1 | 0.5 | 2 | 5 |
| 2 | 0.25 | 3 | 9 |
| Note 1: Depends on UE capability.Note 2: If the BWP switch involves changing of SCS, the BWP switch delay is determined by the smaller SCS between the SCS before BWP switch and the SCS after BWP switch. |

Provided the UE does not have the required TCI-state information to receive PDCCH and PDSCH in the new BWP, the UE shall use old TCI-states before the BWP switch until a new MAC CE updating the required TCI-state information for PDCCH and PDSCH is received after the BWP switch.

If UE has the information on the required TCI-state information to receive PDCCH and PDSCH in the new BWP,

- UE shall be able to receive PDCCH and PDSCH with old TCI-states before the delay as specified in Clause 8.10X or 8.15X in the new BWP.

- UE shall be able to receive PDCCH and PDSCH with new TCI-states after the delay as specified in Clause 8.10X or 8.15X in the new BWP

Provided the UE does not have the required activated TCI-state(s) information to receive PDCCH/ PDSCH and to transmit PUSCH/PUCCH/SRS in the new BWP, the UE shall use old TCI-state(s) before the BWP switch until a new MAC CE updating the required activated TCI-state(s) information is received after the BWP switch.

### 8.6X.3 RRC based BWP switch delay

The requirements in this clause only apply to the case that the BWP switch is performed on the PCell with one or more than one BWP configuration(s) configured, with

* Active BWP switch or parameter change of its active BWPs for PCell

For RRC-based BWP switch, after the UE receives RRC reconfiguration involving active BWP switching or parameter change of its active BWP, UE shall be able to receive PDSCH/PDCCH (for DL active BWP switch) or transmit PUSCH (for UL active BWP switch) on the new BWP on the serving cell on which BWP switch occurs on the first DL or UL slot right after a time duration of $\frac{T\_{RRCprocessingDelay}+T\_{BWPswitcℎDelayRRC}}{NR Slot lengtℎ}$ slots which begins from the beginning of DL slot n, where

 DL slot n is the last slot overlapping with the PDSCH containing the RRC command, and

 $NR Slot lengtℎ$ is determined by the smaller SCS between the SCS before BWP switch and the SCS after BWP switch if the BWP switch involves changing of SCS.

 $T\_{RRCprocessingDelay}$is the length of the RRC procedure delay in ms as defined in clause 12 in TS 38.331 [2], and

 $T\_{BWPswitcℎDelayRRC}=6ms$ is the time used by the UE to perform BWP switch.

The UE is not required to transmit UL signals or receive DL signals during the time defined by $T\_{RRCprocessingDelay}+T\_{BWPswitcℎDelayRRC}$ on PCell. When $T\_{HARQ}> T\_{RRCprocessingDelay}$ a longer switching delay is allowed. Where $T\_{HARQ}$ is the time between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3].

**<Next change>**

## 8.10X Active TCI state switching delay for ATG

8.10X.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for an ATG UE configured with one or more TCI state configurations on serving cell. The UE shall complete the switch of active TCI state within the delay defined in this clause.

### 8.10X.2 Void

8.10X.3 MAC-CE based TCI state switch delay

Upon receiving PDSCH carrying MAC-CE activation command in slot n, UE shall be able to receive PDCCH with target TCI state of the serving cell on which TCI state switch occurs at the first slot that is after slot n+ THARQ + $3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$+ TOk\*(Tfirst-SSB + TSSB-proc) / *NR slot length*. The UE shall be able to receive PDCCH with the old TCI state until slot n+ THARQ +$3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$ .

Where THARQ is the timing between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3];

 Tfirst-SSB is time to first SSB transmission after MAC CE command is decoded by the UE; The SSB shall be the QCL-TypeA or QCL-TypeC to target TCI state;

 TSSB-proc = 2 ms;

 TOk = 1 if target TCI state is not in the active TCI state list for PDSCH, 0 otherwise.

8.10X.4 DCI based TCI state switch delay

When a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter *tci-PresentInDCI* which is set as 'enabled'for the CORESET scheduling PDSCH at slot n, UE shall be able to receive PDSCH with target TCI state of the serving cell on which TCI state switch occurs at the first slot that is after slot n+*timeDurationForQCL*, where, *timeDurationForQCL* is the time required by the UE to perform PDCCH reception and applying spatial QCL information received in DCI for PDSCH processing as described in TS 38.214 [26], the value of *timeDurationForQCL* is defined in TS 38.331 [2].

8.10X.5 RRC based TCI state switch delay

UE shall be able to receive PDCCH with target TCI state of the serving cell on which TCI state switch occurs at the first slot that is after slot n+ (TRRC\_processing +TOk\*(Tfirst-SSB + TSSB-proc)) / *NR slot length*, The UE is not required to receive PDCCH/PDSCH/CSI-RS or transmit PUCCH/PUSCH until the end of switching period.

Where

- Slot n is the last slot overlapping with the PDSCH carrying RRC activation command.

- TRRC\_processing is the RRC processing delay defined in Clause 12 of TS 38.331 [2].

- Tfirst-SSB is time to first SSB transmission after RRC processing by the UE; The SSB shall be the QCL-TypeA or QCL-TypeC to target TCI state.

- TSSB-proc and TOk are defined in clause 8.10X.3.

The requirements for RRC based TCI state switch delay apply when only 1 TCI state is configured in RRC TCI state list. When $T\_{HARQ}> T\_{RRC\\_processing}$ a longer switching delay is allowed. Where $T\_{HARQ}$ is the time between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3].

### 8.10X.6 Active TCI state list update delay

Upon receiving PDSCH carrying MAC-CE active TCI state list update at slot n, UE shall be able to receive PDCCH to schedule PDSCH with the new target TCI state at the first slot that is after n+ THARQ +$3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$ +TOk\*(Tfirst-SSB + TSSB-proc) / *NR slot length*. Where THARQ, Tfirst-SSB, TSSB-proc and TOk are defined in clause 8.10X.3.

**<Next change>**

## 8.13X UE-specific CBW change for ATG

### 8.13X.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for an ATG UE receives reconfiguration of *offsetToCarrier* or *carrierBandwidth* to change channel bandwidth.

### 8.13X.2 UE-specific CBW change delay

The requirements in clause 8.13.2 shall apply only for FR1 UE in NR SA operation mode.

$\frac{\_{}\_{}}{}$$\_{}$$\_{}$$\frac{\_{}\_{}}{}$$\_{}\_{}$$\_{}$**<Next change>**

## 8.14X Pathloss reference signal switching delay for ATG

### 8.14X.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for pathloss reference signal activated or updated on serving cell in clause 7.1.1 in TS 38.213 [3].

ATG UE shall complete the switch of pathloss reference signal within the delay defined in this clause.

### 8.14X.2 Known conditions for pathloss reference signal

In FR1, the pathloss reference signal is known if the following conditions are met

- The target pathloss reference signal remains detectable during the pathloss reference signal switching period

- SNR of the target pathloss reference signal≥-3dB

Otherwise, the pathloss reference signal is unknown.

### 8.14X.3 MAC-CE based pathloss reference signal switch delay

The requirements in clause 8.14.3 shall apply only for FR1.

$\_{}$$\_{}^{}$$\left⌈\frac{\_{}}{}\right⌉$$\_{}$$\_{}^{}$$\_{}$$\_{}$**<Next change>**

## 8.15X Active downlink TCI state switching delay for unified TCI for ATG

### 8.15X.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for an ATG UE configured with *DLorJoint-TCIState* configurations for DL channels on PCell. UE shall complete the switch of active downlink TCI state within the delay defined in this clause.

### 8.15X.2 Void

8.15X.3 MAC-CE based downlink TCI state switch delay

The requirements in this clause shall apply for DL TCI state switch using separate DL TCI state or joint TCI state of unified TCI state switch framework.

In case of joint TCI state switch, if the target PL-RS is not maintained, UE is not expected to receive on DL based on the target TCI state before UE completes the DL and UL TCI state switch.

Upon receiving PDSCH carrying MAC-CE activation command in slot n, UE shall be able to receive UE-dedicated PDCCH/PDSCH with target TCI state of the serving cell on which TCI state switch occurs at the first slot that is after slot n+ THARQ + $3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$+ TOk\*(Tfirst-SSB + TSSB-proc) / *NR slot length*. The UE shall be able to receive UE-dedicated PDCCH/PDSCH with the old TCI state until slot n+ THARQ + $3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$ where THARQ (in slot) is the timing between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3];

- Tfirst-SSB is time to first SSB transmission after MAC CE command is decoded by the UE; The SSB shall be the QCL-TypeA or QCL-TypeC to target TCI state

- TSSB-proc = 2 ms;

- TOk = 1 if target TCI state is not in the active TCI state list for PDSCH/PDCCH, 0 otherwise.

### 8.15X.4 DCI based downlink TCI state switch delay

When a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter with *DLorJointTCIState* or *UL-TCIState,* activated with TCI states for downlink transmission by MAC CE indication of more than one codepoints, and receives DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 with or without DL assignment providing indicated TCI-State or TCI state pair in the active TCI list for a CC, the UE transmits a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information corresponding to the DCI carrying the TCI-State indication.

The downlink TCI switching to the indicated DL TCI state or joint TCI state in the DCI format shall be completed starting from the first slot that is at least *BeamAppTime-r17* symbols after the last symbol of the PUCCH carrying HARQ-ACK in response to the DCI triggering TCI state activation. The first slot and the *BeamAppTime-r17* symbols are both determined on PCell. The value of *BeamAppTime-r17* is defined in TS 38.331 [2]. The known condition for TCI state defined in clause 8.15X.3 is applied.

### 8.15X.5 Active Downlink TCI state list update delay

The requirements specified in this clause are applicable if

- higher layer configuration ‘*unifiedTCI-StateType-r17*’ is set to ‘*separate*’, and a MAC CE activates more than one target separate TCIs, and at least one DL TCI is included, or

- higher layer configuration ‘*unifiedTCI-StateType-r17*’ is set to ‘*joint*’, and a MAC CE activates more than one target joint TCI.

Upon receiving PDSCH carrying MAC-CE active TCI state list update at slot n, UE shall be able to receive PDCCH or PDSCH with the new target TCI states at the first slot that is after

 n + THARQ +$3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$ + TOk\*(Tfirst-SSB + TSSB-proc) / *NR slot length*.

Where THARQ, Tfirst-SSB, TSSB-proc , TOk are defined in clause 8.15X.3.

UE is not expected to receive on DL based on the target TCI state before UE completes the DL and UL TCI state list update.

**<Next change>**

## 8.16X Active uplink TCI state switching delay for unified TCI for ATG

### 8.16X.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for an ATG UE configured with *DLorJoint-TCIState* (if unifiedTCI-StateType is indicated as *Joint*) or *UL-TCIState* configurations for UL channels/signals on PCell. There is no requirement when the UE is requested to switch to a TCI state with the higher layer parameter *UL-TCIState* associated to SRS. The UE shall complete the switch of active uplink TCI state within the delay defined in this clause when the UE is requested to switch to a TCI state with the higher layer parameter *DLorJointTCIState* or *UL-TCIState* associated to a DL RS.

PL-RS may be associated with or included in UL TCI state or joint TCI state. The requirements in this clause shall apply if either of the following conditions are met:

- PL-RS is identical to source RS in UL TCI state or joint TCI state

- PL-RS and source RS in UL TCI state or joint TCI state are QCL-Type D

### 8.16X.2 Void

8.16X.3 MAC-CE based uplink TCI state switch delay

The requirements in this clause shall apply for UL TCI state switch using separate UL TCI state or joint TCI state of unified TCI state switch framework.

In case of joint TCI state switch, UE is not expected to transmit on UL based on the target TCI state before UE completes the DL and UL TCI state switch.

For separate UL TCI state switch or joint TCI state switch for PUCCH or PUSCH, or semi-persistent/aperiodic/periodic SRS, when *beamCorrespondenceWithoutUL-BeamSweeping* is set to 1, upon receiving PDSCH carrying MAC-CE activation command in slot n on serving cell,

- The UE shall be able to transmit uplink signal with the target TCI state in the slot n+THARQ + $3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$ + NM*\** (Tfirst\_target-PL-RS + 4\*Ttarget\_PL-RS + 2ms) / *NR slot length*.

Where,

- THARQ (in slot) is the timing between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3].

- NM = 1, if the target PL-RS is not maintained by the UE, 0 otherwise.

- PL-RS is maintained provided:

- the target PL-RS is associated with or included in the UL or joint TCI states in the active TCI list for PUSCH/PUCCH/SRS transmissions

- There are no more than 4 different RS activated as PL-RS per serving cell among all active UL TCI states (UL or joint TCI state) for PUSCH/PUCCH/SRS transmissions

- The target pathloss reference signal remains detectable during TCI state switching period

- SNR of the target pathloss reference signal≥-3dB

- The associated SSBs with the target pathloss reference signal remain detectable during the TCI state switching period.

- SNR of the associated SSB ≥-3dB

- Tfirst\_target-PL-RS is time to first pathloss RS transmission after MAC CE command is decoded by the UE for known TCI State.

- Ttarget\_PL-RS is the periodicity of the target pathloss reference signal which would be SSB or NZP CSI-RS

The requirements specified in this clause are applicable if no more than 4 different RSs are activated as PL-RS per serving cell among all active UL (or joint) TCI states.

### 8.16X.4 DCI based uplink TCI state switch delay

When a UE is configured with the higher layer parameter with *DLorJointTCIState* or *UL-TCIState,* activated with TCI states for uplink transmission by MAC CE indication of more than one codepoints, and receives DCI format 1\_1/1\_2 with or without DL assignment providing indicated TCI-State or TCI state pair in the active TCI list for PCell, the UE transmits a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information corresponding to the DCI carrying the TCI-State indication.

The requirements in this clause are applicable only if the DCI format indicating UL TCI state or joint TCI state switch is received by UE when

- target TCI state is in active TCI state list, and

- target PL-RS is maintained as defined in clause 8.16X.3

The uplink TCI switching to the indicated UL TCI state or joint TCI state in the DCI format shall be completed starting from the first slot that is at least *BeamAppTime-r17* symbols after the last symbol of the PUCCH carrying HARQ-ACK in response to the DCI triggering TCI state activation. The value of *beamAppTime-r17*is defined in TS 38.331 [2].

If a PL-RS is associated with or included in UL TCI state or joint TCI state, the UL TCI switching and PL-RS switching shall be completed at the same time.

### 8.16X.5 Active Uplink TCI state list update delay

The requirements specified in this clause are applicable if

- higher layer configuration ‘*unifiedTCI-StateType-r17*’ is set to ‘*separate*’, and a MAC CE activates more than one target separate TCIs, and at least one UL TCI is included, or

- higher layer configuration ‘*unifiedTCI-StateType-r17*’ is set to ‘*joint*’, and a MAC CE activates more than one target joint TCI.

Upon receiving PDSCH carrying MAC-CE active TCI state list update at slot n, UE shall be able to transmit PUCCH, PUSCH or SRS with the new target TCI states at the first slot that is after

 n + THARQ + $3N\_{slot}^{subframe,µ}$ + NM \* (Tfirst\_target-PL-RS + 4 \* Ttarget\_PL-RS + 2ms) / *NR slot length*,

Where THARQ, Tfirst\_target-PL-RS, Ttarget-PL-RS are defined in clause 8.16X.3.

The requirements specified in this clause do not apply if more than 4 different RSs are activated as PL-RS per serving cell among all active UL (or joint) TCI states.

When UE receives PDSCH carrying MAC-CE for active TCI state list update, and

- higher layer configuration ‘*unifiedTCI-StateType-r17*’ is set to ‘*joint*’, or

- higher layer configuration ‘*unifiedTCI-StateType-r17*’ is set to ‘*separate*’, while the target TCI list comprises at least one DL TCIs and at least one UL TCIs,

UE is not expected to transmit on UL based on the target TCI before UE completes the DL and UL TCI list update.

The requirements in this clause are applicable when the source RS of the active UL TCI state is a DL-RS and this DL-RS is included as one of the source RSs in the DL active TCI list.

**<Next change>**

## 8.19X Pre-configured measurement gap activation/deactivation delay for ATG

### 8.19X.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for an ATG UE configured with PCell in standalone NR.

UE shall complete the activation/deactivation of pre-configured measurement gap within the delay defined in this clause.

### 8.19X.2 Pre-configured measurement gap activation/deactivation upon DCI/timer-based BWP switch

#### 8.19X.2.1 Activation/deactivation upon DCI/timer-based BWP switch delay on a single CC

The requirements in clause 8.19.2.1 shall apply only for FR1 and NR SA operation mode without considering CA/DC and inter RAT measurement.

### 8.19X.3 Pre-configured measurement gap activation/deactivation upon RRC reconfiguration

The requirements in clause 8.19.4 shall apply only for FR1 and NR SA operation mode without considering CA/DC and inter RAT measurement.

**<End of changes>**