3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #109bis-e R2-20xxxxx

Elbonia, 20 – 30 April 2020

**Agenda item: 6.20.2.1**

**Source: Nokia (Rapporteur)**

**Title: Offline 053 on LCP Mapping Restrictions**

**WID/SID: TEI - Release 16**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# 1 Introduction

This document is the report of the following email discussion:

LCP Mapping Restrictions

[R2-2002740](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002740.zip) LCP Mapping Restrictions Nokia, Deutsche Telekom, Ericsson, Fujitsu, Nokia Shanghai Bell, NTT DOCOMO INC., T-Mobile discussion Rel-16 TEI16 [R2-2000576](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2000576.zip)

[R2-2002741](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002741.zip) Dynamic LCP Mapping Restrictions Nokia, Deutsche Telekom, Fujitsu, Nokia Shanghai Bell, NTT DOCOMO INC., T-Mobile CR Rel-16 38.321 16.0.0 0689 1 B TEI16 [R2-2000577](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2000577.zip)

[R2-2002835](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002835.zip) Cell restriction for CA duplication OPPO discussion Rel-16 TEI16 [R2-2000406](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2000406.zip)

* [AT109bis-e][053][TEI16] LCP Mapping Restrictions (Nokia)

Scope: Treat papers above on LCP Mapping Restrictions.

Wanted Outcome: Agreed solution, if possible Agreed-in-principle CR(s)

Deadline: April 28 0700 UTC

# 2 Discussion

For several meetings, a number of contributions have suggested that LCP Mapping Restrictions need to be dynamically adjusted beyond what RRC already offers. Some possible scenarios include:

- TCP performance [[R2-2002740](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002740.zip)];

- Overload situation [[R2-2002740](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002740.zip)];

- Mobility Events on high frequencies [[R2-2002740](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002740.zip)];

- Duplication activation/deactivation [[R2-2002835](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002835.zip)].

**Question 1:** do you agree with the need to adjust LCP Mapping Restrictions beyond what RRC already allows.

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| Answers to Question 1 |
| Company | Yes/No | Technical comments to justify your answer (one may refer to the scenarios listed above to explain his/her views) |
| OPPO | Yes | In order to make the benefits of cell restriction equal to all DRBs (no matter whether CA duplication is configured or not), and also to make less network reconfiguration when cell restriction is still needed when CA duplication is deactivated, it’s better to indicate the UE whether to apply the cell restriction or not when the duplication is deactivated.Network can configure whether the UE can lift the cell restriction configured for the LCH. For example, if the bearer is restricted from using certain serving cells, the network can configure the UE not lifting the cell restriction when the CA duplication is deactivated. Otherwise, the UE follows the legacy R15 behaviour. |
| Apple | No | Considering the number of new flows can be started in a smartphone in a very short order, it is not feasible for NW to track that as well as to assume that LCP restrictions can be modified at that dynamic pace. We sympathize with other scenarios such as mobility, however, given limited R16 time, we would want to leave up to RRC mechanisms in R16 specifications. |
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**Summary 1**: TBD.

**Proposal 1**: TBD.

Assuming that LCP Mapping Restrictions need to be dynamically adjusted, we then need to discuss what mechanism needs to be introduced. Two approaches have been suggested:

- A generic mechanism based on MAC CE to enable/disable the LCP mapping restrictions [[R2-2002740](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002740.zip)];

- Link the LCP mapping restrictions to the activation/deactivation of duplication [[R2-2002835](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_109bis-e/Docs/R2-2002835.zip)].;

**Question 2:** assuming that LCP Mapping Restrictions need to be dynamically adjusted, which mechanism addresses the scenarios you have in mind.

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| Answers to Question 2 |
| Company | Preferred Mechanism | Technical comments to justify your answer |
| OPPO | R2-2002835 | My understanding on the difference between 2740 and 2835 is that, 2740 uses a MAC CE to dynamically activate/deactivate the LCP restrictions configured for a logical channel. 2835 uses RRC signalling to enable/disable the cell restrictions.It’s not clear to us why all the LCP restrictions should be adjusted using a dynamic way, e.g., allowedSCS-List, once it’s configured for a LCH, it means the data from this LCH may only fit to the allowed SCS configured.We should stick to the original potential issue which seems to be that the LCHs associated with CA duplication can not apply cell restrictions any more once the duplication is deactivated, which may cause issue that the data from this LCH is not supposed to be transmitted on certain carriers while network has no means to prevent it except by using reconfiguration. |
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**Summary 2**: TBD.

**Proposal 2**: TBD.

# 3 Conclusion

TBD.