3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #109bis-e R2-20xxxxx

Electronic, 20-30 April 2020

**Agenda item: 6.7.3.1**

**Source: Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell**

**Title: Offline-028: Intra-UE prioritization and MAC, Part 1-A**

**WID/SID: NR\_IIOT - Release 16**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# 1 Introduction

This document is for the following offline discussion, particularly for topics in 6.7.3.1:

* [AT109bis-e][028][IIOT] Intra-UE prioritization and MAC (Nokia, Samsung)

Scope: Treat topics in 6.7.3.1, based on [R2-2003226](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_109bis-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2003226.zip), started after on-line session April 21 (Nokia) and treat topics in 6.7.3.2 (that do not overlap with 6.7.1), based on [R2-2003124](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_109bis-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2003124.zip), and [R2-2002847](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_109bis-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2002847.zip), started immediately (Samsung).

Part 1: Determine which issues that need resolution, find agreeable proposals. Deadline: April 24 0700 UTC (Nokia, Samsung)

Part 2: Agreeable CR (Samsung)

In parallel, another discussion for 6.7.3.2 based on R2-2003124 and R2-2002847 is conducted separately. Hence, the scope of this discussion is focused on agreeable proposals listed in the email discussion summary prepared for *[Post109e#50][IIOT] Remaining issues intra-UE prioritization*, which is R2-2003226 [1]:

[R2-2003226](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_109bis-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2003226.zip) Summary of e-mail discussion: [Post109e#50][IIOT] Remaining issues intra-UE prioritization Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell discussion Rel-16 NR\_IIOT-Core

With a few proposals are already discussed/agreed during the online session, this document targets to address the remaining proposals of [1] that are not yet concluded.

# 2 Discussion

## 2.1 Proposal relating to Overlapping SPS prioritization

In [1], it has been discussed if any changed in MAC specification to reflect the PHY behavior of only decoding PDSCH with the lowest SPS index when multiple SPS overlap in time. The discussion shows that 17 companies think it is already clear in TS 38.214 that PHY does not need to decode all overlapping PDSCH and it does not contradict to MAC spec. as no TB of PDSCH that is not decoded by PHY will be delivered from PHY for further processing anyway, so no text change is needed; 1 company proposed an alternative text proposal; 2 companies does not have a strong view. It is clear that majority of companies do not think any change in MAC is needed, so we have the following proposal:

***Proposal 1: No text change in TS 38.321 to address the cases with multiple overlapping SPS PDSCH.***

**Question 1: Do you agree with Proposal 1 ?**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **YES/NO** | **Comment (if any)** |
| Qualcomm | Yes |  |

**Conclusion:**

TBC

## 2.2 Proposal relating to HARQ buffer flushing for consecutive de-prioritizations

This issue is relating to the situation where the configured grant for autonomous (re)transmission is once again deprioritized, which cannot be considered as a prioritized grant according to current spec. text. Thus, the uplink grant neither obtains the existing MAC PDU from the HARQ buffer, nor obtains a new MAC PDU from the Multiplexing and Assembly Entity. Eventually the HARQ buffer of the identified HARQ process is flushed, which is not desirable result as the UE can no longer attempt autonomous transmission of this MAC PDU.

According to the discussions in [1], all companies think this is an issue that has to be resolved. Moreover, 18 out of the 20 companies think they can accept the text proposed by MAC rapporteur during [AT109e][029][IIOT] to resolve this issue. The first TP in R2-2003226 [1] (for Section 5.4.2.1 of TS38.321) also captures the text proposed by the MAC rapporteur. In light of this, we have the following proposal:

***Proposal 2: Adopt the first TP in R2-2003226 (the one targets at Section 5.4.2.1. of TS38.321) to address the issue of HARQ buffer flushing when the grant for autonomous retransmission is again de-prioritized.***

**Question 2: Do you agree with Proposal 2 ?**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **YES/NO** | **Comment (if any)** |
| Qualcomm | Yes |  |

**Conclusion:**

TBC

## 2.3 Proposal relating to Configurability of data vs. data and SR vs. data prioritization

The aspect of whether data vs. data prioritization and SR vs. data prioritization can be configured separately was discussed in [1], and 14 companies think a single configuration for both features should be sufficient, while 5 companies prefer to have separate configurations. Although there is some support for separate configuration, it seems joint configuration is a more favorable option in RAN2. Hence we have the proposal:

***Proposal 3: Data/Data and Data/SR prioritization should be configured as a single configuration***

**Question 3: Do you agree with Proposal 3 ?**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **YES/NO** | **Comment (if any)** |
| Qualcomm | No | Though majority favors unified configuration, we believe Qualcomm and Ericsson have raised valid points in the email discussi(R2-2003226), and the proponents of unified configuration should present technical arguments. |

**Conclusion:**

TBC

## 2.4 Proposal relating to Enhancement of SR Counter and *sr-ProhibitTimer*

One open issue that has been identified is whether RAN2 should enhance SR counter and sr-ProhibitTimer, considering that MAC may increment SR counter and starts the prohibit timer once the SR is delivered to PHY, while consequently the PHY may not transmit the SR actually. Therefore, companies are requested to provide their views on whether enhancements are needed, i.e. SR counter is incremented and sr-ProhibitTimer is started only if the SR is actually transmitted by PHY. Based on the discussions in [1], 13 companies think there is no need to enhance SR counter and SR Prohibit Timer in Rel-16, 3 companies think enhancement is needed, or at least some clarification on PUCCH validity is needed in the specification, and 3 companies do not have a strong view.It is quite clear that most companies do not think the enhancement is needed, so we have the proposal:

***Proposal 4: For Rel-16, no enhancement is introduced for SR counter and SR Prohibit Timer.***

**Question 4: Do you agree with Proposal 4 ?**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **YES/NO** | **Comment (if any)** |
| Qualcomm | Yes |  |

**Conclusion:**

TBC

## 2.5 Proposal relating to LCID set Assignment of MAC CE

In RAN2 #109e, RAN2 has agreed to extend LCID to increase the space for MAC CE, and it is up to every WI to decide whether each new MAC CE should be assigned to LCID Set1 or LCID Set2 of MAC CE. We have discussed this in [1] to see how the MAC CEs introduced in NR IIOT, namely *Multiple Entry Configured Grant Confirmation MAC CE* and *Duplication RLC Activation/Deactivation MAC CE* should be assigned to LCID set1 and LCID set2. The discussions in [1] show that 19 companies think Option 4 is acceptable (i.e. Both MAC CEs in Set2), and 1 company prefers Option 3 (i.e. Both MAC CEs in Set1). It is clear majority of companies prefer to assign both of these MAC CEs to Set2, hence we have the following proposals:

***Proposal 5: Both Multiple Entry Configured Grant Confirmation MAC CE and Duplication RLC Activation/Deactivation MAC CE are assigned to LCID Set2.***

**Question 5: Do you agree with Proposal 5 ?**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **YES/NO** | **Comment (if any)** |
| Qualcomm | No | We understand the majority view, but want to reiterate that the features of interest relate to ultra-reliability and would benefit from more optimization that Set1 can provide. |

**Conclusion:**

TBC

## 2.6 Proposal relating to Autonomous transmission when type-2 CG’s configuration changes

In RAN2#109e, it was agreed that we should address the issue of autonomous transmission for a Type-2 CG whose configuration can be dynamically changed. However, RAN2 has not yet decided how the UE should handle this situation and/or what the conditions that the UE should check are, in order to decide if it should continue autonomous transmission even if the configuration of such CG has been modified. Based on discussion in [1], it seems a larger portion of companies think that whether the autonomous transmission can be continued is hinged on if the TBS after reactivation is still the same. Besides, one company has pointed out that if we simply flush the HARQ buffer upon CG reactivation, there could be some issues if the related HARQ process is already reserved by a dynamic grant, and this argument is supported by several other companies. Hence, we have the following proposal:

***Proposal 6: Autonomous retransmission should be continued upon reactivation of Type-2 CG if and only if the TBS remains the same.***

**Question 6: Do you agree with Proposal 6 ?**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **YES/NO** | **Comment (if any)** |
| Qualcomm | Yes | We are okay with the understanding that the specification language targeted is “should”. If “shall” is desired, we are okay with “shall .. only if”, but not okay with “shall” in the other direction.  |

**Conclusion:**

TBC

# 3 Conclusion

TBC

# References

[1] R2-2003226, *Summary of e-mail discussion: [Post109e#50][IIOT] Remaining issues intra-UE prioritization,* Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell, RAN2 #109bis-e, Online, Apr. 2020.