**3GPP TSG RAN WG1 #106-e R1-210xxxx**

**e-Meeting, August 16th – 27th , 2021**

**Source: Moderator (CATT)**

**Title:** **Summary for email discussion [106-e-NR-R17-Sidelink-05]**

**Agenda Item:** **8.11.2**

**Document for:** **Discussion and Decision**

# Introduction

This document provides the email discussion summary on Reply LS to R1-2106430.

[106-e-NR-R17-Sidelink-05] Reply LS to [R1-2106430](file:///D:\08_Rel-17\05_会议文稿\Docs\R1-2106430.zip) (LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band n79, RAN4) by August 20 – Rui (CATT)

# Summary of contributions

In the LS from RAN4, the synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band n79 is raised, and provide two potential options:

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| **1. Overall Description:**  Partially used SL with Uu in TDD band, e.g. n79, irrespective of TDM or FDM is being discussed for Rel-17 SL enhancement in RAN4.  In Rel-16 NR V2X, SL transmission timing is aligned with DL timing of Uu based on RAN1 agreements. The same SL transmission timing if applied to Rel-17 SL in the scenario of partially used SL with Uu in TDD band may give rise to interference problem between SL and Uu.  There are two options under discussion in RAN4 as below.  Option 1: To follow the Rel-16 agreement to align SL transmission timing with DL timing.  Option 2: To reconsider SL transmission timing to align with UL timing to mitigate the interference between Uu and SL, i.e.   * For sidelink transmissions,   + SL transmission timing is aligned with Uplink timing when Uu and sidelink is TDMed/FDMed coexistence in the same band, including TDM coexistence within the same carrier or different carriers.   + Otherwise, SL transmission timing is aligned with Downlink timing.   RAN4 respectfully ask RAN1 to clarify that is it feasible that RAN4 consider option 2 from RAN1 perspective to define SL transmission timing to align with UL timing when SL is synchronized to a network?  **2. Actions:**  **To RAN WG1:**  RAN4 respectfully request RAN1 to clarify the above question regarding partially used SL with Uu in TDD band. |

Companies’ views are summarized as following:

* Samsung [2]: Option 1, the reason is that option 2 will lead to backward compatibility issues between UEs supporting option 1 (i.e. Rel-16) and UEs supporting option 2 in the same network.
* OPPO [3][9]: Option 1, the reason is as following:
* No timing advanced field in Rel-16 SCI, PSCCH and PSSCH are transmitted in same slot, the Rel-12 D2D mechanism cannot be reused.
* Only 1 reference timing is maintained by UE
* Option 2 will lead to timing misalignment between RRC\_CONNECTED state and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE state UEs
* Qualcomm [4]: Option 1, the reason is as following:
* Option 2 will lead to timing misalignment between RRC\_CONNECTED state and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE state UEs
* Interference between SL and Uu could exist even if option 2 is used.
* LG [5]: Option 1, the reason is as following:
  + No timing advanced field in Rel-16 SCI, PSCCH and PSSCH are transmitted in same slot, the Rel-12 D2D mechanism cannot be reused.
  + If option 2 is used, the maximum timing differences between different UEs(UEs with UL timing vs. UEs with DL timing) would be increased compared to Rel-16 NR-V2X, which has negative impacts on SL transmission/reception.
  + Insufficient remaining time of Rel-17 WI.
* Apple [6]: Provides clarification on the feasible or infeasible scenarios on option 2:
  + For a mode 1 UE in RRC idle or inactive state or a mode 2 UE, the uplink timing may not be maintained at the UE, and hence Option 2 is infeasible.
  + For a mode 1 UE in RRC connected state, the uplink timing is maintained at the UE, and hence Option 2 is feasible. In other words, Option 2 is feasible for mode 1 UE in RRC connected state.
* Xiaomi [7]: Option 1: the reason is as following:
  + TA is only available for RRC\_CONNECTED UEs, and not possible for RRC\_IDLE and RRC\_INACTIVE UEs
  + Option 2 will lead to timing misalignment between RRC\_CONNECTED state and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE state UEs, the SL communication between RRC\_CONNECTED state and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE state UEs may be broken due to the timing misalignment
* Vivo [8]: Option 1, the reason is as following:
  + TA is only available for RRC\_CONNECTED UEs, and not possible for RRC\_IDLE and RRC\_INACTIVE UEs
  + Option 2 will lead to timing misalignment between RRC\_CONNECTED state and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE state UEs, the SL communication between RRC\_CONNECTED state and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE state UEs may be broken due to the timing misalignment
  + Option 2 will lead to backward compatibility issue between Rel-16 and Rel-17 UEs in SL communication because different transmission timings are applied
* ZTE, Sanechips [10]: Option 1, the reason is as following:
  + Supporting SL communication between between RRC\_CONNECTED state and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE state UEs, and reduce the timing misalignment as much as possible.
  + The GAP symbol can address Tx/Rx switching/the misalignment of SL transmission timing and Uplink timing, etc.
  + Option 2 will seriously affect LTE and NR sidelink coexistence and mutual communication between Rel-17 UEs and Rel-14/15/16 UEs.
* Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell [11]: Option 2 at least when Uu and SL are in same carrier, the reason is as following:
  + If SL and Uu are in the same carrier, SL mode 1 operation can be assumed, while mode 2 would not be efficient usage of resources when all the UL transmissions are dynamically scheduled by the gNB.
  + Option 1 could create interference to the UL transmissions because in the time domain consecutive SL and Uu slots would overlap and in the frequency domain adjacent SL and UL subcarriers would not be fully orthogonal.
* Ericsson [12][13]: Provides clarification on both options
  + For option 1:
    - The use of DL timing allows for SL communication between nearby UEs in the same cell.
    - The use of DL timing for SL communication may require a tight OLPC using DL PL if the TX UE is close to the gNB.
    - With the Rel-16 requirement of tracking a single timing reference, SL communication across cell borders using DL timing may not be possible in general.
  + For option 2:
    - The use of UL timing for SL transmission requires that all SL active UEs (i.e., interested in TX or RX over SL) are RRC\_CONNECTED.
    - The use of UL timing (i.e., requiring UEs to be RRC\_CONNECTED to have a TA value, etc.) for SL transmission must be configurable and always complementary to using DL timing, not a standalone solution.
    - If the Rel-16 requirement of tracking a single timing reference is reused, SL communication across cell borders using UL timing may not be possible in general.
  + Coexistence is not possible in a scenario where some UEs use DL timing for SL transmission (Option 1) and other UEs use UL timing for SL transmission (Option 2) if the Rel-16 requirement of tracking a single timing reference is kept.
* Huawei, Hisilicon [14]: Option 2 when Uu and SL are in same carrier, the reason is as following:
  + Option 1 will lead to timing misalignment between UL and SL, in this situation, SL transmission will cause interference to UL reception, and UL transmission will cause interference to SL transmission or reception.
  + Band n79 is specified for Rel-17 UE only by now, and whether to support Rel-16 UE operating in this band is not clear yet.

# Round 1 discussion

Based on the summary of companies’ contributions, the observations are as following:

* For option 1(DL timing):
  + Allows sidelink communication between RRC\_CONNECTED and RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE UEs
  + No backward compatible issues when R17 is coexisting with R14/R15/R16 SL UEs.
  + The UL interference due to SL transmission can only be mitigated by power control based on DL pathloss and gap symbol.
* For option 2(UL timing) at least when UL and SL are in same carrier.
  + The precondition for option 2 is that all the SL UEs should be RRC\_CONNECTED state, including Tx UEs and Rx UEs.
  + There is potential coexistence issue between R17 and R14/R15/R16 SL UEs.

Based on the above observations, I would like to collect companies’ views on the following questions firstly.

**Q1: From RAN1’s perspective, is it acceptable to mandate all the SL active UEs being RRC\_CONNECTED state when Uu and SL share same carrier?**

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| **Company** | **Answer** | **Comments** |
| OPPO | No | If it is mandatory that all SL UEs are in RRC\_CONNECTED state, one of the preconditions is that the network coverage should be everywhere and all UEs should be IC. However, the precondition is not realistic for all the releases by now.  Furthermore, Q1 precludes the SL UEs in RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE working on the share carrier. |
| Xiaomi | No | From Rel-17 SL WID, three use cases have been considered for NR sidelink including V2x, public safety and commercial. At least for V2x and public safety services, it would be critical to support sidelink operation when UEs are in RRC\_idle state, or to support SL operation when UEs are in partial coverage or out of coverage. Even for commercial services, it would be much beneficial to enable sidelink operation among UEs in RRC\_idle state, and enable sidelink operation between UEs in RRC\_connected and UEs in RRC\_idle.  From our point of view, a solution can be considered as “acceptable” only if it can satisfy the targeted service requirement and application scenario. Therefore we do not think mandating all SL UEs are in RRC\_connected is “acceptable”. |
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**Q2: From RAN1’s perspective, whether the coexistence between R17 SL UEs and R14/R15/R16 SL UEs in shared carrier or dedicated carrier need to be supported?**

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| **Company** | **Answer** | **Comments** |
| OPPO | Yes | Backward compatibility issue should always be considered at least for those releases by now. Band n79 is defined specifically for Rel-17 SL only by now, however n79 is not a release-specific band. If it will not support other releases of SL UEs on band n79, this band must be useless by only supporting only one release SL features with a precondition that all UEs should be in RRC\_CONNECTED states. Therefore, the coexistence should be supported. |
| Xiaomi | Yes | In Rel 17 sidelink WID, it has clearly stated “Enhancements introduced in Rel-17 should be based on the functionalities specified in Rel-16, and Rel-17 sidelink should be able to coexist with Rel-16 sidelink in the same resource pool.” |
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# References

1. [R1-2106430](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2106430.zip) LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band n79 RAN4, CATT
2. [R1-2106851](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2106851.zip) Draft reply LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band n79 Samsung
3. [R1-2107228](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2107228.zip) Draft reply LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band OPPO
4. [R1-2107306](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2107306.zip) Draft Reply to RAN4 LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band Qualcomm Incorporated
5. [R1-2107531](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2107531.zip) Discussion on LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band n79 LG Electronics
6. [R1-2107701](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2107701.zip) Draft Reply LS on Synchronous Operation between Uu and SL in TDD Band Apple
7. [R1-2107892](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2107892.zip) [Draft] Reply LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band Xiaomi
8. [R1-2107956](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2107956.zip) Draft reply LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band vivo
9. [R1-2108059](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2108059.zip) Discussion on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band OPPO
10. [R1-2108075](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2108075.zip) Discussion on RAN4 LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band n79 ZTE, Sanechips
11. [R1-2108125](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2108125.zip) Discussion on RAN4 LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
12. [R1-2108129](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2108129.zip) [Draft] Reply LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band Ericsson
13. [R1-2108134](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2108134.zip) Discussion on RAN4 LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band Ericsson
14. [R1-2108187](file:///D:\02_3GPP\TSGR1_106-e\Docs\R1-2108187.zip) Discussion on RAN4 LS on synchronous operation between Uu and SL in TDD band Huawei, HiSilicon