TSG-RAN Working Group 1 meeting #7 Hannover, Germany August 30 – September 3, 1999

Agenda item:

Source: Ericsson

Title: Text proposal for RACH channelization code allocation

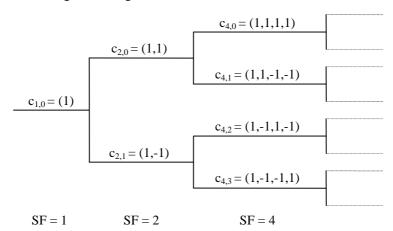
Document for: Decision

1 Introduction

The current section describing the channelization code assignment for the RACH message part is not 100% clear, and requires some further detailed specification. This paper proposes such text.

2 Text proposal for TS 25.213 V2.1.2

The text proposal in the following assumes the numbering of channelization codes proposed by Ericsson in TSGR1#6(99)845, i.e. the following numbering of the codes in the code tree:



4.3.3.4 Channelization codes for the message part

The <u>preamble</u> signature \underline{s} , $1 \le \underline{s} \le 16$, in the preamble specifies points to one of the 16 nodes in the code-tree that corresponds to channelization codes of length 16, as shown in Figure 11. The sub-tree below the specified node is used for spreading of the message part. The control $\underline{\text{part}}(Q - \underline{\text{branch}})$ is spread with the channelization code $\underline{C}_{\text{ch.c.}}$ of spreading factor 256 in the lowest branch of the sub-tree, i.e. $\underline{C}_{\text{ch.c.}} = \underline{c}_{256,m}$ where $\underline{m} = 16(\underline{s} - 1) + 15$. The spread control part is mapped to the Q-branch, similar to the DPCCH for dedicated channels.

-The data part (I-branch) can use<u>s</u> any of the channelization codes from spreading factor 32 to 256 in the upper-most branch of the sub-tree. To be exact, the data part is spread by channelization code $C_{ch,d}$, where $C_{ch,d} = c_{SF,m}$ and SF is the spreading factor used for the data part and $m = SF \times (s-1)/16$.

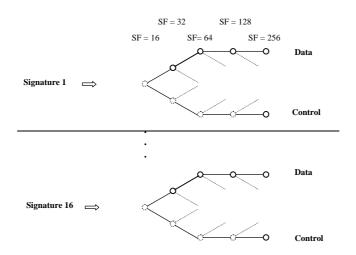


Figure 11. Channelization codes for the random access message part.