**3GPP TSG- Meeting #**

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| *CR-Form-v12.3* |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** |
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|  |  | **CR** |  | **rev** |  | **Current version:** |  |  |
|  |
| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **x** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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| ***Title:***  |  |
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| ***Source to WG:*** |  |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | WG RAN4 |
|  |  |
| ***Work item code:*** |  |  | ***Date:*** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ***Category:*** |  |  | ***Release:*** |  |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:****F*** *(correction)****A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)****B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)****D*** *(editorial modification)*Detailed explanations of the above categories canbe found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | *Use one of the following releases:Rel-8 (Release 8)Rel-9 (Release 9)Rel-10 (Release 10)Rel-11 (Release 11)…Rel-17 (Release 17)Rel-18 (Release 18)Rel-19 (Release 19) Rel-20 (Release 20)* |
|  |  |
| ***Reason for change:*** | During soft satellite switching with resync the UE is allowed to skip measurements on neighbor cells, but this behavior is not captured in specification. It is also expected to focus in RLM measurements for the duration of the the soft satellite switching  |
|  |  |
| ***Summary of change:*** | Capture that UE is allowed to skip measurements on neighbor cells for the duration of the soft satellite switching with resync. Capture that the UE shall focus on RLM measurements when MG and SMTC occasions are dropped.  |
|  |  |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | The applicability of requirements for this feature will remain unclear.  |
|  |  |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | 8.1C.2, 8.1C.3, 9.2C, 9.3C |
|  |  |
|  | **Y** | **N** |  |  |
| ***Other specs*** |  | **x** |  Other core specifications  | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***affected:*** |  | **x** |  Test specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***(show related CRs)*** |  | **x** |  O&M Specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
|  |  |
| ***Other comments:*** |  |
|  |  |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** |  |

Start of Change

### 8.1C.2 Requirements for SSB based radio link monitoring

#### 8.1C.2.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each SSB based RLM-RS resource configured for PCell, provided that the SSB configured for RLM is actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.1C.2.2.

Table 8.1C.2.1-1: PDCCH transmission parameters for out-of-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI format | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 8 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average SSS RE energy | 4dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average SSS RE energy | 4dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 24 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

Table 8.1C.2.1-2: PDCCH transmission parameters for in-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI payload size | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 4 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average SSS RE energy | 0dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average SSS RE energy | 0dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 24 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

#### 8.1C.2.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_out\_SSB [ms] period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_SSB within TEvaluate\_out\_SSB [ms] evaluation period.

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_in\_SSB [ms] period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_SSB within TEvaluate\_in\_SSB [ms] evaluation period.

TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB are defined in Table 8.1C.2.2-1 for FR1.

P value for an RLM-RS resource to be measured is defined as

- Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0

- Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0

For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRP\_max), where MGRP max is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any RLM-RS resource occasion:

- For measurement evaluations performed during a soft satellite switching with resynchronization in the interval between *t-serviceStart* and the satellite switch completion, any measurement gaps or SMTC occasions that are not associated to measurements in the current serving cell (in the source or target satellite) can be skipped and shall not be considered to overlap with RLM-RS occasions, and

- Ntotal is the total number of RLM-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and

- Noutside\_MG is the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W

- Navailable is

- the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W, if UE does not support *parallelMeasurementWithoutRestriction* and LEO satellites are measured for intra-frequency measurement, and

- same as Noutside\_MG, otherwise

- TL1 is periodicity of the target RLM-RS

- Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of RLM-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

For an FR1 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI when the UE is requested to decode an NR CGI.

Table 8.1C.2.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB for FR1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_SSB (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(10 ´ P) ´ TSSB) | Max(100, Ceil(5 ´ P) ´ TSSB) |
| DRX cycle≤320ms | Max(200, Ceil(15 ´ P) ´ Max(TDRX,TSSB)) | Max(100, Ceil(7.5 ´ P) ´ Max(TDRX,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(10 ´ P) ´ TDRX | Ceil(5 ´ P) ´ TDRX |
| NOTE: TSSB is the periodicity of the SSB configured for RLM. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.1C.2.3 Measurement restrictions for SSB based RLM

The UE is required to be capable of measuring SSB for RLM without measurement gaps. The UE is required to perform the SSB measurements with measurement restrictions as described in the following scenarios.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM is in the same OFDM symbol as CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement,

- If SSB and CSI-RS have same SCS, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for RLM without any restriction;

- If SSB and CSI-RS have different SCS,

- If UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for RLM without any restriction;

- If UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both SSB for RLM and CSI-RS. Longer measurement period for SSB based RLM is expected, and no requirements are defined.

### 8.1C.3 Requirements for CSI-RS based radio link monitoring

#### 8.1C.3.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each CSI-RS based RLM-RS resource configured for PCell, provided that the CSI-RS configured for RLM is actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.1C.3.2. UE is not expected to perform radio link monitoring measurements on the CSI-RS configured as RLM-RS if the CSI-RS is not in the active TCI state of any CORESET configured in the UE active BWP.

Table 8.1C.3.1-1: PDCCH transmission parameters for out-of-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI format | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 8 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 4dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 4dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 48 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

Table 8.1C.3.1-2: PDCCH transmission parameters for in-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI payload size | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 4 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 0dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 0dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 48 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

#### 8.1C.3.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS ms evaluation period.

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS ms period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS ms evaluation period.

- TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS are defined in Table 8.1C.3.2-1 for FR1.

The requirements of TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS apply provided that the CSI-RS for RLM is not in a resource set configured with repetition ON. The requirements do not apply when the CSI-RS resource in the active TCI state of CORESET is the same CSI-RS resource for RLM and the TCI state information of the CSI-RS resource is not given, wherein the TCI state information means QCL Type-D to SSB for L1-RSRP or CSI-RS with repetition ON.

P value for an RLM-RS resource to be measured is defined as

- Psharing factor \* Ntotal / Noutside\_MG with Navailable = 0

- Ntotal / Navailable with Navailable > 0

For a window W of duration max(TL1, MGRP\_max), where MGRP max is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gaps, and starting at the beginning of any RLM-RS resource occasion:

- For measurement evaluations performed during a soft satellite switching with resynchronization in the interval between *t-serviceStart* and the satellite switch completion, any measurement gaps or SMTC occasions that are not associated to measurements in the current serving cell (in the source or target satellite) can be skipped and shall not be considered to overlap with RLM-RS occasions, and

- Ntotal is the total number of RLM-RS resource occasions within the window, including those overlapped with measurement gap occasions or SMTC occasions within the window W, and

- Noutside\_MG is the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion within the window W

- Navailable is

- the number of RLM-RS resource occasions that are not overlapped with any measurement gap occasion nor any SMTC occasion within the window W, if UE does not support *parallelMeasurementWithoutRestriction* and LEO satellites are measured for intra-frequency measurement, and

- same as Noutside\_MG, otherwise

- TL1 is periodicity of the target RLM-RS

- Psharing factor = 3.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of RLM-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

For an FR1 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI when the UE is requested to decode an NR CGI.

The values of Mout and Min used in Table 8.1C.3.2-1 are defined as:

- Mout = 20 and Min = 10, if the CSI-RS resource configured for RLM is transmitted with higher layer CSI-RS parameter *density* [6, clause 7.4.1] set to 3 and over the bandwidth ≥ 24 PRBs.

Table 8.1C.3.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS for FR1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(Mout×P)×TCSI-RS) | Max(100, Ceil(Min×P) × TCSI-RS) |
| DRX ≤ 320ms | Max(200, Ceil(1.5×Mout×P)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) | Max(100, Ceil(1.5×Min×P)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX > 320ms | Ceil(Mout×P) × TDRX | Ceil(Min×P) × TDRX |
| NOTE: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of the CSI-RS resource configured for RLM. The requirements in this table apply for TCSI-RS equal to 5 ms, 10ms, 20 ms or 40 ms. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

#### 8.1C.3.3 Measurement restrictions for CSI-RS based RLM

The UE is required to be capable of measuring CSI-RS for RLM without measurement gaps. The UE is required to perform the CSI-RS measurements with measurement restrictions as described in the following clauses.

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for RLM is in the same OFDM symbol as SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE is not required to receive CSI-RS for RLM in the PRBs that overlap with an SSB.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD, or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has same SCS than CSI-RS for RLM, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS measurement without restrictions.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement is within the active BWP and has different SCS than CSI-RS for RLM, the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS measurement with restrictions according to its capabilities:

- If the UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* the UE shall be able to perform CSI-RS for RLM measurement without restrictions.

- If the UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both CSI-RS for RLM and SSB. Longer measurement period for CSI-RS based RLM is expected, and no requirements are defined.

For FR1, when the CSI-RS for RLM is in the same OFDM symbol as another CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement, UE shall be able to measure the CSI-RS for RLM without any restriction.

End of Change 1

Start of Change 2

## 9.2C NR intra-frequency measurements for SAN

### 9.2C.1 Introduction

The requirements in clause 9.2C apply for intra-frequency measurements on an SAN carrier frequency. The requirements apply provided that the valid parameters of ephemeris information, epoch time of the ephemeris, common TA, validity timer information, downlink polarization information for target NR SAN cell are send to UE.

A measurement is defined as a SSB based intra-frequency measurement provided the centre frequency of the SSB of the serving cell indicated for measurement and the centre frequency of the SSB of the neighbour cell are the same, and the subcarrier spacing of the two SSBs are also the same.

The UE shall be able to identify new intra-frequency cells and perform SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements of identified intra-frequency cells if carrier frequency information is provided by PCell, even if no explicit neighbour list with physical layer cell identities is provided.

The UE can perform intra-frequency SSB based measurements without measurement gaps if

- the UE indicates ‘no-gap’ via *intraFreq-needForGap* for intra-frequency measurement, or

- the SSB is completely contained in the active BWP of the UE, or

- the active downlink BWP is initial BWP[3].

For intra-frequency SSB based measurements without measurement gaps, UE may cause scheduling restriction as specified in clause 9.2C.5.3.

SSB based measurements are configured along with one or more measurement timing configuration(s) (SMTC(s)) which provides periodicity, duration and offset information on a window of up to 5ms where the measurements are to be performed. For intra-frequency connected mode measurements,

- when *SSB-MTC4List-r17* is not configured, up to two measurement window periodicities may be configured with *SSB-MTC* and *SSB-MTC2*

- when *SSB-MTC4List-r17* is configured, multiple measurement window offsets may be configured with *SSB-MTC* and *SSB-MTC4List-r17*, and the requriements in 9.2C apply provided that the total number of measurement window offsets does not exceed the UE capability *parallelSMTC-r17*

When measurement gaps are needed, the UE is not expected to detect SSB which start earlier than the gap starting time + switching time, nor detect SSB which end later than the gap end – switching time. Switching time is 0.5ms for frequency range FR1.

### 9.2C.2 Requirements applicability

The requirements in clause 9.2C apply, provided:

- The cell being identified or measured is detectable.

- Valid information for the satellite serving the target cell has been provided

An intra-frequency cell shall be considered detectable when for each relevant SSB:

- SS-RSRP related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.2C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-RSRQ related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.7C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-SINR related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.12C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SSB\_RP and SSB Ês/Iot according to Annex B.2.2 for a corresponding Band.

### 9.2C.3 Number of cells and number of SSB

#### 9.2C.3.1 Requirements for FR1

For each intra-frequency layer, during each layer 1 measurement period, the UE shall be capable of performing SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements for at least:

- 8 identified cells, and

- 8 SSBs with different SSB index and/or PCI on the intra-frequency layer, where the number of SSBs in the serving cell (except for the SCell) is not smaller than the number of configured RLM-RS SSB resources.

- 4 SSBs with different SSB index and/or PCI from neighbour cells in GEO deployment.

- In NGSO deployments: cells from 2 satellites including the satellite serving the PCell if UE does not support the capability *maxNumber-LEO-SatellitesPerCarrier-r17*; or cells from 3 or 4 satellites satellites including the satellite serving the PCell, depending on the value indicated in *maxNumber-LEO-SatellitesPerCarrier-r17*.

### 9.2C.4 Measurement Reporting Requirements

#### 9.2C.4.1 Periodic Reporting

Reported RSRP, RSRQ, and RS-SINR measurements contained in periodic measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.2C.1 (RSRP for FR1), 10.1.7C.1 (RSRQ for FR1) and 10.1.12C.1 (RS-SINR for FR1).

#### 9.2C.4.2 Event-triggered Periodic Reporting

Reported RSRP, RSRQ, and RS-SINR measurements contained in event-triggered periodic measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.2C.1 (RSRP for FR1), 10.1.7C.1 (RSRQ for FR1) and 10.1.12C.1 (RS-SINR for FR1).

The first report in event triggered periodic measurement reporting shall meet the requirements specified in clause 9.2C.4.3.

#### 9.2C.4.3 Event Triggered Reporting

Reported RSRP, RSRQ, and RS-SINR measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.2C.1 (RSRP for FR1), 10.1.7C.1 (RSRQ for FR1) and 10.1.12C.1 (RS-SINR for FR1).

The UE shall not send any event triggered measurement reports as long as no reporting criteria is fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between an event that will trigger a measurement report and the point when the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the air interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is: 2 x TTIDCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay which caused by no UL resources being available for UE to send the measurement report on.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be less than Tidentify intra with index or T identify intra without index defined in clause 9.2C.5.1 or clause 9.2C.6.2.When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

A cell is detectable only if at least one SSBs measured from the Cell being configured remains detectable during the time period Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index as defined in clause 9.2C.5.1 or clause 9.2C.6.2. When L3 filtering is used, an additional delay can be expected.

### 9.2C.5 Intra frequency measurements without measurement gaps

#### 9.2C.5.1 Intra frequency cell identification

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra-frequency cell within Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index if the UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index(*reportQuantityRsIndexes* or *maxNrofRSIndexesToReport* is not configured), or the UE is indicated that the neighbour cell is synchronous with the serving cell (*deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is enabled). Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra frequency cell within Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index. The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra frequency SS block of an already detected cell within Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index.

 Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra) ms

 Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra + TSSB\_time\_index\_intra) ms

Where:

 TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra: it is the time period used in PSS/SSS detection given in table 9.2C.5.1-1

 TSSB\_time\_index\_intra: it is the time period used to acquire the index of the SSB being measured given in table 9.2C.5.1-2

 TSSB\_measurement\_period\_intra: equal to a measurement period of SSB based measurement given in table 9.2C.5.2-1

 Kmulti\_SMTC is the scaling factor for measurement of multiple SMTCs or multiple satellites, and

if SMTCs do not overlap with each other,

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=1$, if GEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=\left⌈\frac{N\_{LEO,i}}{N\_{LEO,simul}}\right⌉$, if LEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

if SMTCs partially overlap with each other,

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=N\_{SMTC,overlap}$, if only GEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=\sum\_{i=1}^{N\_{SMTC,overlap}}\left⌈\frac{N\_{LEO,i}}{N\_{LEO,simul}}\right⌉$, if only LEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

where

- $N\_{LEO,i}$ is the number of LEO satellites to be measured within i-th SMTC,

- $N\_{LEO,simul}$ is the number of LEO satellites that UE can measure in parallel within an SMTC,

- $N\_{SMTC,overlap}$ is the number of SMTCs that partially overlap with each other.

 CSSFintra: it is a carrier specific scaling factor and is determined

 according to CSSFoutside\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.1 for measurement conducted outside measurement gaps, i.e. when intra-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping or partially overlapping with measurement gaps, or according to CSSFwithin\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.2 for measurement conducted within measurement gaps, i.e. when intra-frequency SMTC is fully overlapping with measurement gaps.

 if the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signalling of *smtc2* is configured, the assumed periodicity of intra-frequency SMTC occasions corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc2*; Otherwise the assumed periodicity of intra-frequency SMTC occasions corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc1*.

Kp is the scaling factor for an SSB frequency layer to be measured without measurement gaps. Kp = Ntotal\_SAN / Navailable\_SAN, where Navailable\_SAN and Ntotal\_SAN are calculated as follows:

- For a window W of duration max(SMTC period, MGRP\_max), where

- If UE supports *parallelMeasurementGap-r17* and is configured with concurrent measurement gaps, MGRP\_max is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gap. Otherwise, MGRP\_max is the MGRP of configured measurement gap.

- Starting from the beginning of any SMTC occasion:

- Ntotal\_SAN is the total number of SMTC occasions within the window, including those overlapped and non-overlapped with measurement gap occasions within the window, and

- Navailable\_SAN is the number of SMTC occasions within the window W that don’t collide with any non-dropped MG occasion within or outside the window W, after accounting for measurement gap collisions by applying the measurement gap collision rule in section 9.1C.8.3. The collision rule between SMTC occasion and measurement gap occasion is defined in section 9.1C.9.1

Kp = [1] when Navailable\_SAN = 0 and measurement gap sharing in clause 9.1.2.1a shall apply.

Kp = 1 when intra-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping with measurement gaps.

 For calculation of Kp, if the high layer signalling (TS 38.331 [2]) of *smtc2* is configured, for cells indicated in the *pci-List* parameter in *smtc2*, the SMTC periodicity corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc2*; for the other cells, the SMTC periodicity corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc1.*

Klayer1\_measurement: it is scaling factor for sharing between L3 and L1 measurement, and Klayer1\_measurement =1, if GEO satellites are measured on the carrier, or if LEO satellites are measured on the carrier and UE supports *parallelMeasurementWithoutRestriction*, otherwise

 Klayer1\_measurement =1,

- if all of the reference signals configured for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP for beam reporting outside measurement gap are not fully overlapped by intra-frequency SMTC occasions, or

- if all of the reference signal configured for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP for beam reporting outside measurement gap and fully-overlapped by intra-frequency SMTC occasions are not overlapped with any of the SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, and 1 symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, and 1 symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, given that *SSB-ToMeasure* and *SS-RSSI-Measurement* are configured, and RSSI symbols are indicated by *SS-RSSI-Measurement*;

Klayer1\_measurement =1.5, otherwise.

 If the above-mentioned reference signal configured for L1-RSRP measurement is aperiodic CSI-RS resource, longer cell identification delay would be expected.

 If the higher layer signaling in TS38.331 [2] signalling of *smtc2* is present and smtc1 is fully overlapping with measurement gaps and smtc2 is partially overlapping with measurement gaps, requirements are not specified for Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index

Table 9.2C.5.1-1: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, (Frequency range FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | max( 600ms, ceil( 5 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x SMTC period )Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max( 600ms, ceil(1.5x 5 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil(5 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identified |

Table 9.2C.5.1-2: Time period for time index detection (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TSSB\_time\_index\_intra |
| No DRX | max(120ms, ceil( 3 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement)x Kmulti\_SMTC x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(120ms, ceil (1.5 x 3 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identified |

The UE is allowed to skip measurements on intra-frequency cells, in the interval between *t-serviceStart* and the satellite switch completion, when it is performing soft satellite switching with resynchronization. In this case, for the measurement initiated but not completed before this interval, the total time to detection can be longer.

The requirements in clause 9.2C.5.1 and 9.2C.5.2 are not applicable when the overall overhead ratio due to scheduling restriction caused by all configured SMTCs (i.e. scheduling restriction overhead of all SMTCs in one SMTC periodicity), is larger than 75%.

#### 9.2C.5.2 Measurement period

The measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps is as shown in table 9.2C.5.2-1.

If the higher layer signaling in TS38.331 [2] signalling of *smtc2* is present and smtc1 is fully overlapping with measurement gaps and smtc2 is partially overlapping with measurement gaps, requirements are not specified for TSSB\_measurement\_period\_intra

Table 9.2C.5.2-1: Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | max(200ms, ceil( 5 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(200ms, ceil(1.5x 5 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil( 5 x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x Kmulti\_SMTC x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identified |

#### 9.2C.5.3 Scheduling availability of UE during intra-frequency measurements

When any of the conditions in the following clauses is met, there are restrictions on the scheduling availability; otherwise, there is no scheduling restriction. Note that the SSB symbols indicated by the union set of SSB-ToMeasure from all the configured measurement objects on the same serving carrier which can be merged[2], if it is configured; otherwise, all *L* SSB symbols within the SMTC window duration defined in clause 4.1 of TS 38.213 [3] are included. For UL, the scheduling restriction applies to UL symbols that fully or partially overlap with the restricted symbols as defined below.

##### 9.2C.5.3.1 Scheduling availability of UE performing measurements with a different subcarrier spacing than PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

For UE which do not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology* [14] the following restrictions apply due to SS-RSRP/RSRQ/SINR measurement

- If *deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is enabled the UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS or receive PDCCH/PDSCH/TRS/CSI-RS for CQI on SSB symbols to be measured, and on 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured within SMTC window duration. If the high layer signalling of *smtc2*is configured(in TS 38.331 [2]), the SMTC periodicityfollows *smtc2*; Otherwise the SMTC periodicity follows *smtc1.*

- If *deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is not enabled the UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS or receive PDCCH/PDSCH/TRS/CSI-RS for CQI on all symbols within SMTC window duration. If the high layer signalling of *smtc2*is configured in TS 38.331 [2], the SMTC periodicityfollows *smtc2*; Otherwise the SMTC periodicity follows *smtc1.*

##### 9.2C.5.3.2 Scheduling availability of UE performing measurements on a neighbor cell served by a different satellite in LEO

For UE which do not support the capability *parallelMeasurementWithoutRestriction* the following restrictions apply due to SS-RSRP/RSRQ/SINR measurement on a neighbor cell served by a different satellite in LEO.

- If *deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is enabled the UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS or receive PDCCH/PDSCH/TRS/CSI-RS for CQI on SSB symbols to be measured, and on 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured within SMTC window duration. If the high layer signalling of *smtc2*is configured(in TS 38.331 [2]), the SMTC periodicityfollows *smtc2*; Otherwise the SMTC periodicity follows *smtc1.*

- If *deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is not enabled the UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS or receive PDCCH/PDSCH/TRS/CSI-RS for CQI on all symbols within SMTC window duration. If the high layer signalling of *smtc2*is configured in TS 38.331 [2], the SMTC periodicityfollows *smtc2*; Otherwise the SMTC periodicity follows *smtc1.*

- If the following conditions are met:

- The UE has been notified about system information update through paging,

- The gap between the UE’s reception of PDCCH that UE monitors in the Type 2-PDCCH CSS set that notifies system information update, and the PDCCH that UE monitors in the Type0-PDCCH CSS set, is greater than 2 slots

- The UE is expected to receive the PDCCH that the UE monitors in the Type0-PDCCH CSS set, and/or the corresponding PDSCH, on SSB symbols to be measured.

### 9.2C.6 Intra-frequency measurements with measurement gaps

#### 9.2C.6.1 Intra-frequency cell identification

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra frequency cell within Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index if UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index (*reportQuantityRsIndexes* or *maxNrofRSIndexesToReport* is not configured), or the UE has been indicated that the neighbour cell is synchronous with the serving cell (*deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is enabled). Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra frequency cell within Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index. The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra frequency SS block of an already detected cell within Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index.

 Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index = TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra ms

 Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index = TPSS/SSS\_sync\_ntra + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra + TSSB\_time\_index\_intra ms

Where:

 TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra: it is the time period used in PSS/SSS detection given in table 9.2C.6.2-1.

 TSSB\_time\_index\_intra: it is the time period used to acquire the index of the SSB being measured given in table 9.2C.6.2-2.

 T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra: equal to a measurement period of SSB based measurement given in table 9.2C.6.3-1.

 Kgap is the scaling factor for a SSB frequency layer to be measured within an associated measurement gap pattern. Kgap = 1 when the UE is not configured with concurrent measurement gaps. When the UE is configured with concurrent measurement gaps and the two measurement gaps are fully overlapping with MGRP=160ms, Kgap = 2. Otherwise, Kgap = Ntotal / Navailable, where Navailable and Ntotal are calculated as follows:

 CSSFintra: it is a carrier specific scaling factor and is determined according to CSSFwithin\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.2 for measurement conducted within measurement gaps.

 Kmulti\_SMTC is the scaling factor for measurement of multiple SMTCs or multiple satellites, and

if SMTCs within a measurement gap do not overlap with each other,

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=1$, if GEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=\left⌈\frac{N\_{LEO,i}}{N\_{LEO,simul}}\right⌉$, if LEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

if SMTCs within a measurement gap partially overlap with each other,

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=N\_{SMTC,overlap}$, if only GEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

- $K\_{multi\\_SMTC}=\sum\_{i=1}^{N\_{SMTC,overlap}}\left⌈\frac{N\_{LEO,i}}{N\_{LEO,simul}}\right⌉$, if only LEO satellites are measured on the carrier;

where

- $N\_{LEO,i}$ is the number of LEO satellites to be measured within i-th SMTC,

- $N\_{LEO,simul}$ is the number of LEO satellites that UE can measure in parallel within an SMTC,

- $N\_{SMTC,overlap}$ is the number of SMTCs that partially overlap with each other.

If the higher layer signaling in TS 38.331 [2] of *smtc2* is present and smtc1 is fully overlapping with measurement gaps and smtc2 is partially overlapping with measurement gaps, requirements are not specified for Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index.

Table 9.2C.6.2-1: Time period for PSS/SSS detection (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | max(600ms, 5 x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, SMTC period)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(600ms, ceil(1.5x 5) x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | 5 x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

Table 9.2C.6.2-2: Time period for time index detection (Frequency range FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TSSB\_time\_index\_intra |
| No DRX | max(120ms, 3 x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, SMTC period)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(120ms, ceil(1.5 x 3) x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, SMTC period,DRX cycle) x CSSFintra) |
| DRX cycle>320ms | 3 x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

#### 9.2C.6.3 Intrafrequency Measurement Period

The measurement period for FR1 intrafrequency measurements with gaps is as shown in table 9.2C.6.3-1.

Table 9.2C.6.3-1: Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements with gaps (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | max(200ms, 5 x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, SMTC period)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(200ms, ceil(1.5x 5) x Kmulti\_SMTC x Kgap x max(MGRP, SMTC period,DRX cycle))x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | 5 x Kgap x Kmulti\_SMTC x max(MGRP, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

The UE is allowed to skip measurements on intra-frequency cells, in the interval between *t-serviceStart* and the satellite switch completion, when it is performing soft satellite switching with resynchronization. In this case, for the measurement initiated but not completed before this interval, the total time to detection can be longer.

End of Change 2

Start of Change 3

## 9.3C NR inter-frequency measurements for SAN

### 9.3C.1 Introduction

A measurement is defined as an SSB based inter-frequency measurement provided it is not defined as an intra-frequency measurement according to clause 9.2. The requirements apply provided the valid parameters of ephemeris information, epoch time of the ephemeris, common TA, validity timer information, downlink polarization information for target NR SAN cell are send to UE.

The UE shall be able to identify new inter-frequency cells and perform SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements of identified inter-frequency cells if carrier frequency information is provided by PCell, even if no explicit neighbour list with physical layer cell identities is provided.

A measurement is defined as an inter-frequency SSB based measurements without measurement gaps for UE capable of *interFrequencyMeas-NoGap* provided

- the UE supports *interFrequencyMeas-Nogap-r16* [15], and

- the SSB is completely contained in the active BWP of the UE.

For inter-frequency SSB based measurements without measurement gaps, UE may cause scheduling restriction as specified in clause 9.3C.5.3.

SSB based measurements are configured along with up to 2 measurement timing configurations (SMTC) in parallel per carrier, which provides periodicity, duration and offset information on a window of up to 5ms where the measurements on the configured inter-frequency carrier are to be performed. For inter-frequency connected mode measurements, the measurement window periodicity may be configured per inter-frequency measurement object.

When measurement gaps are needed, the UE is not expected to detect SSB on an inter-frequency measurement object which start earlier than the gap starting time + switching time, nor detect SSB which ends later than the gap end – switching time, and the switching time is 0.5ms.

The requirements in this clause shall also apply, when the UE is configured to perform SRS carrier based switching and using measurement gaps.

### 9.3C.2 Requirements applicability

The requirements in clause 9.3C apply, provided:

- The cell being identified or measured is detectable.

An inter-frequency cell shall be considered detectable when for each relevant SSB:

- SS-RSRP related side conditions given in clauses 10.1C.4 and 10.1C.5 for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-RSRQ related side conditions given in clauses 10.1C.9 and 10.1C.10 for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-SINR related side conditions given in clauses 10.1C.14 and 10.1C.15 for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SSB\_RP and SSB Ês/Iot according to Annex B.2.3 for a corresponding Band.

### 9.3C.3 Number of cells and number of SSB

#### 9.3C.3.1 Requirements for FR1

For each inter-frequency layer, during each layer 1 measurement period, the UE shall be capable of performing SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements for at least:

- [4] identified cells, and

- [7] SSBs with different SSB index and/or PCI on the inter-frequency layer.

- 4 SSBs with different SSB index and/or PCI from neighbour cells in GEO deployment.

### 9.3C.4 Inter-frequency measurement with measurement gaps

When measurement gaps are provided, or the UE supports capability of conducting such measurements without gaps, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index if UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index (*reportQuantityRsIndexes* or *maxNrofRSIndexesToReport* is not configured). Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index. The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency SS block of an already detected cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index.

 Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter) ms

 Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter + TSSB\_time\_index\_inter) ms

Where:

 TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter: it is the time period used in PSS/SSS detection given in table 9.3C.4-1.

 TSSB\_time\_index\_inter: it is the time period used to acquire the index of the SSB being measured given in table 9.3C.4-2.

 TSSB\_measurement\_period\_inter: equal to a measurement period of SSB based measurement given in table 9.3C.5-1.

 CSSFinter: it is a carrier specific scaling factor and is determined according to CSSFwithin\_gap,i in clause 9.1C.5.2 for measurement conducted within measurement gaps.

 Kgap is the scaling factor for a SSB frequency layer to be measured within an associated measurement gap pattern. Kgap = 1 when the UE is not configured with concurrent measurement gaps. When the UE is configured with concurrent measurement gaps and the two measurement gaps are fully overlapping with MGRP=160ms, Kgap = 2. Otherwise, Kgap = Ntotal / Navailable, where Navailable and Ntotal are calculated as follows:

 For a window W of duration max(SMTC period, MGRP\_max), where MGRP\_max is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gap, and starting from the beginning of any SMTC occasion:

- Ntotal is the total number of SMTC occasions that are covered by instances of the associated measurement gap within the window W, including those overlapped with other measurement gap occasions within the window, and

- Navailable is the number of SMTC occasions that are covered by instances of the non-dropped associated measurement gap within the window W after accounting for measurement gap collisions by applying the measurement gap collision rule in section 9.1.8.3.

 Kgap is only applicable for UE supporting *parallelMeasurementGap-r17*. When concurrent measurement gaps are configured, requirements in this clause do not apply if Navailable =0, or if one SMTC overlaps more than one MGs associated to the frequency layer.

 K\_satellite: it is a statellite specific scaling factor.

* If SMTCs within a measurement gap do not overlap with each other, and if LEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within SMTC
	+ K\_satellite = 1, if GSO satellites are measured on the carrier
	+ $K\\_satellite=\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if LEO satellites are measured on the carrier.
* If SMTCs within a measurement gap partially overlap with each other, and if LEO and/or GEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within overlapped SMTCs
	+ $K\\_satellite=number of overlapped SMTCs$, if only GEO satellites are measured on the carrier
	+ $K\\_satellite=\sum\_{i}^{}\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC i}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if only LEO satellites are measured on the carrier.

Table 9.3C.4-1: Time period for PSS/SSS detection (Frequency range FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Condition NOTE1** | **TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter** |
| No DRX |  Max(600ms, Ceil(8 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period **NOTE2**)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(600ms, Ceil(8\*1.5 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period, DRX cycle)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite  |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(8 x Kgap) × DRX cycle × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: DRX or non DRX requirements apply according to the conditions described in clause 3.6.1NOTE 2: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

Table 9.3C.4-2: Time period for time index detection (Frequency range FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Condition NOTE1** | **TSSB\_time\_index\_inter** |
| No DRX | Max(120ms, Ceil(3 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period **NOTE2**)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(120ms, Ceil(3 × 1.5 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period, DRX cycle)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(3 x Kgap) × DRX cycle × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: DRX or non DRX requirements apply according to the conditions described in clause 3.6.1NOTE 2: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

The UE is allowed to skip measurements on inter-frequency cells, in the interval between *t-serviceStart* and the satellite switch completion, when it is performing soft satellite switching with resynchronization. In this case, for the measurement initiated but not completed before this interval, the total time to detection can be longer.

### 9.3C.5 Inter-frequency measurements

When measurement gaps are provided for inter frequency measurements, or the UE supports capability of conducting such measurements without gaps, the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ and SS-SINR measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in clauses 10.1C.4, 10.1C.5, 10.1C.9, 10.1C.10, 10.1C.14 and 10.1C.15, respectively, as shown in table 9.3C.5-1.

Table 9.3C.5-1: Measurement period for inter-frequency measurements with gaps (Frequency FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Condition NOTE1** | **T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter** |
| No DRX | Max(200ms, Ceil(8 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period **NOTE2**)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(200ms, Ceil(8 × 1.5 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period, DRX cycle)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(8 x Kgap) × DRX cycle × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: DRX or non DRX requirements apply according to the conditions described in clause 3.6.1NOTE 2: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

The UE is allowed to skip measurements on inter-frequency cells, in the interval between *t-serviceStart* and the satellite switch completion, when it is performing soft satellite switching with resynchronization. In this case, for the measurement initiated but not completed before this interval, the total time to detection can be longer.

### 9.3C.6 Inter-frequency measurements reporting requirements

#### 9.3C.6.1 Periodic Reporting

Reported SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements contained in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1C.4.1, 10.1C.5.1, 10.1C.9.1, 10.1C.10.1, 10.1C.14.1 and 10.1C.15.1, respectively.

#### 9.3C.6.2 Event-triggered Periodic Reporting

Reported SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements contained in event triggered periodic measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1C.4.1, 10.1C.5.1, 10.1C.9.1, 10.1C.10.1, 10.1C.14.1 and 10.1C.15.1, respectively.

The first report in event triggered periodic measurement reporting shall meet the requirements specified in clause 9.3C.6.3.

#### 9.3C.6.3 Event-triggered Reporting

Reported SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1C.4.1, 10.1C.5.1, 10.1C.9.1, 10.1C.10.1, 10.1C.14.1 and 10.1C.15.1, respectively.

The UE shall not send any event triggered measurement reports, as long as no reporting criteria are fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between an event that will trigger a measurement report and the point when the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the air interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is: 2 × TTIDCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay which caused by no UL resources for UE to send the measurement report.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index if UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index. Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index. Both Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index and Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index are defined in clause 9.3C.4.When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected. I

A cell is detectable only if at least one SSBs measured from the Cell being configured remains detectable during the time period Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index as defined in clause 9.2C.5.1 or clause 9.2C.6.2. If a cell which has been detectable at least for the time period Tidentify intra without index or Tidentify intra with index defined in clause 9.2C.5.1 or clause 9.2C.6.2 becomes undetectable for a period ≤ 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again with the same spatial reception parameter and triggers an event, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than TSSB\_measurement\_period\_intra provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than ± 3200/$2^{µ}$ Tc while the measurement gap has not been available and L3 filtering has not been used, where *µ* is the SCS configuration as defined in clause 4.2 of TS 38.211 [3]. When L3 filtering is used, an additional delay can be expected.

### 9.3C.7 Inter frequency measurements without measurement gaps

#### 9.3C.7.1 Inter frequency Cell identification

If UE supports *interFrequencyMeas-NoGap-r16* and the flag *interFrequencyConfig-NoGap-r16* is configured by the Network, UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index if UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index (*reportQuantityRsIndexes* or *maxNrofRSIndexesToReport* is not configured). Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index. The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency SS block of an already detected cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index. It is assumed that when UE performs inter-frequency measurements without measurement gaps in a TDD bands on FR1, the following conditions are met:

- SFN and frame boundary across serving cell and inter-frequency neighbor cells is aligned, and

- the timing of SSBs across serving cell and inter-frequency neighbor cells are aligned

Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter) ms

Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter + TSSB\_time\_index\_inter) ms

Where:

 TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter: it is the time period used in PSS/SSS detection given in table 9.3C.7.1-1.

 TSSB\_time\_index\_inter: it is the time period used to acquire the index of the SSB being measured given in table 9.3C.7.1-2.

 T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter: equal to a measurement period of SSB based measurement given in table 9.3C.7.2-1.

 CSSFinter: it is a carrier specific scaling factor and is determined according to CSSFoutside\_gap,i in clause 9.1C.5.1 for measurement conducted outside measurement gaps, i.e. when inter-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping or partially overlapping with measurement gaps or according to CSSFwithin\_gap,i in clause 9.1C.5.2 for measurement conducted within measurement gaps, i.e. when inter-frequency SMTC is fully overlapping with measurement gaps.

Kp is the scaling factor for a SSB frequency layer to be measured without measurement gaps. Kp = Ntotal\_SAN / Navailable\_SAN, where Navailable\_SAN and Ntotal\_SAN are calculated as follows:

- For a window W of duration max(SMTC period, MGRP\_max), where

- If UE supports *parallelMeasurementGap-r17* and is configured with concurrent measurement gaps, MGRP\_max is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gap. Otherwise, MGRP\_max is the MGRP of configured measurement gap.

- Starting from the beginning of any SMTC occasion:

- Ntotal\_SAN is the total number of SMTC occasions within the window, including those overlapped and non-overlapped with measurement gap occasions within the window, and

- Navailable\_SAN is the number of SMTC occasions within the window W that don’t collide with any non-dropped MG occasion within or outside the window W, after accounting for measurement gap collisions by applying the measurement gap collision rule in section 9.1C.8.3. The collision rule between SMTC occasion and measurement gap occasion is defined in section 9.1C.9.1

Kp = [1] when Navailable\_SAN = 0 and measurement gap sharing in clause 9.1.2.1a shall apply.

Kp = 1 when inter-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping with measurement gaps.

Ksatellite: it is a satellite specific scaling factor.

* If SMTCs do not overlap with each other, and if LEO and/or GEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within SMTC
	+ Ksatellite = 1, if GSO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier
	+ $K\_{satellite}=\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if LEO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier.
* If SMTCs partially overlap with each other, and if LEO and/or GEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within overlapped SMTCs
	+ $K\_{satellite}=number of overlapped SMTCs$, if only GEO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier
	+ $K\_{satellite}=\sum\_{i}^{}\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC i}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if only LEO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier.

Table 9.3C.7.1-1: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter |
| No DRX | max( 600ms, ceil( 5 x Kp) x SMTC period )Note 1 x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max( 600ms, ceil(1.5x 5 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil(5 x Kp) x DRX cycle x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| NOTE 1: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

Table 9.3C.7.1-2: Time period for time index detection (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TSSB\_time\_index\_inter |
| No DRX | max(120ms, ceil( 3 x Kp )x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(120ms, ceil (1.5 x 3 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp) x DRX cycle x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| NOTE 1: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

#### 9.3C.7.2 Measurement period

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ and SS-SINR measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in clauses 10.1C.4, 10.1C.5, 10.1C.9, 10.1C.10, 10.1C.14 and 10.1C.15, respectively, as shown in table 9.3C.7.2-1, if UE supports inter-frequency measurement without measurement gaps:

Table 9.3C.7-1: Measurement period for inter-frequency measurements without gaps ((FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter  |
| No DRX | max(200ms, ceil( 5 x Kp) x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(200ms, ceil(1.5x 5 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil( 5 x Kp ) x DRX cycle x CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

#### 9.3C.7.3 Scheduling availability of UE during inter-frequency measurements

If UE supports *interFrequencyMeas-NoGap-r16* and the flag *interFrequencyConfig-NoGap-r16* is configured by the Network, UE is required to be capable of measuring without measurement gaps when the SSB is completely contained in the active bandwidth part of the UE. When any of the conditions in the following clauses is met, there are restrictions on the scheduling availability; otherwise, there is no scheduling restriction. Note that the SSB symbols to be measured in the following clauses are the SSB symbols indicated by SSB-ToMeasure [2], if it is configured; otherwise, all L SSB symbols within the SMTC window duration defined in clause 4.1 of TS 38.213 [3] are included. For UL, the scheduling restriction applies to UL symbols that fully or partially overlap with the restricted symbols as defined below.

##### 9.3C.7.3.1 Scheduling availability of UE performing measurements in TDD bands on FR1

When UE performs inter-frequency measurements without measurement gaps in a TDD band, the following restrictions apply due to SS-RSRP or SS-SINR measurement

- UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS on SSB symbols to be measured, and on 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured within SMTC window duration.

When UE performs inter-frequency measurements without measurement gaps in a TDD band, the following restrictions apply due to SS-RSRQ measurement

- UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS on SSB symbols to be measured, RSSI measurement symbols, and on 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB to be measured/RSSI symbols and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB to be measured/RSSI symbols within SMTC window duration.

When TDD intra-band carrier aggregation is performed, the scheduling restrictions due to one serving cell also apply to all other serving cells in the same band on the symbols that fully or partially overlap with aforementioned restricted symbols.

##### 9.3C.7.3.2 Scheduling availability of UE performing measurements with a different subcarrier spacing than PDSCH/PDCCH on FR1

For UE which do not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology-Inter-r16* [14] the following restrictions apply due to SS-RSRP/RSRQ/SINR measurement

- If UE performs inter-frequency measurements without measurement gaps in a TDD band, UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS or receive PDCCH/PDSCH/TRS/CSI-RS for CQI on SSB symbols to be measured, and on 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols to be measured within SMTC window duration.

- If UE performs inter-frequency measurements without measurement gaps in a FDD band, UE is not expected to transmit PUCCH/PUSCH/SRS or receive PDCCH/PDSCH/TRS/CSI-RS for CQI on all symbols within SMTC window duration.

When intra-band carrier aggregation is performed, the scheduling restrictions due to a given serving cell also apply to all other serving cells in the same band on the symbols that fully or partially overlap with aforementioned restricted symbols.

End of Change 3