**3GPP TSG-SA5 Meeting #155 *S5-243095***

**Jeju, South Korea, 27 - 31 May 2024** revision of S5-2412805

**Source: CATT, Ericsson**

**Title: pCR TR 28.9xx Add use case on ML model distributed training**

**Document for: Approval**

**Agenda Item: 6.19.1**

# 1 Decision/action requested

***Approval***

# 2 References

[1] 3GPP TR 28.908 V18.0.0: " Study on Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning (AI/ML)

management "

[2] SP-231780: "New SID: Study on AI/ML management - phase 2 "

[3] S5-241667-pCR TR 28.908 Add use case on ML model distributed training

# 3 Rationale

It is proposed to add a new use case on ML entity distributed training.

# 4 Detailed proposal

This contribution proposes to make the following changes in [1].

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| **1st change** |

### 5.1.x ML model distributed training

#### 5.1.x.1 Description

Distributed training is a model training paradigm that involves spreading training workload across multiple training functions, to accelerate the training process and/or reduce the required computational resources. Distributed training can be used for traditional machine learning models, as well as for large models.

In 5GS, the ML training function may be located within the management system or in the NF (e.g. gNB or NWDAF), i.e. the worker node for training. Each node has different computing resources and storage capacity based on physical infrastructure such as CPU/GPU/DPU, memory, storage, and network bandwidth. In order to obtain load balance between nodes and maximize the efficiency of resource utilization, splitting up the training may be necessary and involving multiple training functions according to the actual situation of nodes may be needed. Thus, aspects of distributed training needs to be supported in the management systems.

#### 5.1.x.2 Use cases

#### 5.1.x.2.1 ML model distributed training

In 5GS, the MnS consumer may require to speed up the training process under certain conditions (e.g. the size of the model may be too large for a single training function).

When receiving an ML training request, the MLT MnS producer may evaluate whether distributed training is needed according to the training requirements provided by the ML training consumer, and it is up to the MLT MnS producer to determine appropriate training function(s) which need to participate in the ML model training. The distribution of training shall remain within the same vendor.

NOTE: How to split the ML model and synchronize the parameters in different training function depends on the distributed algorithm which are proprietary and not in scope for standardization.

#### 5.1.x.3 Potential requirements

**REQ-ML\_DIST-TRNG-01** The MnS producer should have a capability allowing the authorized consumer to provide information on its preferences of training functions to be used in ML distributed training.

#### 5.1.x.4 Possible solutions

TBD

#### 5.1.x.5 Evaluation

TBD

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| **End of change** |