**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting #112 R4-2413923**

**Maastricht, Netherlands, 19th – 23rd August, 2024**

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| *CR-Form-v12.3* |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** |
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|  |  | **CR** | **4648** | **rev** | **1** | **Current version:** |  |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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|  |
| ***Title:***  | (NR\_NTN\_solutions-Perf) CR on Rel-17 NTN core and accuracy requirements |
|  |  |
| ***Source to WG:*** | CATT |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | R4 |
|  |  |
| ***Work item code:*** | NR\_NTN\_solutions-Perf |  | ***Date:*** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ***Category:*** | F |  | ***Release:*** | Rel-17 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:****F*** *(correction)****A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)****B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)****D*** *(editorial modification)*Detailed explanations of the above categories canbe found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | *Use one of the following releases:Rel-8 (Release 8)Rel-9 (Release 9)Rel-10 (Release 10)Rel-11 (Release 11)…Rel-17 (Release 17)Rel-18 (Release 18)Rel-19 (Release 19) Rel-20 (Release 20)* |
|  |  |
| ***Reason for change:*** | 1. The NTN UE RF requirements are defined in TS 38.101-5 but the reference in NTN accuracy requirements is incorrect.
2. The reference for side conditions of NTN requirements is incorrect.
3. The reference for CSSF is incorrect.
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|  |  |
| ***Summary of change:*** | 1. Add TS 38.101-5 as reference.
2. Correct the reference for side condition and CSSF of NTN requirements.
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|  |  |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | The FR1 NTN requirements are incomplete.  |
|  |  |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | 2, 9.2C.2, 9.3C.2, 9.3C.3, 9.3C.4, 9.3C.5, 9.3C.6, 9.3C.7, 9.5C.2, 9.5C.3, 10.1.2C, 10.1.4C, 10.1.7C, 10.1.9C, 10.1.12C, 10.1.14C, 10.1.19C |
|  |  |
|  | **Y** | **N** |  |  |
| ***Other specs*** |  | **X** |  Other core specifications  | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***affected:*** |  | **X** |  Test specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***(show related CRs)*** |  | **X** |  O&M Specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
|  |  |
| ***Other comments:*** |  |
|  |  |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | Revision of R4-2411371 |

# <Start of Change 1>

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non‑specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1] 3GPP TS 38.304: "NR; User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode".

[2] 3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification".

[3] 3GPP TS 38.213: "NR; Physical layer procedures for control".

[4] 3GPP TS 38.215: "NR; Physical layer measurements".

[5] 3GPP TS 38.533: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio Resource Management (RRM)".

[6] 3GPP TS 38.211: "NR; Physical channels and modulation”.

[7] 3GPP TS 38.321: "NR; Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification".

[8] 3GPP TS 38.212 "NR; Multiplexing and channel coding".

[9] 3GPP TS 38.202: "NR; Physical layer services provided by the physical layer".

[10] 3GPP TS 38.300: "NR; Overall description; Stage-2".

[11] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

[12] 3GPP TS 38.423: "NG-RAN; Xn Application Protocol (XnAP)".

[13] 3GPP TS 38.104: "NR; Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception".

[14] 3GPP TS 38.306: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio access capabilities".

[15] 3GPP TS 36.133: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Requirements for support of radio resource management".

[16] 3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".

[17] 3GPP TS 37.340: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and NR; Multi-connectivity", Stage 2.

[18] 3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".

[19] 3GPP TS 38.101-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".

[20] 3GPP TS 38.101-3: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 3: Range 1 and Range 2 Interworking operation with other radios".

[21] 3GPP TS 38.101-4: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 4: Performance requirements".

[22] 3GPP TS 38.305: "NG Radio Access Network (NG-RAN); Stage 2 functional specification of User Equipment (UE) positioning in NG-RAN".

[23] 3GPP TS 36.211: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Channels and Modulation".

[24] 3GPP TS 36.300: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Overall description".

[25] 3GPP TS 36.101: "Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".

[26] 3GPP TS 38.214: "NR; Physical layer procedures for data".

[27] 3GPP TS 36.355: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); LTE Positioning Protocol (LPP)".

[28] Void.

[29] 3GPP TS 25.133: "Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)".

[30] 3GPP TS 25.302: "Services provided by the Physical Layer".

[31] 3GPP TS 37.320: "Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA), Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Next Generation Radio Access; Radio measurement collection for Minimization of Drive Tests (MDT); Overall description; Stage 2".

[32] 3GPP TS 25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)".

[33] 3GPP TS 37.213: "Physical layer procedures for shared spectrum channel access"

[34] 3GPP TS 37.355: "LTE Positioning Protocol (LPP) ".

[35] 3GPP TS 38.455 : "NG-RAN; NR Positioning Protocol A (NRPPa) ".

[36] 3GPP TS 37.106: “User Equipment (UE) requirements for shared spectrum channel access”.

[37] 3GPP TS 38.508-1: "5GS; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Part 1: Common test environment".

[38] 3GPP TS 38.521-2: " NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".

[39] 3GPP TS 38.101-5: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 5: Satellite access Radio Frequency (RF) and performance requirements".

# <End of Change 1>

# <Start of Change 2>

### 9.2C.2 Requirements applicability

The requirements in clause 9.2C apply, provided:

- The cell being identified or measured is detectable.

- Valid information for the satellite serving the target cell has been provided

An intra-frequency cell shall be considered detectable when for each relevant SSB:

- SS-RSRP related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.2C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-RSRQ related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.7C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-SINR related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.12C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SSB\_RP and SSB Ês/Iot according to Annex B.2.17 for a corresponding Band.

# <End of Change 2>

# <Start of Change 3>

### 9.3C.2 Requirements applicability

The requirements in clause 9.3C apply, provided:

- The cell being identified or measured is detectable.

An inter-frequency cell shall be considered detectable when for each relevant SSB:

- SS-RSRP related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.4C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-RSRQ related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.9C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SS-SINR related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.14C for FR1, for a corresponding Band,

- SSB\_RP and SSB Ês/Iot according to Annex B.2.18 for a corresponding Band.

### 9.3C.3 Number of cells and number of SSB

#### 9.3C.3.1 Requirements for FR1

For each inter-frequency layer, during each layer 1 measurement period, the UE shall be capable of performing SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements for at least:

- 4 identified cells, and

- 7 SSBs with different SSB index and/or PCI on the inter-frequency layer.

- 4 SSBs with different SSB index and/or PCI from neighbour cells in GEO deployment.

### 9.3C.4 Inter-frequency measurement with measurement gaps

When measurement gaps are provided, or the UE supports capability of conducting such measurements without gaps, the UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index if UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index (*reportQuantityRsIndexes* or *maxNrofRSIndexesToReport* is not configured). Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index. The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency SS block of an already detected cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index.

 Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter) ms

 Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter + TSSB\_time\_index\_inter) ms

Where:

 TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter: it is the time period used in PSS/SSS detection given in table 9.3C.4-1.

 TSSB\_time\_index\_inter: it is the time period used to acquire the index of the SSB being measured given in table 9.3C.4-2.

 TSSB\_measurement\_period\_inter: equal to a measurement period of SSB based measurement given in table 9.3C.5-1.

 CSSFinter: it is a carrier specific scaling factor and is determined according to CSSFwithin\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.2 for measurement conducted within measurement gaps.

 Kgap is the scaling factor for a SSB frequency layer to be measured within an associated measurement gap pattern. Kgap = 1 when the UE is not configured with concurrent measurement gaps. When the UE is configured with concurrent measurement gaps and the two measurement gaps are fully overlapping with MGRP=160ms, Kgap = 2. Otherwise, Kgap = Ntotal / Navailable, where Navailable and Ntotal are calculated as follows:

 For a window W of duration max(SMTC period, MGRP\_max), where MGRP max is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gap, and starting from the beginning of any SMTC occasion:

- Ntotal is the total number of SMTC occasions that are covered by instances of the associated measurement gap within the window W, including those overlapped with other measurement gap occasions within the window, and

- Navailable is the number of SMTC occasions that are covered by instances of the non-dropped associated measurement gap within the window W after accounting for measurement gap collisions by applying the measurement gap collision rule in section 9.1.8C.3.

 Kgap is only applicable for UE supporting *parallelMeasurementGap-r17*. When concurrent measurement gaps are configured, requirements in this clause do not apply if Navailable =0, or if one SMTC overlaps more than one MGs associated to the frequency layer.

 K\_satellite: it is a statellite specific scaling factor.

If SMTCs within a measurement gap do not overlap with each other, and if LEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within SMTC

K\_satellite = 1, if GSO satellites are measured on the carrier

$K\\_satellite=\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if LEO satellites are measured on the carrier.

If SMTCs within a measurement gap partially overlap with each other, and if LEO and/or GEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within overlapped SMTCs

$K\\_satellite=number of overlapped SMTCs$, if only GEO satellites are measured on the carrier

$K\\_satellite=\sum\_{i}^{}\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC i}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if only LEO satellites are measured on the carrier.

Table 9.3C.4-1: Time period for PSS/SSS detection (Frequency range FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Condition NOTE1** | **TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter** |
| No DRX |  Max(600ms, Ceil(8 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period **NOTE2**)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(600ms, Ceil(8\*1.5 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period, DRX cycle)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite  |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(8 x Kgap) × DRX cycle × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: DRX or non DRX requirements apply according to the conditions described in clause 3.6.1NOTE 2: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

Table 9.3C.4-2: Time period for time index detection (Frequency range FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Condition NOTE1** | **TSSB\_time\_index\_inter** |
| No DRX | Max(120ms, Ceil(3 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period **NOTE2**)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(120ms, Ceil(3 × 1.5 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period, DRX cycle)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(3 x Kgap) × DRX cycle × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: DRX or non DRX requirements apply according to the conditions described in clause 3.6.1NOTE 2: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

### 9.3C.5 Inter-frequency measurements

When measurement gaps are provided for inter frequency measurements, or the UE supports capability of conducting such measurements without gaps, the UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ and SS-SINR measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in clauses 10.1.4C, 10.1.9C and 10.1.14C , respectively, as shown in table 9.3C.5-1.

Table 9.3C.5-1: Measurement period for inter-frequency measurements with gaps (Frequency FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Condition NOTE1** | **T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter** |
| No DRX | Max(200ms, Ceil(8 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period **NOTE2**)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(200ms, Ceil(8 × 1.5 x Kgap) × Max(MGRP, SMTC period, DRX cycle)) × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(8 x Kgap) × DRX cycle × CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: DRX or non DRX requirements apply according to the conditions described in clause 3.6.1NOTE 2: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

### 9.3C.6 Inter-frequency measurements reporting requirements

#### 9.3C.6.1 Periodic Reporting

Reported SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements contained in periodically triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.4C, 10.1.9C and 10.1.14C, respectively.

#### 9.3C.6.2 Event-triggered Periodic Reporting

Reported SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements contained in event triggered periodic measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.4C, 10.1.9C and 10.1.14C, respectively.

The first report in event triggered periodic measurement reporting shall meet the requirements specified in clause 9.3C.6.3.

#### 9.3C.6.3 Event-triggered Reporting

Reported SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ, and SS-SINR measurements contained in event triggered measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.4C, 10.1.9C and 10.1.14C, respectively.

The UE shall not send any event triggered measurement reports, as long as no reporting criteria are fulfilled.

The measurement reporting delay is defined as the time between an event that will trigger a measurement report and the point when the UE starts to transmit the measurement report over the air interface. This requirement assumes that the measurement report is not delayed by other RRC signalling on the DCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay uncertainty resulted when inserting the measurement report to the TTI of the uplink DCCH. The delay uncertainty is: 2 × TTIDCCH. This measurement reporting delay excludes a delay which caused by no UL resources for UE to send the measurement report.

The event triggered measurement reporting delay, measured without L3 filtering shall be within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index if UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index. Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index. Both Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index and Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index are defined in clause 9.3C.4.When L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected. I

A cell is detectable only if at least one SSB measured from the Cell being configured remains detectable during the time period Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index as defined in clause 9.2C.5.1 or clause 9.2C.6.2. If a cell which has been detectable at least for the time period Tidentify intra without index or Tidentify intra with index defined in clause 9.2C.5.1 or clause 9.2C.6.2 becomes undetectable for a period ≤ 5 seconds and then the cell becomes detectable again with the same spatial reception parameter and triggers an event, the event triggered measurement reporting delay shall be less than TSSB\_measurement\_period\_intra provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than ± 3200/$2^{µ}$ Tc while the measurement gap has not been available and L3 filtering has not been used, where *µ* is the SCS configuration as defined in clause 4.2 of TS 38.211 [3]. When L3 filtering is used, an additional delay can be expected.

### 9.3C.7 Inter frequency measurements without measurement gaps

#### 9.3C.7.1 Inter frequency Cell identification

If UE supports *interFrequencyMeas-NoGap-r16* and the flag *interFrequencyConfig-NoGap-r16* is configured by the Network, UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index if UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index (*reportQuantityRsIndexes* or *maxNrofRSIndexesToReport* is not configured). Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency cell within Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index. The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable inter frequency SS block of an already detected cell within Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index. It is assumed that when UE performs inter-frequency measurements without measurement gaps in a TDD bands on FR1, the following conditions are met:

- SFN and frame boundary across serving cell and inter-frequency neighbor cells is aligned, and

- the timing of SSBs across serving cell and inter-frequency neighbor cells are aligned

Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter) ms

Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter + TSSB\_time\_index\_inter) ms

Where:

 TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter: it is the time period used in PSS/SSS detection given in table 9.3C.7.1-1.

 TSSB\_time\_index\_inter: it is the time period used to acquire the index of the SSB being measured given in table 9.3C.7.1-2.

 T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter: equal to a measurement period of SSB based measurement given in table 9.3C.7.2-1.

 CSSFinter: it is a carrier specific scaling factor and is determined according to CSSFoutside\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.1 for measurement conducted outside measurement gaps, i.e. when inter-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping or partially overlapping with measurement gaps or according to CSSFwithin\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.2 for measurement conducted within measurement gaps, i.e. when inter-frequency SMTC is fully overlapping with measurement gaps.

Kp is the scaling factor for a SSB frequency layer to be measured without measurement gaps. Kp = Ntotal\_SAN / Navailable\_SAN, where Navailable\_SAN and Ntotal\_SAN are calculated as follows:

- For a window W of duration max(SMTC period, MGRP\_max), where

- If UE supports *parallelMeasurementGap-r17* and is configured with concurrent measurement gaps, MGRP max is the maximum MGRP across all configured per-UE measurement gap. Otherwise, MGRP max is the MGRP of configured measurement gap.

- Starting from the beginning of any SMTC occasion:

- Ntotal\_SAN is the total number of SMTC occasions within the window, including those overlapped and non-overlapped with measurement gap occasions within the window, and

- Navailable\_SAN is the number of SMTC occasions within the window W that don’t collide with any non-dropped MG occasion within or outside the window W, after accounting for measurement gap collisions by applying the measurement gap collision rule in section 9.1C.8.3. The collision rule between SMTC occasion and measurement gap occasion is defined in section 9.1C.9.1

Kp = [1] when Navailable\_SAN = 0 and measurement gap sharing in clause 9.1.2.1a shall apply.

Kp = 1 when inter-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping with measurement gaps.

Ksatellite: it is a satellite specific scaling factor.

* If SMTCs do not overlap with each other, and if LEO and/or GEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within SMTC
	+ Ksatellite = 1, if GSO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier
	+ $K\_{satellite}=\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if LEO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier.
* If SMTCs partially overlap with each other, and if LEO and/or GEO satellite(s) is/are required to be measured within overlapped SMTCs
	+ $K\_{satellite}=number of overlapped SMTCs$, if only GEO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier
	+ $K\_{satellite}=\sum\_{i}^{}\left⌈\frac{Num of LEO satellites to be measured in the SMTC i}{number of LEO satellites UE is capable to measure in one SMTC}\right⌉$, if only LEO satellite(s) is/are measured on the carrier.

Table 9.3C.7.1-1: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_inter |
| No DRX | max( 600ms, ceil( 5 x Kp) x SMTC period )Note 1 x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max( 600ms, ceil(1.5x 5 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil(5 x Kp) x DRX cycle x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| NOTE 1: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

Table 9.3C.7.1-2: Time period for time index detection (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TSSB\_time\_index\_inter |
| No DRX | max(120ms, ceil( 3 x Kp )x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(120ms, ceil (1.5 x 3 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp) x DRX cycle x CSSFinter × Ksatellite |
| NOTE 1: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

#### 9.3C.7.2 Measurement period

The UE physical layer shall be capable of reporting SS-RSRP, SS-RSRQ and SS-SINR measurements to higher layers with measurement accuracy as specified in clauses 10.1.4C, 10.1.9C and 10.1.14C, respectively, as shown in table 9.3C.7.2-1, if UE supports inter-frequency measurement without measurement gaps:

Table 9.3C.7.2-1: Measurement period for inter-frequency measurements without gaps ((FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_inter  |
| No DRX | max(200ms, ceil( 5 x Kp) x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(200ms, ceil(1.5x 5 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil( 5 x Kp ) x DRX cycle x CSSFinter × K\_satellite |
| NOTE 1: SMTC period is the SMTC period in SMTC configuration which is associated with the target cell to be measured configured in *SSB-MTC4List-r17*. |

9.5C.2 Requirements applicability

The requirements in clause 9.5C apply, provided:

- The CSI-RS or SSB or CSI-RS and SSB resources configured for L1-RSRP measurements are measurable.

An SSB resource configured for L1-RSRP shall be considered measurable when for each relevant SSB the following conditions are met:

- L1-RSRP related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.19C.1 for FR1, for a corresponding band,

- SSB\_RP and SSB Ês/Iot according to Annex B.2.19.1 for a corresponding band.

A CSI-RS resource configured for L1-RSRP shall be considered measurable when for each relevant CSI-RS the following conditions are met:

- L1-RSRP related side conditions given in clauses 10.1.19C.2 for FR1, respectively, for a corresponding band,

- CSI-RS\_RP and CSI-RS Ês/Iot according to Annex B.2.19.2 for a corresponding band.

A CSI-RS and SSB resource configured for L1-RSRP shall be considered measurable when the measurable resource conditions are met for both CSI-RS resource and SSB resource.

Requirements are defined for periodic, semi-persistent and aperiodic resources.

### 9.5C.3 Measurement Reporting Requirements

The UE shall send L1-RSRP reports only for report configurations configured for the active BWP.

The UE shall report the L1-RSRP value as a 7-bit value in the range [-140, -44] dBm with 1dB step size according to clause 10.1.19C for FR1 if *nrofReportedRS* is configured to one. If *nrofReportedRS* is configured to be larger than one, or if *groupBasedBeamReporting* is enabled, the UE shall use differential L1-RSRP based reporting as defined in clause 10.1.19C for FR1. The differential L1-RSRP is quantized to a 4-bit value with 2dB step size. The mapping between the reported L1-RSRP value and the measured quantity is described in 10.1.6.

#### 9.5C.3.1 Periodic Reporting

Reported L1-RSRP measurements contained in periodic L1-RSRP measurement reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.19C.

The UE shall only send periodic L1-RSRP measurement reports for an active BWP.

The UE shall transmit the periodic L1-RSRP reporting on PUCCH over the air interface according to the periodicity defined in clause 5.2.1.4 in TS 38.214 [26].

#### 9.5C.3.2 Semi-Persistent Reporting

Reported L1-RSRP measurements contained in a Semi-Persistent L1-RSRP measurement report shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.19C. This requirement applies for semi-persistent L1-RSRP reports send on PUSCH or PUCCH.

The UE shall only send semi-persistent L1-RSRP measurement reports on PUSCH, if a DCI request has been received.

The UE shall only send semi-persistent L1-RSRP measurement reports on PUCCH, if an activation command [7] has been received.

The UE shall transmit the semi-persistent L1-RSRP reporting on PUSCH or PUCCH over the air interface according to the periodicity defined in clause 5.2.1.4 in TS 38.214 [26].

#### 9.5C.3.3 Aperiodic Reporting

Reported L1-RSRP measurements contained in aperiodic triggered, aperiodic triggered periodic and aperiodic triggered semi-persistent L1-RSRP reports shall meet the requirements in clauses 10.1.19C.

The UE shall only send aperiodic L1-RSRP measurement reports, if a DCI trigger has been received.

After the UE receives CSI request in DCI, the UE shall transmit the aperiodic L1-RSRP reporting on PUSCH over the air interface at the time specified according to clause 6.1.2.1 in TS 38.214 [26].

# <End of Change 3>

# <Start of Change 4>

### 10.1.2C Intra-frequency RSRP accuracy requirements for FR1 SAN

#### 10.1.2C.1 Intra-frequency SS-RSRP accuracy requirements

##### 10.1.2C.1.1 Absolute SS-RSRP Accuracy

Unless otherwise specified, the requirements for absolute accuracy of SS-RSRP in this clause apply to a cell on the same frequency as that of the serving cell in FR1.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.2C.1.1-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for intra-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.17 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.2C.1.1-1: SS-RSRP Intra frequency absolute accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 2 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[4.5] | ±[9] | ≥-6 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -70 |
| ±[8] | ±[11] | ≥-6 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | N/A | N/A | -70 | -50 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

##### 10.1.2C.1.2 Relative SS-RSRP Accuracy

The relative accuracy of SS-RSRP is defined as the SS-RSRP measured from one cell compared to the SS-RSRP measured from another cell on the same frequency, or between any two SS-RSRP levels measured on the same cell in FR1.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.2C.1.2-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for intra-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.17 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.2C.1.2-1: SS-RSRP Intra frequency relative accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot Note 2 | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 4 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[2] | ±[3] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| ±[3] | ±[3] | ≥-6 | Note 3 | Note 3 | Note 3 | N/A | Note 3 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The parameter SSB Ês/Iot is the minimum SSB Ês/Iot of the pair of cells to which the requirement applies.NOTE 3: The same bands and the same Io conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding highest accuracy requirement.NOTE 4: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

### 10.1.4C Inter-frequency RSRP accuracy requirements for FR1 SAN

#### 10.1.4C.1 Inter-frequency SS-RSRP accuracy requirements

##### 10.1.4C.1.1 Absolute Accuracy of SS-RSRP in FR1

The requirements for absolute accuracy of SS-RSRP in this clause apply to a cell on a frequency in FR1 that has different carrier frequency from the serving cell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.4C.1.1-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for inter-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.18 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.4C.1.1-1: SS-RSRP Inter frequency Absolute accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot Note 2 | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 3 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[4.5] | ±[9] | ≥-6 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -70 |
| ±[8] | ±[11] | ≥-6 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | N/A | N/A | -70 | -50 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: VoidNOTE 3: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

##### 10.1.4C.1.2 Relative Accuracy of SS-RSRP in FR1

The relative accuracy of SS-RSRP in inter frequency case is defined as the RSRP measured from one cell on a frequency in FR1compared to the RSRP measured from another cell on a different frequency in FR1.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.4C.1.2-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] Clause 7.3 for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for inter-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.18 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- |SSB\_RP1dBm - SSB\_RP2dBm| ≤ 27 dB

- |Channel 1\_Io ‑Channel 2\_Io | ≤ 20 dB

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.4C.1.2-1: SS-RSRP Inter frequency relative accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot Note 2 | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 3 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[4.5] | ±[6] | ≥-6 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The parameter SSB Ês/Iot is the minimum SSB Ês/Iot of the pair of cells to which the requirement applies.NOTE 3: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

### 10.1.7C Intra-frequency RSRQ accuracy requirements for FR1 SAN

#### 10.1.7C.1 Intra-frequency SS-RSRQ accuracy requirements in FR1

##### 10.1.7C.1.1 Absolute SS-RSRQ Accuracy in FR1

Unless otherwise specified, the requirements for absolute accuracy of SS-RSRQ in this clause apply to a cell on the same frequency as that of the serving cell in FR1.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.7C.1.1-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for intra-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.17 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.7C.1.1-1: SS-RSRQ Intra frequency absolute accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 3 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[2.5] | ±[4] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| ±[3.5] | ±[4] | ≥-6 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The same bands and the same Io conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding highest accuracy requirement.NOTE 3: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

### 10.1.9C Inter-frequency RSRQ accuracy requirements for FR1 SAN

#### 10.1.9C.1 Inter-frequency SS-RSRQ accuracy requirements in FR1

##### 10.1.9C.1.1 Absolute Accuracy of SS-RSRQ in FR1

The requirements for absolute accuracy of SS-RSRQ in this clause apply to a cell on a frequency in FR1 that has different carrier frequency from the serving cell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.9C.1.1-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for inter-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.18 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.9C.1.1-1: SS-RSRQ Inter frequency absolute accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 3 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[2.5] | ±[4] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| ±[3.5] | ±[4] | ≥-6 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The same bands and the same Io conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding highest accuracy requirement.NOTE 3: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

##### 10.1.9C.1.2 Relative Accuracy of SS-RSRQ in FR1

The relative accuracy of SS-RSRQ in inter frequency case is defined as the RSRQ measured from one cell on a frequency in FR1 compared to the RSRP measured from another cell on a different frequency in FR1.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.9C.1.2-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for inter-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.18 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- |SSB\_RP1dBm - SSB\_RP2dBm| ≤ 27 dB

- |Channel 1\_Io ‑Channel 2\_Io | ≤ 20 dB

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.9C.1.2-1: SS-RSRQ Inter frequency relative accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  | Note 2 | NR operating band groups Note 4 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[3] | ±[4] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| ±[4] | ±[4] | ≥-6 | Note 3 | Note 3 | Note 3 | Note 3 | Note 3 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The parameter SSB Ês/Iot is the minimum SSB Ês/Iot of the pair of cells to which the requirement applies.NOTE 3: The same bands and the same Io conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding highest accuracy requirement.NOTE 4: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

### 10.1.12C Intra-frequency SINR accuracy requirements for FR1 SAN

#### 10.1.12C.1 Intra-frequency SS-SINR accuracy requirements in FR1

##### 10.1.12C.1.1 Absolute SS-SINR Accuracy in FR1

Unless otherwise specified, the requirements for absolute accuracy of SS-SINR in this clause apply to a cell on the same frequency as that of the serving cell in FR1.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.12C.1.1-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for intra-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.17 for a corresponding Band.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.12C.1.1-1: SS-SINR Intra frequency absolute accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  | Note 3 | NR operating band groups Note 4 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[3] | ±[4] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| ±[3.5] | ±[4] | ≥-6 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The same bands and the same Io conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding highest accuracy requirement.NOTE 3: The requirements apply for SSB Ês/Iot ≤ 25 dB under non-HST scenarios.NOTE 4: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A.NOTE 5: The requirements apply for SSB Ês/Iot ≤5 dB with SCS 15kHz or 30kHz under NR high speed scenarios. |

### 10.1.14C Inter-frequency SINR accuracy requirements for FR1 SAN

#### 10.1.14C.1 Inter-frequency SS-SINR accuracy requirements in FR1

##### 10.1.14C.1.1 Aboslute Accuracy of SS-SINR in FR1

The requirements for absolute accuracy of SS-SINR in this clause apply to a cell on a frequency in FR1 that has different carrier frequency from the serving cell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.14C.1.1-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for inter-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.18 for a corresponding Band.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.14C.1.1-1: SS-SINR Inter frequency absolute accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot Note 3 | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  | NR operating band groups Note 4 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[3] | ±[4] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| ±[3.5] | ±[4] | ≥-6 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 | Note 2 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The same bands and the same Io conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding highest accuracy requirement.NOTE 3: The requirements apply for SSB Ês/Iot ≤ 25 dB.NOTE 4: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

##### 10.1.14C.1.2 Relative Accuracy of SS-SINR in FR1

The relative accuracy of SS-SINR in inter frequency case is defined as the SS-SINR measured from one cell on a frequency in FR1 compared to the SS-SINR measured from another cell on a different frequency in FR1.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.14C.1.2-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for inter-frequency measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.18 for a corresponding Band.

- |SSB\_RP1dBm - SSB\_RP2dBm| ≤ 27 dB

- | Channel 1\_Io ‑Channel 2\_Io | ≤ 20 dB

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.14C.1.2-1: SS-SINR Inter frequency relative accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  | Note 2,4 | NR operating band groups Note 5 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 120 kHz | SCSSSB = 240 kHz |  |  |
| ±[3.5] | ±[4] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| ±[4] | ±[4] | ≥-6 | Note 3 | Note 3 | Note 3 | Note 3 | Note 3 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The parameter SSB Ês/Iot is the minimum SSB Ês/Iot of the pair of cells to which the requirement applies.NOTE 3: The same bands and the same Io conditions for each band apply for this requirement as for the corresponding highest accuracy requirement.NOTE 4: The requirements apply for SSB Ês/Iot ≤ [25] dB.NOTE 5: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

### 10.1.19C L1-RSRP accuracy requirements for FR1 SAN

#### 10.1.19C.1 SSB based L1-RSRP accuracy requirements

##### 10.1.19C.1.1 Absolute Accuracy

Unless otherwise specified, the requirements for absolute accuracy of SSB based L1-RSRP in this clause apply to all SSBs of the serving cell configured for L1-RSRP measurement.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.19C.1.1-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for L1-RSRP measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.19.1 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.19C.1.1-1: SSB based L1-RSRP absolute accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 2 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[5] | ±[9.5] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -70 |
| ±[8.5] | ±[11.5] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | N/A | N/A | -70 | -50 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

##### 10.1.19C.1.2 Relative Accuracy

The relative accuracy of SSB based L1-RSRP is defined as the L1-RSRP measured from one SSB compared to the largest measured value of L1-RSRP among all SSBs of the serving cell.

The accuracy requirements in Table 10.1.19C.1.2-1 are valid under the following conditions:

- Conditions defined in clause 7.3 of TS 38.101-5 [39] for reference sensitivity are fulfilled.

- Conditions for L1-RSRP measurements are fulfilled according to Annex B.2.19.1 for a corresponding Band for each relevant SSB.

- Valid information for the SAN serving the target cell has been provided.

Table 10.1.19C.1.2-1: SSB based L1-RSRP relative accuracy in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Accuracy | Conditions |
| Normal condition | Extreme condition | SSB Ês/Iot Note 2 | Io Note 1 range |
|  |  |  | NR operating band groups Note 4 | Minimum Io | Maximum Io |
| dB | dB | dB |  | dBm / SCSSSB | dBm/BWChannel | dBm/BWChannel |
|  |  |  |  | SCSSSB = 15 kHz | SCSSSB = 30 kHz |  |  |
| ±[3] | ±[4] | ≥-3 | NR\_FDD\_SAB\_FR1\_A | -121 | -118 | N/A | -50 |
| NOTE 1: Io is assumed to have constant EPRE across the bandwidth.NOTE 2: The parameter SSB Ês/Iot is the minimum SSB Ês/Iot of the pair of SSBs to which the requirement applies.NOTE 3: VoidNOTE 4: NR operating band groups in FR1 are as defined in clause 3.5.2A. |

# <End of Change 4>