3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 #125 R3-24xxxxx

Maastricht, Netherlands, 19th – 23rd August, 2024

Agenda Item: 12.2

Source: NTTDOCOMO (moderator)

Title: Summary of Offline Discussion on additional topological enhancement

Document for: Approval

# Introduction

This document provides a summary of the offline discussion on additional topological enhancements.

# Discussion

## WAB

* **Conclusion of study**

**Proposal 1: Based on the study, RAN3 can confirm the feasibility of WAB functionality from RAN3 perspective.**

**Proposal 2: RAN3 concludes that a normative phase for WAB should be pursued to capture various aspects identified in the study.**

**Proposal 3: The normative work for WAB should be based on the terminology and requirements captured in TR 38.799.**

**Proposal 4: The normative work should consider the following architectural aspects for WAB according to TR 38.799, including:**

* **Backhauling of the WAB-gNB interface(s) is conducted over the WAB-MT’s PDU session, where the Xn interfaces can be established with the WAB-MT’s serving gNB and with other surrounding gNBs.**
* **The interface between WAB-MT and WAB-gNB as well as interface between WAB-gNB-CU and WAB-gNB-DU are out-of-scope for the normative phase.**

**Proposal 5: The recommendation for normative phase so include that WAB-gNB configuration can use legacy procedures defined for gNBs and the WAB-MT configuration can use legacy procedures defined for UEs.**

**Proposal 6: The normative phase to establish authorization procedures for WAB, where:**

* **The WAB-MT can be authorized to support backhauling using a procedure to be defined by SA2, and the WAB-gNB can be authorized to provide serve to UEs using legacy procedures.**
* **In case the authorization of the WAB-MT and/or WAB-gNB changes to “non-authorized”, the WAB-gNB attempts to hand over all UEs and then removes NG and Xn interfaces, where the procedures for interface removal are to be discussed during normative phase.**

**Proposal 7: The normative phase to define a network integration procedure for the WAB-node where** **WAB-node network integration includes the integration of the WAB-MT followed by the establishment of the WAB-gNB’s NG (and potentially Xn) interfaces.**

**Proposal 8: The WAB procedures defined in normative phase should allow the UE connecting to the WAB-gNB to conduct all legacy UE mobility procedures and the WAB-MT connected to the BH RAN to support all legacy UE mobility procedures.**

**Proposal 9: The procedures to be defined for WAB-node mobility to allow change of the IP address(es) used on the backhaul PDU sessions as well as change of the UE’s AMF to change. In case of AMF change, the WAB-node to establish a second logical WAB-gNB and conduct NG handover of all UEs as defined in TR 38.799.**

**Proposal 10: The normative phase to include enhancements to the UE’s ULI to include information related to the WAB-MT’s location. The enhancements to be discussed in coordination with SA2.**

**Proposal 11: The normative phase to capture procedures on stage-2 that can be supported via implementation:**

* **PCI collision avoidance.**
* **Reconfiguration of TAC on WAB-gNB.**
* **Avoidance of multi-hop WAB.**
* **Radio-resource coordination between access and backhaul links.**

**Proposal 12: The normative phase to include, time permitting, discussions on enhancements related to the prevention of multi-hop WAB and the support of radio-resource coordination between in-band operation of access and backhaul links.**

* **WAB mobility**

**Proposal 2-1: For WAB-gNB mobility with change of UE’s AMF, the WAB-node needs to create a second logical gNB with a different gNB-ID and perform NG-handover of all connected UEs.**

**Proposal 2-2: For WAB-gNB mobility with change of UE’s AMF, the new logical gNB’s cell to broadcast a different TAC than the initial logical gNB’s cell.**

**Proposal 5-1: For WAB-gNB cells, TAC configuration to follow the same procedures as defined for mobile IAB, i.e. it is based on implementation.**

**Proposal 5-3: The TAC of a WAB-gNB cell can change without change of the UE’s AMF.**

1. If UE’s AMF changes as the WAB-gNB moves, the UE served by WAB-node may perform mobility registration update to enable the AMF re-location, based on detecting new TAC broadcasted by the WAB-gNB. No need to activate new cells on the WAB-gNB.

* **Xn management**

**Proposal 1-1: WAB-gNB can reuse existing Xn-C TNL address discovery procedure to know the Xn-C TNL address of BH-gNB serving WAB-MT, then setup Xn with BH-gNB serving WAB-MT.**

**Proposal 1-2: BH-gNB can provide the Xn-C TNL address of neighboring gNB to WAB-gNB, so WAB-gNB can directly initiate Xn Setup with neighbour gNB.**

**Proposal 1-3: WAB-gNB can also use the neighboring cell information received from the BH-gNB to update its NCRT or initiate the Xn-C TNL address discovery procedure towards the neighboring gNB for further TNL/Xn Setup with the neighboring gNB, without waiting for the measurement report from UE (or WAB-MT).**

**Proposal 1-4: If Xn is to be avoided among WAB-gNBs, TNL discovery procedure can be enhanced to avoid Xn establishment as early as possible among WAB-gNBs.**

**Proposal 1-5: Existing Xn Removal procedure can be reused to remove the Xn between WAB-gNB and surround gNB.**

* SA2 LS R3-244019 / S2-2407345

ISSUE#1

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| *SA2 has discussed the access control (to restrict MWAB-UE accessing MWAB-gNB cell) for below two cases:*  *a) MWAB-UE accessing any MWAB-gNB in IDLE and CONNECTED mode(documented as one candidate solution in clause 6.2.3.6 of TS 23.700-06); and*  *b) MWAB-UE accessing MWAB-gNB belonging to same MWAB.*  *SA2 assume that those scenarios will be discussed by RAN WGs, and ask for RAN feedback.* |

**Initial access**

**Solution1: WAB-gNB sends WAB indication to AMF via NG setup procedure**

**Solution 2: The WAB-gNB uses dedicated frequencies and/or PCI partitions, which are avoided by the WAB-MT for cell-reselection and measurement reports.**

**Solution 3: WAB-gNB-cells broadcast a “WAB” indicator in SIB1, and the WAB-MT avoids (re)selection or reporting of cells broadcasting this indicator.**

**Solution 4: WAB-MT includes a “WAB” indicator in UE capabilities, and the network rejects an access attempt or a handover request to a WAB-gNB based on this indicator.**

**WAB-MT Mobility**

**Solution1: source gNB/AMF includes WAB-MT indicator in the XnAP/NGAP HO request**

**Solution2: a WAB indicator is introduced in the WAB-MT’s UE capabilities**

**Proposal 1-2: The Reply LS to SA2 to include that based on these observations, RAN3 believes that further details of issue 1 can be handled in the normative phase.**

ISSUE#2

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| *SA2 has discussed and concluded that Additional ULI format will be determined by RAN WG and SA2 will align based on RAN feedback. Please refer to related conclusion in clause 8.5 of TR 23.700-06.* |

**- option 1: mapped TAC/Cell ID based on geo-location of the MWAB based on input from OAM.**

**- option 2: geo-location of the MWAB.**

**- option 3: TAC/Cell ID of the cell serving the MWAB-UE in other PLMN.**

**Proposal 7: From RAN3’s perspective, all three options to include the WAB-MT’s location information in the UE’s ULI are feasible, and that RAN3 prefers to leave further down-selection to SA2.**

* **WAB authorization**

**Proposal 3-1: The OAM can provide the WAB-gNB with the policies for controlling its service authorization status, or the OAM can enforce the policies by configuring the WAB-gNB only when the WAB-gNB is authorized.**

**Proposal 3-2: If the WAB-MT and WAB-gNB are connected to different PLMNs, service authorization of the WAB-gNB is managed by the PLMN in which the WAB-gNB is connected.**

1. The UP resources for the established BH PDU session(s) should be released if the WAB-MT/WAB-gNB is non-authorized.
2. The WAB-MT informs the 5GC serving the WAB-MT of the de-authorization status of the WAB-gNB in time.

* **Resource multiplexing**

**Similar as IAB system, the BH-gNB should know the multiplexing capabilities of WAB-node, and the resource configuration of WAB-gNB. RAN3 to study Xn signalling for WAB-node resource coordination in normative phase.**

* **NG connection management**

**Proposal 1: The NG connection(s) of WAB-node can be suspended.**

* **PCI collision avoidance**

**Proposal 4: For WAB, PCI collision avoidance can use the same mechanisms as defined for mobile IAB.**

* **QoS support for WAB**

**TR 38.799 to include a reference to TS 23.700-06 on QoS support for WAB.**

**Proposal 2-1: In the uplink direction, WAB can perform the traffic mapping based on the QoS of the UL packet, and the QoS of the QoS flow of its BH PDU session.**

**Proposal 2-2: For downlink N2/N3 traffic, the WAB-MT’s UPF performs the traffic mapping based on the IP header of the N2/N3 traffic.**

**Proposal 2-3: For downlink traffic mapping to the appropriate N3 BH PDU session QoS flow, the WAB-gNB needs to know the DSCP information for the further DL NG-U packet during the UE’s PDU Session Resource Setup/Modification procedure.**

* **BH-ng-eNB**

**Proposal 3-1: RAN3 introduce BH-ng-eNB, and define it as the ng-eNB serving the WAB-MT.**

* **BH link degradation**

**Proposal 1: The access and the BH network can coordinate for mitigating BH link degradation.**

**Proposal 5-1: To determine a proper PDB of WAB-MT’s QoS flow satisfying the UE’s E2E PDB, the WAB-MT’s CN should know the CN PDB requirement between the WAB-gNB and the UE’s UPF.**

**Proposal 5-2: If the backhaul is NTN link, the UE’s CN should know the BH link type is NTN for seting proper QoS parameter of UE’s traffic.**

## 5G Femto

* Conclusion of study

**Proposal 1**: 3GPP to specify in standards one option without NG concentration and one option with optional NG concentration.

**Proposal 2**: capture in the conclusion of the TR 38.799 that options 1 and 2 will proceed in the work item phase.

**NG Interface**

Option 1 (direct connection of an NR Femto Node to the 5GC via the NG interface) is already possible and shall not be precluded.

In order to maintain the existing infrastructure for an operator who has deployed LTE HeNBs, Option 2 with an optional NR Femto GW should be selected.

**Xn Interface**

Option A (direct connection of an NR Femto Node to other NR Femto Nodes / gNBs via the Xn interface) is already possible and shall not be precluded.

**Access Control**

Using existing NG-RAN CAG functionality for NR Femto Nodes is already possible, same as for gNBs.

**Access to Local Services**

Using existing functionality supporting a co-located local UPF for NR Femto Nodes is already possible, same as for gNBs.

* Access control

Proposal 1: For Access control, NR Femto reuses the existing CAG functionalities, no enhancement is needed.

To support the access control during the initial access and mobility, the NR Femto can resue the existing CAG mechanism which is defined for the PNI-NPN.

With the existing CAG mechanism, the access modes involved in CSG, i.e. open, hybrid and closed, can be supported as the following:

- To support the open access mode: The NR Femto activates a PLMN cell, which can be accessed by legacy UE without access control.

- To support the hybrid access mode: The NR Femto cell can be shared by both PLMN and CAG, through broadcast both the plmn-IdentityInfoList and the npn-IdentityInfoList-r16 in the SIB1, but without the cellReservedForOtherUse. Then, this cell is accessible as a CAG cell by UEs which has the allowed CAG list including this cell. For the legacy UE not supporting CAG, this cell is viewed as a normal PLMN cell.

- To support the closed access mode: The NR Femto activates an NPN-only cell by broadcasting the cellReservedForOtherUse IE with value be set as “true”, then this cell can only be accessed by the UEs whose allowed CAG list includes a CAG-ID broadcasted by the NR Femto cell.

* Local services

**Proposal 1: In order to access local services through a local breakout, a NR femto node may connect to a local UPF (co-located or stand-alone) providing the necessary functionality and terminating N9 toward the central UPF and N6 toward the local data network.**

**Proposal 2: If desired, when accessing local services according to 5GC UP architecture for femto deployments, support for Session and Service Continuity should follow current specified behavior by SA2.**

**Observation 1: All necessary functionality is already specified by SA2.**

* how to select the local UPF to be collocated with the NR Femto?

**Proposal 1**: RAN3 to discuss which option to take and acknowledge associated standards impact.

**Option 1: use the Cell ID of ULI report from NR Femto**

**Option 2: use the TAI report from NR Femto**

**Option 3: NR Femto indicates an address to 5GC (similar to LIPA)**

* CAG-CSG mobility (R3-243020/ S2-2405813)

RAN3 thanks for the SA2 LS on support of UE move between CAG cell of 5G Femto and CSG cell

(R3-243020/ S2-2405813). RAN3 answer the SA2 questions as following:

**Question 1: SA2 would like to know whether the two solutions mentioned above have any impact on the RAN (e.g., for RAN procedures)?**

Answer: RAN3 analyzed the two solutions and concluded that solution1 has UE and RAN impact. For solution2, there is no UE or RAN impact since the access control is conducted by AMF/MME. However, handover failure may occur with solution2. In the SID(RP-240319), it states that “It is expected that there should be no impact to UEs at this late stage of 5G deployment”.

* Solution1: The UE partitions CSG-CAG ID and constructs mapped CSG/CAG ID, and reports to the NG-RAN or E-UTRAN (depending on the considered mobility direction) as described in pCR (S2-2405814).
* Solution2: RAN recognizes the target CSG cell (or the target CAG cell) as an open cell during the handover (e.g., via local configuration) and the core network performs access control as described in pCR (S2-2405789).

**Question 2: SA2 has reserved the time units for the normative work of WT#1 based on the result of RAN3 work (RP-234041), which is expected to start in SA2 from SA2#164. Therefore, SA2 requests to confirm the conclusion of RAN3 on overall architecture, etc., which will be used as the basis for SA2's normative work.**

Answer: RAN3 have already studied the overall architecture of 5G femto (see attached TR).

# Conclusion, Recommendations

# References

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| [R3-244019](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244019.zip) | LS on questions regarding FS\_VMR\_Ph2 (SA2(Samsung)) | LS in |
| [R3-244118](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244118.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on supporting WAB and the reply LS to SA2 (ZTE Corporation) | other |
| [R3-244119](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244119.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on WAB mobility (ZTE Corporation) | other |
| [R3-244120](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244120.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on other aspects in WAB (ZTE Corporation) | other |
| [R3-244121](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244121.zip) | Discussion on Network Selection for WAB (Fraunhofer IIS, Fraunhofer HHI) | discussion |
| [R3-244140](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244140.zip) | (draft Reply LS) Discussion on reply LS to SA2 on questions regaring VS\_VMR\_Ph2 (Qualcomm Inc.) | other |
| [R3-244141](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244141.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Remaining issues for WAB (Qualcomm Inc.) | other |
| [R3-244142](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244142.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Conclusion of study on WAB (Qualcomm Inc.) | other |
| [R3-244154](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244154.zip) | Discussion on the architecture and mobility for WAB (NEC) | discussion |
| [R3-244231](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244231.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799 & draft reply LS) On WAB architecture and authorization (CATT) | other |
| [R3-244232](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244232.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on WAB mobility (CATT) | other |
| [R3-244233](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244233.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discusson on resource multiplexing for WAB (CATT) | other |
| [R3-244269](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244269.zip) | (pCR for TR 38.799): Functional Aspects of WAB-Nodes (Ericsson) | pCR |
| [R3-244270](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244270.zip) | (pCR for TR 38.799): Handling of Reliability and Latency for WAB (Ericsson) | pCR |
| [R3-244271](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244271.zip) | Reply to SA2 Questions Regarding UE Access Control and Additional ULI (Ericsson) | discussion |
| [R3-244316](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244316.zip) | Discussion on architecture and QoS mapping for WAB (Lenovo) | discussion |
| [R3-244317](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244317.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on WAB-gNB migration (Lenovo) | other |
| [R3-244318](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244318.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on resource multiplexing for WAB node (Lenovo) | other |
| [R3-244334](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244334.zip) | Discussion on enhancements for WAB (CANON Research Centre France) | discussion |
| [R3-244337](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244337.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on Xn support for WAB-gNB and Traffic Mapping (Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell) | other |
| [R3-244338](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244338.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on WAB mobility (Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell) | other |
| [R3-244339](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244339.zip) | Discussion on SA2 LS (Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell) | discussion |
| [R3-244392](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244392.zip) | (TP for TR 38.799) Remaining open issues in WAB (LG Electronics) | other |
| [R3-244394](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244394.zip) | (TP for TR 38.799) Access control and location information in WAB (LG Electronics) | other |
| [R3-244395](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244395.zip) | Reply LS on questions regarding FS\_VMR\_Ph2 (LG Electronics) | LS out To: RAN2, SA2 CC: |
| [R3-244526](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244526.zip) | Discussion on the Architecture, access control and QoS mappingsupport of WAB (Huawei) | pCR |
| [R3-244527](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244527.zip) | Discussion on WAB mobility and other some remaining issues (Huawei) | pCR |
| [R3-244528](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244528.zip) | Discussion on SA2's LS (S2-2407345) on questions regarding FS\_VMR\_Ph2 (Huawei) | discussion |
| [R3-244541](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244541.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on support WAB (Samsung) | pCR |
| [R3-244542](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244542.zip) | Discussion on WAB mobility (Samsung) | discussion |
| [R3-244543](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244543.zip) | (draft Reply LS) Discussion on LS for VMR from SA2 (Samsung) | discussion |
| [R3-244562](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244562.zip) | On WAB Awareness and Authorization (China Telecom) | discussion |
| [R3-244563](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244563.zip) | On Xn Connection Management (China Telecom) | discussion |
| [R3-244631](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244631.zip) | Discussion on Wireless Access Backhaul (NTT DOCOMO INC.) | discussion |

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| [R3-244012](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244012.zip) | Reply LS on Support of UE move between CAG cell of 5G Femto and CSG cell (RAN2(LGE)) | LS in |
| [R3-244101](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244101.zip) | (TP for TR 38.799) Access to local services from the 5G Femto via distributed UPF (Huawei) | other |
| [R3-244143](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244143.zip) | (draft Reply LS) Discussion on reply LS to SA2 on Support of UE move between CAG cell of 5G Femto and CSG cell (Qualcomm Inc.) | other |
| [R3-244144](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244144.zip) | Support of local services with UPF at NR Femto (Qualcomm Inc.) | discussion |
| [R3-244145](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244145.zip) | Conclusion of study on NR Femto (Qualcomm Inc.) | discussion |
| [R3-244167](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244167.zip) | (Draft reply LS) Mobility between CAG cell and CSG cell (NEC) | discussion |
| [R3-244168](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244168.zip) | NR femto (NEC) | discussion |
| [R3-244171](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244171.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799)Discussion on architecture and access control of NR Femto (ZTE Corporation) | discussion |
| [R3-244172](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244172.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799)Discussion on support of local services (ZTE Corporation) | discussion |
| [R3-244173](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244173.zip) | (TP for TR 38.799)Evaluation of NR Femto Architecture Options (ZTE Corporation) | discussion |
| [R3-244202](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244202.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Proposals on NR Femto Architecture (Baicells) | discussion |
| [R3-244234](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244234.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on 5G Femto architecture (CATT) | other |
| [R3-244235](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244235.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) On 5G Femto local service access (CATT) | other |
| [R3-244236](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244236.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) On 5G Femto access control mechanism (CATT) | other |
| [R3-244258](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244258.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) On Access Control and Mobility for NR Femto (China Telecom) | other |
| [R3-244259](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244259.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) On local service access for NR Femto (China Telecom) | other |
| [R3-244319](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244319.zip) | Discussion on interworking between CAG and CSG cells (Lenovo) | discussion |
| [R3-244320](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244320.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Access control and handover for NR Femto with CAG (Lenovo) | other |
| [R3-244321](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244321.zip) | Local services for NR Femto via collocated local UPF (Lenovo) | discussion |
| [R3-244369](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244369.zip) | (Non-Opinionated) Analysis of CAG-CSG Mobility Support (Ericsson, NTT Docomo, Huawei, ZTE, LG Electronics Inc., Deutsche Telekom) | discussion |
| [R3-244370](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244370.zip) | Discussion and Potential Conclusions for NR Femto (Ericsson) | pCR |
| [R3-244371](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244371.zip) | NR Femto Node Access Control with CAG (Ericsson) | pCR |
| [R3-244372](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244372.zip) | Access to Local Services via Local UPF (Ericsson) | pCR |
| [R3-244396](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244396.zip) | (TP for TR 38.799) Remaining open issues in 5G Femto (LG Electronics) | other |
| [R3-244414](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244414.zip) | [TP for TR 38.799] Conclusion on NR Femto Architecture Options (Nokia, TMO US, AT&T, Verizon Wireless, British Telekom, NTT Docomo, KDDI, Charter) | other |
| [R3-244415](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244415.zip) | Answer to SA2 LS on UE Move between CAG cell and CSG cell (Nokia ) | discussion |
| [R3-244416](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244416.zip) | [TP for TR 38.799] Temporary Access Control for NR Femtos and Mobility (Nokia ) | other |
| [R3-244419](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244419.zip) | [TP for TR 38.799] Access to Local Services (Nokia ) | other |
| [R3-244529](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244529.zip) | Discussion on the architecture for NR Femto (Huawei) | pCR |
| [R3-244530](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244530.zip) | Discussion on the access control for NR Femto (Huawei) | pCR |
| [R3-244544](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244544.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on Femto architecture (Samsung) | pCR |
| [R3-244545](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244545.zip) | (TP to TR 38.799) Discussion on access control and handover for NR Femto (Samsung) | pCR |
| [R3-244589](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244589.zip) | Discussion on 5G Femto architecture (CMCC) | discussion |
| [R3-244590](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244590.zip) | Discussion on access control for 5G Femto with CAG (CMCC) | discussion |
| [R3-244591](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244591.zip) | Draft Reply LS to request clarification on the potential baseline system architecture of 5G NR Femto (CMCC) | LS out To: SA3 CC: SA2 |
| [R3-244632](file:///D:\会议硬盘\TSGR3_125\Docs\R3-244632.zip) | Discussion on 5G Femto (NTT DOCOMO INC.) | discussion |