**3GPP TSG RAN WG1 #118bis**  **R1-240xxxxx**

**Hefei, China, October 14th– 18th, 2024**

**Source: Moderator (Fujitsu)**

**Title: FL summary 1 of Maintenance on Further NR Mobility Enhancements**

**Agenda Item: 8.1**

**Document for: Information**

# Introduction

This contribution is a Feature Lead (FL) summary for the CRs for mobility enhancements under A.I. 8.1.

# Plan for GTW/Online discussion

##### [Tuesday session]

# List of Contributions

### Mobility Enhancement

R1-2407783 Discussion on the maximum number of PL RS maintained simultaneously for candidate cells ZTE Corporation, Sanechips

R1-2407784 Draft CR on the maximum number of PL RS maintained simultaneously for candidate cells in TS 38.213 ZTE Corporation, Sanechips

R1-2408604 Draft CR for 38.212 on names of LTM parameters Ericsson

R1-2408611 Draft CR for 38.213 on UE-based TA measurement Ericsson

R1-2408625 Draft CR on TCI state application for the candidate cell Samsung

R1-2408744 Correction on SSB-RO mapping for LTM Google

R1-2408745 Correction on early UL synchronization for LTM Google

R1-2408888 Draft CR on LTM PRACH and serving UL transmition in the same band MediaTek Inc.

R1-2408889 Draft CR on LTM TA command application time MediaTek Inc.

R1-2408969 Corrections to the Pathloss RS in LTM TCI state in TS38.213 Huawei, HiSilicon

# void

# Issues in RAN1#118bis

## [High] Issue 1-1: Pathloss maintenance for candidate cells

### Summary of Proposal

R1-2407783 Discussion on the maximum number of PL RS maintained simultaneously for candidate cells ZTE Corporation, Sanechips
R1-2407784 Draft CR on the maximum number of PL RS maintained simultaneously for candidate cells in TS 38.213 ZTE Corporation, Sanechips
R1-2408969 Corrections to the Pathloss RS in LTM TCI state in TS38.213 Huawei, HiSilicon

* This is to specify how many pathloss RSs needs to be maintained. The differences of the 2 companies’ proposals are:
* The number of pathloss RSs UE maintains ([4] or 8)

**TP by ZTE for 38.213**

**21 L1/L2-triggered mobility procedures**

A UE can be indicated, by *LTM-Config*, candidate cells and SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell for the UE to obtain synchronization and measure corresponding L1-RSRPs [10, TS 38.133]. A Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE can activate TCI states, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*, associated with SS/PBCH blocks or TRS of corresponding candidate cells [11, TS 38.321]. The RS index for obtaining the candidate cell downlink pathloss estimate is provided by pathlossReferenceRS-Id in the *CandidateTCI-State* or *CandidateTCI-UL-State.* A UE does not expect to simultaneously maintain more than eight PL RSs associated with activated TCI states for all candidate cells before reception of the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE.If the Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE activates TCI states, an LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can indicate a TCI state from the activated TCI states; otherwise, the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can activate and indicate a TCI state, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*. After reception of the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE, activated TCI states that are not indicated by the MAC CE are deactivated and a UE does not expect to maintain PL RS(s) that are not provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State* indicated in LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE. The UE is provided configurations by *ltm-CSI-ReportConfigToAddModList* for reporting L1-RSRP measurements [6, TS 38.214] that include a number of candidate cells and a number of SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell from the number of candidate cells.

**TP by Huawei for 38.213**

**21 L1/L2-triggered mobility procedures**

< Unchanged parts are omitted >

A UE can be indicated, by *LTM-Config*, candidate cells and SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell for the UE to obtain synchronization and measure corresponding L1-RSRPs [10, TS 38.133]. A Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE can activate TCI states, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*, associated with SS/PBCH blocks or TRS of corresponding candidate cells [11, TS 38.321]. The RS index for obtaining the candidate cell downlink pathloss estimate is provided by *pathlossReferenceRS-Id* in the *CandidateTCI-State* or *CandidateTCI-UL-State.* A UE does not expect to simultaneously maintain more than [four] pathloss estimates across all candidate cells, associated with the activated TCI states, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State,* before LTM cell switch.If the Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE activates TCI states, an LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can indicate a TCI state from the activated TCI states; otherwise, the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can activate and indicate a TCI state, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*. After reception of the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE, activated TCI states that are not indicated by the MAC CE are deactivated. The UE is provided configurations by *ltm-CSI-ReportConfigToAddModList* for reporting L1-RSRP measurements [6, TS 38.214] that include a number of candidate cells and a number of SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell from the number of candidate cells.

### Companies’ views

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Essential or Not(Yes or No) | Comment |
| FL | Need clarification first | FL’s understanding after the previous meeting is that:* the necessity of this CR depends on RAN4
	+ if RAN4 defines only relaxed requirement considering non-maintained pathloss, pathloss maintenance for candidate cells is not necessary to be specified in RAN1
	+ Otherwise, RAN1 can specify pathloss maintenance

OK to approve either CR if the RAN4 situation met this condition.  |
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### FL proposal 1-v1

TBD

## [High] Issue 1-2: UE-based TA measurement

### Summary of Proposal

R1-2408611 Draft CR for 38.213 on UE-based TA measurement Ericsson

🡪 Clarify in 38.213 that the UE only calculates a TA value if the TA command in the cell switch command is FFF, which is captured in RAN2 MAC specification.

TP to 38.213

**21 L1/L2-triggered mobility procedures**

A UE can be indicated, by *LTM-Config*, candidate cells and SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell for the UE to obtain synchronization and measure corresponding L1-RSRPs [10, TS 38.133]. A Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE can activate TCI states, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*, associated with SS/PBCH blocks or TRS of corresponding candidate cells [11, TS 38.321]. The RS index for obtaining the candidate cell downlink pathloss estimate is provided by *pathlossReferenceRS-Id* in the *CandidateTCI-State* or *CandidateTCI-UL-State.* If the Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE activates TCI states, an LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can indicate a TCI state from the activated TCI states; otherwise, the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can activate and indicate a TCI state, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*. After reception of the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE, activated TCI states that are not indicated by the MAC CE are deactivated. The UE is provided configurations by *ltm-CSI-ReportConfigToAddModList* for reporting L1-RSRP measurements [6, TS 38.214] that include a number of candidate cells and a number of SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell from the number of candidate cells.

If *ltm-UE-MeasuredTA-ID* of a candidate cell and *ltm-ServingCellUE-MeasuredTA-ID* of the serving cell are provided to a UE and have same value, and if the Timing Advance Command field in the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE is not FFF, the UE estimates based on the UE implementation a timing advance to apply from a first transmission on the candidate cell that is after the reception of a cell switch command for the candidate cell when the condition defined in clause 5.18.35 of [11, TS 38.321] is satisfied.

<Unchanged text omitted>

### Companies’ views

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Essential or Not(Yes or No) | Comment |
| FL | No | The last part of this sentence “when the condition defined in clause 5.18.35 of [11, TS 38.321] is satisfied.” is captured for the same intention avoiding capturing the same/duplicated description in RAN2 specifications.  |
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### FL proposal 2-v1

TBD

## [High] Issue 1-3: Timeline for TCI state application

### Summary of Proposal

R1-2408625 Draft CR on TCI state application for the candidate cell Samsung

🡪 for Candidate cell PRACH, the two missing RRC parameters are pointed out

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| --- |
| 21 L1/L2-triggered mobility procedures< Unchanged parts are omitted >A UE can be provided by a LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE in a PDSCH reception on the serving cell [11, TS 38.321] a TCI state ID and/or an UL TCI state ID indicating a *CandidateTCI-State* and/or *CandidateTCI-UL-State* from *ltm-DL-OrJointTCI-StateToAddModList* and/or *ltm-UL-TCI-StateToAddModList* [6, TS 38.214] for applicable receptions or transmissions on a candidate cell from the number of candidate cells. The UE may assume that DM-RS antenna ports for PDCCH receptions and for PDSCH receptions are quasi co-located with the SS/PBCH block or the TRS in the TCI state with respect to quasi co-location 'typeA' and 'typeD' properties, when applicable. The UE does not expect to be indicated quasi co-location 'typeA' properties when a SS/PBCH block is configured as a source RS of the TCI state. The UE applies the *CandidateTCI-State* and/or *CandidateTCI-UL-State,* if indicated by the MAC CE, no later than after the last symbol of a PUCCH or PUSCH with HARQ-ACK information for the PDSCH providing the MAC CE, where , , and are defined in [10, TS 38.133]*.* For RACH-based LTM cell switch [19, TS 38.300], the UE applies the *CandidateTCI-State* for receptions on the candidate cell, and applies a spatial domain filter corresponding to the *CandidateTCI-State* or the *CandidateTCI-UL-State* for transmissions on the candidate cell, that are after the completion of the random access procedure associated with the PRACH transmission on the candidate cell and before a new indicated TCI state is applied for the candidate cell. For RACH-less LTM cell switch [19, TS 38.300], the UE applies the *CandidateTCI-State* for receptions on the candidate cell and applies a spatial domain filter corresponding to the *CandidateTCI-State* or the *CandidateTCI-UL-State* for transmissions on the candidate cell before a new indicated TCI state is applied for the candidate cell.< Unchanged parts are omitted > |

### Companies’ views

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| Company | Essential or Not(Yes or No) | Comment |
| FL | Need discussion (but tend to No) | FL wonders whether the UE can receive/transmit signals using *CandidateTCI-State/CandidateTCI-UL-State* after the reception of new TCI state because UE is in the transition phase. Even without this CR, the system wouldn’t be broken.  |
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### FL proposal 3-v1

TBD

## [High] Issue 1-4: SSB-RO mapping for LTM

### Summary of Proposal

R1-2408744 Correction on SSB-RO mapping for LTM Google

* It is clarified that *ssb-PositionsInBurst* is also provided in *LTM-SSB-Config* for LTM.

#### TP to 38.213

8.1 Random access preamble

< Unchanged parts are omitted >

SS/PBCH block indexes provided by *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *SIB1* or in *ServingCellConfigCommon* or in *SSB-MTC-AdditionalPCI* or in *LTM-SSB-Config* are mapped to valid PRACH occasions in the following order where the parameters are described in [4, TS 38.211].

- First, in increasing order of preamble indexes within a single PRACH occasion

- Second, in increasing order of frequency resource indexes for frequency multiplexed PRACH occasions

- Third, in increasing order of time resource indexes for time multiplexed PRACH occasions within a PRACH slot

- Fourth, in increasing order of indexes for PRACH slots

An association period, starting from frame 0, for mapping SS/PBCH block indexes to PRACH occasions is the smallest integer number in the set determined by the PRACH configuration period according Table 8.1-1 such that SS/PBCH block indexes are mapped at least once to the PRACH occasions within the association period, where a UE obtains from the value of *ssb-PositionsInBurst* in *SIB1* or in *ServingCellConfigCommon* or in *SSB-MTC-AdditionalPCI* or in *LTM-SSB-Config.* If after an integer number of SS/PBCH block indexes to PRACH occasions mapping cycles within the association period there is a set of PRACH occasions or PRACH preambles that are not mapped to SS/PBCH block indexes, no SS/PBCH block indexes are mapped to the set of PRACH occasions or PRACH preambles. An association pattern period includes one or more association periods and is determined so that a pattern between PRACH occasions and SS/PBCH block indexes repeats at most every 160 msec. PRACH occasions not associated with SS/PBCH block indexes after an integer number of association periods, if any, are not used for PRACH transmissions.

< Unchanged parts are omitted >

### Companies’ views

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| Company | Essential or Not(Yes or No) | Comment |
| FL | Yes | Agree with the proponent |
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### FL proposal 4-v1

TBD

## [High] Issue 1-5: PRACH and serving UL transmition in the same band

### Summary of Proposal

R1-2408888 Draft CR on LTM PRACH and serving UL transmition in the same band MediaTek Inc.

🡪 This CR is to differentiate the scenarios of the timing condition for LTM simultaneous UL transmission.

**21 L1/L2-triggered mobility procedures**

A UE can be indicated, by *LTM-Config*, candidate cells and SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell for the UE to obtain synchronization and measure corresponding L1-RSRPs [10, TS 38.133]. A Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE can activate TCI states, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*, associated with SS/PBCH blocks or TRS of corresponding candidate cells [11, TS 38.321]. The RS index for obtaining the candidate cell downlink pathloss estimate is provided by pathlossReferenceRS-Id in the *CandidateTCI-State* or *CandidateTCI-UL-State.* If the Candidate Cell TCI States Activation/Deactivation MAC CE activates TCI states, an LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can indicate a TCI state from the activated TCI states; otherwise, the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE can activate and indicate a TCI state, provided by *CandidateTCI-State* or/and *CandidateTCI-UL-State*. After reception of the LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE, activated TCI states that are not indicated by the MAC CE are deactivated. The UE is provided configurations by *ltm-CSI-ReportConfigToAddModList* for reporting L1-RSRP measurements [6, TS 38.214] that include a number of candidate cells and a number of SS/PBCH blocks per candidate cell from the number of candidate cells.

If *ltm-UE-MeasuredTA-ID* of a candidate cell and *ltm-ServingCellUE-MeasuredTA-ID* of the serving cell are provided to a UE and have same value, the UE estimates based on the UE implementation a timing advance to apply from a first transmission on the candidate cell that is after the reception of a cell switch command for the candidate cell when the condition defined in clause 5.18.35 of [11, TS 38.321] is satisfied.

A UE can be provided configurations, by *EarlyUL-SyncConfig*, for PRACH transmission parameters for each of the candidate cells. The UE can be triggered a PRACH transmission on a candidate cell by a PDCCH order that the UE receives on a serving cell and includes an indication of the candidate cell for the PRACH transmission [4, TS 38.212]. If the serving cell and the candidate cell operate in a same frequency range in different band and the UE would have transmissions that overlap in time, or when a gap between a first or last symbol of a PRACH transmission to the candidate cell is less than 𝑁 symbols from a last or first symbol, respectively, of an UL transmission to the serving cell, where is defined in Clause 8.1, the UE

- drops the transmissions on the serving cell when the UE does not support transmissions that overlap in time or are separated by less than the gap on the serving cell and the candidate cell and the UL transmission to the serving cell is other than a RACH Msg 1, Msg A, or Msg 3 transmission.

- prioritizes power allocation to the PRACH transmission on the candidate cell in clause 7.5 when the UE supports transmissions that overlap in time or are separated by less than the gap, and a total UE transmit power in the frequency range would exceed .

If the serving cell and the candidate cell operate in a same frequency range in the same band and the UE would have PRACH transmission to a candidate cell and the UL transmission to the serving cell in the same slot, or when a gap between a first or last symbol of a PRACH transmission to the candidate cell is less than 𝑁 symbols from a last or first symbol, respectively, of an UL transmission to the serving cell, where is defined in Clause 8.1, the UE

- drops the transmissions on the serving cell when the UE does not support the PRACH transmission to a candidate cell and the UL transmission to the serving cell occurs in the same slot or is separated by less than the gap on the serving cell and the candidate cell and the UL transmission to the serving cell is other than a RACH Msg 1, Msg A, or Msg 3 transmission.

- prioritizes power allocation to the PRACH transmission on the candidate cell in clause 7.5 when the UE supports the PRACH transmission to a candidate cell and the UL transmission to the serving cell occurs in the same slot or is separated by less than the gap, and a total UE transmit power in the frequency range would exceed .

The UE transmits the PRACH on the candidate cell as described in Clause 8.1 with a power determined as described in Clause 7.4.

\*\*\* Unchanged parts are omitted \*\*\*

### Companies’ view

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| Company | Essential or Not(Yes or No) | Comment |
| FL | No | FL’s understanding is that the current spec works even though it is not optimal. It is also said in the coversheet that “the timing condition of LTM simultaneous UL transmission for intra-band case seems to be too stringent and should be relaxed to align with timing condition of simultaneous UL transmission in intra-band CA”  |
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### FL proposal 5-v1

TBD

## [High] Issue 1-6: TA command application time

### Summary of Proposal

R1-2408889 Draft CR on LTM TA command application time MediaTek

* This CR provides the application time for a timing advance command provided in a cell switch command

**.** **4.2 Transmission timing adjustments**

\*\*\* Unchanged parts are omitted \*\*\*

For a timing advance command in the case of random access response or in an absolute timing advance command MAC CE received on uplink slot and for a transmission other than a PUSCH scheduled by a RAR UL grant or a fallbackRAR UL grant as described in clause 8.2A or 8.3, or a PUCCH with HARQ-ACK information in response to a successRAR as described in clause 8.2A, the corresponding adjustment of the uplink transmission timing applies from the beginning of uplink slot where , is a time duration in msec of symbols corresponding to a PDSCH processing time for UE processing capability 1 when additional PDSCH DM-RS is configured, is a time duration in msec of symbols corresponding to a PUSCH preparation time for UE processing capability 1 [6, TS 38.214], is the maximum timing advance value in msec that can be provided by a TA command field of 12 bits, is the number of slots per subframe, is the subframe duration of 1 msec, and , where is provided by *cellSpecificKoffset* and is provided by a Differential Koffset MAC CE command [11, TS 38.321]; otherwise, if not respectively provided,  or . and are determined with respect to the minimum SCS among the SCSs of all configured UL BWPs for all uplink carriers in the TAG and of all configured DL BWPs for the corresponding downlink carriers. For , the UE assumes [6, TS 38.214]. Slot and are determined with respect to the minimum SCS among the SCSs of all configured UL BWPs for all uplink carriers in the TAG. is determined with respect to the minimum SCS among the SCSs of all configured UL BWPs for all uplink carriers in the TAG and for all configured initial UL BWPs provided by *initialUplinkBWP*. The uplink slot is the last slot among uplink slot(s) overlapping with the slot(s) of PDSCH reception assuming , where the PDSCH provides the timing advance command and is defined in [4, TS 38.211]. For a timing advance command provided in a cell switch command received on uplink slot , the corresponding adjustment of the uplink transmission timing applies from the beginning of uplink slot on the candidate cell that comes after the ending time of slot on serving cell where , is a time duration in msec of symbols corresponding to a PDSCH processing time for UE processing capability 1 when additional PDSCH DM-RS is configured, is a time duration in msec of symbols corresponding to a PUSCH preparation time for UE processing capability 1 [6, TS 38.214], is the maximum timing advance value in msec that can be provided by a TA command field of 12 bits, is the number of slots per subframe, is the subframe duration of 1 msec, and , where is provided by *cellSpecificKoffset* and is provided by a Differential Koffset MAC CE command [11, TS 38.321]; otherwise, if not respectively provided, or . and are determined with respect to the minimum SCS among the SCSs of all configured UL BWPs for all uplink carriers in the primary TAG used before the cell switch command is received and of all configured DL BWPs for the corresponding downlink carriers. For , the UE assumes [6, TS 38.214]. Slot and are determined with respect to the minimum SCS among the SCSs of all configured UL BWPs for all uplink carriers in the primary TAG used before the cell switch command is received. is determined with respect to the minimum SCS among the SCSs of all configured UL BWPs for all uplink carriers in the primary TAG used before the cell switch command is received and for all configured initial UL BWPs provided by *initialUplinkBWP*. The uplink slot is the last slot among uplink slot(s) overlapping with the slot(s) of PDSCH reception assuming , where the PDSCH provides the timing advance command and is defined in [4, TS 38.211].”

\*\*\* Unchanged parts are omitted \*\*\*

### Companies’ views

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| Company | Essential or Not(Yes or No) | Comment |
| FL | Discussion needed  | Firstly, this CR is for the procedure after cell switch command. Hence, it would be more appropriate to describe the necessary procedure in section 21 of TS 38.213.Secondly, it wouldn’t be so important to define a similar timeline with legacy one. A UE can simply apply the TA in CSC by the first UL transmission at the target cel. (FL thinks this was proposed by Ericsson at RAN1#116)FL is fine to address this issue if the approach above is taken. The final decision/CR can be postponed to the next meeting as this is bis meeting.  |
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### FL proposal 6-v1

TBD

## [High] Issue 1-7: Alignment CRs

### Summary of Proposal

R1-2408604 Draft CR for 38.212 on names of LTM parameters Ericsson
R1-2408745 Correction on early UL synchronization for LTM Google

🡪 This CR fixes the parameter name.

**CR for 38.212**

6.3.1.1.2 CSI only

If *cqi-BitsPerSubband* is configured, this Clause 6.3.1.1.2 applies by taking Subband CQI as Subband differential CQI and replacing the corresponding number of bits 2 by 4.

<unchanged text omitted>

**Table 6.3.1.1.2-8C: Mapping order of CSI fields of one report for SSBRI/RSRP reporting for L1/L2‑triggered mobility**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CSI report number** | **CSI fields** |
| CSI report #n | SSBRI #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported |
| SSBRI #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported |
| … |
| SSBRI # as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported |
| RSRP #1 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported |
| Differential RSRP #2 as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported |
| … |
| Differential RSRP # as in Table 6.3.1.1.2-6, if reported |
| NOTE: *L* is the number of reported cells provided by higher layer parameter *nrOfReportedCells* and *M* is the number of reported SSBRI/RSRP pairs per cell and equal to the value provided by higher layer parameter nrOfReportedRS-PerCell*.* |

<unchanged text omitted>

**.3.1.2.1 Format 1\_0**

< Unchanged parts are omitted >

- Cell indicator - bits indicating the cell for the corresponding PRACH transmission if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *EarlyUL-SyncConfig*, where *C* is the number of candidate cells configured with higher layer parameter *EarlyUL-SyncConfig*; 0 bit otherwise. The bit field index 0 of the cell indicator field is mapped to the serving cell, and other bit field indexes are mapped to the candidate cells configured with higher layer parameter *EarlyUL-SyncConfig* according to an ascending order of a candidate identity configured by *ltm-CandidateId*, with the bit field index 1 mapped to the candidate cell with the smallest candidate identity.

- PRACH association indicator - 0 or 1 bit

- 1bit if the UE is provided with *tag2-Id*, and the UE is not provided *coresetPoolIndex* or is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 0 for the first CORESETs, and is provided *coresetPoolIndex* with value 1 for the second CORESETs. This field is reserved if the cell indicated by Cell indicator field is a candidate cell.

- This field indicates the PCI associated with the PRACH transmission if the UE is provided *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI*. The bit field index 0 of this field is mapped to the PCI of the serving cell, and the bit field index 1 of this field is mapped to the additional PCI associated with active TCI states.

- This field indicates the PL-RS for the PRACH transmission if the UE is not provided *SSB-MTC-AddtionalPCI*. The bit field index 0 of this field is mapped to the DL RS that the DM-RS of the PDCCH order is quasi-collocated with, and the bit field index 1 of this field is mapped to the SS/PBCH indicated by the SS/PBCH index field in this DCI format.

- 0 bit otherwise.

- PRACH retransmission indicator - 0 or 1 bit

- 1bit if the UE is configured with higher layer parameter *EarlyUL-SyncConfig*. This field indicates initial transmission or retransmission of PRACH according to Table 7.3.1.2.1-3 if the cell indicated by Cell indicator field is a candidate cell, and this field is reserved if the cell indicated by Cell indicator field is a serving cell but not a candidate cell.

- 0 bit otherwise.

- Reserved bits - a number of bits as determined by the following:

- (12 - - ) bits for operation in a cell with shared spectrum channel access in frequency range 1 or when the DCI format is monitored in common search space for operation in a cell in frequency range 2-2;

- (10 - - ) bits otherwise;

where,

- if the UE is not configured with higher layer parameter *EarlyUL-SyncConfig*; +1 otherwise.

- if the "PRACH association indicator" field is not present in this DCI format; otherwise.

< Unchanged parts are omitted >

### Companies’ views

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| Company | Essential or Not(Yes or No) | Comment |
| FL | Yes | Both CRs can be included in editor’s alignment CRnrOfReportedRS-PerCellin the first CR should be italic, but the editor can fix it.  |
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### FL proposal 7-v1

TBD