**3GPP TSG-CT WG3 Meeting #136 *C3-244400***

**Maastricht, NL, 19 – 23 Aug, 2024**

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| *CR-Form-v12.3* | | | | | | | | |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** | | | | | | | | |
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|  | **29.525** | **CR** | **0360** | **rev** | **1** | **Current version:** | **18.6.1** |  |
|  | | | | | | | | |
| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME |  | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network | **X** |

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| ***Title:*** | UE Policy Association control based on UDM Subscription Data | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to WG:*** | Ericsson, AT&T, China Telecom, Nokia, Huawei | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | CT3 | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Work item code:*** | TEI19\_MINPA | | | | |  | ***Date:*** | | | 2024-08-20 |
|  |  | | | |  | |  | | |  |
| ***Category:*** | **B** |  | | | | | ***Release:*** | | | Rel-19 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:* ***F*** *(correction)* ***A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)* ***B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)* ***D*** *(editorial modification)*  Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | | | | | | | | *Use one of the following releases: Rel-8 (Release 8) Rel-9 (Release 9) Rel-10 (Release 10) Rel-11 (Release 11) … Rel-17 (Release 17) Rel-18 (Release 18) Rel-19 (Release 19) Rel-20 (Release 20)* | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Reason for change:*** | | When the AMF establishes a UE Policy Association but no UE Policies are to be delivered to the UE by the PCF, the unnecessary signalling between the AMF and the PCF may cause some performance degradation.  To solve this issue, the Access and Mobility Subscription Data is extended with a new indicator, the UE Policy Association indicator, on whether a UE Policy Association is “enabled” or “disabled” for a SUPI. The indicator is “enabled” when the subscriber has a service that requires UE policies to be configured in the UE; otherwise it is set to “disabled”. When the indicator is set to “enabled” the UE Policy Association is established, while when it is set to “disabled” the UE Policy Association is not established, or if it exists, the UE Policy Association is terminated. When the UE Policy Association indication is not received from the UDM, the AMF behaves based on local configuration. The indicator may change during the lifetime of the UE Policy Association. In roaming, the PLMN local configuration takes precedence over the UE Policy Association Indication, if received by the AMF. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Summary of change:*** | | The AMF creates the UE Policy Association when the UE Policy Association indication is set to “enabled” and terminates or does not create the UE Policy Association when the UE Policy Association is set to “disabled”.  To enable changes from enable to disable and viceversa at any time while the UE is registered, the UE context stores the received UE Policy Delivery message and PC5 capability.  If the AMF does not receive the UE Policy Association indication, the AMF behaves as in previous releases.  Impacts in TS 29.503 are introduced in C4-243351 CR1303. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | | Unneccesary signalling that may cause performance degradation | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | | 2, 3.2, 4.1.3.2, 4.2.2.1, 4.2.5 | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | | **Y** | **N** |  | | | |  | | |
| ***Other specs*** | |  | **X** | Other core specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***affected:*** | |  | **X** | Test specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***(show related CRs)*** | |  | **X** | O&M Specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Other comments:*** | | This CR has no impact on the OpenAPI definition. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |

**Additional discussion(if needed):**

**Proposed changes:**

\*\*\* First Change \*\*\*

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non‑specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

[2] 3GPP TS 23.501: "System Architecture for the 5G System; Stage 2".

[3] 3GPP TS 23.502: "Procedures for the 5G System; Stage 2".

[4] 3GPP TS 23.503: "Policy and Charging Control Framework for the 5G System; Stage 2".

[5] 3GPP TS 29.500: "5G System; Technical Realization of Service Based Architecture; Stage 3".

[6] 3GPP TS 29.501: "5G System; Principles and Guidelines for Services Definition; Stage 3".

[7] 3GPP TS 29.513: "5G System; Policy and Charging Control signalling flows and QoS parameter mapping; Stage 3".

[8] IETF RFC 9113: "HTTP/2".

[9] IETF RFC 8259: "The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format".

[10] OpenAPI: "OpenAPI Specification Version 3.0.0", <https://spec.openapis.org/oas/v3.0.0>.

[11] 3GPP TS 29.571: "5G System; Common Data Types for Service Based Interfaces; Stage 3".

[12] 3GPP TS 23.402: "Architecture enhancements for non-3GPP accesses".

[13] 3GPP TS 29.510: "5G System; Network Function Repository Services; Stage 3".

[14] 3GPP TS 29.518: "5G System; Access and Mobility Management Services; Stage 3".

[15] 3GPP TS 24.501: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".

[16] 3GPP TS 24.526: "UE policies for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".

[17] 3GPP TS 29.519: "5G System; Usage of the Unified Data Repository service for Policy Data, Application Data and Structured Data for Exposure; Stage 3".

[18] 3GPP TS 32.422: "Telecommunication management; Subscriber and equipment trace; Trace control and configuration management".

[19] 3GPP TS 33.501: "Security architecture and procedures for 5G system".

[20] IETF RFC 6749: "The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework".

[21] IETF RFC 9457: "Problem Details for HTTP APIs".

[22] 3GPP TR 21.900: "Technical Specification Group working methods".

[23] 3GPP TS 23.316: "Wireless and wireline convergence access support for the 5G System (5GS)".

[24] 3GPP TS 24.587: "Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".

[25] 3GPP TS 24.588: "Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS); User Equipment (UE) policies; Stage 3".

[26] 3GPP TS 29.505: "5G System; Usage of the Unified Data Repository service for Subscription Data; Stage 3".

[27] 3GPP TS 29.504:"5G System; Unified Data Repository Services; Stage 3".

[28] 3GPP TS 24.554: "Proximity based services (ProSe) in 5G system (5GS) protocol aspects; Stage 3".

[29] 3GPP TS 24.555: "Proximity based services (ProSe) in 5G system (5GS); User Equipment (UE) policies; Stage 3".

[30] 3GPP TS 29.523: "5G System; Policy Control Event Exposure Service; Stage 3".

[31] 3GPP TS 29.512: "5G System; Session Management Policy Control Service; Stage 3".

[32] 3GPP TS 24.577: "Aircraft-to-Everything (A2X) services in 5G System (5GS) protocol aspects; Stage 3".

[33] 3GPP TS 24.588: "Aircraft-to-Everything (A2X) services in 5G System (5GS); UE policies".

[34] 3GPP TS 29.531: "5G System; Network Slice Selection Services; Stage 3"

[35] 3GPP TS 29.521: "5G System; Binding Support Management Service; Stage 3".

[36] 3GPP TS 24.301: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 3".

[37] 3GPP TS 29.514: "5G System; Policy Authorization Service; Stage 3".

[38] 3GPP TS 29.520: "5G System; Network Data Analytics Services; Stage 3".

[39] 3GPP TS 29.594: "5G System; Spending Limit Control Service; Stage 3".

[40] 3GPP TS 29.502: "5G System; Session Management Services; Stage 3".

[41] 3GPP TS 29.522: "5G System; Network Exposure Function Northbound APIs; Stage 3".

[42] 3GPP TS 24.514: "Ranging based services and sidelink positioning in 5G system(5GS); Stage 3".

[43] 3GPP TS 29.503: "5G System; Unified Data Management Services; Stage 3".

\*\*\* Next Change \*\*\*

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

5G-BRG 5G Broadband Residential Gateway

5G-CRG 5G Cable Residential Gateway

5G-RG 5G Residential Gateway

5G-VN 5G Virtual Network

A2X Aircraft-to-Everything

A2XP Aircraft-to-Everything Policy

AMF Access and Mobility Management Function

ANDSP Access Network Discovery and Selection Policy

API Application Programming Interface

CHF Charging Function

DNN Data Network Name

EPS Evolved Packet Core System

FN-RG Fixed Network Residential Gateway

FN-BRG Fixed Network Broadband Residential Gateway

FN-CRG Fixed Network Cable Residential Gateway

FQDN Fully Qualified Domain Name

GPSI Generic Public Subscription Identifier

GUAMI Globally Unique AMF Identifier

HFC Hybrid Fiber-Coaxial

HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol

H-PCF Home Policy Control Function

JSON JavaScript Object Notation

N3AN Non-3GPP access network

N3IWF Non-3GPP InterWorking Function

NID Network Identifier

NF Network Function

NRF Network Repository Function

NSWO Non-Seamless WLAN Offload

OS Operating System

OSId Operating System Identity

PCF Policy Control Function

PDU Packet Data Unit

PEI Permanent Equipment Identifier

PIN Personal IoT Network

PRA Presence Reporting Area

ProSeP 5G ProSe Policy

PTI Procedure Transaction Identity

RSLPP Ranging and Sidelink Positioning Policy

RSN Redundancy Sequence Number

SL Sidelink

SMF Session Management Function

SNPN Stand-alone Non-Public Network

SSC Service and Session Continuity

SUPI Subscription Permanent Identifier

TNGF Trusted Non-3GPP Gateway Function

UDM Unified Data Management

UDR Unified Data Repository

UPSC UE policy section code

UPSI UE policy section identifier

URSP UE Route Selection Policy

V2X Vehicle-to-Everything

V2XP Vehicle-to-Everything Policy

V-PCF Visited Policy Control Function

VPS VPLMN Specific

W-5GAN Wireline 5G Access Network

W-5GCAN Wireline 5G Cable Access Network

W-AGF Wireline Access Gateway Function

\*\*\* Next Change \*\*\*

#### 4.1.3.2 NF Service Consumers

The known NF service consumers of the Npcf\_UEPolicyControl are the AMF, the V-PCF in the roaming case, and a PCF for a PDU session in case of URSP provisioning in EPS.

The Access and Mobility Management function (AMF) performs:

- registration management;

- connection management;

- reachability management;

- mobility Management;

- control of UE Policy Association creation and termination based on enable/disable UE Policy Association Indicator received from UDM;

- forwarding of UE Policy towards the served UE;

- reporting of the UE state to the (V-)PCF;

- forwarding of the UE policy enforcement result received from the UE to the (V-)PCF; and

NOTE: The AMF invokes the Namf\_Communication service specified in 3GPP TS 29.518 [14] to report the UE policy enforcement result.

- forwarding of the N2 PC5 policy for V2X communications and/or A2X communications and/or 5G ProSe and/or Ranging/SL towards the NG-RAN.

The Visited Policy Control Function (V-PCF) provides the functions described in clause 4.1.3.1 towards the visited network as NF service producer and acts as NF Service consumer toward the H-PCF, performing the following functions:

- receiving policy control request trigger(s) and/or UE policy (e.g. ANDSP, URSP, V2XP, A2XP, ProSeP, RSLPP) from the H-PCF;

- receiving the N2 PC5 policy for V2X communications and/or A2X communications and/or 5G ProSe and/or Ranging/SL from the H-PCF; and

- reporting of the UE state and UE policy enforcement result to the H-PCF.

- providing the URSP rule enforcement information received from the UE to the H-PCF, if requested by the H-PCF as described in clause 4.2.2.2.3.

The PCF for a PDU session in case of URSP provisioning in EPS performs:

- forwarding of URSP towards the served UE and the URSP rule provisioning outcome from the UE; and

- forwarding towards/from the selected PDN connection the provisioning/report of the policy control request trigger(s).

\*\*\* Next Change \*\*\*

#### 4.2.2.1 General

The procedure in the present clause is applicable in the following cases:

- UE performs initial registration to the network, as defined in clause 5.5.1.2.2 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [15];

- UE performs a mobility registration, if the UE operating in single-registration mode performs inter-system change from S1 mode to N1 mode, as defined in clause 5.5.1.3.2 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [15], and there is no existing UE Policy Association between AMF and PCF for this UE;

- the AMF is relocated (between the different AMF sets) and the new AMF selects a new PCF. The procedure for the case where the AMF is relocated and the new AMF selects the old PCF is defined in clause 4.2.3.1; and

- when the UE Policy Association establishment is controled by the UE Policy Association Indicator provided by the UDM, when the indicator is set to enabled.

To support the delivery of URSP in EPS, the procedure in the present clause is also applicable when:

- When the UE triggers a BEARER RESOURCE MODIFICATION REQUEST message with a UE policy container IE after the UE performs ePCO capability negotiation during PDN connection establishment procedure (during the Initial Attach with default PDN connection establishment or during the first PDN connection establishment or during PDN connection modification without QoS update or during new PDN connection establishment when no other existing PDN connection indicates support of URPS provisioning in EPS) as defined in 3GPP TS 24.301 [33], and both, the UE and the network support URSP provisioning in EPS PCO; and

- 5GS to EPS handover or 5GS to EPS Idle Mode mobility (both referred as 5GS to EPS mobility in the present document) as defined in 3GPP TS 24.501 [15] and if the UE and at least one of the PDN connection(s) supports URSP delivery in EPS as specified in 3GPP TS 29.512 [31].

The creation of a UE policy association only applies for normally registered UEs, i.e. it does not apply for emergency-registered UEs.

Figure 4.2.2.1-1 illustrates the procedure used for the creation of a policy association.



Figure 4.2.2.1-1: Creation of a UE policy association

NOTE 1: For the roaming scenario, the PCF represents the V-PCF, if the NF service consumer is an AMF, and the PCF represents the H-PCF, if the NF service consumer is a V-PCF.

When a UE registers to the network and a UE context is being established, if the AMF obtains from the UE a UE policy delivery protocol message as defined in Annex D of 3GPP TS 24.501 [15] and/or the authorized PC5 capability for 5G ProSe, and/or the authorized PC5 capability for V2X communications and/or A2X communications, and/or the authorized PC5 capability for Ranging/SL:

i. if the AMF retrieves from the UDM the UE Policy Association Indicator set to enabled, the AMF shall establish a UE policy association with the (V-)PCF, in case there is no existing UE policy association for the UE;

ii. if the AMF received from the UDM the UE Policy Association Indicator set to disabled, the AMF shall not establish the UE policy association with the (V-)PCF.

iii. if the AMF does not receive from the UDM the UE Policy Association Indicator, the AMF may establish a UE Policy Association with the (V-)PCF based on AMF local configuration.

NOTE 2: The indication of whether the UE Policy Association is allowed by UDM subscription is delivered by the UDM to the NF service consumer within the Access and Mobility Subscription Data Retrieval service operation as described in 3GPP TS 29.503 [43].

NOTE 3: In the roaming scenario, the visited AMF's local configuration can indicate whether UE Policy delivery is needed based on the roaming agreement with the home PLMN of the UE. The AMF’s local configuration takes precedence over the UE Policy Association Indicator, if received from the HPLMN.

If the AMF receives from the UDM the UE Policy Association Indicator, the AMF shall store the UE policy container received from the UE in the UE context, if received.

If the UE Policy Association Indicator changes from disabled to enabled, the AMF shall immediately establish the UE Policy Association and shall use the UE policy container stored in the UE context, if available. The (H-)(V-)PCF provides to the UE all the applicable UE Policies.

NOTE 4: The UE applies the received UE Policies for the PDU session(s) that were established before the enablement of the UE Policy Association as specified in 3GPP TS 24.526 [16].

During UE Initial Attach with default PDN connection or the establishment of the first PDN connection in EPS or a new PDN connection when no other existing PDN connection indicates the support of URSP provisioning in EPS, if the UE and the SMF+PGW support URSP provisioning in EPS PCO, and the "EpsUrsp" feature is supported between the SMF+PGW-C and the PCF for the PDU session, the PCF for a PDU session associated with the SMF+PGW-C serving the PDN connection obtains from the UE a UE policy container in a Npcf\_SMPolicyControl\_Update procedure triggered by a bearer resource modification procedure as described in 3GPP TS 29.512 [31]. Then, if the "EpsUrsp" feature described in clause 5.8 is supported, the PCF for a PDU session shall establish a UE policy association with the (V-)PCF for the UE for the delivery of URSP only.

During 5GS to EPS mobility with N26, and if the "EpsUrsp" feature described in clause 5.8 is supported, the PCF for the PDU session determines whether 5GS to EPS mobility applies based on the received RAT and/or Access-Type change event as described in 3GPP TS 29.512 [31]. Then, for non-roaming and Home Routed roaming scenarios, the PCF for a PDU session shall determine whether the UE supports URSP provisioning in EPS by checking the UE Policy Set information in UDR as specified in 3GPP TS 29.519 [17], and if supported, shall establish a UE policy association with the PCF for the UE that is handling the UE policy association with the source AMF. For LBO roaming scenarios, the V-PCF for the PDU session determines based on local configuration whether to establish a UE Policy Association towards the V-PCF for the UE.

NOTE 5: The PCF for the PDU session discovers the address of the PCF for the UE handling the UE policy association with the source AMF by querying the BSF as described in 3GPP TS 29.521 [22].

NOTE 6: If during the 5GS to EPS mobility there are more than one PCF for the PDU session maintaining PDN connections for the UE, every PCF for the PDU session establishes a UE Policy Association towards the PCF for the UE. In LBO scenarios, the V-PCF for the UE will handle only one UE Policy Association towards the H-PCF for the UE.

To establish a UE policy association with the PCF, the NF service consumer (e.g. AMF) shall send an HTTP POST request with "{apiRoot}/npcf-ue-policy-control/v1/policies" as Resource URI and the PolicyAssociationRequest data structure as request body, which shall include:

- the Notification URI encoded as "notificationUri" attribute;

- the SUPI encoded as "supi" attribute; and

- the features supported by the NF service consumer encoded as "suppFeat" attribute,

shall also include, when available:

- the GPSI encoded as "gpsi" attribute;

- the Access type encoded as "accessType" attribute;

- the Permanent Equipment Identifier (PEI) encoded as "pei" attribute;

- the User Location Information encoded as "userLoc" attribute;

- the UE Time Zone encoded as "timeZone" attribute;

- the identifier of the serving network (the PLMN Identifier or the SNPN Identifier), encoded as "servingPlmn" attribute;

NOTE 7: The SNPN Identifier consists of the PLMN Identifier and the NID.

- the RAT type encoded as "ratType" attribute;

- the received UE policy delivery protocol message defined in Annex D of 3GPP TS 24.501 [15] encoded as "uePolReq" attribute;

- for the roaming scenario, if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the H-PCF ID encoded as "hPcfId" attribute;

- the Internal Group Identifier(s) encoded as "groupIds" attribute;

- the PC5 capability for V2X encoded as "pc5Capab" attribute if the "V2X" feature defined in clause 5.8 is supported;

- the 5G ProSe capability within the "proSeCapab" attribute, if the "ProSe" feature defined in clause 5.8 is supported;

- the Ranging/SL capability within the "rangSlCapab" attribute, if the "Ranging\_SL" feature defined in clause 5.8 is supported;

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the GUAMI encoded as "guami" attribute;

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the serving AMF Id encoded as "servingNfId" attribute;

NOTE 8: If the PCF received the "servingNfId" attribute, the PCF can use the Nnrf\_NFDiscovery Service specified in 3GPP TS 29.510 [13] to retrieve the NF profile of the Namf\_Communication service available in the indicated AMF instance Id.

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the "SliceAwareANDSP" feature is supported, and the AMF has determined that the UE has selected a non-3gpp access node (i.e. TNGF or N3IWF) that is not compatible with the allowed S-NSSAI(s), and the UE indicated the support of slice-based N3IWF and/or TNGF selection as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [15], the wrongly selected type of non-3gpp access node encoded as "n3gNodeReSel" attribute, and, in the roaming case, also the Configured NSSAI for the serving PLMN encoded as "confSnssais" attribute;

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the Satellite Backhaul Category encoded as "satBackhaulCategory" attribute, if the "EnSatBackhaulCategoryChg" feature defined in clause 5.8 is supported;

- if the NF service consumer is the PCF for the PDU session, and the "EpsUrsp" feature defined in clause 5.8 is supported, the indication that the trigger for the UE Policy Association Establishment is the 5GS to EPS mobility scenario encoded as the "5gsToEpsMob" attribute;

- for the roaming scenario, if the NF service consumer is an AMF and the "NssaiChange" feature is supported, the Configured NSSAI for the serving PLMN encoded as "confSnssais" attribute and optionally the mapped each S-NSSAI value of home network corresponding to the configured S-NSSAI values in the serving PLMN encoded as "mappedHomeSnssai" attribute within the "confSnssais" attribute;

- the A2X capability encoded as "a2xCapab" attribute if the "A2X" feature defined in clause 5.8 is supported;

- if the feature "AccessChange" is supported, the NF service consumer shall include:

a) the "accessTypes" attribute indicating registration in the 3GPP access, in the non-3GPP access, or in both 3GPP and non-3GPP access, if available; and

b) the RAT type entry corresponding to the 3GPP access and/or the RAT type entry corresponding to the non-3GPP access encoded in the "ratTypes" attribute, if available.

NOTE 9: If the feature "AccessChange" is not supported or it is not known yet whether it is supported in the PCF, the NF service consumer can also provide the "accessType" attribute and the "ratType" attribute, if available, with one available access type and RAT type.

NOTE 10: When the UE is simultaneously connected to the 5G Core Network of a PLMN/SNPN over a 3GPP access and a non-3GPP access, the UE is served by the same AMF, as specified in 3GPP TS 23.501 [2]. In this case, the UE Policy Association contains both, 3GPP and non-3GPP accesses.  
When the UE is simultaneously connected to 5G Core Network over 3GPP access and non-3GPP access in different PLMN(s)/SNPN(s), the UE is served by different AMFs. In this case, there can be two UE Policy Associations, each with the corresponding access type.

- for the roaming scenario, if the NF service consumer is a V-PCF and the "VPLMNSpecificURSP" feature is supported, the AF guidance on VPLMN-specific URSP rules related information, if applicable, within the "vpsUePolGuidance" attribute, that shall contain for each related AF:

a. the AF guidance on VPLMN-Specific URSP rules within the "urspGuidance" attribute; and

b. if the AF requested to the VPLMN notifications about the delivery of UE Policies, the "deliveryEvents" attribute including the "SUCCESS\_UE\_POL\_DEL\_SP" and/or "UNSUCCESS\_UE\_POL\_DEL\_SP" events; and

- for the roaming scenario, if the NF service consumer is an AMF, and the "VPLMNSpecificURSP" feature is supported, LBO information within the "lboRoamInfo" attribute.

and may include:

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the name of a service produced by the AMF that expects to receive information via the Npcf\_UEPolicyControl\_UpdateNotify service operation encoded as "serviceName" attribute;

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the alternate or backup IPv4 Address(es) where to send Notifications encoded as "altNotifIpv4Addrs" attribute;

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the alternate or backup IPv6 Address(es) where to send Notifications encoded as "altNotifIpv6Addrs" attribute;

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF, the alternate or backup FQDN(s) where to send Notifications encoded as "altNotifFqdns" attribute;

- if the NF service consumer is an AMF and the "SLAMUP" feature is supported, based on the operator policies the H-PCF indicates that the AMF should select the same CHF that is selected by the H-PCF for a UE, the charging address(es) information encoded in the "chfInfo" attribute.

Upon the reception of the HTTP POST request,

- the (V-)(H-)PCF shall assign a UE policy association ID;

- for the roaming scenario and based on operator policy, the V-PCF (as the NF service consumer) should send to the H-PCF a request for the Creation of a UE policy association as described in the present clause;

- the (V-)(H-)PCF shall determine the applicable UE policy as detailed in clause 4.2.2.2. For the V-PCF, any policy received from the H-PCF in the reply to the possible request for the Creation of a policy association should be taken into consideration;

- if the (V-)PCF determines that UE policy needs to be provisioned, it shall use the Namf\_Communication service specified in 3GPP TS 29.518 [14] to provision the UE policy according to clause 4.2.2.2 and as follows:

(i) the (V-)PCF shall subscribe to the AMF to notifications on N1 messages for UE Policy Delivery Results using the Namf\_Communication\_N1N2MessageSubscribe service operation;

(ii) the (V-)PCF shall send the determined UE policy (e.g. ANDSP, URSP, V2XP, A2XP, ProSeP, RSLPP) using Namf\_Communication\_N1N2MessageTransfer service operation(s); and

(iii) the (V-)PCF shall be prepared to receive UE Policy Delivery Results from the AMF and/or subsequent UE policy requests (e.g. for V2XP and/or A2XP and/or ProSeP and/or RSLPP) within the Namf\_Communication\_N1MessageNotify service operation. For the V-PCF, if the received UE Policy Delivery results relate to UE policy sections provided by the H-PCF, the V-PCF shall use the Npcf\_UEPolicyControl\_Update Service Operation defined in clause 4.2.3 to send those UE Policy Delivery results to the H-PCF;

- if the UE indicates the support of V2X communications over PC5 reference point and the "V2X" feature is supported, the (H-)PCF shall determine the applicable V2XP, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.2.1.2, and V2X N2 PC5 policy, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.3 and based on the operator's policy;

- if the UE indicates the support of 5G ProSe and the "ProSe" feature is supported, the (H-)PCF shall determine the applicable ProSeP, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.2.1.3, and 5G ProSe N2 PC5 policy, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.4 and based on the operator's policy;

- if the UE indicates the support of Ranging/SL and the "Ranging\_SL" feature is supported, the (H-)PCF shall determine the applicable RSLPP, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.2.1.5, and Ranging/SL N2 PC5 policy, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.7, and based on the operator's policy;

- if the PCF determines that N2 PC5 policy (e.g., for V2X communications, for 5G ProSe, for Ranging/SL) needs to be provisioned, including the case of the V-PCF when receiving the N2 PC5 policy from the H-PCF, the PCF shall use the Namf\_Communication service specified in 3GPP TS 29.518 [14] to provision the N2 PC5 policy according to clause 4.2.2.3 and/or clause 4.2.2.4;

- if the UE indicates support for URSP provisionng in EPS, the "EpsUrsp" feature is supported, and the (V-)PCF determines that UE policy needs to be provisioned via a PCF for a PDU session, the (V-)PCF shall select a UE Policy Association and shall provision the UE policy according to clause 4.2.2.2 and as follows:

(i) the (V-)PCF shall send a UE policy container with the determined URSP using Npcf\_UEPolicyControl\_Create response service operation(s); and

(ii) the (V-)PCF shall be prepared to receive UE Policy Delivery Results from the PCF for a PDU session. The PCF for a PDU session shall use the Npcf\_UEPolicyControl\_Update service operation defined in clause 4.2.3 to send those UE Policy Delivery results to the (V-)PCF;

- if the UE indicates the support of A2X communications over PC5 reference point and the "A2X" feature is supported, the (H-)PCF shall determine the applicable A2XP, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.2.1.4, and A2X N2 PC5 policy, as detailed in clause 4.2.2.5 and based on the operator's policy;

for the successful case, the (V-)(H-)PCF shall send a HTTP "201 Created" response with the URI for the created resource in the "Location" header field.

NOTE 11: The assigned policy association ID is part of the URI for the created resource and is thus associated with the SUPI.

and the PolicyAssociation data type as response body, including:

- mandatorily, the negotiated supported features encoded as "suppFeat" attribute;

- optionally, the information provided by the NF service consumer when requesting the creation of this policy association encoded as "request" attribute;

- optionally, for the H-PCF as service producer communicating with the V-PCF, UE policy (see clause 4.2.2.2) encoded as "uePolicy" attribute;

- optionally, for the H-PCF as service producer communicating with the V-PCF, N2 PC5 policy (see clause 4.2.2.3 and/or clause 4.2.2.4 and/or clause 4.2.2.5 and/or clause 4.2.2.6) encoded as "n2Pc5Pol" attribute (for V2X communications) and/or "n2Pc5PolA2x" attribute (for A2X communications) and/or "n2Pc5ProSePol" attribute (for 5G ProSe) and/or "n2Pc5RsppPol" attribute (for Ranging/SL);

- optionally, for the H-PCF as service producer communicating with the V-PCF, and when the feature "UECapabilityIndication" is supported, if the H-PCF did not receive from the UE information about ANDSP support and the information is available and reliable in the UDR (see clause 4.2.2.2.1.1), the ANDSP support indication retrieved from UDR encoded as "andspInd" attribute;

- optionally, for the (V-)PCF communicating with the AMF, and if the "URSPEnforcement" feature is supported, the request to the AMF to be notified about the PDU session established/terminated events by providing the PCF for the UE callback information within the "pcfUeInfo" attribute, and the DNN and S-NSSAI combination of the concerned PDU session(s) within the "matchPdus" attribute.

- optionally, one or several of the following Policy Control Request Trigger(s) encoded as "triggers" attribute (see clause 4.2.3.2):

a) Location change (tracking area);

b) Change of UE presence in PRA;

c) Change of PLMN, if the "PlmnChange" feature is supported;

d) Change of UE connectivity state, if the "ConnectivityStateChange" feature is supported;

e) URSP rule enforcement information, if the "URSPEnforcement" feature is supported;

f) Change of Satellite Backhaul Category, if the "EnSatBackhaulCategoryChg" feature is supported;

g) Change of Access Type and RAT Type, if the "AccessChange" feature is supported;

h) LBO information change, applicable to roaming scenarios, if the "VPLMNSpecificURSP" feature is supported and the NF service consumer is an AMF; and

i) Change of Configured NSSAI, in roaming scenarios, if the "NssaiChange" feature is supported and the NF service consumer is the AMF;

- if the Policy Control Request Trigger "Change of UE presence in PRA" is provided, the presence reporting areas for which reporting is required encoded as "pras" attribute;

- if the Policy Control Request Trigger "LBO information change" is provided, optionally, the DNNs(s) and S-NSSAI(s) for which LBO information is required encoded as "pduSessions" attribute;

NOTE 12: If the PCF uses a Presence Reporting Area identifier referring to a Set of Core Network predefined Presence Reporting Areas as defined in 3GPP TS 23.501 [2], the PCF includes the identifier of this Presence Reporting Area set within the "praId" attribute.

- if the "SliceAwareANDSP" feature is supported, the PCF received the "n3gNodeReSel" attribute and the PCF has successfully delivered to the UE the ANDSP/WLANSP with the slice selection information for the corresponding non-3gpp node, the indication of the successful UE configuration by providing the "andspDelInd" attribute with the value "CONFIGURED". The PCF may delay the indication of the configuration result to a subsequent Npcf\_UEPolicyControl\_UpdateNotify request, as described in clause 4.2.4.2.

- if errors occur when processing the HTTP POST request, the (V-)(H-)PCF shall apply error handling procedures as specified in clause 5.7 and according to the following provisions:

- if the user information received within the "supi" attribute is unknown, the (V-)(H-)PCF shall reject the request and include in an HTTP "400 Bad Request" response message the "cause" attribute of the ProblemDetails data structure set to "USER\_UNKNOWN"; and

- if the (V-)(H-)PCF is, due to incomplete, erroneous or missing information in the request, not able to provision a UE policy decision, the (V-)(H-)PCF may reject the request and include in an HTTP "400 Bad Request" response message the "cause" attribute of the ProblemDetails data structure set to "ERROR\_REQUEST\_PARAMETERS".

If the (V-)PCF received a GUAMI, the (V-)PCF may subscribe to GUAMI changes using the AMFStatusChange service operation of the Namf\_Communication service specified in 3GPP TS 29.518 [14], and it may use the Nnrf\_NFDiscovery Service specified in 3GPP TS 29.510 [13] (using the obtained GUAMI and possibly service name) to query the other AMFs within the AMF (service) set.

When the "SliceAwareANDSP" feature is supported, and the AMF receives the "andspDelInd" attribute, the AMF, based on operator's policies, may reject the UE Registration request, and may provide a valid target N3IWF/TNGF within the Registration Reject message as specified in clause 5.5.1.3.5 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [15]. In this case, the AMF terminates the UE Policy Association as described in clause 4.2.5 (if the UE is not registered over 3GPP access).

\*\*\* Next Change \*\*\*

### 4.2.5 Npcf\_UEPolicyControl\_Delete Service Operation

Figure 4.2.5-1 illustrates the deletion of a policy association.



Figure 4.2.5-1: Deletion of a policy association

NOTE: For the roaming case, the PCF represents the V-PCF if the NF service consumer is an AMF and the PCF represents the H-PCF if the NF service consumer is a V-PCF.

The AMF as NF service consumer requests that the policy association is deleted when the corresponding UE context is terminated, e.g. during UE de-registration from the network, or when the AMF, in the non-roaming case, receives from the UDM the UE Policy Association Indicator set to disabled. In roaming scenarios, the V-PCF requests to the H-PCF the deletion of the UE policy association when the V-PCF determines that the UE context is terminated in the AMF, e.g., with the reception of the policy association deletion request, or the reception of UE context not found reply to the UE Policy delivery request. In roaming scenarios, based on local policies, the AMF may request the deletion of the policy association when the AMF receives UE Policy Association Indicator set to disabled.

During the AMF relocation, the old AMF shall invoke this procedure when:

- the resource URI of the individual UE Policy Association resource is not transferred to the new AMF; or

- the new AMF informs the old AMF that the individual UE Policy Association resource is not being reused.

When the UE Policy Association is terminated because the AMF receives from the UDM the UE Policy Association Indicator set to disabled, the AMF shall invoke the procedure as described in this clause and shall keep in the UE context the UE policy container, if previously received, to enable the establishment of the UE Policy Association on UE Policy Association Indicator change from disabled to enabled as described in clause 4.2.2.1.

The PCF for the PDU session as NF service consumer requests that the UE policy association is deleted when:

- all the PDU sessions related with the UE policy association are terminated; or

- the PCF for the PDU session receives an indication of RAT type change from the SMF+PGW-C (from any of the related PDU sessions) and determines the EPS to 5GS mobility scenario applies.

To request that the UE policy association is deleted, the NF service consumer (e.g. AMF) shall send an HTTP DELETE request with "{apiRoot}/npcf-ue-policy-control/v1/policies/{polAssoId}" as Resource URI.

Upon the reception of the HTTP DELETE request,

- the (V-)(H-)PCF shall delete the policy association;

- if the PCF is a V-PCF and has an established corresponding policy association towards the H-PCF, the V-PCF shall send as the NF service consumer towards the H-PCF a request for the deletion of that policy association as described in the present clause;

- the (V-)(H-)PCF shall send either an HTTP "204 No Content" response indicating the success of the deletion or an appropriate failure response, for the V-PCF as PCF taking into consideration a reply received for the possible policy association deletion request according to the previous bullet; and

- the (V-)(H-)PCF shall if errors occur when processing the HTTP DELETE request, send an HTTP error response as specified in clause 5.7; or

- if the feature ES3XX is supported, and the (V-)(H-)PCF determines the received HTTP DELETE request needs to be redirected, the (V-)(H-)PCF shall send an HTTP redirect response as specified in clause 6.10.9 of 3GPP TS 29.500 [5].

Once the UE policy association is deleted, to unsubscribe to notifications of N1 message for UE Policy Delivery Result, the (V-)PCF shall trigger the Namf\_Communication\_N1N2MessageUnsubscribe service operation towards the N1N2 Individual Subscription resource as specified in 3GPP TS 29.518 [14].

\*\*\* End of Changes \*\*\*