

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **33.102** CR ⌘ ev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.2.0** ⌘

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Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ SQN _{MS} retrieval in AuC during resynchronisation.		
Source:	⌘ Siemens Atea		
Work item code:	⌘ Security	Date:	⌘ 19 September 2001
Category:	⌘ A	Release:	⌘ REL-4
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900 .		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)

Reason for change:	⌘ During resynchronisation the function f5* shall be used at both USIM and AuC for the concealment of SQN _{MS} .
Summary of change:	⌘ Correct mistake in Clause 6.3.5, where f5 is used in stead of f5*.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ Inconsistent specification.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 6.3.5	
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications	⌘
Other comments:	⌘ 	

6.3.5 Re-synchronisation procedure

A VLR/SGSN may send two types of *authentication data requests* to the HE/AuC, the (regular) one described in subsection 6.3.2 and one used in case of synchronisation failures, described in this subsection.

Upon receiving a *synchronisation failure* message from the user, the VLR/SGSN sends an *authentication data request* with a "*synchronisation failure indication*" to the HE/AuC, together with the parameters

- *RAND* sent to the MS in the preceding user authentication request and
- *AUTS* received by the VLR/SGSN in the response to that request, as described in subsection 6.3.3.

An VLR/SGSN will not react to unsolicited "*synchronisation failure indication*" messages from the MS.

The VLR/SGSN does not send new user authentication requests to the user before having received the response to its authentication data request from the HE/AuC (or before it is timed out).

When the HE/AuC receives an *authentication data request* with a "*synchronisation failure indication*" it acts as follows:

1. The HE/AuC retrieves SQN_{MS} from $\text{Conc}(SQN_{MS})$ by computing $\text{Conc}(SQN_{MS}) \oplus f_{5^*K}^*(RAND)_7$.
2. The HE/AuC checks if SQN_{HE} is in the correct range, i.e. if the next sequence number generated SQN_{HE} using would be accepted by the USIM.
3. If SQN_{HE} is in the correct range then the HE/AuC continues with step (6), otherwise it continues with step (4).
4. The HE/AuC verifies *AUTS* (cf. subsection 6.3.3).
5. If the verification is successful the HE/AuC resets the value of the counter SQN_{HE} to SQN_{MS} .
6. The HE/AuC sends an *authentication data response* with a new batch of authentication vectors to the VLR/SGSN. If the counter SQN_{HE} was not reset then these authentication vectors can be taken from storage, otherwise they are newly generated after resetting SQN_{HE} . In order to reduce the real-time computation burden on the HE/AuC, the HE/AuC may also send only a single authentication vector in the latter case.

Whenever the VLR/SGSN receives a new batch of authentication vectors from the HE/AuC in an authentication data response to an authentication data request with synchronisation failure indication it deletes the old ones for that user in the VLR/SGSN.

The user may now be authenticated based on a new authentication vector from the HE/AuC. Figure 12 shows how re-synchronisation is achieved by combining a *user authentication request* answered by a *synchronisation failure* message (as described in section 6.3.3) with an *authentication data request* with *synchronisation failure* indication answered by an *authentication data response* (as described in this section).

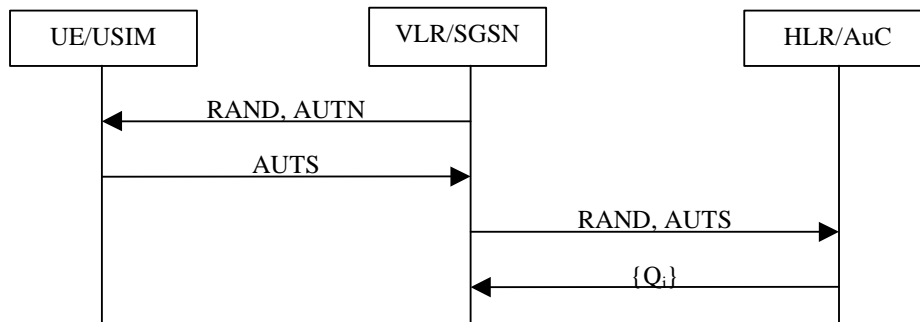


Figure 12: Resynchronisation mechanism