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Title:	**Rel-6 TS 32.711-200 Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Requirements ñ for Approval**
Document for:	**Approval**
Agenda Item:	**7.5.3**

3GPP TSG-SA5 (Telecom Management)   S5-048641
Meeting #39, Montreal, Canada, 16 ñ 20 August 2003

Presentation of Technical Specification to TSG SA

Presentation to:	**TSG SA Meeting #25**
Document for presentation:	**TS 32.711, Version 2.0.0**
Presented for:	**Approval**

Abstract of document:

This TS defines the requirements for the Transport Network Resources IRP.

Work done against the WID contained in SP-020754 (Work Item ID: OAM-NIM).

Purpose of These Specifications:

The purpose of this set of specifications is to provide management of Transport Network resources, specifically for ATM-UTRAN interface management.

This TS is intended for Release 6 and is part of the Transport Network Resources IRP, which consists of:

3GPP TS 32.711: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Requirements".
3GPP TS 32.712: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".
3GPP TS 32.713: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) Solution Set (SS)".
3GPP TS 32.714: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Common Management Information Protocol (CMIP) Solution Set (SS)".
3GPP TS 32.715: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): eXtensible Markup Language (XML) file format definition".

Changes since last presentation to TSG-SA:	Editorial

Outstanding Issues:	None.

Contentious Issues:	None.

3GPP TS 32.711 V2.0.0 (2004-09)

Technical Specification

**3rd Generation Partnership Project;
Technical Specification Group Services
and System Aspects;
Telecommunication management; Configuration Management
(CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource
Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Requirements
(Release 6)**

Keywords
UMTS, management

Contents

Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

x the first digit:

1 presented to TSG for information;

2 presented to TSG for approval;

3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.

y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.

z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

Introduction

Configuration Management (CM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. CM actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs.

CM actions may be requested as part of an implementation programme (e.g. additions and deletions), as part of an optimisation programme (e.g. modifications), and to maintain the overall Quality of Service (QoS). The CM actions are initiated either as single actions on single NEs of the 3G network, or as part of a complex procedure involving actions on many resources/objects in one or several NEs.

1 Scope

The present document defines , in addition to the requirements defined in [1], [2] and [3], the requirements for the present IRP: Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1]   3GPP TS 32.101: "Telecommunication Management, Principles and high level requirements".

[2]   3GPP TS 32.102: "Telecommunication management; Architecture".

[3]   3GPP TS 32.600: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Concept and high-level requirements".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

data: any information or set of information required to give software or equipment or combinations thereof a specific state of functionality.

Element Manager (EM): provides a package of end-user functions for management of a set of closely related types of Network Elements (NEs). These functions can be divided into two main categories:

- *Element Management Functions* for management of NEs on an individual basis. These are basically the same functions as supported by the corresponding local terminals;

- *Sub-Network Management Functions* that are related to a network model for a set of NEs constituting a clearly defined sub-network, which may include relations between the NEs. This model enables additional functions on the sub-network level (typically in the areas of network topology presentation, alarm correlation, service impact analysis and circuit provisioning).

IRP: see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1]

IRP Information Model: see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1]

IRP Information Service (IS): see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1]

IRP Solution Set (SS): see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1]

Managed Object (MO): an abstract entity, which may be accessed through an open interface between two or more systems, and representing a Network Resource (NR) for the purpose of management. The Managed Object (MO) is an instance of a Managed Object Class (MOC) as defined in a Management Information Model (MIM). The MIM does not define how the MO or NR is implemented; only what can be seen in the interface.

Managed Object Class (MOC): a description of all the common characteristics for a number of MOs, such as their attributes, operations, notifications and behaviour.

Management Information Model (MIM): also referred to as NRM - see the definition below. There is a slight difference between the meaning of MIM and NRM - the term MIM is generic and can be used to denote any type of management model, while NRM denotes the model of the actual managed telecommunications Network Resources (NRs).

Network Element (NE): is a discrete telecommunications entity, which can be, managed over a specific interface e.g. the RNC.

Network Manager (NM): provides a package of end-user functions with the responsibility for the management of a network, mainly as supported by the EM(s) but it may also involve direct access to the NEs. All communication with the network is based on open and well-standardised interfaces supporting management of multi-vendor and multi-technology NEs.

Network Resource (NR): is a component of a NE, which can be identified as a discrete separate entity and is in an object oriented environment for the purpose of management represented by an abstract entity called Managed Object (MO).

Network Resource Model (NRM): a model representing the actual managed telecommunications Network Resources (NRs) that a System is providing through the subject IRP. An NRM describes Managed Object Classes (MOC), their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as "MIM" (see above) which originates from the ITU-T TMN.

Object Management Group (OMG): see http://www.omg.org

Operations System (OS): indicates a generic management system, independent of its location level within the management hierarchy.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CM	Configuration Management
CMIP	Common Management Information Protocol
CORBA	Common Object Request Broker Architecture
EM	Element Manager
FM	Fault Management
GSM	Global System for Mobile communication
IRP	Integration Reference Point
IS	Information Service (see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1])
ITU-T	International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication Standardisation Sector
MIB	Management Information Base
MIM	Management Information Model
MOC	Managed Object Class
MOI	Managed Object Instance
NE	Network Element
NM	Network Manager
NR	Network Resource
NRM	Network Resource Model
OMG	Object Management Group
OS	Operations System
PM	Performance Management
TM	Telecom Management
UML	Unified Modelling Language (OMG)
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

4 Requirements

The following general and high-level requirements apply for the present IRP:

A. IRP-related requirements in 3GPP TS 32.101 [1].

B. IRP-related requirements in 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

C. IRP-related requirements in 3GPP TS 32.600 [3].

In addition to the above, the following more specific requirements apply:

1. The NRM specified by this IRP shall allow for the configuration of the ATM Termination Points of the UTRAN inter element links (Iub-link, Iur-link, Iu-link), which are residing in a Node B or RNC. More specifically, the NRM:

    ñ   shall allow for the viewing of the physical layer used by the ATM network (e. g. E1);

    ñ   shall allow for the viewing of parameters of the virtual circuits associated with each link (e.g. VPI/VCI, ATM Service Category, AAL type, Peak Cell Rate, Sustainable Cell Rate, Maximum Burst Size);

    ñ   shall allow the assigning of a UTRAN interface logical channel (e.g. Iub-NBAP) to a virtual circuit and configuration of parameters of the virtual circuit (e.g. VPI/VCI, ATM Service Category, AAL type, Peak Cell Rate, Sustainable Cell Rate, Maximum Burst Size);

    ñ   shall allow to relate the ATM Termination Point easily to the associated link;

    ñ   shall allow to relate the ATM Termination Point easily to the network element and the type of network element it is connected to.

2. The Network Resource Model defined by this IRP shall be generic in the sense to allow support for multiple transport technologies (e.g. IP) in the future;

3. The Network Resource Model defined by this IRP shall be generic in the sense to allow support for the management of termination points of other interface links (e. g. links between network elements of the CN) in the future.

Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
Sep 2003	S_21	SP-030428	--	--	Submitted to TSG SA#21 for Information	1.0.0	
Sep 2004	S_25	SP-040596	--	--	Submitted to TSG SA#25 for Approval	2.0.0	