

Source: SA WG3

Title: 1 CR to 33.200: MEA encryption algorithm update (Rel-4)

Document for: Approval

Agenda Item: 7.3.3

Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Cat	Subject	Version-Current	Version-New	Doc-2nd-Level
33.200	012		Rel-4	F	MEA encryption algorithm update	4.1.0	4.2.0	S3-010538

16 - 19 October, 2001

Sydney, Australia

CR-Form-v4

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **33.200 CR 012** ⌘ ev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.1.0** ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ MEA encryption algorithm update		
Source:	⌘ SA WG3		
Work item code:	⌘ SEC1-MAP	Date:	⌘ 09-Oct-2001
Category:	⌘ F	Release:	⌘ Rel-4
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories:		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases:
	F (correction)	2 (GSM Phase 2)	
	A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)	R96 (Release 1996)	
	B (addition of feature),	R97 (Release 1997)	
	C (functional modification of feature)	R98 (Release 1998)	
	D (editorial modification)	R99 (Release 1999)	
	Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.	REL-4 (Release 4)	
		REL-5 (Release 5)	

Reason for change:	⌘ The counter mode of operation, that is currently referred to, is described in a not publicly available draft version of an ISO standard that is targetted for completion in 2003.
Summary of change:	⌘ The NIST specified counter mode of operation shall be used.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ Inconsistent counter mode implementations may arise as there will be no official ISO IEC 10116:200x available including a counter mode of operation until begin 2003. A publicly available draft version will be available end of 2002. This may delay the implementation and use of MAPsec Rel-4.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 2 ; 5.6.1	
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications	⌘
	<input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications	
	<input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications	
Other comments:	⌘	

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3G TS 21.133: Security Threats and Requirements.
- [2] 3G TS 21.905: 3G Vocabulary.
- [3] 3G TS 23.060: General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Service description; Stage 2.
- [4] 3G TS 29.002: Mobile Application Part (MAP) specification.
- [5] NIST Special Publication 800-XX Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation July 2001 ~~ISO/IEC 10116: "Information technology -- Security techniques -- Modes of operation for an n-bit block cipher", Ed.2, 1997-04-17.~~
- [6] ISO/IEC 9797: "Information technology -- Security techniques -- Message Authentication Codes (MACs) -- Part 1: Mechanisms using a block cipher", Ed.1, 1999-12-16.

***** next modified chapter *****

5.6 MAPsec algorithms

5.6.1 Mapping of MAP-SA encryption algorithm identifiers

The MEA algorithm indication fields in the MAP-SA are used to identify the encryption algorithm and algorithm mode to be used. The mapping of algorithm identifiers is defined below.

Table 1: MAP encryption algorithm identifiers

MAP Encryption Algorithm identifier	Description
0	Null
1	AES <u>in counter Mode with 128-bit key length</u> in a stream cipher mode (MANDATORY)
:	-not yet assigned-
15	-not yet assigned-

5.6.1.1 Description of MEA-1

The MEA-1 algorithm is AES used in counter mode with a 128-bit key and 128-bit counter blocks as described in clause 5.5 of FIPS 800-XX Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation [5]. The initial counter block T_1 is initialized with IV. Successive counter blocks T_j ($J>1$) are derived by applying an incrementing function over the entire block T_{j-1} ($J\geq 2$) (see Appendix B.1: The standard incrementing function of [5]).

The MAPsec cleartext shall be cut into P_j blocks of 128 bits. If the last block P_n has less than 128-bits (z bits), then it shall be encrypted by bitwise addition with only the first z bits of output block n (Clause 5.5 of [5]).

~~ISO/IEC 10116 Counter Mode with parameter $j=128$ bits, $SV=IV$ and truncation of the last block is according to the method described in ISO/IEC 10116 Annex A.5.3. See ISO/IEC 10116 [5] for more information.~~

~~Editor's Note: — More specification on the mode of operation for MEA-1 may be required.~~