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TS	32.104	3G Performance Management	S5	Karl-Heinz Nenner	3.0.0

TSG Meeting	TSG WG doc number	Spec	CR	Ph	Vers Old	Vers New	Subject	TSG WG meeting	WG status	Workitem
SP-07	S5-000133	32.104	001	R99	3.0.0	3.1.0	Reduction of measurement job advance period	S5-10	Agreed	Performance Management (PM)
SP-07	S5-000134	32.104	002	R99	3.0.0	3.1.0	PM file format - ASN.1 description	S5-10	Agreed	PM

5.1.2 Measurement administration

(Performance) measurement administration functions allow the system operator, using functions of the EM, to determine measurement data collection in the network and forwarding of the results to one or more OS(s).

A (performance) measurement concept covers:

1) measurement data collection requirements:

- **Measurement types.** Corresponds to the measurements as defined in annex C, i.e. measurement types specified in this TS, defined by other standards bodies, or manufacturer defined measurement types;
- **Measured network resources.** The resource(s) to which the measurement types shall be applied have to be specified, e.g. one or more NodeB(s);
- **Measurement recording,** consisting of periods of time at which the NE is collecting (that is, making available in the NE) measurement data.

2) measurement reporting requirements:

- the measurement related information to be reported has to be specified as part of the measurement. The frequency at which scheduled result reports shall be generated has to be defined.

3) measurement result transfer requirements:

- measurement results can be transferred from the NE to the EM according to the measurement parameters, and/or they are stored locally in the NE and can be retrieved when required;
- measurement results can be stored in the network (NEs or EM) for retrieval by the NM when required.

A (performance) measurement job, covers the measurement data collection and measurement reporting requirements, as described in points 1 and 2 above. It is up to the implementation whether requirements for the result transfer or the local storage of results are specified within the measurement job, particularly since the use of standard protocols, such as FTP, is foreseen.

A measurement job can be created, modified, displayed or deleted by the EM. In addition, measurement job activities in the NE can be suspended and resumed on request of the EM.

The system operator shall specify the required measurement parameters upon initiation of a measurement job. These parameters consist of, among others, recording schedule, granularity, and measurement type(s).

5.2 Measurement jobs

When defining a measurement job, the following aspects have to be considered:

5.2.1 Measurement job characteristics

5.2.1.1 Measurement types

Every measurement job consists of one or more measurement types (as defined in annex C), for which it collects measurement data. The measurement type(s) contained in a job may apply to one or more network resources of the same type, e.g. a measurement job may be related to one or several NodeB(s). A measurement job will only produce results for the measurement type(s) it contains.

5.2.1.2 Measurement schedule

The measurement schedule specifies the time frames during which the measurement job will be active. The measurement job is active as soon as the starttime - if supplied in the schedule - is reached. The system shall support a job starttime of up to at least ~~90~~30 days from the job creation date. If no starttime is provided, the measurement job shall become active

Annex A (Normative): Measurement Report File Format

This annex describes the format of measurement result files that can be transferred from the network (NEs or EM) to the NM. The following conditions have been considered in defining the file format:

- * Since the files are transferred via a machine-machine interface, the file format should be machine readable using standard tools;
- * The file format should be independent of the data transfer protocol used to carry the file from one system to another;
- * The file format should be generic across 3G systems;
- * The file format should be flexible enough to include all possible measurement types, i.e. those specified within annex C as well as measurements defined within other standards bodies, or vendor specific measurement types.
- * The file format should not impose any dependency between granularity periods for the generation of measurement results and file upload cycles for the file transfer from the network to the NM;
- * The file format should be flexible enough to support both the NE-based and the EM-based approaches.
- * The file format should be usable for other interfaces than Itf-N if required. The measurement file header could be augmented to indicate this other usage, however this would be a non-standard extension.

A.1 ASN.1 file format description

For ASN.1 formatted files, BER encoding rules shall apply. Note that embedded comments are integral parts of the standard format, i.e. any implementation claiming conformance to this annex must also conform with the comments.

PM_File_Description

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::= BEGIN

MeasDataCollection ::= SEQUENCE

```

{
    measFileHeader    MeasFileHeader,
    measData          SEQUENCE OF MeasData,
    measFileFooter    MeasFileFooter
}

```

-- The measData can be an empty sequence in case no measurement data can be provided.

-- The individual MeasData can appear in any order.

MeasFileHeader ::= SEQUENCE

```

{
    fileFormatVersion    INTEGER,
    senderName           PrintableString,
    senderType           SenderType,
}

```

```

vendorName      PrintableString SIZE (0..32),
collectionBeginTime  TimeStamp,
...
}

```

- The fileFormatVersion identifies the file format version applied by the sender. The only defined value is "1" for the format defined here. The senderName uniquely identifies the NE or OS that assembled this measurement file, according to the definitions in TS 32.106. The senderType refers to the type of entity that has delivered the measurement file, e.g. RNC, EM. The vendorName identifies the vendor of the equipment that provided the measurement file. A size of "0" for the above "PrintableString" data items means that the respective string value is not configured in the sender. The collectionBeginTime refers to the start of the first measurement collection interval that is covered by the collected measurement results that are stored in this file.

The sole purpose of the ellipse notation used in the file header is to facilitate inter-release compatibility, vendor specific additions are not allowed in implementations claiming conformance to the TS. However, it is acknowledged that this feature does enable the use of non-standard extensions to the file header without loosing compatibility to the file format specified in this TS.

SenderType ::= PrintableString SIZE (0..8)

- This is a user configurable identifier of the type of network node that generated the file, e.g. NodeB, EM, SGSN, a.s.o. A size of "0" means that the "senderType" string is not configured in the sender.

TimeStamp ::= GeneralizedTime

- The minimum required information within timestamp is year, month, day, hour, minute, and second.

MeasData ::= SEQUENCE

```

{
  nEId          NEId,
  measInfo     SEQUENCE OF MeasInfo
}

```

NEId ::= SEQUENCE

```

{
  nEUserName    PrintableString,  -- this is the user definable NE name, cf. TS 32.106
  nEDistinguishedName  tbd        -- this is the unique distinguishedName defined for the
                                     -- NE in TS 32.106
}

```

MeasInfo ::= SEQUENCE

```

{
  measStartTime  TimeStamp,
  granularityPeriod  INTEGER,      -- granularity period of the measurement(s) in seconds
}

```

```

measTypes          SEQUENCE OF MeasType,
measValues         SEQUENCE OF MeasValue
}

```

MeasType ::= PrintableString SIZE (1..32) -- as defined in annex C

MeasValue ::= SEQUENCE

```

{
  measObjInstId      MeasObjInstId,
  measResults        SEQUENCE OF MeasResult,
  suspectFlag        BOOLEAN -- Used as an indication of the quality of the scanned data
                        -- FALSE in case of reliable data, TRUE if not reliable
}

```

-- The “measObjInstId” field identifies the measured object class and its instance, e.g. trunk1 means object class is trunk and instance #1 is being measured.. The values for this parameter are defined in annex C.

The “measResults” sequence shall have the same number of elements which follow the same order as the measTypes sequence.

MeasObjInstId ::= PrintableString SIZE (1..64)

MeasResult ::= ANY DEFINED BY measType

MeasFileFooter ::= TimeStamp

-- The TimeStamp in the MeasFileFooter refers to the end of the overall measurement collection interval that is covered by the collected measurement results being stored in this file.

END

Measurement types and measurement groups will be defined in release 2000. This also applies to the exact details concerning the arrangement of the information in the files, since that aspect is dependent on the measurement type/group definitions.

At least for those measurement types that are re-used from non 3GPP standards, it is required that the measType be operator definable. This is necessary to allow the operator to harmonise the numbering between different vendors’ systems where appropriate. Through this harmonisation, it can be assured that identical measurements always carry the same measType value, which is required by the postprocessing system. This requirement will eventually be reflected in annex C, which discusses and specifies the measurement definition.

A.2 XML file format description

FFS for release 2000.