3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 #118-e Tdoc R2-220xxxx

Electronic meeting, 2022-05-09 – 2022-05-20

Agenda Item: 7.2.3

Source: Ericsson

Title: Report of [AT118-e][051][IoT NTN] Idle Inactive mode

Document for: Discussion, Decision

# 1 Introduction

This is the report for the email discussion:

* [AT118-e][051][IoT NTN] Idle Inactive Mode (Ericsson)

Scope: Treat R2-2204711, R2-2205250, R2-2205331, R2-2205861, R2-2204651

Ph1 Determine agreeable parts, Ph2, agree/endorse TP(s) if applicable.

Intended outcome: Report, endorsed TPs/Draft CRs

Deadline: Schedule 1 (CB online W2 if needed)

In this e-mail discussion we will discuss idle mode issues.

# 2 Discussion

## 2.1 t-Service corrections

Contribution R2-2204711 [1] and R2-2205250 [2] propose to introduce corrections to the text related to how t-service functions.

In [1] it is proposed to change the wording similar to NR NTN and it is also proposed that inter-frequency measurements are included in text that is related to LTE-M.

------------------ TP1 ------------------

#### 5.2.4.2 Measurement rules for cell re-selection

<Removed irrelevant parts>

If *t-Service* is present in *SystemInformationBlockType3* of the serving cell, UE should start to perform intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements before the time *t-Service* regardless whether the serving cell fulfils Srxlev> SIntraSearchP and Squal > SIntraSearchQ, or Srxlev > SnonIntraSearchP and Squal > SnonIntraSearchQ, and the exact time to start measurement before *t-Service* is up to UE implementation. UE shall perform measurements of higher priority inter-frequencies or inter-RAT frequencies regardless of the remaining service time of the serving cell.

5.2.4.2a Measurement rules for cell re-selection for NB-IoT

<Removed irrelevant parts>

If *t-Service* is present in *SystemInformationBlockType3-NB* of the serving cell, UE should start to perform intra-frequency or inter-frequency measurements before the time *t-Service* regardless whether the serving cell fulfils Srxlev> SIntraSearchP and Squal > SIntraSearchQ, or Srxlev > SnonIntraSearchP and Squal > SnonIntraSearchQ, and the exact time to start measurement before *t-Service* is up to UE implementation.

------------------ TP1 ------------------

In [2], it is proposed to improve the text by using similar language and also removing the “should”, but simplified:

------------------ TP2 ------------------

#### 5.2.4.2 Measurement rules for cell re-selection

<Removed irrelevant parts>

Regardless of any procedure limiting measurements, if *t-Service* is present in *SystemInformationBlockType3* of the serving cell, UE may start to perform intra-frequency or inter-frequency measurements, before the time *t-Service*. UE shall perform measurements of higher priority inter-frequencies or inter-RAT frequencies regardless of the remaining service time of the serving cell.

#### 5.2.4.2a Measurement rules for cell re-selection for NB-IoT

<Removed irrelevant parts>

Regardless of any procedure limiting measurements, if *t-Service* is present in *SystemInformationBlockType3-NB* of the serving cell, UE may start to perform intra-frequency or inter-frequency measurements, before the time *t-Service*.

------------------ TP2 ------------------

It is clear that “should” is not according to 3GPP terminology and rapporteur intends to change this.

The first question is whether *t-Service* actions should include inter-RAT measurements as this has yet to be agreed. Inter-RAT is likely to imply a TN RAT and while a UE should likely prioritize a terrestrial network over non-terrestrial network, it could be potentially be an energy consumption waste to perform inter-RAT due to *t-Service*, thus it is not entirely clear whether inter-RAT measurements should be included in *t-Service* actions.

**Q1: Should *t-Service* actions include performing inter-RAT measurements as R2-2204711 [1]?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Y/N** | **Comment** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Y |  |
| OPPO | Y | The measurements before the stop time of the serving cell should also include inter-RAT frequency besides inter and intra-frequency. Otherwise, when the serving cell stops covering the current area, UE may lose the opportunity of camping in some cells belonging to other TN/NTN RAT.  Note that this would be in line with the wording captured in TS 38.304 for NR-NTN. |
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<Rapporteur comment>

1. T-service includes/does not include inter-RAT measurements.

Rapporteur thinks that the text in [2] is more clean compared to the current text in 36.304-h00 [7], thus the question is whether to adopt the text in [1] or [2].

**Q2: Adopt the text that:**

1. **uses NR NTN text (R2-2204741) [1]**
2. **uses simplified text (R2-2205250) [2]**
3. **Other**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **1/2/3** | **Comment or further text** |
| Huawei, HiSilcion | 1) with comments | Fine to align with NR wording  The text for NB-IoT is not correct as Squal is not used in the measurement rules  If *t-Service* is present in *SystemInformationBlockType3-NB* of the serving cell, UE should start to perform intra-frequency or inter-frequency measurements before the time *t-Service* regardless of whether the serving cell fulfils Srxlev> SIntraSearchP or Srxlev > SnonIntraSearchP , and the exact time to start measurement before *t-Service* is up to UE implementation.  About changing ‘should’ to ‘may’, we are not sure. we think it should be ‘shall’ for a UE supporting t-Service |
| OPPO | 1 | It would be simpler to capture this by the wording in TS 38.304 for NR-NTN. And agree with Huawei’s comments. |
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<Rapporteur comment>

1. TP in R2-220xxxx is agreed .

## 2.2 NTN-only UE

In R2-2205331 [3] and R2-2205861 [4] the editor’s note was addressed (this was also addressed in contribution R2-2205594 [5] (Interdigital contribution)):

Editor’s Note: FFS how an NTN-only UE is barred from accessing TN cell.

It is argued in [3] and [4] that NTN-only UEs do not need to be specified and the editor’s note can be removed and in [5] it is mentioned that it should be discussed. Thus rapporteur think it can be discussed here as the main impact identified has to do with barring-mechanism.

**Q3: Should there be any specification support for NTN-only UE in IoT NTN Rel-17?**

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| **Company** | **Y/N** | **Comment** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | No | Backward compatibility is a basic principle of 3GPP. This means a NTN UE shall support all mandatory features in the specification and this includes support of TN access. |
| OPPO | No | NTN UE must be capable to access TN since it has the mandatory capabilities for TN. This has just been agreed in NR NTN. |
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**Q4: If yes to Q3, should barring from accessing TN for NTN-only UE be introduced?**

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| **Company** | **Y/N** | **Comment** |
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<Rapporteur comment>

1. Barring for NTN-only is/is not introduced.

## 2.3 Barring mechanism

In R2-2205861 [4] the barring mechanism is discussed. It is explained that the current text in 36.304 reads:

- *cellBarred* (IE type: "barred" or "not barred")   
This field indicates if the cell is barred for connectivity to EPC.  
This field is ignored by the UEs supporting *crs-IntfMitig* while *crs-IntfMitigEnabled* is included in SIB1.   
This field is ignored by the BL UEs or UEs in CE supporting *ce-CRS-IntfMitig* while *crs-IntfMigitNumPRBs* is included in SIB1-BR.  
This field is ignored by UEs supporting NTN while *cellBarred-NTN* is included in SIB1-BR or SIB1-NB.  
In case of multiple EPC PLMNs indicated in SIB1/SIB1-BR, this field is common for all EPC PLMNs

And that in 36.331 [8], the *cellBarred-NTN* is mandatory present in *cellAccessRelatedInfo-v1700* (*cellAccessRelatedInfoNTN-r17* in latest agreed RILs), but *cellAccessRelatedInfo-v1700* is optional. Thus there a slight discrepancy, where the presence of *cellBarred-NTN* may or may not be mandatory present for NTN, while the idle mode text implies that it does not always need to be present for NTN.

**Q5: Which change to resolve barring discrepancy in RRC/idle mode?**

1. None
2. Change the 36.304 text to “This field is ignored by UEs supporting NTN ~~while~~ *~~cellBarred-NTN~~* ~~is included in SIB1-BR or SIB1-NB~~.” and make *cellAccessRelatedInfo* mandatory present whenever NTN is deployed. This can for instance be achieved in a loss way by renaming *cellAccessRelatedInfo* to something that makes it clear it is for NTN only.
3. Keep 36.304 text and make *cellBarred-NTN* optional in RRC. Then the solution partly relies on the network configuring *cellBarred-NTN* correctly, by including *cellBarred-NTN* in scenarios when TN and NTN is deployed in the same bands and setting *cellBarred* to *barred*.
4. Other

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **1/2/3/4** | **Comment or further text** |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | 1 | We do not see any issue with the current text. Although we assume that *cellAccessRelatedInfo-NTN* (according to rapporteur CR) will normally be present in a NTN cell, we see no problem with a NW barring all UEs (TN and NTN) by using the legacy bit.  Option 2 is not enough because supporting NTN is not a reason to ignore the legacy bit in a TN cell |
| OPPO | 1 | We also do not see any issue with the current text.  For NTN cell, since legacy UE and R17 non-NTN capable UE cannot access the NTN cell due to lack of pre-compensation capability, etc. Therefore, we think NTN cell should always set cellBarred as “barred” to prevent the access of legacy UE and R17 non-NTN capable UE.  In this case, if cellBarred-NTN is not present in this NTN cell, UE supporting NTN could consider the cell to be barred according to cellBarred. |
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<Rapporteur comment>

1. Change … to ….

## 2.4 Other open idle mode issues

**Companies can bring up further idle mode issues or corrections below:**

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| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Issue** |
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# 3 Conclusion

Based on the discussion in the previous sections we propose the following:

[Proposal 1 T-service includes/does not include inter-RAT measurements.](#_Toc103114969)

[Proposal 2 TP in R2-220xxxx is agreed .](#_Toc103114970)

[Proposal 3 Barring for TN-only is/is not introduced.](#_Toc103114971)

[Proposal 4 Change … to ….](#_Toc103114972)

# 4 References

1. R2-2204711, Correction on Measurement rules for cell re-selection in IoT-NTN, OPPO, RAN2#118-e, May 2022
2. R2-2205250, 36.304 R17 editorial corrections, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell, RAN2#118-e, May 2022
3. R2-2205331, Addressing 36.304 Editor’s note, Huawei, Hisilicon, RAN2#118-e, May 2022.
4. R2-2205861, IoT NTN idle mode issues, Ericsson, RAN2#118-e, May 2022.
5. R2-2204651, Clarification on TN NTN barring, Qualcomm Incorporated, RAN2#118-e, May 2022.
6. R2-2205594, IoT-NTN-only UE, Interdigital Inc., RAN2#118-e, May 2022.
7. 3GPP TS 36.304, User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode, V17.0.0, Release 17, March 2022.
8. 3GPP TS 36.331, Radio Resource Control (RRC), V17.0.0, Release 17, March 2022.