

CHANGE REQUEST

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25.222 CR 019r1

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **TSG RAN#7**
list expected approval meeting # here ↑

for approval
for information

strategic
non-strategic (for SMG use only)

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc

Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network
(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source: Siemens **Date:** 2000-1-26

Subject: TFCI coding specification in TDD

Work item:

Category: F Correction **Release:** Phase 2
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release Release 96
(only one category shall be marked with an X) B Addition of feature Release 97
C Functional modification of feature Release 98
D Editorial modification Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change: To align the TFCI specification with corrections applied to FDD (see R1-00-0123).

Clauses affected: 4.3.1.1, 4.3.1.2.1, 4.1.3.2.2

Other specs affected: Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:



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Table 4.3.1-1: Basis sequences for (32,10) TFCI code

l	$M_{i,0}$	$M_{i,1}$	$M_{i,2}$	$M_{i,3}$	$M_{i,4}$	$M_{i,5}$	$M_{i,6}$	$M_{i,7}$	$M_{i,8}$	$M_{i,9}$
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
6	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
7	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
8	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
9	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
10	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
11	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
12	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
13	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
14	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
15	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
16	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
17	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
18	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
19	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
20	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
21	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
22	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
23	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
24	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0
25	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
26	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
27	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
28	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0

Let's define the TFCI information bits as $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, a_6, a_7, a_8, a_9$ (a_0 is LSB and a_9 is MSB). The TFCI information bits shall correspond to the TFC index (expressed in unsigned binary form) defined by the RRC layer to reference the TFC of the CCTrCH in the associated DPCH radio frame.

The output code word bits b_i are given by:

$$b_i = \sum_{n=0}^9 (a_n \times M_{i,n}) \bmod 2$$

where $i=0 \dots 31$. $N_{\text{TFCI}}=32$.

4.3.1.2 Coding of short TFCI lengths

4.3.1.2.1 Coding very short TFCIs by repetition

If the number of TFCI bits is 1 or 2, then repetition will be used for coding. In this case each bit is repeated to a total of 4 times giving 4-bit transmission ($N_{TFCI}=4$) for a single TFCI bit and 8-bit transmission ($N_{TFCI}=8$) for 2 TFCI bits. Let's define the TFCI information bit(s) as b_0 (or b_0 and b_1). The TFCI information bit(s) shall correspond to the TFC index (expressed in unsigned binary form) defined by the RRC layer to reference the TFC of the CCTrCH in the associated DPCH radio frame. In the case of two TFCI bits denoted b_0 and b_1 the TFCI word shall be $\{ b_0, b_1, b_0, b_1, b_0, b_1, b_0, b_1 \}$.

4.3.1.2.2 Coding short TFCIs using bi-orthogonal codes

If the number of TFCI bits is in the range 3 to 5 the TFCI bits are encoded using a (16, 5) bi-orthogonal (or first order Reed-Muller) code. The coding procedure is as shown in figure 4-8.

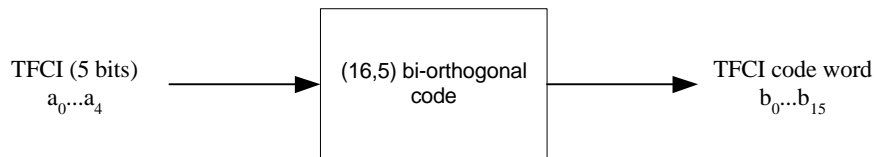


Figure 4-8: Channel coding of short length TFCI bits

The code words of the (16,5) bi-orthogonal code are linear combinations of 5 basis sequences as defined in table 4.3.1-2 below.

Table 4.3.1-2: Basis sequences for (16,5) TFCI code

i	$M_{i,0}$	$M_{i,1}$	$M_{i,2}$	$M_{i,3}$	$M_{i,4}$
0	1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0
2	1	1	1	0	0
3	1	0	0	1	0
4	1	1	0	1	0
5	1	0	1	1	0
6	1	1	1	1	0
7	1	0	0	0	1
8	1	1	0	0	1
9	1	0	1	0	1
10	1	1	1	0	1
11	1	0	0	1	1
12	1	1	0	1	1
13	1	0	1	1	1
14	1	1	1	1	1

15	1	0	0	0	0
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Let's define the TFCI information bits as a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4 (a_0 is LSB and a_4 is MSB). The TFCI information bits shall correspond to the TFC index (expressed in unsigned binary form) defined by the RRC layer to reference the TFC of the CCTrCH in the associated DPCH radio frame.

The output code word bits b_j are given by:

$$b_i = \sum_{n=0}^4 (a_n \times M_{i,n}) \bmod 2$$

where $i=0 \dots 15$. $N_{\text{TFCI}}=16$.