3GPP TSG-RAN WG1 Meeting #101-e Tdoc R1-20xxxxx

e-Meeting, May 25th – June 5th, 2020

**Agenda Item: 8.3**

**Title: Email discussion summary #3 for Study on support of reduced capability NR devices (Step 1: High priority proposals)**

**Source: Rapporteur (Ericsson)**

**Document for: Discussion, Decision**

# 1 Introduction

This document captures the discussion in RAN1#101e post-meeting email discussion [101-e-Post-NR-RedCap], which follows an email discussion [101-e-NR-RedCap-01] held during RAN1#101e for the study item “Study on support of reduced capability NR devices” [1]. Both these email discussions focus on high-level topics and evaluation assumptions necessary to facilitate next step’s more concrete analysis and evaluations. For further background, see email discussion summary for the first email discussion in [3].

In this post-meeting email discussion [101-e-Post-NR-RedCap], the initial focus is High priority proposals listed below:

* High priority:
  + Proposals 7, 9, 22, 22a, 23, 26
* Medium priority:
  + Proposals 14, 14a, 15, 21, 28, 30
* Medium priority, to be discussed after sufficient progress has been reached on Cov. Enh. SI assumptions:
  + Proposals 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
* Low priority:
  + Proposals 0, 1, 3, 6, 12, 13, 24a, 25a, 27, 29, 32

This document deals with the High priority proposals, which have been updated to address the concerns expressed in Section 9 in [3]. The full list of proposals can be found in [3]. The fact that a proposal is listed with lower priority in this email discussion should not be interpreted as a suggestion that it will have lower priority in future meetings.

# 6 Evaluation methodology

## 6.1 Evaluation methodology for UE complexity reduction

For Proposal 7, one of the comments in Section 9 in [3] suggested that the words “*only if obvious benefits observed*” are added at the end of Proposal 7. Here it is proposed to add “*if found beneficial*” as a compromise.

**Proposal 7:** Cost/complexity breakdowns can be separate for FR1 and FR2 if found beneficial.

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Qualcomm | We are fine with this proposal. |
| Ericsson | Support proposal 7 (with or without revision). |
| ZTE,Sanechips | OK. |
| Intel | Fine with the proposal. |
| Sierra Wireless | Agree with proposal |
| vivo | Fine with the proposal |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Fine |
| CATT | Fine with the proposal |
| Samsung | OK. |
| DOCOMO | Agree with the proposal |
| Lenovo, Motorola Mobility | Fine with the proposal |
| Panasonic | OK. |

For Proposal 9, one comment in Section 9 in [3] requested that it is clarified that the purpose is to consider the simplest NR device defined in Rel-15/16 that can support the targeted use cases. This is also the understanding of the Rapporteur, and it is in line with how the reference LTE modem was defined in TR 36.888 for the LTE MTC SI (where Cat-1 was chosen as the reference LTE modem even though LTE devices available on the market at the time were typically significantly more advanced than Cat-1).

One comment proposed to clarify that the reference NR device is “*for evaluation of complexity reduction*”. The proposal has been updated accordingly.

Other comments concern to what extent the reference NR device needs to support all mandatory features, and whether it needs to support 4Rx in FR1 bands {n7, n38, n41, n77, n78, n79}. The Rapporteur suggests leaving the proposal as is.

Several comments concern multi-band support. Since the expressed views are opposite, and the current proposal tries to strike a balance between opposing views, the Rapporteur suggests trying again to agree the current proposal.

Three comments proposed to include not only FD-FDD but also TDD among the duplex bands for the FR1 reference NR device. TDD has been added below.

One comment suggests clarifying what MCS tables should be supported by the reference NR device. The proposal has been updated with proposed MCS tables.

**Proposal 9:** The reference NR device for evaluation of cost/complexity reduction supports the following:

* All mandatory Rel-15 features (with or without capability signaling)
* Single RAT
* Band support:
  + FR1: Single band
  + FR1: Multiple bands (optional, details FFS)
  + FR2: Single band
* Maximum bandwidth:
  + For FR1: 100 MHz for DL and UL
  + For FR2: 200 MHz for DL and UL
* Duplex mode:
  + For FR1: FD-FDD, TDD
  + For FR2: TDD
* Antennas:
  + For FR1 bands {n7, n38, n41, n77, n78, n79}: 4Rx/1Tx
  + For all other FR1/FR2 bands: 2Rx/1Tx
* Power class: PC3
* Processing time: Capability 1
* Modulation:
  + For FR1: QPSK to 256QAM for DL, and QPSK to 64QAM for UL
  + For FR2: QPSK to 64QAM for DL, and QPSK to 64QAM for UL
* MCS table:
  + For FR1: 38.214 Table 5.1.3.1-2 for DL, and 38.214 Table 6.1.4.1-1 for UL
  + For FR2: 38.214 Table 5.1.3.1-1 for DL, and 38.214 Table 6.1.4.1-1 for UL
* Access: Direct DL/UL access between UE and gNB

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Qualcomm | We are fine with this proposal. |
| Ericsson | Support proposal 9 (with or without revisions). |
| ZTE,Sanechips | OK. |
| Intel | Fine with the proposal. |
| Sierra Wireless | OK with proposal.  For FR1:  Our understanding is that there are 4 single-band optional configurations that may be evaluated:   * Single-band FDD 2 RX Ant * Single-band FDD 4 RX Ant (B7) * Single-band TDD 2 RX Ant * Single-band TDD 4 RX Ant   And maybe 1 Multi-band – FFS config  Multi-band [4] FDD bands and [4] TDD bands 4 RX Ant |
| vivo | We have concern with the proposal (first sub-bullet). As we commented before, several mandatory with capability signaling features has not been implemented yet even for normal UEs, it is not reasonable to assume a reduced complexity UEs will support these features for sure. Therefore these feature has to be discussed case by case, if necessary.  Suggested revision   * All mandatory Rel-15 features ~~(with or without capability signaling)~~ |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Understand there could be different views on the band reference. However, considering the existing (wide) support of multi-bands, the potential popular deployment scenarios in future, as well as the spirit of consideration of a limited sets of NR RedCap devices, there might be a possibility that multi-band could be the baseline capability in practical when the feature is to be launched in market. From UE vendor point of view HiSilicon has a preference to see how much we could offer as a UE with reduced capability with support of multi-bands, compared with eMBB UEs with support of multi-bands.  Perhaps a minor change could be removal of “optional” for “FR1: Multiple bands (details FFS)”, as it is already with FFSed details (similar to what Sierra Wireless indicated for multi-band).  In addition, we don’t think the MCS table is needed - in the peak rate calculation as in 38306 modulation order is sufficient and the same order may be able to be used from different tables/waveforms, which we do not know yet but room for that can be kept for now. |
| CATT | We are not quite clear about the intention of MCS tables. If the intention is that lowSE MCS tables are not supported, Table 5.1.3.1-1 should be added for FR1 DL as well. |
| Samsung | To reduce the evaluation load and easy to conclude it. We still suggest to only keep one simple group of features for FR1 and FR2 respectively. However, we understanding that since all the features are supported in NR, some analysis on UE complexity/cost may be needed to support multiple bands, TDD in FR1 and the FR1 bands requires 4Rx. Therefore, we suggest:   * Band support:   + FR1: Single band     - Some further analysis on UE complexity/cost to support multiple bands in FR 1 can be provided, details are FFS   + FR2: Single band * Duplex mode:   + For FR1: FD-FDD~~, TDD~~     - Some further analysis on UE complexity/cost for TDD in FR 1 can be provided, details are FFS   + For FR2: TDD * Antennas:   + For ~~all other~~ FR1/FR2 bands: 2Rx/1Tx     - Some further analysis on UE complexity/cost for FR1 bands {n7, n38, n41, n77, n78, n79}with 4Rx/1Tx, details are FFS |
| DOCOMO | Agree with the proposal |
| Lenovo, Motorola Mobility | Fine with the proposal |
| Panasonic | OK |

# 7 UE complexity reduction features

## 7.2 Reduced number of UE Rx/Tx antennas

It seems from the concerns expressed in Section 9 in [3] that not all companies are comfortable giving different priorities to different antenna configurations, and that there may be a wish to align the wording in Proposals 22 and 23. Proposal 23 has been updated to take this into account.

**Proposal 22:** For FR1, study two antenna configurations for RedCap UEs, namely 1Rx/1Tx and 2Rx/1Tx.

**Proposal 23:** For FR2, study two antenna configurations for RedCap UEs, namely 1Rx/1Tx and 2Rx/1Tx.

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Qualcomm | Proposals 22 and 23 look good to us. |
| Ericsson | Support proposal 22.  Support proposal 23 (with or without revision). |
| ZTE,Sanechips | Support both. |
| Intel | Fine with the proposals. |
| Sierra Wireless | Agree with proposal |
| vivo | Fine with the proposal |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Fine |
| CATT | Fine with the proposal |
| Samsung | Although our preference is to prioritize the study on 2Rx/1Tx for FR2, we can live with the update proposals for the sake of progress. |
| DOCOMO | Agree with the proposal |
| Lenovo, Motorola Mobility | Fine with the proposal |
| Panasonic | OK |

For Proposal 22a, some comments in Section 9 in [3] preferred to revert the wording to an earlier version of the proposal, and some comments suggested that there needs to be some limit to how large the reduced antenna efficiency can be allowed to be. The proposal has been updated to take this into account. Other comments proposed other wordings or argued that the proposal is out of the RedCap SI scope and that it e.g. better handled in the Cov. Enh. SI.

**Proposal 22a:** For FR1, potential reduced antenna efficiency due to device size limitations for wearables is assumed to be limited to [x] dB (where x is FFS) and can be reflected as part of the antenna gains in the coverage analysis.

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Qualcomm | We are fine with this proposal. |
| Ericsson | We are fine with the revised proposal. We prefer “antenna efficiency” to “antenna radiation efficiency” because the former term covers additional aspects beyond radiation efficiency and covers both TX and RX aspects, as pointed out by Sony in [3]. |
| ZTE,Sanechips | OK with the revised proposal. Assume separate value of x for TX / RX. |
| Intel | Fine with the revised proposal. |
| Sierra Wireless | Agree with proposal |
| vivo | Fine with the proposal |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | As commented before, the antenna efficiency is a bit too general resulting in unclear scope of study. Antenna radiation efficiency is defined and applied to both transmission and reception in evaluations so can be kept with clarification (e.g. add “UE transmitter and/or receiver”).  Regarding “reflected” or “reported, the intention is for companies to clearly report how much antenna radiation efficiency is assumed in the evaluations, otherwise its impact on coverage reduction is not accurately evaluated. The wording “reflected” implies that single value of antenna gain is reported for a mix of antenna radiation efficiency [x] dB and nominal UE antenna gain. We don’t prefer this mix, but could be OK with a further note:  For FR1, potential reduced antenna radiation efficiency due to device size limitations for wearables is assumed to be limited to [x] dB (where x is FFS, e.g. can be 0) and can be reflected as part of the antenna gains of UE transmitter and/or receiver in the coverage analysis.   * Note: Nominal UE antenna gain is assumed as 0 dBi when antenna radiation efficiency is reflected in the reported antenna gain. |
| CATT | Fine with the proposal. |
| Samsung | ok |
| DOCOMO | Agree with the proposal |
| Lenovo, Motorola Mobility | Fine with the proposal |
| Panasonic | We are not sure whether RAN1 needs to discuss antenna gain loss caused by the device size limitation. If x is coming from RAN4, we are ok. |

## 7.4 Half-duplex FDD operation

Based on some comments in Section 9 in [3], it seems that although some aspects of the guard times for HD-FDD operation should probably be discussed in RAN4, it should be possible for RAN1 to do some initial cost/complexity analysis, as was done in the LTE MTC SI for TR 36.888.

**Proposal 26:** Study HD-FDD operation Type A and Type B, where study of Type A is prioritized.

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| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Qualcomm | We think the HD-FDD operation for RedCap UE can be studied in RAN1, and RAN1 can assume specific DL-to-UL switching time and UL-to-DL switching time based on previous 3GPP studies for LTE HD-FDD.  Therefore, we suggest the following changes to Proposals 26:  **Proposal 26: Study HD-FDD operation Type A and Type B in RAN1, where study of Type A is prioritized.** |
| Ericsson | Support proposal 26. |
| ZTE,Sanechips | Support. |
| Intel | Fine with the proposal as is. |
| Sierra Wireless | Agree with proposal |
| vivo | Fine with the proposal |
| Huawei, HiSilicon | Fine with the proposal. But we don’t feel the switching time can be arbitrarily determined by RAN1 now. |
| CATT | Fine with the proposal |
| Samsung | Ok in general. Some clarifications on definition of Type A and Type B HD-FDD are suggested:  **Proposal 26:** Study HD-FDD operation Type A and Type B as defined in LTE MTC, where study of Type A is prioritized. |
| DOCOMO | Agree with the proposal |
| Lenovo, Motorola Mobility | Fine with the proposal. One thing noticed is that as defined in 36.306, the LTE Cat.1bis UEs support type A operation type. Therefore, with this proposal 26, it comes to the question again how to interpret the SID note that RedCap UE capability shall be no less than Cat.1bis. |
| Panasonic | OK |

# References

[1] [RP-193238](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/TSG_RAN/TSGR_86/Docs/RP-193238.zip), ”New SID on support of reduced capability NR devices”

[2] [R1-2004731](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG1_RL1/TSGR1_101-e/Docs/R1-2004731.zip), “Email discussion for Study on support of reduced capability NR devices”, Rapporteur (Ericsson)

[3] [R1-2005048](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG1_RL1/TSGR1_101-e/Docs/R1-2005048.zip), “Email discussion summary #2 for Study on support of reduced capability NR devices”, Rapporteur (Ericsson)