

**TSG RAN Meeting #18**  
**New Orleans, US, 3 - 6 December, 2002**

**RP-020787**

**Title** CRs (Rel-4 and Rel-5 Category A) to TS 25.133  
**Source** TSG RAN WG4  
**Agenda Item** 7.4.4

RAN4 Tdoc	Spec	CR	R	Cat	Rel	Curr Ver	Title	Work Item
R4-021644	25.133	503		F	Rel-4	4.6.0	Total received power density definition for the BS	TEI4
R4-021643	25.133	498	1	A	Rel-5	5.4.0	Total received power density definition for the BS	TEI4

## CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.133 CR 498** ⌘ rev **1** ⌘ Current version: **5.4.0** ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	⌘	Total received power density definition for the BS
<b>Source:</b>	⌘	RAN WG4
<b>Work item code:</b>	⌘	TEI4
		<b>Date:</b> ⌘ 26/11/2002
<b>Category:</b>	⌘	<b>A</b>
		Use <u>one</u> of the following categories:
		<b>F</b> (correction)
		<b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)
		<b>B</b> (addition of feature),
		<b>C</b> (functional modification of feature)
		<b>D</b> (editorial modification)
		Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a> .
		<b>Release:</b> ⌘ Rel-5
		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases:
		2 (GSM Phase 2)
		R96 (Release 1996)
		R97 (Release 1997)
		R98 (Release 1998)
		R99 (Release 1999)
		Rel-4 (Release 4)
		Rel-5 (Release 5)
		Rel-6 (Release 6)

<b>Reason for change:</b>	⌘	The current parameter for the UTRAN measurement is defined to be I <sub>o</sub> which is the total received power density as measured at the UE antenna connector. Corresponding parameter for the BS is missing.
<b>Summary of change:</b>	⌘	Addition of new parameter I <sub>o</sub> , the total received power density, including signal and interference, as measured at the BS antenna connector. This change is also clarifying that the reference point for the UTRAN RTWB measurement is BS antenna connector.
<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	⌘	There will be no definition for the total received power density at the BS antenna connector.  Isolated Impact Analysis: Addition of new parameter I <sub>o</sub> which was missing in the specification Would not affect implementations behaving like indicated in the CR, would affect implementations interpreting the corrected definition otherwise. Would not affect implementations interpreting the current definition to be the total received power density at the BS antenna connector.

<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘	3.2; 9.2.1.1; 9.2.1.2; 9.2.2.1				
<b>Other specs affected:</b>	⌘	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">N</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> <td style="text-align: center;"></td> </tr> </table> Other core specifications	Y	N	X	
Y	N					
X						
		⌘ TS 25.215. Reference point is defined to be the BS antenna connector instead of UE antenna connector.				
		⌘ TS 25.141 Annex H.2 is referring to requirements in TS25.133.				

O&M Specifications

**Other comments:** ⌘

Equivalent CRs in other Releases: CR503r1 cat. F to 25.133 v4.6.0

### How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

- [20] 3GPP TS 25.303: "Interlayer Procedures in Connected Mode"
- [21] 3GPP TS 45.008: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Radio subsystem link control"
- [22] 3GPP TS 45.005: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Radio transmission and reception"
- [23] 3GPP TS 26.103: "Speech Codec List for GSM and UMTS"

## 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

The main general definitions strictly related to the Transmission and Reception characteristics but important also for the present document can be found in [3] for UE FDD, in [4] for BS FDD, in [5] for UE TDD, in [6] for BS TDD.

**Node B:** A logical node responsible for radio transmission / reception in one or more cells to/from the User Equipment. Terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC

**Power Spectral Density:** The units of Power Spectral Density (PSD) are extensively used in this document. PSD is a function of power versus frequency and when integrated across a given bandwidth, the function represents the mean power in such a bandwidth. When the mean power is normalised to (divided by) the chip-rate it represents the mean energy per chip. Some signals are directly defined in terms of energy per chip, (DPCH\_Ec, Ec, OCNS\_Ec and S-CCPCH\_Ec) and others defined in terms of PSD (Io, Ioc, Ior and  $\hat{I}_{or}$ ). There also exist quantities that are a ratio of energy per chip to PSD (DPCH\_Ec/Ior, Ec/Ior etc.). This is the common practice of relating energy magnitudes in communication systems.

It can be seen that if both energy magnitudes in the ratio are divided by time, the ratio is converted from an energy ratio to a power ratio, which is more useful from a measurement point of view. It follows that an energy per chip of X dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a mean power per chip of X dBm. Similarly, a signal PSD of Y dBm/3.84 MHz can be expressed as a signal power of Y dBm.

### 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbol applies:

[...]	Values included in square bracket must be considered for further studies, because it means that a decision about that value was not taken.
CPICH_Ec	Average energy per PN chip for the CPICH
CPICH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the CPICH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
CPICH_Ec/Io	The ratio of the received energy per PN chip for the CPICH to the total received power spectral density at the UE antenna connector.
DPCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Ec	Average energy per PN chip.
Io	The total received power density, including signal and interference, as measured at the UE antenna connector.
<u>Iob</u>	<u>The total received power density, including signal and interference, as measured at the BS antenna connector.</u>
Ioc	The power spectral density (integrated in a noise bandwidth equal to the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of a band limited noise source (simulating interference from cells, which are not defined in a test procedure) as measured at the UE antenna connector.
Ior	The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of (1+ $\alpha$ ) times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna connector.

$\hat{I}_{or}$	The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE antenna connector.
OCNS_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the OCNS to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
PCCPCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the PCCPCH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
PENALTY_TIME	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
PICH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the PICH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Qhyst	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qoffset <sub>s,n</sub>	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qqualmin	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Qrxlevmin	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
SCH_Ec/Ior	The ratio of the transmit energy per PN chip of the SCH to the total transmit power spectral density at the Node B antenna connector.
Sintersearch	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
Sintrasearch	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
SsearchRAT	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
T1	Time period 1
T2	Time period 2
TEMP_OFFSET	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
T <sub>RE-ESTABLISH-REQ</sub>	The RRC Re-establishment delay requirement, the time between the moment when erroneous CRCs are applied, to when the UE starts to send preambles on the PRACH.
Treselection	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.3.1.2.

### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply

BER	Bit Error Ratio
BLER	Block Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
CFN	Connection Frame Number
CPICH	Common Pilot Channel
DL	Down link (forward link)
DPCH	Dedicated Physical Channel
DRX	Discontinuous Reception
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
OCNS	Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on the other orthogonal channels of a downlink.
PCCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
PICH	Paging Indicator Channel
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
RSCP	Received Signal Code Power
RRC	Radio Resource Control
RRM	Radio Resource Management
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SCH	Synchronisation Channel, power of SCH shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels.
SFN	System Frame Number
SIR	Signal to Interference ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TPC	Transmit Power Control
UE	User Equipment
UL	Up link (reverse link)
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network

-----NEXT MODIFIED SECTION-----

## 9.2.1 Received total wideband power

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

### 9.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

**Table 9.35**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
$\log$	dBm/3.84 MHz	$\pm 4$	$-103 \leq \log \leq -74$ dBm/3.84 MHz

### 9.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy is defined as the Received total wideband power measured at one frequency compared to the Received total wideband power measured from the same frequency at a different time.

**Table 9.36**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
$\log$	dBm/3.84 MHz	$\pm 0.5$	For changes $\leq \pm 5.0$ dB and $-103 \leq \log \leq -74$ dBm/3.84 MHz

### 9.2.1.3 Received total wideband power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *Received total wideband power (RTWP)* is from -112 ... -50 dBm.

In table 9.37 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

**Table 9.37**

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RTWP_LEV_000	$RTWP < -112.0$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_001	$-112.0 \leq RTWP < -111.9$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_002	$-111.9 \leq RTWP < -111.8$	dBm
...	...	...
RTWP_LEV_619	$-50.2 \leq RTWP < -50.1$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_620	$-50.1 \leq RTWP < -50.0$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_621	$-50.0 \leq RTWP$	dBm

## 9.2.2 SIR

The measurement period shall be 80 ms.

### 9.2.2.1 Accuracy requirement

**Table 9.38**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
SIR	dB	$\pm 3$	For $-7 < SIR < 20$ dB when $\log > -105$ dBm/3.84 MHz

## CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.133 CR 503** ⌘ rev  ⌘ Current version: **4.6.0** ⌘

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**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	⌘	Total received power density definition for the BS		
<b>Source:</b>	⌘	RAN WG4		
<b>Work item code:</b>	⌘	TEI4	<b>Date:</b>	⌘ 26/11/2002
<b>Category:</b>	⌘	<b>F</b>	<b>Release:</b>	⌘ Rel-4
		Use <u>one</u> of the following categories:		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases:
		<b>F</b> (correction)	2	(GSM Phase 2)
		<b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)	R96	(Release 1996)
		<b>B</b> (addition of feature),	R97	(Release 1997)
		<b>C</b> (functional modification of feature)	R98	(Release 1998)
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		Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.	Rel-4	(Release 4)
			Rel-5	(Release 5)
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<b>Reason for change:</b>	⌘	The current parameter for the UTRAN measurement is defined to be I <sub>0</sub> which is the total received power density as measured at the UE antenna connector. Corresponding parameter for the BS is missing.
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Y	N						
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Y	N						
X							

O&M Specifications

**Other comments:** ⌘

Equivalent CRs in other Releases: CR498 cat. A to 25.133 v5.4.0

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Ior	The total transmit power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal at the Node B antenna connector.

$\hat{I}_{or}$	The received power spectral density (integrated in a bandwidth of $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate and normalized to the chip rate) of the downlink signal as measured at the UE antenna connector.
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Treselection	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.6.1.5
UE_TXPWR_MAX_RACH	Defined in TS 25.304, subclause 5.2.3.1.2.

### 3.3 Abbreviations

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DRX	Discontinuous Reception
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
OCNS	Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator, a mechanism used to simulate the users or control signals on the other orthogonal channels of a downlink.
PCCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
PICH	Paging Indicator Channel
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
RSCP	Received Signal Code Power
RRC	Radio Resource Control
RRM	Radio Resource Management
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SCH	Synchronisation Channel, power of SCH shall be divided equally between Primary and Secondary Synchronous channels.
SFN	System Frame Number
SIR	Signal to Interference ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TPC	Transmit Power Control
UE	User Equipment
UL	Up link (reverse link)
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UTRA	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network

-----NEXT MODIFIED SECTION-----

## 9.1.12 UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning

The requirements in this section are valid for terminals supporting this capability:

**Table 9.33**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [chip]	Conditions
UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning	chip	[ ]	

### 9.1.12.1 UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning measurement report mapping

The reporting range is for UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning is from 0 ... 2322432000000 chip.

In table 9.34 the mapping of measured quantity is defined.

**Table 9.34**

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
GPS_TIME_00000000000000	UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.0625	chip
GPS_TIME_00000000000001	0.0625 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.1250	chip
GPS_TIME_00000000000002	0.1250 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 0.1875	chip
...	...	...
GPS_TIME_3715891199997	2322431999999.8125 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.8750	chip
GPS_TIME_3715891199998	2322431999999.8750 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322431999999.9375	chip
GPS_TIME_3715891199999	2322431999999.9375 ≤ UE GPS timing of Cell Frames for UE positioning < 2322432000000.0000	chip

## 9.2 Measurements Performance for UTRAN

The reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering shall be an estimate of the average value of the measured quantity over the measurement period. The reference point for the measurement result after layer 1 filtering is referred to as point B in the measurement model described in TS 25.302.

The accuracy requirements in this clause are valid for the reported measurement result after layer 1 filtering. The accuracy requirements are verified from the measurement report at point D in the measurement model having the layer 3 filtering disabled.

### 9.2.1 Received total wideband power

The measurement period shall be 100 ms.

#### 9.2.1.1 Absolute accuracy requirement

**Table 9.35**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
$10 \log P_{\text{R}}^{\text{tot}}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	± 4	-103 ≤ $10 \log P_{\text{R}}^{\text{tot}}$ ≤ -74 dBm/3.84 MHz

### 9.2.1.2 Relative accuracy requirement

The relative accuracy is defined as the Received total wideband power measured at one frequency compared to the Received total wideband power measured from the same frequency at a different time.

**Table 9.36**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
$\frac{\Delta \text{lob}}{\text{lob}}$	dBm/3.84 MHz	$\pm 0.5$	For changes $\leq \pm 5.0$ dB and $-103 \leq \text{lob} \leq -74$ dBm/3.84 MHz

### 9.2.1.3 Received total wideband power measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *Received total wideband power (RTWP)* is from -112 ... -50 dBm.

In table 9.37 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.

**Table 9.37**

Reported value	Measured quantity value	Unit
RTWP_LEV_000	$\text{RTWP} < -112.0$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_001	$-112.0 \leq \text{RTWP} < -111.9$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_002	$-111.9 \leq \text{RTWP} < -111.8$	dBm
...	...	...
RTWP_LEV_619	$-50.2 \leq \text{RTWP} < -50.1$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_620	$-50.1 \leq \text{RTWP} < -50.0$	dBm
RTWP_LEV_621	$-50.0 \leq \text{RTWP}$	dBm

## 9.2.2 SIR

The measurement period shall be 80 ms.

### 9.2.2.1 Accuracy requirement

**Table 9.38**

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy [dB]	Conditions
			Range
SIR	dB	$\pm 3$	For $-7 < \text{SIR} < 20$ dB when $\text{lob} > -105$ dBm/3.84 MHz

### 9.2.2.2 SIR measurement report mapping

The reporting range for *SIR* is from -11 ... 20 dB.

In table 9.39 the mapping of measured quantity is defined. The range in the signalling may be larger than the guaranteed accuracy range.