

**TSG-RAN Meeting #14
Kyoto, Japan, 11 - 14, December, 2001**

TSGRP#14(01) 0896

Title: Agreed CRs to TS 25.423

Source: TSG-RAN WG3

Agenda item: 8.3.3/8.3.4/9.4.3

RP Tdoc	R3 Tdoc	Spec	CR_Num	Rev	Release	CR_Subject	Cat	Cur_Ver	New_Ver	Workitem
RP-010896	R3-013720	25.423	478	2	Rel-4	CR on Priority range	A	4.2.0	4.3.0	TEI

3GPP TSG-RAN3 Meeting #25
 Makuhari, Japan, 26-30 November 2001

R3-013720

CR-Form-v4	
CHANGE REQUEST	
⌘ 25.423 CR 478 ⌘	ev 2 ⌘
Current version: 4.2.0 ⌘	


For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	⌘ CR on Priority range		
Source:	⌘ R-WG3		
Work item code:	⌘ TEI	Date:	⌘ 17-10-2001
Category:	⌘ A	Release:	⌘ R4
Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification)		Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)	
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.			

Reason for change:	⌘ In Allocation/Retention priority IE, it is not clear whether priority values 2 to 13 are possible or not. The initial intention of the group was to define 15 values. The range and the usage must be specified clearly, and should be aligned to the Allocation/Retention priority IE of TS25.413. The value "not used" is unclear and not aligned to TS 25.413.
Summary of change:	⌘ <p>Rev2: Semantics description was corrected.</p> <p>Rev1: In the tabular format, value 15 (no-priority) description is removed since already in the procedure text. Behaviour related to value zero is specified for the receiving side only and treated as a logical error for backward compatibility reasons. Same layout as CR to 25.413 is used in tabular format.</p> <p>Rev0: The range and the order of the allocation/retention priorities are specified. The value "not used" is changed into "no priority" for alignment with TS25.413.</p> <p>Impact Analysis: This CR has no impact with the previous version of the specification (same release) with the assumed interpretation of the previous version of the specification.</p>
Consequences if not approved:	⌘ The use of values 2 to 13 would remain unclear and may lead to different implementations and interoperability problems.

Clauses affected:	⌘ 9.2.1.1, A1, A2	
Other specs affected:	⌘ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> Test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M Specifications	⌘ 25.423 v3.7.0 CR477 25.413 v3.7.0 CR360, 25.413 v4.2.0 CR361 25.433 v3.7.0 CR529, 25.433 v4.2.1 CR530

Other comments: ☒ 

9.2.1.1 Allocation/Retention Priority

This parameter indicates the priority level in the allocation and retention of transport channel resources in DRNS. DRNS may use the Allocation/Retention priority information of the transport channels composing the RL to prioritise requests for RL Setup/addition and reconfiguration. In similar way, DRNS may use the allocation/Retention priority information of the transport channels composing the RL to prioritise which RL shall be set to failure, in case prioritisation is possible. See Annex A.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Priority Level	M		INTEGER (0..15)	<p>This IE indicates the priority of the request.</p> <p>0 = spare.</p> <p>1 = highest priority.</p> <p>14 = Lowest priority.</p> <p>15 = not used no priority.</p> <p>Usage:</p> <p>- Values between 1 and 14 are ordered in decreasing order of priority, '1' being the highest and '14' the lowest.</p> <p><u>Value 15 shall be treated as "no priority".</u></p> <p>Value 0 shall not be used.</p>
Pre-emption Capability	M		ENUMERATED (shall not trigger pre-emption, may trigger pre-emption)	
Pre-emption Vulnerability	M		ENUMERATED (not pre-emptable, pre-emptable)	

Next change

A.1 Deriving Allocation Information for a Radio Link

A.1.1 Establishment of a New Radio Link

The Allocation Information for a Radio Link in the case of establishment of a new Radio Link shall be derived as follows:

- The latest received *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for each transport channel shall be used.

Note: The *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for a transport channel may have been received in

- a) the procedure that establishes the first Radio Link for the UE in the DRNS or
 - b) a procedure adding or modifying the transport channel.
- If the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for all transport channels that are intended to use the Radio Link is set to “~~not used~~no priority”, the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link shall be set to “shall not trigger pre-emption”.
 - If the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for one or more of the transport channels that are intended to use the Radio Link is not set to “~~not used~~no priority”, the allocation priority and the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link shall be set according to the following:
 - The transport channels that have the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE set to “~~not used~~no priority” shall be excluded when setting the allocation priority and pre-emption capability of a Radio Link.
 - The allocation priority for a Radio Link shall be set to highest priority level, given by the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE, for all non excluded transport channels that are intended to use the Radio Link.
 - If all non-excluded transport channels that are intended to use a Radio Link to be established have the pre-emption capability, given by the *Pre-emption Capability* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE, set to “shall not trigger pre-emption”, the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link shall be set to “shall not trigger pre-emption”.
If one or more non-excluded transport channels that are intended to use the Radio Link to be established have the value of the *Pre-emption Capability* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE set to “may trigger pre-emption”, the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link shall be set to “may trigger pre-emption”.

The derived allocation priority and pre-emption capability are only valid during this allocation/retention process.

A.1.2 Modification of an Existing Radio Link

The Allocation Information for a Radio Link in the case of modification of a Radio Link (addition or modification of transport channels using the Radio Link) shall be derived as follows:

- The latest received *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for each transport channel shall be used.

Note: The *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for a transport channel may have been received in

- a) the procedure that establishes the first Radio Link for the UE in the DRNS,
 - b) a previous procedure adding or modifying the transport channel, or
 - c) the current procedure adding or modifying the transport channel.
- If the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for all transport channels to be added or modified in the Radio Link is set to “~~not used~~no priority”, the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link to be modified shall be set to “shall not trigger pre-emption”.
 - If the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for one or more of the transport channels to be added or modified in the Radio Link is not set to “~~not used~~no priority”, the allocation priority of and the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link to be modified shall be set according to the following:

- The transport channels to be added or modified that have the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE set to “~~not used~~no priority” shall be excluded when setting the allocation priority and pre-emption capability of a Radio Link to be modified.
- The allocation priority for a Radio Link to be modified shall be set to highest priority level, given by the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE, for all the non-excluded transport channels that are to be added or modified.
- If all non-excluded transport channels that are to be added or modified in the Radio Link have the pre-emption capability, given by the *Pre-emption Capability* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE, set to “shall not trigger pre-emption”, the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link to be modified shall be set to “shall not trigger pre-emption”.
If one or more of the non-excluded transport channels to be added or modified in the Radio Link have the value of the *Pre-emption Capability* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE set to “may trigger pre-emption”, the pre-emption capability of the Radio Link to be modified shall be set to “may trigger pre-emption”.

The derived allocation priority and pre-emption capability are only valid during this allocation/retention process.

A.2 Deriving Retention Information for a Radio Link

The Retention Information for an existing Radio Link shall be derived as follows:

- The latest received *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for each transport channel shall be used.

Note: The *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for a transport channel may have been received in

- a) the procedure that establishes the first Radio Link for the UE in the DRNS or
- b) a procedure adding or modifying the transport channel.

- If the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for one or more transport channels using the Radio Link is set to “~~not used~~no priority”, the pre-emption vulnerability of the Radio Link shall be set to “not pre-emptable”.
- If the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE for all the transport channels using the Radio Link is not set to “~~not used~~no priority”, the retention priority of the Radio Link and the pre-emption vulnerability of the Radio Link shall be set according to the following:
 - The retention priority for a Radio Link shall be set to highest priority level, given by the *Priority Level* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE, for all transport channels that uses the Radio Link.
 - If all transport channels that uses the Radio Link have the pre-emption vulnerability, given by the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE, set to “pre-emptable”, the pre-emption vulnerability of the Radio Link shall be set to “pre-emptable”.
If one or more transport channels that uses the Radio Link have the value of the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE in the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE set to “not pre-emptable”, the pre-emption vulnerability of the Radio Link shall be set to “not pre-emptable”.

The derived retention priority and pre-emption vulnerability are valid until they are changed, or until the Radio Link is deleted. When new transport channels are added to or deleted from the Radio Link or when existing transport channels are modified with regards to the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE, the retention information shall be derived again according to above.