TSG-RAN Meeting #12
Stockholm, Sweden, 12 - 15 June 2001

TSGRP#12(01) 0378

Title: **Agreed CRs to TS 25.423**

Source: **TSG-RAN WG3**

Agenda item: **8.3.3/8.3.4**

Tdoc_Num	Specification	CR_Num	Revision_Num	CR_Subject	CR_Category	WG_Status	Cur_Ver_Num	New_Ver_Num	Workitem
R3-011862	25.423	340	3	Corrections and introduction of an appendix for usage of Criticality Diagnostics IE	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011863	25.423	341	2	Corrections and introduction of an appendix for usage of Criticality Diagnostics IE	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011327	25.423	342		Reporting of Logical Error with Error Indication Procedure	F	agreed	3.4.0	3.5.0	TEI
R3-011328	25.423	343		Reporting of Logical Error with Error Indication Procedure	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011335	25.423	344		Clarification of IEs order rule	F	agreed	3.4.0	3.5.0	TEI
R3-011336	25.423	345		Clarification of IEs order rule	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011366	25.423	346		Modification of RL-Setup and RL-Addition procedure text	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011367	25.423	347		Modification of RL-Setup and RL-Addition procedure text	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011370	25.423	348		Clarification on Procedure Parallelism for RL Restoration	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011371	25.423	349		Clarification on Procedure Parallelism for RL Restoration	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011765	25.423	350	2	Measurement reporting clarification	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011766	25.423	351	2	Measurement reporting clarification	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI

R3-011378	25.423	352		Clarification of the CM Configuration Change CFN IE	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011379	25.423	353		Clarification of the CM Configuration Change CFN IE	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011382	25.423	354		Correction to the UMTS neighbouring cell handling	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011383	25.423	355		Correction to the UMTS neighbouring cell handling	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011384	25.423	356		Clarification of the Initial DL Tx Power in RL Addition	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011385	25.423	357		Clarification of the Initial DL Tx Power in RL Addition	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011386	25.423	358		Criticality setting of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011387	25.423	359		Criticality setting of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011862

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **340** ⌘ rev **3** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Corrections and introduction of an appendix for usage of *Criticality Diagnostics* IE
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	2001-05-16
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change: ⌘ The *Criticality Diagnostics* IE cannot tell if a reported error is due to a not understood or a missing IE. This needs to be added.
Also the usage of Criticality Diagnostics IE needs to be made easier to understand. An informative annex is thus added.

Summary of change: ⌘ Type of Error is added to the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and an informative appendix with examples of the usage of *Criticality Diagnostics* IE is also added.

Changes since R3 #20:

- The semantics of the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and *Message Structure* IE have been improved.
- One figure per example have been included in the Appendix.
- One example on “missing IE” has been included in the Appendix.
- The *Type of Error* IE has been added in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE to allow the reporting of multiple causes to the inclusion of the Criticality Diagnostics IE.
  The main reason for reporting Criticality Diagnostics can be indicated by the *Cause* IE, but the reason may be different for different reported IEs. E.g the main reason my be a missing IE (cause=“Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)”) but still there may be a not understood IE reported as well (cause=”Abstract Syntax Error (Reject)” or ”Abstract Syntax Error (Ignore and Notify)”).
- The value range for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE has been changed from (1..256) to (0..255, …).
- The value range for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Message Structure* IE has been changed from (1..256) to (1..256, …).

Rev2: the id value was allocated.

Rev3: It was recognised, that the addition of the extension marker for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and the *Message Structure* IE will lead to a non backwards compatible change, as it e.g. causes an transfer

		syntax (decoder) error if this IE is received by a node of an version which did not implemented this change. As an outcome one correction in ASN.1+removal of ellipsis from the repetition number were performed.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	It will not be possible to know what type of error that is reported, making it difficult to take appropriate actions. The proposed change is not backwards compatible due to: • The changes done to the value range for Repetition Number. • The introduction of the possibility to report missing IEs, thus making received information ambiguous for a receiver implemented according to Criticality Diagnostics without this possibility.

Clauses affected:	⌘	9.2.1.13, 9.2.1.39A, 9.3.4, 9.3.6 and Appendix B (new)			
Other specs affected:	⌘	X	Other core specifications	⌘	25.413 V3.5.0, CR276 25.413 V4.0.0, CR277 25.419 V3.4.0, CR035 25.419 V4.0.0, CR036 25.423 V4.0.0, CR341 25.433 V3.5.0, CR389 25.433 V4.0.0, CR390
			Test specifications		
			O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	⌘				

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.13 Criticality Diagnostics

For further details on how to use the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE, see Annex B.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Procedure ID		0..1		Procedure ID is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Procedure Code	M		INTEGER (0..255)	
>Ddmode	M		ENUMERATED (FDD, TDD, Common)	Common = common to FDD and TDD.
Triggering Message	O		ENUMERATED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome)	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication.
Procedure Criticality	O		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Transaction ID	O		Transaction ID	
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		*0..<maxnoof errors>*		
>IE Criticality	M		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'Ignore" shall never be used.
>IE Id	M		INTEGER (0..65535)	The IE Id of the not understood or missing IE as defined in the ASN.1 part of the specification.
>Repetition Number	O		INTEGER (0~~1~~..255~~6~~)	The *Repetition Number* IE gives • in case of a not understood IE: The number of occurrences of the reported IE up to and including the not understood occurrence • in case of a missing IE: The number of occurrences up to but not including the missing occurrence. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.~~The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message~~

				~~structure IE, if applicable~~
>Message Structure	O		9.2.1.39A	The *Message Structure* IE describes the structure where the not understood or missing IE was detected. This IE is included if the not understood IE is not the top level of the message.
>Type of Error	M		ENUMERATED(not understood, missing, …)	

Range bound	Explanation
Maxnooferrors	Maximum number of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single message.

9.2.1.39A Message Structure

The *Message Structure* IE gives information for each level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure from top level down to the lowest level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message structure		1 to <maxnooflevels>		The first repetition of the *Message Structure* IE corresponds to the top level of the message. The last repetition of the *Message Structure* IE corresponds to the level above the reported level for the occured error of the message.~~Information given per level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure. Given from top level down to the level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE).~~	GLOBAL	ignore
>IE ID	M		INTEGER (0..65535)	The IE ID of this level's IE containing the not understood or missing IE.	-	
>Repetition Number	O		INTEGER (1..256)	The *Repetition Number* IE gives, if applicable, the number of occurrences of this level's reported IE up to and including the occurrence containing the not understood or missing IE. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.~~The repetition number of this level's reported IE, if applicable~~	-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooflevels	Maximum no. of message levels to report. The value for maxnooflevels is 256.

9.3.4 Information Element Definitions

```
-- **************************************************************
--
-- Information Element Definitions
--
-- **************************************************************

RNSAP-IEs {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) rnsap (1) version1 (1) rnsap-IEs (2) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS
    maxCodeNumComp-1,
    maxNrOfFACHs,
    maxFACHCountPlus1,
    maxIBSEG,
    maxNoOfDSCHs,
    maxNoOfUSCHs,
    maxNoTFCIGroups,
    maxNoCodeGroups,
    maxNrOfDCHs,
    maxNrOfDL-Codes,
    maxNrOfDLTs,
    maxNrOfDPCHs,
    maxNrOfErrors,
    maxNrOfFDDNeighboursPerRNC,
    maxNrOfMACcshSDU-Length,
    maxNrOfNeighbouringRNCs,
    maxNrOfTDDNeighboursPerRNC,
    maxNrOfTS,
    maxNrOfULTs,
    maxNrOfGSMNeighboursPerRNC,
    maxRateMatching,
    maxNrOfPoints,
    maxNoOfRB,
    maxNrOfTFCs,
    maxNrOfTFs,
    maxCTFC,
    maxRNCinURA-1,
    maxNrOfSCCPCHs,
    maxTFCI1Combs,
    maxTFCI2Combs,
    maxTFCI2Combs-1,
    maxTGPS,
    maxTTI-Count,
```

```
    id-Neighbouring-GSM-CellInformation,
    id-Neighbouring-UMTS-CellInformationItem,
    maxNrOfLevels,
    id-MessageStructure,
    id-TypeOfError
FROM RNSAP-Constants

    Criticality,
    ProcedureID,
    ProtocolIE-ID,
    TransactionID,
    TriggeringMessage
FROM RNSAP-CommonDataTypes

    ProtocolIE-Single-Container{},
    ProtocolExtensionContainer{},
    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES,
    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION
FROM RNSAP-Containers;

-- A

Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information ::= SEQUENCE {
    cMConfigurationChangeCFN        CFN,
    transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Status    Transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Status-List    OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions       ProtocolExtensionContainer { {Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

AdjustmentPeriod            ::= INTEGER(1..256)
-- Unit Frame

AllocationRetentionPriority ::= SEQUENCE {
    priorityLevel               PriorityLevel,
    pre-emptionCapability       Pre-emptionCapability,
    pre-emptionVulnerability    Pre-emptionVulnerability,
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {AllocationRetentionPriority-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
}

AllocationRetentionPriority-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

AllowedQueuingTime          ::= INTEGER (1..60)
-- seconds

AlphaValue                  ::= INTEGER (0..8)
-- Actual value = Alpha / 8
```

```
-- B

BCC ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (3))

BCCH-ARFCN ::= INTEGER (0..1023)

BetaCD ::= INTEGER (0..15)

BindingID               ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..4,...))

BLER                    ::= INTEGER (-63..0)
-- Step 0.1 (Range -6.3..0). It is the Log10 of the BLER

Block-STTD-Indicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    active,
    inactive
}

BSIC ::= SEQUENCE {
    nCC         NCC,
    bCC         BCC
}

-- C

Cause ::= CHOICE {
    radioNetwork        CauseRadioNetwork,
    transport           CauseTransport,
    protocol            CauseProtocol,
    misc                CauseMisc,
    ...
}

CauseMisc ::= ENUMERATED {
    control-processing-overload,
    hardware-failure,
    om-intervention,
    not-enough-user-plane-processing-resources,
    unspecified,
    ...
}

CauseProtocol ::= ENUMERATED {
    transfer-syntax-error,
    abstract-syntax-error-reject,
    abstract-syntax-error-ignore-and-notify,
    message-not-compatible-with-receiver-state,
    semantic-error,
    unspecified,
    abstract-syntax-error-falsely-constructed-message,
    ...
}
```

```
CauseRadioNetwork ::= ENUMERATED {
    unknown-C-ID,
    cell-not-available,
    power-level-not-supported,
    ul-scrambling-code-already-in-use,
    dl-radio-resources-not-available,
    ul-radio-resources-not-available,
    measurement-not-supported-for-the-object,
    combining-resources-not-available,
    combining-not-supported,
    reconfiguration-not-allowed,
    requested-configuration-not-supported,
    synchronisation-failure,
    requested-tx-diversity-mode-not-supported,
    measurement-temporaily-not-available,
    unspecified,
    invalid-CM-settings,
    reconfiguration-CFN-not-elapsed,
    number-of-DL-codes-not-supported,
    dedicated-transport-channel-type-not-supported,
    dl-shared-channel-type-not-supported,
    ul-shared-channel-type-not-supported,
    common-transport-channel-type-not-supported,
    ul-spreading-factor-not-supported,
    dl-spreading-factor-not-supported,
    cm-not-supported,
    transaction-not-supported-by-destination-node-b,
    rl-already-activated-or-alocated,
    ...,
    number-of-UL-codes-not-supported
}

CauseTransport ::= ENUMERATED {
    transport-resource-unavailable,
    unspecified,
    ...
}

C-ID                    ::= INTEGER (0..65535)

CCTrCH-ID               ::= INTEGER (0..15)

CellIndividualOffset    ::= INTEGER (-20..20)

CellParameterID             ::= INTEGER (0..127,...)

CFN                 ::= INTEGER (0..255)

CGI ::= SEQUENCE {
    lAI         SEQUENCE {
        pLMN-ID         PLMN-ID,
        lAC             LAC,
```

```
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {LAI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
    },
    cI              CI,
    iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CGI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
}

LAI-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

CGI-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

ChannelCodingType ::= ENUMERATED {
    no-coding,
    convolutional-coding,
    turbo-coding,
    ...
}

ChipOffset              ::= INTEGER (0..38399)

CI                  ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (2))

ClosedLoopMode1-SupportIndicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    closedLoop-Mode1-Supported,
    closedLoop-Mode1-not-Supported
}

ClosedLoopMode2-SupportIndicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    closedLoop-Mode2-Supported,
    closedLoop-Mode2-not-Supported
}

Closedlooptimingadjustmentmode  ::= ENUMERATED {
    adj-1-slot,
    adj-2-slot,
    ...
}

CodeNumber ::= INTEGER (0..maxCodeNumComp-1)

CodingRate ::= ENUMERATED {
    half,
    third,
    ...
}

CRC-Size                ::= ENUMERATED {
    v0,
    v8,
```

```
    v12,
    v16,
    v24,
    ...
}

CriticalityDiagnostics ::= SEQUENCE {
    procedureID                 ProcedureID         OPTIONAL,
    triggeringMessage           TriggeringMessage       OPTIONAL,
    procedureCriticality        Criticality             OPTIONAL,
    transactionID               TransactionID           OPTIONAL,
    iEsCriticalityDiagnostics       CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List  OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions               ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfErrors)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
        iECriticality           Criticality,
        iE-ID                   ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber        RepetitionNumber0       OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
    }

CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
{   ID id-MessageStructure      CRITICALITY ignore      EXTENSION MessageStructure      PRESENCE optional }|
{   ID id-TypeOfError           CRITICALITY ignore      EXTENSION TypeOfError           PRESENCE mandatory },
    ...
}

MessageStructure ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfLevels)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
        iE-ID                   ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber        RepetitionNumber1       OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {MessageStructure-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
    }


MessageStructure-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}
```

****** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ******

```
RepetitionPeriod ::= ENUMERATED {
```

```
    v1,
    v2,
    v4,
    v8,
    v16,
    v32,
    v64
}

RepetitionNumber0 ::= INTEGER (01..2556)

RepetitionNumber1 ::= INTEGER (1..256)
```

****** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ******

```
TxDiversityIndicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    true,
    false
}

TypeOfError ::= ENUMERATED {
    not-understood,
    missing,
    ...
}

-- U
```

****** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ******

9.3.6 Constant Definitions

```
-- **************************************************************
--
-- Constant definitions
--
-- **************************************************************

RNSAP-Constants {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) rnsap (1) version1 (1) rnsap-Constants (4) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS
    ProcedureCode,
    ProtocolIE-ID
FROM RNSAP-CommonDataTypes;

-- **************************************************************
--
-- Elementary Procedures
--
-- **************************************************************

id-commonTransportChannelResourcesInitialisation           ProcedureCode ::= 0
id-commonTransportChannelResourcesRelease                  ProcedureCode ::= 1
id-compressedModeCommand                                   ProcedureCode ::= 2
id-downlinkPowerControl                                    ProcedureCode ::= 3
id-downlinkPowerTimeslotControl                            ProcedureCode ::= 4
id-downlinkSignallingTransfer                              ProcedureCode ::= 5
id-errorIndication                                         ProcedureCode ::= 6
id-dedicatedMeasurementFailure                             ProcedureCode ::= 7
id-dedicatedMeasurementInitiation                          ProcedureCode ::= 8
id-dedicatedMeasurementReporting                           ProcedureCode ::= 9
id-dedicatedMeasurementTermination                         ProcedureCode ::= 10
id-paging                                                  ProcedureCode ::= 11
id-physicalChannelReconfiguration                          ProcedureCode ::= 12
id-privateMessage                                          ProcedureCode ::= 13
id-radioLinkAddition                                       ProcedureCode ::= 14
id-radioLinkDeletion                                       ProcedureCode ::= 15
id-radioLinkFailure                                        ProcedureCode ::= 16
id-radioLinkPreemption                                     ProcedureCode ::= 17
id-radioLinkRestoration                                    ProcedureCode ::= 18
id-radioLinkSetup                                          ProcedureCode ::= 19
id-relocationCommit                                        ProcedureCode ::= 20
id-synchronisedRadioLinkReconfigurationCancellation        ProcedureCode ::= 21
id-synchronisedRadioLinkReconfigurationCommit              ProcedureCode ::= 22
id-synchronisedRadioLinkReconfigurationPreparation         ProcedureCode ::= 23
```

```
id-unSynchronisedRadioLinkReconfiguration                ProcedureCode ::= 24
id-uplinkSignallingTransfer                              ProcedureCode ::= 25

-- **************************************************************
--
-- Lists
--
-- **************************************************************

maxCodeNumComp-1                        INTEGER ::= 255
maxRateMatching                         INTEGER ::= 256
maxNoCodeGroups                         INTEGER ::= 256
maxNoOfDSCHs                            INTEGER ::= 10
maxNoOfRB                               INTEGER ::= 32
maxNoOfUSCHs                            INTEGER ::= 10
maxNoTFCIGroups                         INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfTFCs                             INTEGER ::= 1024
maxNrOfTFs                              INTEGER ::= 32
maxNrOfCCTrCHs                          INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfDCHs                             INTEGER ::= 128
maxNrOfDL-Codes                         INTEGER ::= 8
maxNrOfDPCHs                            INTEGER ::= 240
maxNrOfErrors                           INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfMACcshSDU-Length                 INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfPoints                           INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfRLs                              INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfRLSets                           INTEGER ::= maxNrOfRLs
maxNrOfRLs-1                            INTEGER ::= 15  -- maxNrOfRLs – 1
maxNrOfRLs-2                            INTEGER ::= 14  -- maxNrOfRLs – 2
maxNrOfULTs                             INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfDLTs                             INTEGER ::= 15
maxRNCinURA-1                           INTEGER ::= 15
maxTTI-Count                            INTEGER ::= 4
maxCTFC                                 INTEGER ::= 16777215
maxNrOfNeighbouringRNCs                 INTEGER ::= 10
maxNrOfFDDNeighboursPerRNC              INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfGSMNeighboursPerRNC              INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfTDDNeighboursPerRNC              INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfFACHs                            INTEGER ::= 8
maxFACHCountPlus1                       INTEGER ::= 10
maxIBSEG                                INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfSCCPCHs                          INTEGER ::= 8
maxTFCI1Combs                           INTEGER ::= 512
maxTFCI2Combs                           INTEGER ::= 1024
maxTFCI2Combs-1                         INTEGER ::= 1023
maxTGPS                                 INTEGER ::= 6
maxNrOfTS                               INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfLevels                           INTEGER ::= 256

-- **************************************************************
--
-- IEs
--
```

```
-- **************************************************************

id-AllowedQueuingTime                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 4
id-BindingID                                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 5
id-C-ID                                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 6
id-C-RNTI                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 7
id-CFN                                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 8
id-CN-CS-DomainIdentifier                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 9
id-CN-PS-DomainIdentifier                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 10
id-Cause                                                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 11
id-CriticalityDiagnostics                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 20
id-D-RNTI                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 21
id-D-RNTI-ReleaseIndication                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 22
id-DCHs-to-Add-FDD                                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 26
id-DCHs-to-Add-TDD                                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 27
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 30
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 31
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstFDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 32
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 33
id-DCH-FDD-Information                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 34
id-DCH-TDD-Information                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 35
id-FDD-DCHs-to-Modify                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 39
id-TDD-DCHs-to-Modify                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 40
id-DCH-InformationResponse                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 43
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationAddItem-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 44
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 45
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 46
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 47
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-PhyChReconfRqstTDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 48
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 49
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-SetupRspTDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 50
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationAddList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 51
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 52
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationList-RL-SetupRqstTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 53
id-FDD-DL-CodeInformation                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 54
id-DL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 59
id-DL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 60
id-DL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfRqstFDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 61
id-DL-DPCH-InformationItem-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 62
id-DL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRspTDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 63
id-DL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRspTDD                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 64
id-DLReferencePower                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 67
id-DLReferencePowerList-DL-PC-Rqst                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 68
id-DL-ReferencePowerInformation-DL-PC-Rqst                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 69
id-DRXCycleLengthCoefficient                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 70
id-DedicatedMeasurementObjectType-DM-Rprt                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 71
id-DedicatedMeasurementObjectType-DM-Rqst                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 72
id-DedicatedMeasurementObjectType-DM-Rsp                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 73
id-DedicatedMeasurementType                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 74
id-FACH-InfoForUESelectedS-CCPCH-CTCH-ResourceRspFDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 82
id-FACH-InfoForUESelectedS-CCPCH-CTCH-ResourceRspTDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 83
id-IMSI                                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 84
id-L3-Information                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 85
```

```
id-AdjustmentPeriod                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 90
id-MaxAdjustmentStep                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 91
id-MeasurementFilterCoefficient                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 92
id-MessageStructure                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 57
id-MeasurementID                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 93
id-Neighbouring-GSM-CellInformation                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 13
id-Neighbouring-UMTS-CellInformationItem             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 95
id-PagingArea-PagingRqst                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 102
id-FACH-FlowControlInformation                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 103
id-PowerAdjustmentType                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 107
id-RANAP-RelocationInformation                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 109
id-RL-Information-PhyChReconfRqstFDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 110
id-RL-Information-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 111
id-RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 112
id-RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 113
id-RL-Information-RL-DeletionRqst                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 114
id-RL-Information-RL-FailureInd                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 115
id-RL-Information-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 116
id-RL-Information-RL-RestoreInd                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 117
id-RL-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 118
id-RL-Information-RL-SetupRqstTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 119
id-RL-InformationItem-DM-Rprt                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 120
id-RL-InformationItem-DM-Rqst                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 121
id-RL-InformationItem-DM-Rsp                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 122
id-RL-InformationItem-RL-PreemptRequiredInd          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 2
id-RL-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstFDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 123
id-RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 124
id-RL-InformationList-RL-DeletionRqst                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 125
id-RL-InformationList-RL-PreemptRequiredInd          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 1
id-RL-InformationList-RL-ReconfPrepFDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 126
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionRspTDD          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 127
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-ReconfReadyTDD          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 128
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupRspTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 129
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-AdditionRspFDD      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 130
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-ReconfReadyFDD      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 131
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-ReconfRspFDD        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 132
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-SetupRspFDD         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 133
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-AdditionRspFDD      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 134
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-ReconfReadyFDD      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 135
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-ReconfRspFDD        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 136
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-ReconfRspTDD            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 28
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-SetupRspFDD         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 137
id-RL-ReconfigurationFailure-RL-ReconfFail           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 141
id-RL-Set-InformationItem-DM-Rprt                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 143
id-RL-Set-InformationItem-DM-Rqst                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 144
id-RL-Set-InformationItem-DM-Rsp                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 145
id-RL-Set-Information-RL-FailureInd                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 146
id-RL-Set-Information-RL-RestoreInd                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 147
id-ReportCharacteristics                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 152
id-Reporting-Object-RL-FailureInd                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 153
id-Reporing-Object-RL-RestoreInd                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 154
id-S-RNTI                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 155
id-SAI                                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 156
```

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id-SRNC-ID                                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 157
id-SuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionFailureFDD     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 159
id-SuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupFailureFDD        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 160
id-TransportBearerID                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 163
id-TransportBearerRequestIndicator                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 164
id-TransportLayerAddress                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 165
id-TypeOfError                                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 140
id-UC-ID                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 166
id-UL-CCTrCH-AddInformation-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 167
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationAddList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 169
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 171
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationList-RL-SetupRqstTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 172
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-PhyChReconfRqstTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 173
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 174
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 175
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-SetupRspTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 176
id-UL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 177
id-UL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfRqstFDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 178
id-UL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 179
id-UL-DPCH-InformationItem-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 180
id-UL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRspTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 181
id-UL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRspTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 182
id-UL-DPCH-InformationAddListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 183
id-UL-SIRTarget                                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 184
id-URA-Information                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 185
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionFailureFDD   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 188
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupFailureFDD      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 189
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupFailureTDD      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 190
id-Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 193
id-AdjustmentRatio                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 194
id-CauseLevel-RL-AdditionFailureFDD                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 197
id-CauseLevel-RL-AdditionFailureTDD                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 198
id-CauseLevel-RL-ReconfFailure                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 199
id-CauseLevel-RL-SetupFailureFDD                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 200
id-CauseLevel-RL-SetupFailureTDD                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 201
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteItem-RL-ReconfPrepTDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 205
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyItem-RL-ReconfPrepTDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 206
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 207
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 208
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 209
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 210
id-DL-DPCH-InformationAddListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 212
id-DL-DPCH-InformationDeleteListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 213
id-DL-DPCH-InformationModifyListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 214
id-DSCHs-to-Add-TDD                                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 215
id-DSCHs-to-Add-FDD                                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 216
id-DSCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 217
id-DSCH-Delete-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 218
id-DSCH-FDD-Information                                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 219
id-DSCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 220
id-DSCH-InformationListIEs-RL-SetupRspTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 221
id-DSCH-TDD-Information                                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 222
id-DSCH-FDD-InformationResponse                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 223
```

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id-DSCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 226
id-DSCH-ModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 227
id-DSCH-Modify-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 228
id-DSCHsToBeAddedOrModified-FDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 229
id-DSCHToBeAddedOrModifiedList-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 230
id-GA-Cell                                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 232
id-Transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Information                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 255
id-UL-CCTrCH-DeleteInformation-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 256
id-UL-CCTrCH-ModifyInformation-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 257
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 258
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 259
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 260
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 261
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 262
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 263
id-UL-DPCH-InformationDeleteListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 264
id-UL-DPCH-InformationModifyListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 265
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionFailureTDD         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 266
id-USCHs-to-Add                                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 267
id-USCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 268
id-USCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 269
id-USCH-InformationListIEs-RL-SetupRspTDD                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 270
id-USCH-Information                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 271
id-USCH-ModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 272
id-USCHToBeAddedOrModifiedList-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 273
id-DL-Physical-Channel-Information-RL-SetupRqstTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 274
id-UL-Physical-Channel-Information-RL-SetupRqstTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 275
id-ClosedLoopMode1-SupportIndicator                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 276
id-ClosedLoopMode2-SupportIndicator                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 277
id-STTD-SupportIndicator                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 279
id-CFNReportingIndicator                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 14
id-CNOriginatedPage-PagingRqst                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 23
id-InnerLoopDLPCStatus                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 24
id-PropagationDelay                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 25
id-RxTimingDeviationForTA                                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 36
id-timeSlot-ISCP                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 37
id-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-FailureInd                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 15
id-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-RestoreInd                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 16

END
```

Annex B (informative)
Guidelines for Usage of the Criticality Diagnostics IE

B.1 EXAMPLE MESSAGE Layout

Assume the following message format:

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M				YES	reject
Transaction ID	M				–	
A	M				YES	reject
B	M				YES	reject
>E		*1..<maxE>*			EACH	ignore
>>F		*1..<maxF>*			-	
>>>G		*0..3, …*			EACH	ignore
>>H		*1..<maxH>*			EACH	ignore
>>>G		*0..3, …*			EACH	ignore and notify
>>G	M				YES	reject
>>J		*1..<maxJ>*			-	
>>>G		*0..3, …*			EACH	reject
C	M				YES	reject
>K		*1..<maxK>*			EACH	ignore and notify
>>L		*1..<maxL>*			-	
>>>M	O				-	
D	M				YES	reject

Note 1. The IEs F, J, and L do not have assigned criticality. The IEs F, J, and L are consequently realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of "ordinary" ASN.1 type, e.g. INTEGER. On the other hand, the repeatable IEs with assigned criticality are realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of an IE object, e.g. ProtocolIE-Single-Container.

For the corresponding ASN.1 layout, see subclause B.4.

B.2 Example on a Received EXAMPLE MESSAGE

Assume further more that a received message based on the above tabular format is according to the figure below.

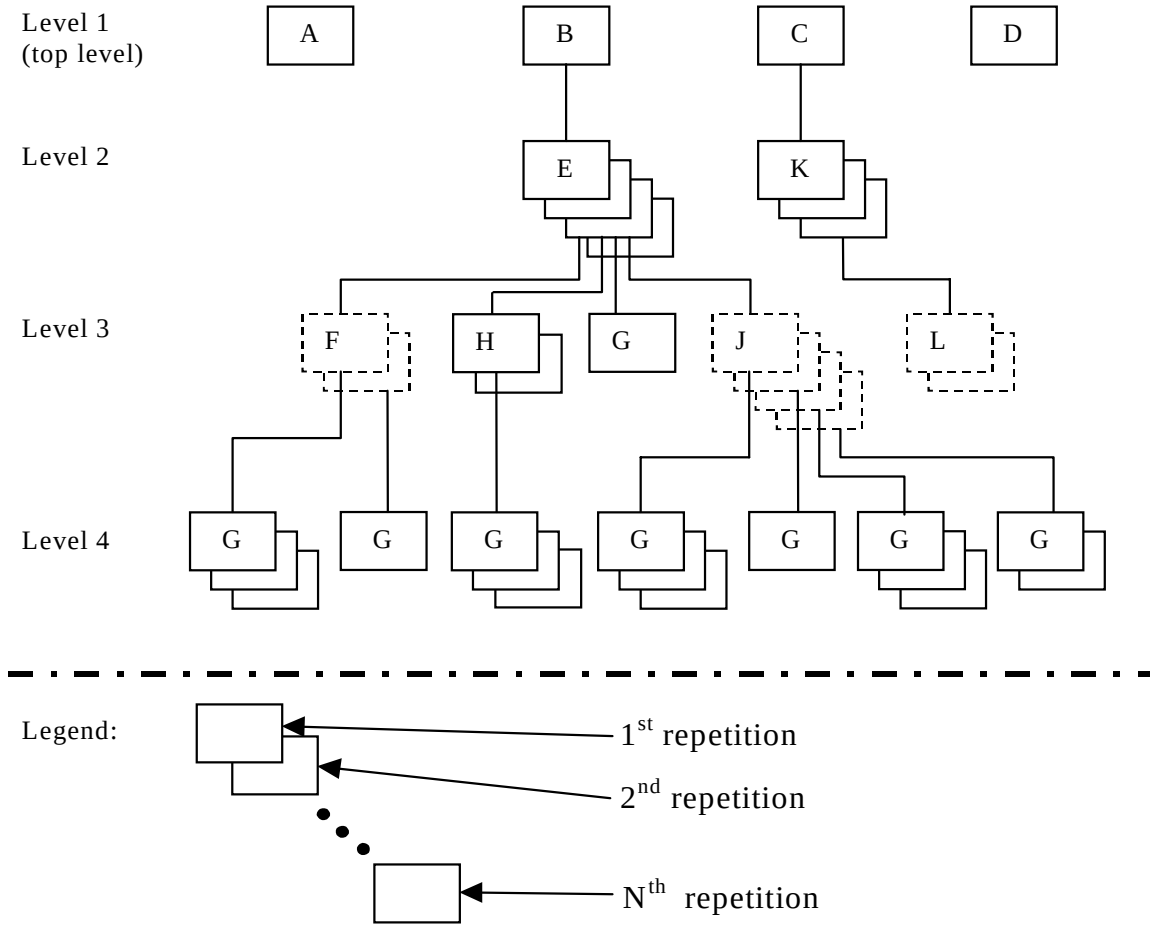


Figure B.1: Example of content of a received RNSAP message based on the EXAMPLE MESSAGE

B.3 Content of Criticality Diagnostics

B.3.1 Example 1

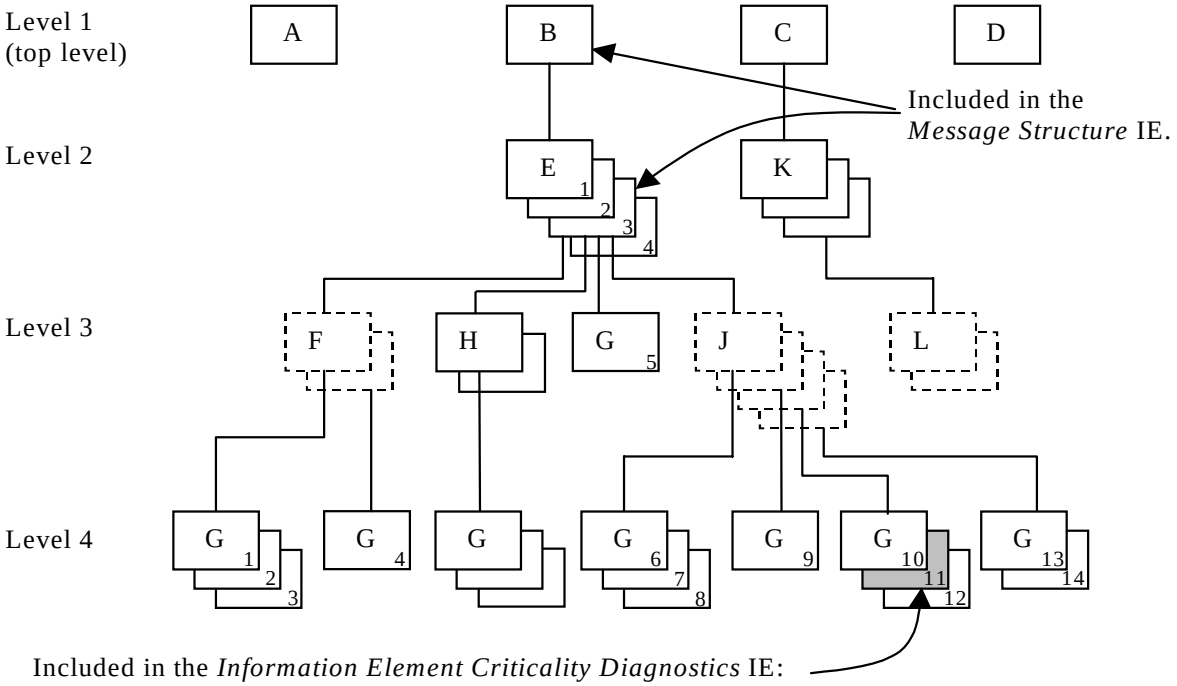


Figure B.2: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE J shown in the figure B.2 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Repetition Number	11	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the *Message Structure* IE this is the eleventh occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.

Note 2. The IE J on level 3 cannot be included in the *Message Structure* IE since they have no criticality of their own.

Note 3. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

B.3.2 Example 2

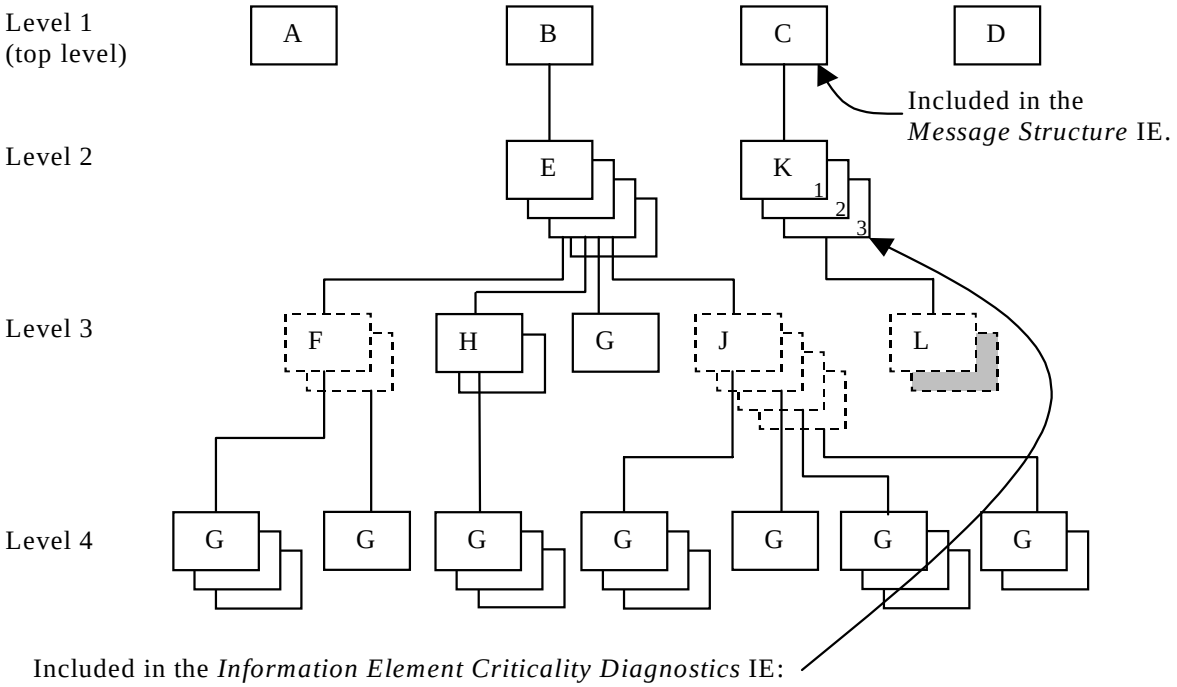


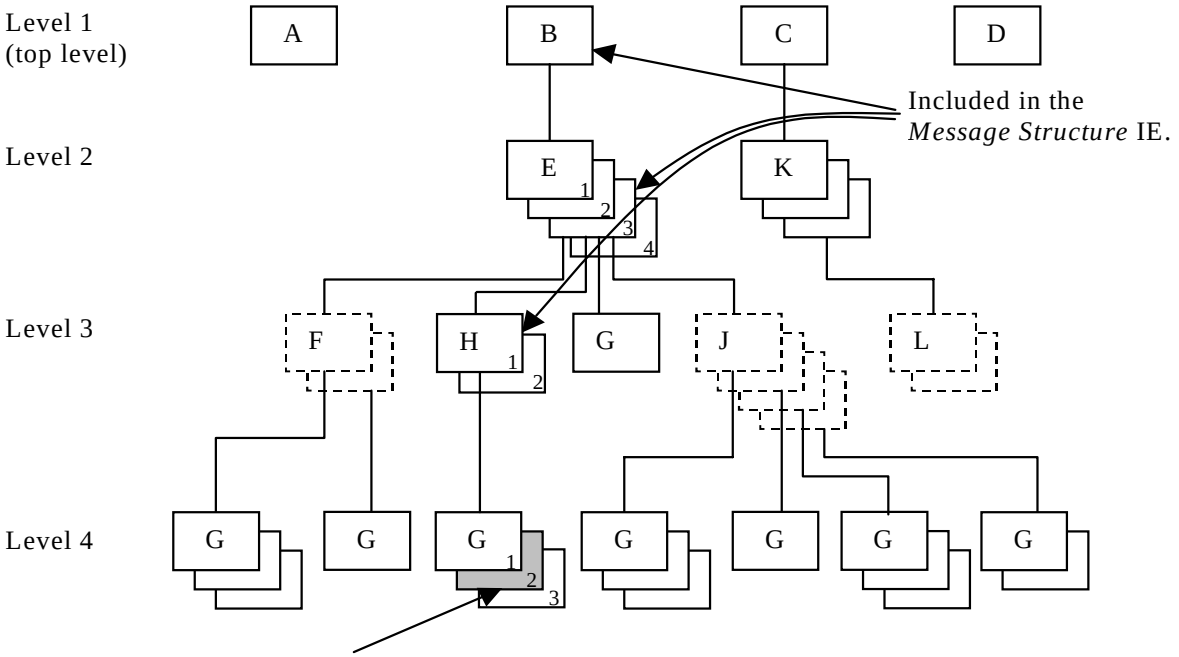
Figure B.3: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the second instance (marked as grey) in the sequence (IE L in the tabular format) on level 3 below IE K in the structure shown in the figure B.3 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	ignore and notify	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
IE ID	id-K	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Repetition Number	3	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-C	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 1.

Note 4. The IE L on level 3 cannot be reported individually included in the *Message Structure* IE since it has no criticality of its own.

B.3.3 Example 3



Included in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE:
a) *IE ID* IE
b) *Repetition Number* IE

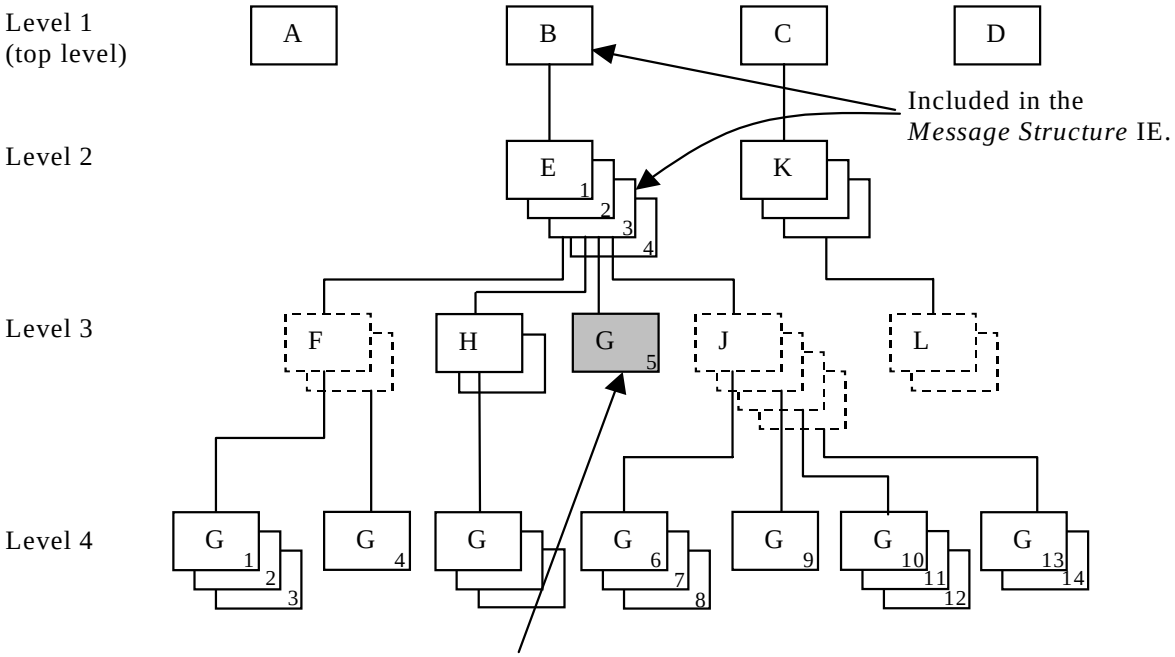
Figure B.4: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE H shown in the figure B.4 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Repetition Number	2	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from level 2.
Message Structure, *third repetition*		
>IE ID	id-H	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.
>Repetition Number	1	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.

Note 5. The repetition number of level 4 indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counted below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 1 of IE H on level 3).

B.3.4 Example 4



Included in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE:
a) *IE ID* IE
b) *Repetition Number* IE

Figure B.5: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure B.5 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Repetition Number	5	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 3. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the *Message Structure* IE this is the fifth occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.

Note 6. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

B.3.5 Example 5

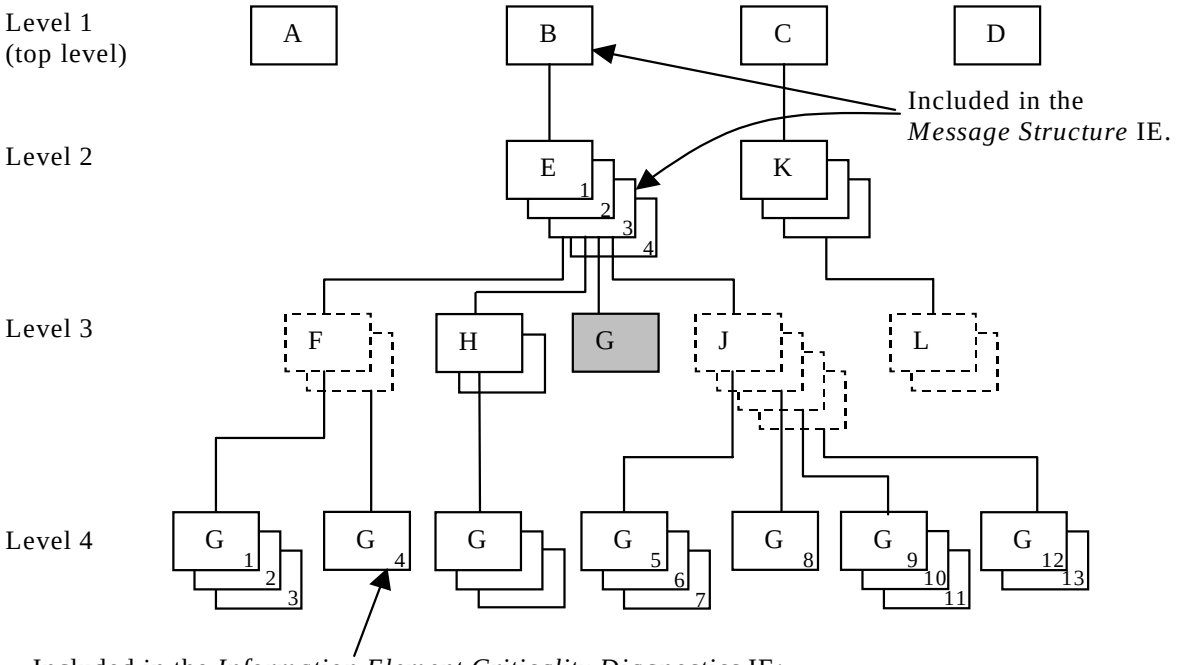


Figure B.6: Example of a received RNSAP message with a missing IE

If the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure B.6 above, is missing this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Repetition Number	4	Repetition number up to the missing IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the *Message Structure* IE there have been four occurrences of IE G within the IE E (level 2) up to the missing occurrence.
Type of Error	missing	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.

Note 7. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to but not including the missing occurrence, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

B.4 ASN.1 of EXAMPLE MESSAGE

```
ExampleMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
    ProtocolIEs         ProtocolIE-Container        {{ExampleMessage-IEs}},
    ProtocolExtensions  ProtocolExtensionContainer  {{ExampleMessage-Extensions}}   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

ExampleMessage-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-A   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE A  PRESENCE mandatory} |
    { ID id-B   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE B  PRESENCE mandatory} |
    { ID id-C   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE C  PRESENCE mandatory} |
    { ID id-D   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE D  PRESENCE mandatory} ,
    ...
}

B ::= SEQUENCE {
    e               E-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {B-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

B-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

E-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxE)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {E-IEs} }

E-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-E   CRITICALITY ignore  TYPE E  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

E ::= SEQUENCE {
    f               F-List,
    h               H-List,
    g               G-List1,
    j               J-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {E-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

E-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

F-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxF)) OF F

F ::= SEQUENCE {
    g               G-List2 OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {F-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

F-ExtIEs    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

G-List2 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G2-IEs} }

G2-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY ignore  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

H-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxH)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {H-IEs} }

H-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-H   CRITICALITY ignore  TYPE H  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

H ::= SEQUENCE {
    g               G-List3 OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions                   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {H-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

H-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}
```

```
G-List3 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G3-IEs} }

G3-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY notify  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

G-List1 ::= ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G1-IEs} }

G1-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

J-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxJ)) OF J

J ::= SEQUENCE {
    g               G-List4 OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {J-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

J-ExtIEs    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

G-List4 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G4-IEs} }

G4-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

C ::= SEQUENCE {
    k               K-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {C-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

C-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

K-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxK)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {K-IEs} }

K-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-K   CRITICALITY notify  TYPE K  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

K ::= SEQUENCE {
    l               L-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {K-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

K-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

L-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxL)) OF L

L ::= SEQUENCE {
    m               M   OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {L-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

L-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

ExampleMessage-Extensions RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}
```

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011863

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **341** ⌘ rev **2** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Corrections and introduction of an appendix for usage of *Criticality Diagnostics* IE
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	2001-05-16
Category:	⌘	**A**
Release:	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change: ⌘ The *Criticality Diagnostics* IE cannot tell if a reported error is due to a not understood or a missing IE. This needs to be added.
Also the usage of Criticality Diagnostics IE needs to be made easier to understand. An informative annex is thus added.

Summary of change: ⌘ Type of Error is added to the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and an informative appendix with examples of the usage of *Criticality Diagnostics* IE is also added.

Changes since R3 #20:

- The semantics of the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and *Message Structure* IE have been improved.
- One figure per example have been included in the Appendix.
- One example on “missing IE” has been included in the Appendix.
- The *Type of Error* IE has been added in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE to allow the reporting of multiple causes to the inclusion of the Criticality Diagnostics IE.
  The main reason for reporting Criticality Diagnostics can be indicated by the *Cause* IE, but the reason may be different for different reported IEs. E.g the main reason my be a missing IE (cause=“Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)”) but still there may be a not understood IE reported as well (cause=”Abstract Syntax Error (Reject)” or ”Abstract Syntax Error (Ignore and Notify)”).
- The value range for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE has been changed from (1..256) to (0..255, …).
- The value range for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Message Structure* IE has been changed from (1..256) to (1..256, …).

R1: the Id value was allocated by the rapporteur.

Rev2: It was recognised, that the addition of the extension marker for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and the *Message Structure* IE will lead to a non backwards compatible change, as it e.g. causes an transfer

		syntax (decoder) error if this IE is received by a node of an version which did not implemented this change. As an outcome one correction in ASN.1+removal of ellipsis from the repetition number were performed.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	It will not be possible to know what type of error that is reported, making it difficult to take appropriate actions. The proposed change is not backwards compatible due to: • The changes done to the value range for Repetition Number. • The introduction of the possibility to report missing IEs, thus making received information ambiguous for a receiver implemented according to Criticality Diagnostics without this possibility.

Clauses affected:	⌘	9.2.1.13, 9.2.1.39A, 9.3.4, 9.3.6 and Appendix B (new)			
Other specs affected:	⌘	X	Other core specifications	⌘	25.413 V3.5.0, CR276 25.413 V4.0.0, CR277 25.419 V3.4.0, CR035 25.419 V4.0.0, CR036 25.423 V3.5.0, CR340 25.433 V3.5.0, CR389 25.433 V4.0.0, CR390
			Test specifications		
			O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	⌘				

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.13 Criticality Diagnostics

For further details on how to use the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE, see Annex B.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Procedure ID		0..1		Procedure ID is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Procedure Code	M		INTEGER (0..255)	
>Ddmode	M		ENUMERATED (FDD, TDD, Common)	Common = common to FDD and TDD.
Triggering Message	O		ENUMERATED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome)	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication.
Procedure Criticality	O		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Transaction ID	O		Transaction ID	
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		*0..<maxnoof errors>*		
>IE Criticality	M		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'Ignore" shall never be used.
>IE Id	M		INTEGER (0..65535)	The IE Id of the not understood or missing IE as defined in the ASN.1 part of the specification.
>Repetition Number	O		INTEGER (0~~1~~..255~~6~~)	The *Repetition Number* IE gives • in case of a not understood IE: The number of occurrences of the reported IE up to and including the not understood occurrence • in case of a missing IE: The number of occurrences up to but not including the missing occurrence. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.~~The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message~~

				~~structure IE, if applicable~~
>Message Structure	O		9.2.1.39A	The *Message Structure* IE describes the structure where the not understood or missing IE was detected. This IE is included if the not understood IE is not the top level of the message.
>Type of Error	M		ENUMERATED(not understood, missing, …)	

Range bound	Explanation
Maxnooferrors	Maximum number of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single message.

9.2.1.39A Message Structure

The *Message Structure* IE gives information for each level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure from top level down to the lowest level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message structure		1 to <maxnooflevels>		The first repetition of the *Message Structure* IE corresponds to the top level of the message. The last repetition of the *Message Structure* IE corresponds to the level above the reported level for the occured error of the message.~~Information given per level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure. Given from top level down to the level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE).~~	GLOBAL	ignore
>IE ID	M		INTEGER (0..65535)	The IE ID of this level's IE containing the not understood or missing IE.	-	
>Repetition Number	O		INTEGER (1..256)	The *Repetition Number* IE gives, if applicable, the number of occurrences of this level's reported IE up to and including the occurrence containing the not understood or missing IE. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.~~The repetition number of this level's reported IE, if applicable~~	-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooflevels	Maximum no. of message levels to report. The value for maxnooflevels is 256.

9.3.4 Information Element Definitions

```
-- **************************************************************
--
-- Information Element Definitions
--
-- **************************************************************

RNSAP-IEs {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) rnsap (1) version1 (1) rnsap-IEs (2) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS
    maxCodeNumComp-1,
    maxNrOfFACHs,
    maxFACHCountPlus1,
    maxIBSEG,
    maxNoOfDSCHs,
    maxNoOfUSCHs,
    maxNoTFCIGroups,
    maxNoCodeGroups,
    maxNrOfDCHs,
    maxNrOfDL-Codes,
    maxNrOfDLTs,
    maxNrOfDPCHs,
    maxNrOfErrors,
    maxNrOfFDDNeighboursPerRNC,
    maxNrOfMACcshSDU-Length,
    maxNrOfNeighbouringRNCs,
    maxNrOfTDDNeighboursPerRNC,
    maxNrOfTS,
    maxNrOfULTs,
    maxNrOfGSMNeighboursPerRNC,
    maxRateMatching,
    maxNrOfPoints,
    maxNoOfRB,
    maxNrOfTFCs,
    maxNrOfTFs,
    maxCTFC,
    maxRNCinURA-1,
    maxNrOfSCCPCHs,
    maxTFCI1Combs,
    maxTFCI2Combs,
    maxTFCI2Combs-1,
    maxTGPS,
    maxTTI-Count,
    maxNoGPSTypes,
```

```
    maxNoSat,

    id-Allowed-Rate-Information,
    id-Guaranteed-Rate-Information,
    id-Neighbouring-GSM-CellInformation,
    id-Neighbouring-UMTS-CellInformationItem,
    maxNrOfLevels,
    maxNrOfMeasNCell,
    maxNrOfMeasNCell-1,
    id-MessageStructure,
    id-EnhancedDSCHPC,
    id-TypeOfError
FROM RNSAP-Constants

    Criticality,
    ProcedureID,
    ProtocolIE-ID,
    TransactionID,
    TriggeringMessage
FROM RNSAP-CommonDataTypes

    ProtocolIE-Single-Container{},
    ProtocolExtensionContainer{},
    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES,
    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION
FROM RNSAP-Containers;

-- A

Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information ::= SEQUENCE {
    cMConfigurationChangeCFN        CFN,
    transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Status    Transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Status-List    OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions       ProtocolExtensionContainer { {Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

AdjustmentPeriod            ::= INTEGER(1..256)
-- Unit Frame

AllocationRetentionPriority ::= SEQUENCE {
    priorityLevel               PriorityLevel,
    pre-emptionCapability       Pre-emptionCapability,
    pre-emptionVulnerability    Pre-emptionVulnerability,
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {AllocationRetentionPriority-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
}

AllocationRetentionPriority-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
```

```
}

Allowed-Rate-Information    ::= SEQUENCE {
    allowed-UL-Rate         Allowed-Rate OPTIONAL,
    allowed-DL-Rate         Allowed-Rate OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {Allowed-Rate-Information-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

Allowed-Rate-Information-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

Allowed-Rate            ::= INTEGER (1..maxNrOfTFs)

AllowedQueuingTime          ::= INTEGER (1..60)
-- seconds

AlphaValue                  ::= INTEGER (0..8)
-- Actual value = Alpha / 8

-- B

BadSatellites ::= SEQUENCE {
    badSatelliteInformation     SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNoSat) OF
        SEQUENCE {
            badSAT-ID                   SAT-ID,
            iE-Extensions               ProtocolExtensionContainer { { BadSatelliteInformation-ExtIEs} }     OPTIONAL,
            ...
        },
    iE-Extensions               ProtocolExtensionContainer { { BadSatellites-ExtIEs} }      OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

BadSatelliteInformation-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

BadSatellites-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

BCC ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (3))

BCCH-ARFCN ::= INTEGER (0..1023)

BetaCD ::= INTEGER (0..15)

BindingID               ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..4,...))

BLER                    ::= INTEGER (-63..0)
-- Step 0.1 (Range -6.3..0). It is the Log10 of the BLER
```

```
Block-STTD-Indicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    active,
    inactive
}

BSIC ::= SEQUENCE {
    nCC         NCC,
    bCC         BCC
}

BurstModeParameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    burstStart      INTEGER (0..15),
    burstLength     INTEGER (10..25),
    burstFreq       INTEGER (1..16),
    iE-Extensions               ProtocolExtensionContainer { { BurstModeParameters-ExtIEs} }     OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

BurstModeParameters-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

-- C

Cause ::= CHOICE {
    radioNetwork        CauseRadioNetwork,
    transport           CauseTransport,
    protocol            CauseProtocol,
    misc                CauseMisc,
    ...
}

CauseMisc ::= ENUMERATED {
    control-processing-overload,
    hardware-failure,
    om-intervention,
    not-enough-user-plane-processing-resources,
    unspecified,
    ...
}

CauseProtocol ::= ENUMERATED {
    transfer-syntax-error,
    abstract-syntax-error-reject,
    abstract-syntax-error-ignore-and-notify,
    message-not-compatible-with-receiver-state,
    semantic-error,
    unspecified,
    abstract-syntax-error-falsely-constructed-message,
    ...
}

CauseRadioNetwork ::= ENUMERATED {
```

```
    unknown-C-ID,
    cell-not-available,
    power-level-not-supported,
    ul-scrambling-code-already-in-use,
    dl-radio-resources-not-available,
    ul-radio-resources-not-available,
    measurement-not-supported-for-the-object,
    combining-resources-not-available,
    combining-not-supported,
    reconfiguration-not-allowed,
    requested-configuration-not-supported,
    synchronisation-failure,
    requested-tx-diversity-mode-not-supported,
    measurement-temporaily-not-available,
    unspecified,
    invalid-CM-settings,
    reconfiguration-CFN-not-elapsed,
    number-of-DL-codes-not-supported,
    dedicated-transport-channel-type-not-supported,
    dl-shared-channel-type-not-supported,
    ul-shared-channel-type-not-supported,
    common-transport-channel-type-not-supported,
    ul-spreading-factor-not-supported,
    dl-spreading-factor-not-supported,
    cm-not-supported,
    transaction-not-supported-by-destination-node-b,
    rl-already-activated-or-alocated,
    ...,
    number-of-UL-codes-not-supported,
    dpc-mode-change-not-supported,
    information-temporarily-not-available,
    information-provision-not-supported-for-the-object
}

CauseTransport ::= ENUMERATED {
    transport-resource-unavailable,
    unspecified,
    ...
}

C-ID                    ::= INTEGER (0..65535)

CCTrCH-ID               ::= INTEGER (0..15)

CellIndividualOffset    ::= INTEGER (-20..20)

CellParameterID             ::= INTEGER (0..127,...)

CFN                 ::= INTEGER (0..255)

CGI ::= SEQUENCE {
    lAI         SEQUENCE {
        pLMN-ID         PLMN-ID,
```

```
        lAC             LAC,
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {LAI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
    },
    cI              CI,
    iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CGI-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL
}

LAI-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

CGI-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

ChannelCodingType ::= ENUMERATED {
    no-coding,
    convolutional-coding,
    turbo-coding,
    ...
}

ChipOffset              ::= INTEGER (0..38399)

CI                  ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (2))

ClosedLoopMode1-SupportIndicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    closedLoop-Mode1-Supported,
    closedLoop-Mode1-not-Supported
}

ClosedLoopMode2-SupportIndicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    closedLoop-Mode2-Supported,
    closedLoop-Mode2-not-Supported
}

Closedlooptimingadjustmentmode  ::= ENUMERATED {
    adj-1-slot,
    adj-2-slot,
    ...
}

CodeNumber ::= INTEGER (0..maxCodeNumComp-1)

CodingRate ::= ENUMERATED {
    half,
    third,
    ...
}

CommonMeasurementAccuracy ::= CHOICE {
    tUTRANGPSMeasurementAccuracyClass       TUTRANGPSAccuracyClass,
```

```
    ...
}

CommonMeasurementType ::= ENUMERATED {
    uTRAN-GPS-timing-of-cell-frames-for-LCS,
    sFN-SFN-observerd-time-difference,
    load,
    transmitted-carrier-power,
    received-total-wide-band-power,
    uplink-timeslot-iscp,
    ...
}

CommonMeasurementValue ::= CHOICE {
    tUTRANGPSMeasurementValueInformation    TUTRANGPSMeasurementValueInformation,
    sFNSFNMeasurementValueInformation       SFNSFNMeasurementValueInformation,
    loadValue                           LoadValue,
    transmittedCarrierPowerValue        INTEGER(0..100),
    receivedTotalWideBandPowerValue     INTEGER(0..621),
    uplinkTimeslotISCPValue             UL-Timeslot-ISCP,
    ...
}

CommonMeasurementValueInformation ::= CHOICE {
    measurementAvailable        CommonMeasurementAvailable,
    measurementnotAvailable     NULL
}

CommonMeasurementAvailable::= SEQUENCE {
    commonMeasurementValue      CommonMeasurementValue,
    iE-Extensions                   ProtocolExtensionContainer { { CommonMeasurementAvailableItem-ExtIEs} }     OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

CommonMeasurementAvailableItem-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

CRC-Size                ::= ENUMERATED {
    v0,
    v8,
    v12,
    v16,
    v24,
    ...
}

CriticalityDiagnostics ::= SEQUENCE {
    procedureID                 ProcedureID         OPTIONAL,
    triggeringMessage           TriggeringMessage       OPTIONAL,
    procedureCriticality        Criticality             OPTIONAL,
    transactionID               TransactionID           OPTIONAL,
    iEsCriticalityDiagnostics       CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List  OPTIONAL,
```

```
    iE-Extensions               ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfErrors)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
        iECriticality           Criticality,
        iE-ID                   ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber        RepetitionNumber0       OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
    }

CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
{   ID id-MessageStructure      CRITICALITY ignore      EXTENSION MessageStructure      PRESENCE optional }|-
{   ID id-TypeOfError           CRITICALITY ignore      EXTENSION TypeOfError           PRESENCE mandatory },
    ...
}

MessageStructure ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfLevels)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
        iE-ID                   ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber        RepetitionNumber1       OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {MessageStructure-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        ...
    }


MessageStructure-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}
```

****** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ******

```
RepetitionPeriod ::= ENUMERATED {
    v1,
    v2,
    v4,
    v8,
    v16,
    v32,
    v64
}

RepetitionNumber0 ::= INTEGER (01..2556)

RepetitionNumber1 ::= INTEGER (1..256)
```

****** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ******

```
TxDiversityIndicator    ::= ENUMERATED {
    true,
    false
}

TypeOfError ::= ENUMERATED {
    not-understood,
    missing,
    ...
}

-- U
```

****** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ******

9.3.6 Constant Definitions

```
-- **************************************************************
--
-- Constant definitions
--
-- **************************************************************

RNSAP-Constants {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) rnsap (1) version1 (1) rnsap-Constants (4) }

DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS
    ProcedureCode,
    ProtocolIE-ID
FROM RNSAP-CommonDataTypes;

-- **************************************************************
--
-- Elementary Procedures
--
-- **************************************************************

id-commonTransportChannelResourcesInitialisation           ProcedureCode ::= 0
id-commonTransportChannelResourcesRelease                  ProcedureCode ::= 1
id-compressedModeCommand                                   ProcedureCode ::= 2
id-downlinkPowerControl                                    ProcedureCode ::= 3
id-downlinkPowerTimeslotControl                            ProcedureCode ::= 4
id-downlinkSignallingTransfer                              ProcedureCode ::= 5
id-errorIndication                                         ProcedureCode ::= 6
id-dedicatedMeasurementFailure                             ProcedureCode ::= 7
id-dedicatedMeasurementInitiation                          ProcedureCode ::= 8
id-dedicatedMeasurementReporting                           ProcedureCode ::= 9
id-dedicatedMeasurementTermination                         ProcedureCode ::= 10
id-paging                                                  ProcedureCode ::= 11
id-physicalChannelReconfiguration                          ProcedureCode ::= 12
id-privateMessage                                          ProcedureCode ::= 13
id-radioLinkAddition                                       ProcedureCode ::= 14
id-radioLinkCongestion                                     ProcedureCode ::= 34
id-radioLinkDeletion                                       ProcedureCode ::= 15
id-radioLinkFailure                                        ProcedureCode ::= 16
id-radioLinkPreemption                                     ProcedureCode ::= 17
id-radioLinkRestoration                                    ProcedureCode ::= 18
id-radioLinkSetup                                          ProcedureCode ::= 19
id-relocationCommit                                        ProcedureCode ::= 20
id-synchronisedRadioLinkReconfigurationCancellation        ProcedureCode ::= 21
id-synchronisedRadioLinkReconfigurationCommit              ProcedureCode ::= 22
```

```
id-synchronisedRadioLinkReconfigurationPreparation         ProcedureCode ::= 23
id-unSynchronisedRadioLinkReconfiguration                  ProcedureCode ::= 24
id-uplinkSignallingTransfer                                ProcedureCode ::= 25
id-commonMeasurementFailure                                ProcedureCode ::= 26
id-commonMeasurementInitiation                             ProcedureCode ::= 27
id-commonMeasurementReporting                              ProcedureCode ::= 28
id-commonMeasurementTermination                            ProcedureCode ::= 29
id-informationExchangeFailure                              ProcedureCode ::= 30
id-informationExchangeInitiation                           ProcedureCode ::= 31
id-informationReporting                                    ProcedureCode ::= 32
id-informationExchangeTermination                          ProcedureCode ::= 33

-- **************************************************************
--
-- Lists
--
-- **************************************************************

maxCodeNumComp-1                        INTEGER ::= 255
maxRateMatching                         INTEGER ::= 256
maxNoCodeGroups                         INTEGER ::= 256
maxNoOfDSCHs                            INTEGER ::= 10
maxNoOfDSCHsLCR                         INTEGER ::= 10
maxNoOfRB                               INTEGER ::= 32
maxNoOfUSCHs                            INTEGER ::= 10
maxNoOfUSCHsLCR                         INTEGER ::= 10
maxNoTFCIGroups                         INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfTFCs                             INTEGER ::= 1024
maxNrOfTFs                              INTEGER ::= 32
maxNrOfCCTrCHs                          INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfCCTrCHsLCR                       INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfDCHs                             INTEGER ::= 128
maxNrOfDL-Codes                         INTEGER ::= 8
maxNrOfDPCHs                            INTEGER ::= 240
maxNrOfDPCHsLCR                         INTEGER ::= 240
maxNrOfErrors                           INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfMACcshSDU-Length                 INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfPoints                           INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfRLs                              INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfRLSets                           INTEGER ::= maxNrOfRLs
maxNrOfRLs-1                            INTEGER ::= 15  -- maxNrOfRLs – 1
maxNrOfRLs-2                            INTEGER ::= 14  -- maxNrOfRLs – 2
maxNrOfULTs                             INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfULTsLCR                          INTEGER ::= 6
maxNrOfDLTs                             INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfDLTsLCR                          INTEGER ::= 6
maxRNCinURA-1                           INTEGER ::= 15
maxTTI-Count                            INTEGER ::= 4
maxCTFC                                 INTEGER ::= 16777215
maxNrOfNeighbouringRNCs                 INTEGER ::= 10
maxNrOfFDDNeighboursPerRNC              INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfGSMNeighboursPerRNC              INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfTDDNeighboursPerRNC              INTEGER ::= 256
```

```
maxNrOfFACHs                            INTEGER ::= 8
maxNrOfLCRTDDNeighboursPerRNC           INTEGER ::= 256
maxFACHCountPlus1                       INTEGER ::= 10
maxIBSEG                                INTEGER ::= 16
maxNrOfSCCPCHs                          INTEGER ::= 8
maxTFCI1Combs                           INTEGER ::= 512
maxTFCI2Combs                           INTEGER ::= 1024
maxTFCI2Combs-1                         INTEGER ::= 1023
maxTGPS                                 INTEGER ::= 6
maxNrOfTS                               INTEGER ::= 15
maxNrOfLevels                           INTEGER ::= 256
maxNrOfTSLCR                            INTEGER ::= 6
maxNoSat                                INTEGER ::= 16
maxNoGPSTypes                           INTEGER ::= 8
maxNrOfMeasNCell                        INTEGER ::= 96
maxNrOfMeasNCell -1                     INTEGER ::= 95  -- maxNrOfMeasNCell – 1

-- **************************************************************
--
-- IEs
--
-- **************************************************************

id-AllowedQueuingTime                                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 4
id-Allowed-Rate-Information                                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 42
id-BindingID                                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 5
id-C-ID                                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 6
id-C-RNTI                                                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 7
id-CFN                                                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 8
id-CN-CS-DomainIdentifier                                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 9
id-CN-PS-DomainIdentifier                                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 10
id-Cause                                                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 11
id-CriticalityDiagnostics                                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 20
id-D-RNTI                                                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 21
id-D-RNTI-ReleaseIndication                                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 22
id-DCHs-to-Add-FDD                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 26
id-DCHs-to-Add-TDD                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 27
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 30
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 31
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstFDD                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 32
id-DCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 33
id-DCH-FDD-Information                                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 34
id-DCH-TDD-Information                                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 35
id-FDD-DCHs-to-Modify                                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 39
id-TDD-DCHs-to-Modify                                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 40
id-DCH-InformationResponse                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 43
id-DCH-Rate-InformationItem-RL-CongestInd                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 38
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationAddItem-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 44
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 45
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 46
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstTDD                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 47
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 48
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 49
```

```
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-SetupRspTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 50
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationAddList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 51
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 52
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationList-RL-SetupRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 53
id-FDD-DL-CodeInformation                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 54
id-DL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 59
id-DL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 60
id-DL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfRqstFDD                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 61
id-DL-DPCH-InformationItem-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 62
id-DL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRspTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 63
id-DL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRspTDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 64
id-DLReferencePower                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 67
id-DLReferencePowerList-DL-PC-Rqst                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 68
id-DL-ReferencePowerInformation-DL-PC-Rqst                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 69
id-DPC-Mode                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 12
id-DRXCycleLengthCoefficient                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 70
id-DedicatedMeasurementObjectType-DM-Rprt                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 71
id-DedicatedMeasurementObjectType-DM-Rqst                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 72
id-DedicatedMeasurementObjectType-DM-Rsp                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 73
id-DedicatedMeasurementType                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 74
id-FACH-InfoForUESelectedS-CCPCH-CTCH-ResourceRspFDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 82
id-FACH-InfoForUESelectedS-CCPCH-CTCH-ResourceRspTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 83
id-Guaranteed-Rate-Information                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 41
id-IMSI                                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 84
id-L3-Information                                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 85
id-AdjustmentPeriod                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 90
id-MaxAdjustmentStep                                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 91
id-MeasurementFilterCoefficient                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 92
id-MessageStructure                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 57
id-MeasurementID                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 93
id-Neighbouring-GSM-CellInformation                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 13
id-Neighbouring-UMTS-CellInformationItem                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 95
id-PagingArea-PagingRqst                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 102
id-FACH-FlowControlInformation                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 103
id-PowerAdjustmentType                                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 107
id-RANAP-RelocationInformation                                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 109
id-RL-Information-PhyChReconfRqstFDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 110
id-RL-Information-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 111
id-RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstFDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 112
id-RL-Information-RL-AdditionRqstTDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 113
id-RL-Information-RL-DeletionRqst                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 114
id-RL-Information-RL-FailureInd                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 115
id-RL-Information-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 116
id-RL-Information-RL-RestoreInd                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 117
id-RL-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 118
id-RL-Information-RL-SetupRqstTDD                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 119
id-RL-InformationItem-RL-CongestInd                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 55
id-RL-InformationItem-DM-Rprt                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 120
id-RL-InformationItem-DM-Rqst                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 121
id-RL-InformationItem-DM-Rsp                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 122
id-RL-InformationItem-RL-PreemptRequiredInd                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 2
id-RL-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstFDD                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 123
id-RL-InformationList-RL-CongestInd                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 56
```

```
id-RL-InformationList-RL-AdditionRqstFDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 124
id-RL-InformationList-RL-DeletionRqst                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 125
id-RL-InformationList-RL-PreemptRequiredInd                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 1
id-RL-InformationList-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 126
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionRspTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 127
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 128
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupRspTDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 129
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-AdditionRspFDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 130
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-ReconfReadyFDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 131
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-ReconfRspFDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 132
id-RL-InformationResponseItem-RL-SetupRspFDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 133
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-AdditionRspFDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 134
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-ReconfReadyFDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 135
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-ReconfRspFDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 136
id-RL-InformationResponse-RL-ReconfRspTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 28
id-RL-InformationResponseList-RL-SetupRspFDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 137
id-RL-ReconfigurationFailure-RL-ReconfFail                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 141
id-RL-Set-InformationItem-DM-Rprt                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 143
id-RL-Set-InformationItem-DM-Rqst                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 144
id-RL-Set-InformationItem-DM-Rsp                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 145
id-RL-Set-Information-RL-FailureInd                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 146
id-RL-Set-Information-RL-RestoreInd                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 147
id-ReportCharacteristics                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 152
id-Reporting-Object-RL-FailureInd                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 153
id-Reporing-Object-RL-RestoreInd                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 154
id-S-RNTI                                                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 155
id-SAI                                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 156
id-SRNC-ID                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 157
id-SuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionFailureFDD       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 159
id-SuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupFailureFDD          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 160
id-TransportBearerID                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 163
id-TransportBearerRequestIndicator                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 164
id-TransportLayerAddress                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 165
id-TypeOfError                                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 140
id-UC-ID                                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 166
id-UL-CCTrCH-AddInformation-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 167
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationAddList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 169
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRqstTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 171
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationList-RL-SetupRqstTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 172
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-PhyChReconfRqstTDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 173
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 174
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 175
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationListIE-RL-SetupRspTDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 176
id-UL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 177
id-UL-DPCH-Information-RL-ReconfRqstFDD                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 178
id-UL-DPCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 179
id-UL-DPCH-InformationItem-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 180
id-UL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRspTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 181
id-UL-DPCH-InformationItem-RL-SetupRspTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 182
id-UL-DPCH-InformationAddListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 183
id-UL-SIRTarget                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 184
id-URA-Information                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 185
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionFailureFDD     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 188
```

```
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupFailureFDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 189
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-SetupFailureTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 190
id-Active-Pattern-Sequence-Information                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 193
id-AdjustmentRatio                                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 194
id-CauseLevel-RL-AdditionFailureFDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 197
id-CauseLevel-RL-AdditionFailureTDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 198
id-CauseLevel-RL-ReconfFailure                                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 199
id-CauseLevel-RL-SetupFailureFDD                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 200
id-CauseLevel-RL-SetupFailureTDD                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 201
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteItem-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 205
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyItem-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 206
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 207
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 208
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 209
id-DL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 210
id-DL-DPCH-InformationAddListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 212
id-DL-DPCH-InformationDeleteListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 213
id-DL-DPCH-InformationModifyListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 214
id-DSCHs-to-Add-TDD                                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 215
id-DSCHs-to-Add-FDD                                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 216
id-DSCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 217
id-DSCH-Delete-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 218
id-DSCH-FDD-Information                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 219
id-DSCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 220
id-DSCH-InformationListIEs-RL-SetupRspTDD                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 221
id-DSCH-TDD-Information                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 222
id-DSCH-FDD-InformationResponse                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 223
id-DSCH-Information-RL-SetupRqstFDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 226
id-DSCH-ModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 227
id-DSCH-Modify-RL-ReconfPrepFDD                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 228
id-DSCHsToBeAddedOrModified-FDD                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 229
id-DSCHToBeAddedOrModifiedList-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 230
id-EnhancedDSCHPC                                                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 29
id-EnhancedDSCHPCIndicator                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 34
id-GA-Cell                                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 232
id-GA-CellAdditionalShapes                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 3
id-SSDT-CellIDforEDSCHPC                                                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 35
id-Transmission-Gap-Pattern-Sequence-Information                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 255
id-UL-CCTrCH-DeleteInformation-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 256
id-UL-CCTrCH-ModifyInformation-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 257
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 258
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 259
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 260
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationModifyList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 261
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteItem-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 262
id-UL-CCTrCH-InformationDeleteList-RL-ReconfRqstTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 263
id-UL-DPCH-InformationDeleteListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 264
id-UL-DPCH-InformationModifyListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 265
id-UnsuccessfulRL-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionFailureTDD             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 266
id-USCHs-to-Add                                                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 267
id-USCH-DeleteList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 268
id-USCH-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 269
id-USCH-InformationListIEs-RL-SetupRspTDD                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 270
```

```
id-USCH-Information                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 271
id-USCH-ModifyList-RL-ReconfPrepTDD                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 272
id-USCHToBeAddedOrModifiedList-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 273
id-DL-Physical-Channel-Information-RL-SetupRqstTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 274
id-UL-Physical-Channel-Information-RL-SetupRqstTDD                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 275
id-ClosedLoopMode1-SupportIndicator                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 276
id-ClosedLoopMode2-SupportIndicator                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 277
id-STTD-SupportIndicator                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 279
id-CFNReportingIndicator                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 14
id-CNOriginatedPage-PagingRqst                                      ProtocolIE-ID ::= 23
id-InnerLoopDLPCStatus                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 24
id-PropagationDelay                                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 25
id-RxTimingDeviationForTA                                           ProtocolIE-ID ::= 36
id-timeSlot-ISCP                                                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 37
id-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-FailureInd                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 15
id-CCTrCH-InformationItem-RL-RestoreInd                             ProtocolIE-ID ::= 16
id-CommonMeasurementAccuracy                                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 280
id-CommonMeasurementObjectType-CM-Rprt                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 281
id-CommonMeasurementObjectType-CM-Rqst                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 282
id-CommonMeasurementObjectType-CM-Rsp                               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 283
id-CommonMeasurementType                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 284
id-SFN                                                              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 285
id-SFNReportingIndicator                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 286
id-SFNReportingIndicator                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 286
id-InformationExchangeID                                            ProtocolIE-ID ::= 287
id-InformationExchangeObjectType-InfEx-Rprt                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 288
id-InformationExchangeObjectType-InfEx-Rqst                         ProtocolIE-ID ::= 289
id-InformationExchangeObjectType-InfEx-Rsp                          ProtocolIE-ID ::= 290
id-InformationReportCharacteristics                                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 291
id-InformationType                                                  ProtocolIE-ID ::= 292
id-neighbouring-LCR-TDD-CellInformation                             protocolIE-ID ::= 58
id-DL-Timeslot-ISCP-LCR-Information-RL-SetupRqstTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 65
id-RL-LCR-InformationResponse-RL-SetupRspTDD                        ProtocolIE-ID ::= 66
id-UL-CCTrCH-LCR-InformationListIE-RL-SetupRspTDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 75
id-UL-DPCH-LCR-InformationItem-RL-SetupRspTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 76
id-DL-CCTrCH-LCR-InformationListIE-RL-SetupRspTDD                   ProtocolIE-ID ::= 77
id-DL-DPCH-LCR-InformationItem-RL-SetupRspTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 78
id-DSCH-LCR-InformationListIEs-RL-SetupRspTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 79
id-USCH-LCR-InformationListIEs-RL-SetupRspTDD                       ProtocolIE-ID ::= 80
id-DL-Timeslot-ISCP-LCR-Information-RL-AdditionRqstTDD              ProtocolIE-ID ::= 81
id-RL-LCR-InformationResponse-RL-AdditionRspTDD                     ProtocolIE-ID ::= 86
id-UL-CCTrCH-LCR-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 87
id-UL-DPCH-LCR-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRspTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 88
id-DL-CCTrCH-LCR-InformationListIE-RL-AdditionRspTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 89
id-DL-DPCH-LCR-InformationItem-RL-AdditionRspTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 94
id-DSCH-LCR-InformationListIEs-RL-AdditionRspTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 96
id-USCH-LCR-InformationListIEs-RL-AdditionRspTDD                    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 97
id-UL-DPCH-LCR-InformationAddListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 98
id-UL-DPCH-LCR-InformationAddListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 99
id-UL-TimeslotLCR-InformationList-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 100
id-DL-DPCH-LCR-InformationAddListIE-RL-ReconfReadyTDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 101
id-DL-TimeslotLCR-InformationList-RL-ReconfReadyTDD                 ProtocolIE-ID ::= 104
id-UL-TimeslotLCR-InformationList-PhyChReconfRqstTDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 105
```

```
id-DL-TimeslotLCR-InformationList-PhyChReconfRqstTDD    ProtocolIE-ID ::= 106
id-timeSlot-ISCP-LCR-List-DL-PC-Rqst-TDD                ProtocolIE-ID ::= 138
id-TSTD-Support-Indicator-RL-SetupRqstTDD               ProtocolIE-ID ::= 139

END
```

Annex B (informative)
Guidelines for Usage of the Criticality Diagnostics IE

B.1 EXAMPLE MESSAGE Layout

Assume the following message format:

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M				YES	reject
Transaction ID	M				–	
A	M				YES	reject
B	M				YES	reject
>E		*1..<maxE>*			EACH	ignore
>>F		*1..<maxF>*			-	
>>>G		*0..3, …*			EACH	ignore
>>H		*1..<maxH>*			EACH	ignore
>>>G		*0..3, …*			EACH	ignore and notify
>>G	M				YES	reject
>>J		*1..<maxJ>*			-	
>>>G		*0..3, …*			EACH	reject
C	M				YES	reject
>K		*1..<maxK>*			EACH	ignore and notify
>>L		*1..<maxL>*			-	
>>>M	O				-	
D	M				YES	reject

Note 1. The IEs F, J, and L do not have assigned criticality. The IEs F, J, and L are consequently realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of "ordinary" ASN.1 type, e.g. INTEGER. On the other hand, the repeatable IEs with assigned criticality are realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of an IE object, e.g. ProtocolIE-Single-Container.

For the corresponding ASN.1 layout, see subclause B.4.

B.2 Example on a Received EXAMPLE MESSAGE

Assume further more that a received message based on the above tabular format is according to the figure below.

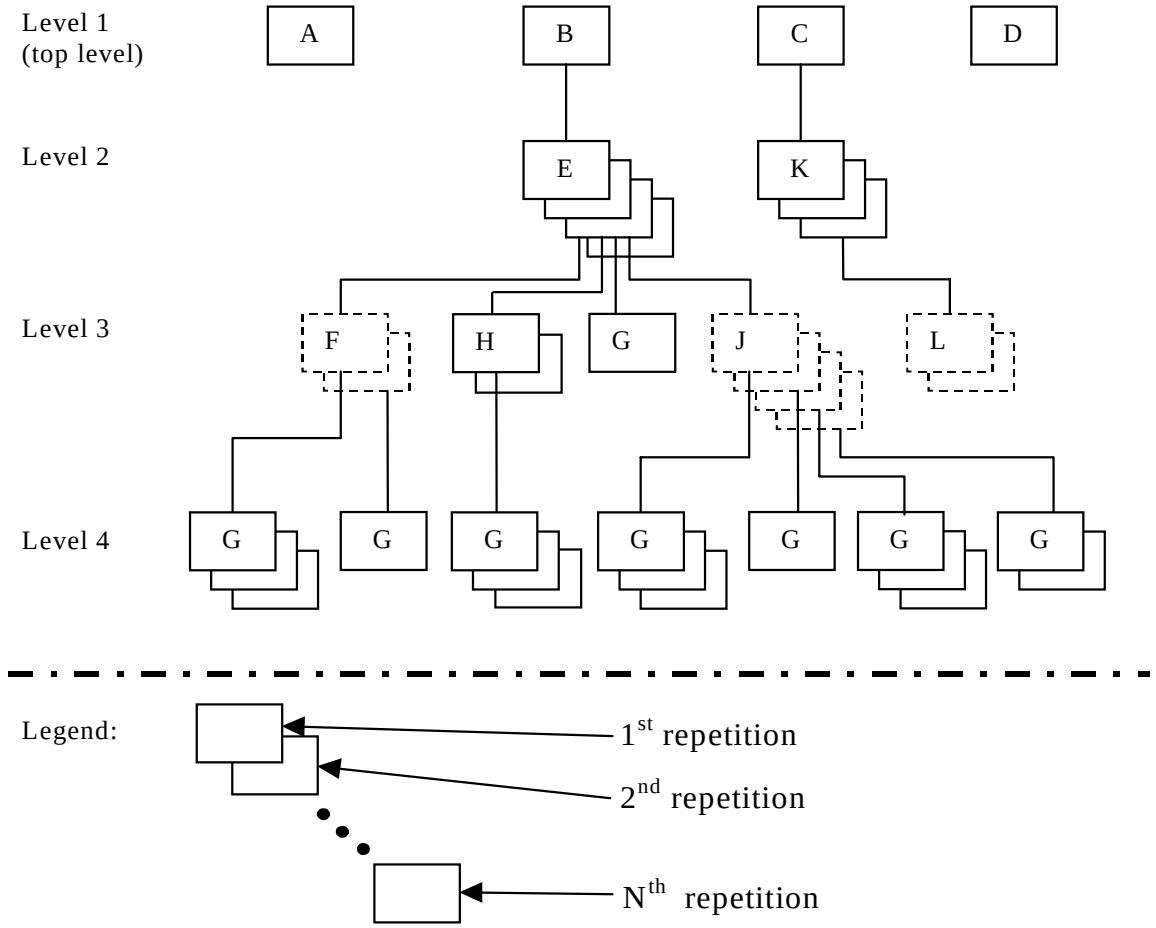


Figure B.1: Example of content of a received RNSAP message based on the EXAMPLE MESSAGE

B.3 Content of Criticality Diagnostics

B.3.1 Example 1

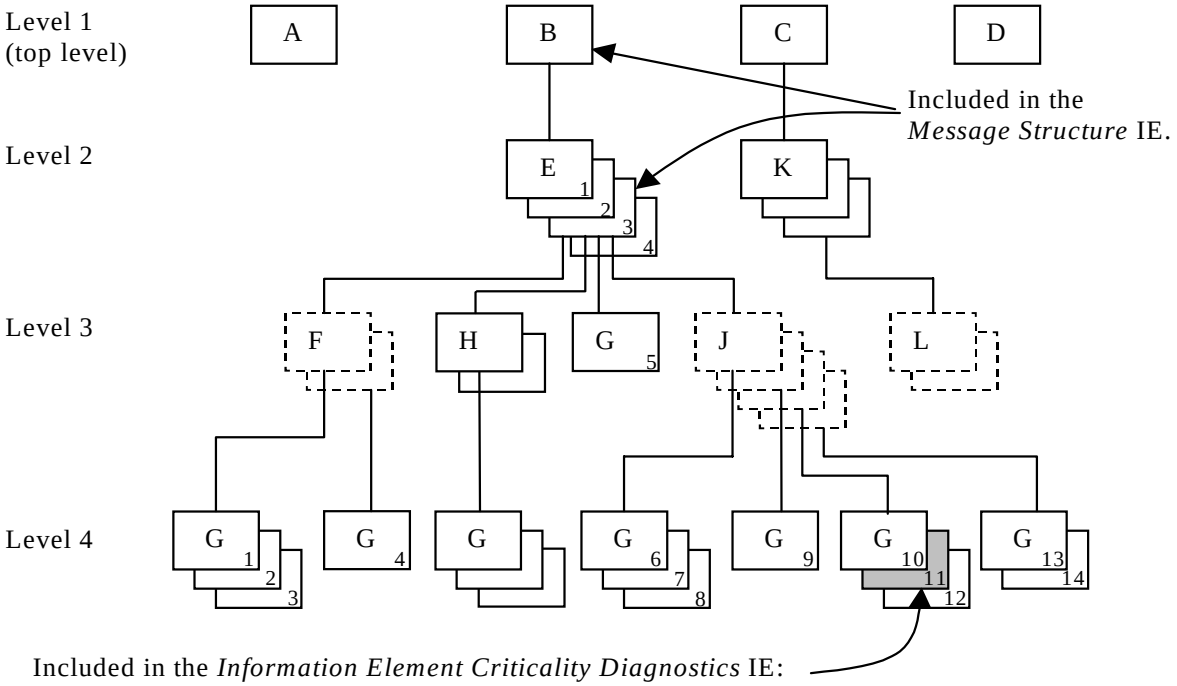


Figure B.2: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

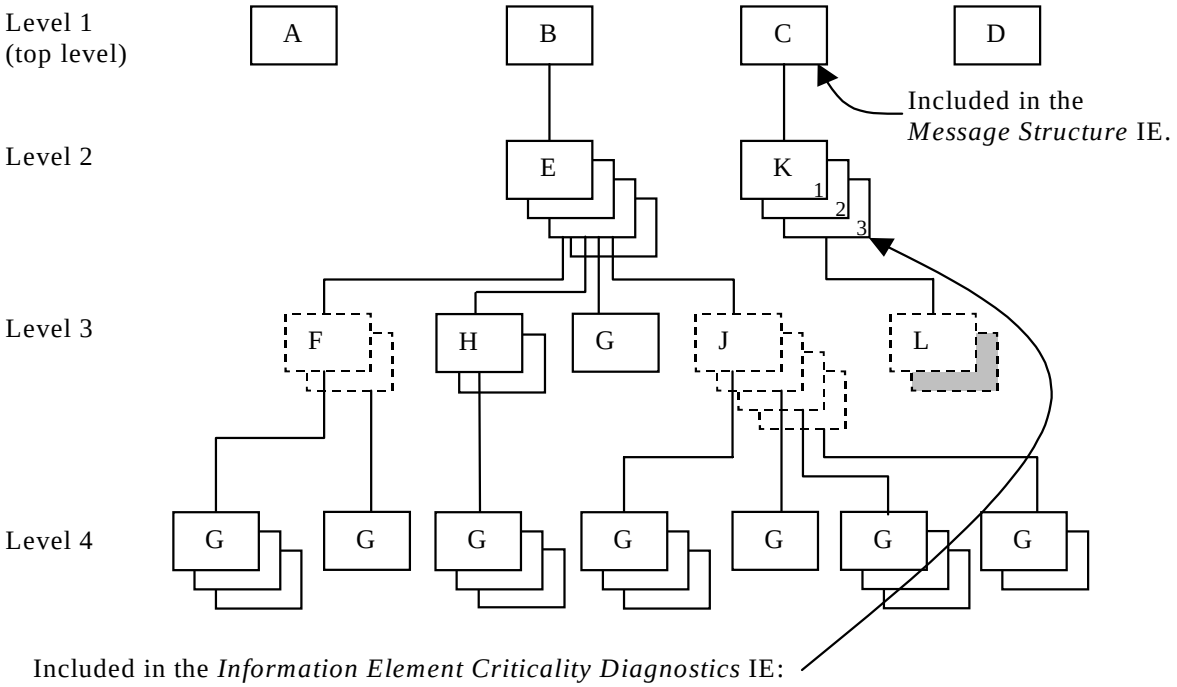
If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE J shown in the figure B.2 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Repetition Number	11	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the *Message Structure* IE this is the eleventh occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.

Note 2. The IE J on level 3 cannot be included in the *Message Structure* IE since they have no criticality of their own.

Note 3. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

B.3.2 Example 2



Included in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE:
a) *IE ID* IE
b) *Repetition Number* IE

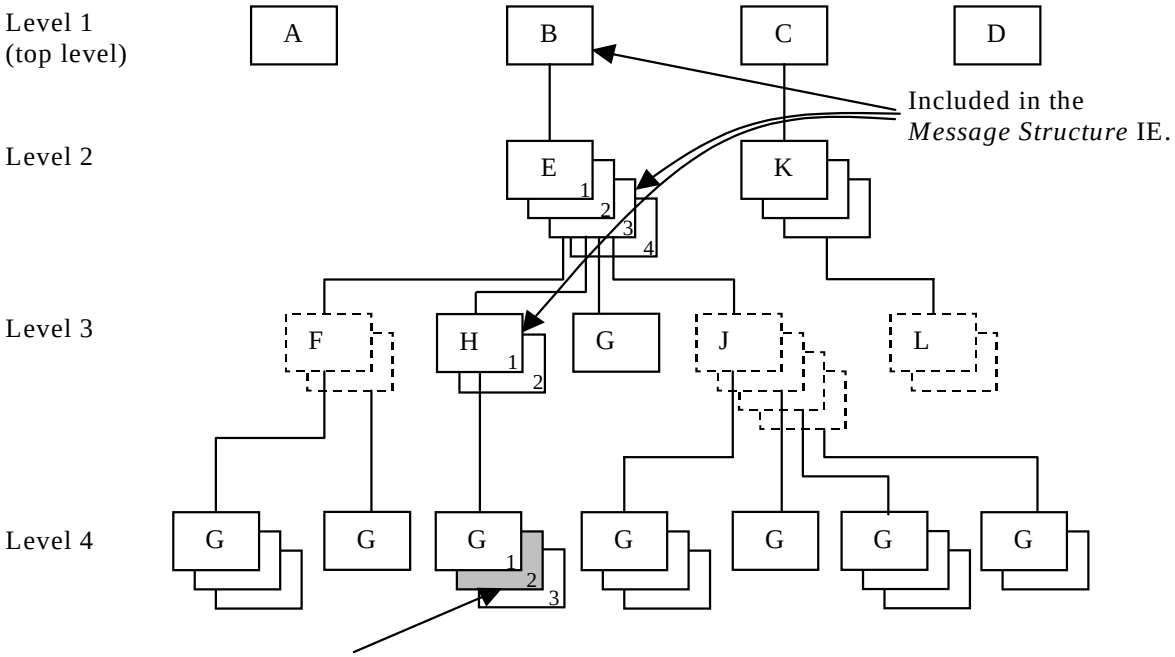
Figure B.3: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the second instance (marked as grey) in the sequence (IE L in the tabular format) on level 3 below IE K in the structure shown in the figure B.3 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	ignore and notify	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
IE ID	id-K	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Repetition Number	3	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-C	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 1.

Note 4. The IE L on level 3 cannot be reported individually included in the *Message Structure* IE since it has no criticality of its own.

B.3.3 Example 3



Included in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE:
a) *IE ID* IE
b) *Repetition Number* IE

Figure B.4: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE H shown in the figure B.4 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Repetition Number	2	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from level 2.
Message Structure, *third repetition*		
>IE ID	id-H	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.
>Repetition Number	1	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.

Note 5. The repetition number of level 4 indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counted below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 1 of IE H on level 3).

B.3.4 Example 4

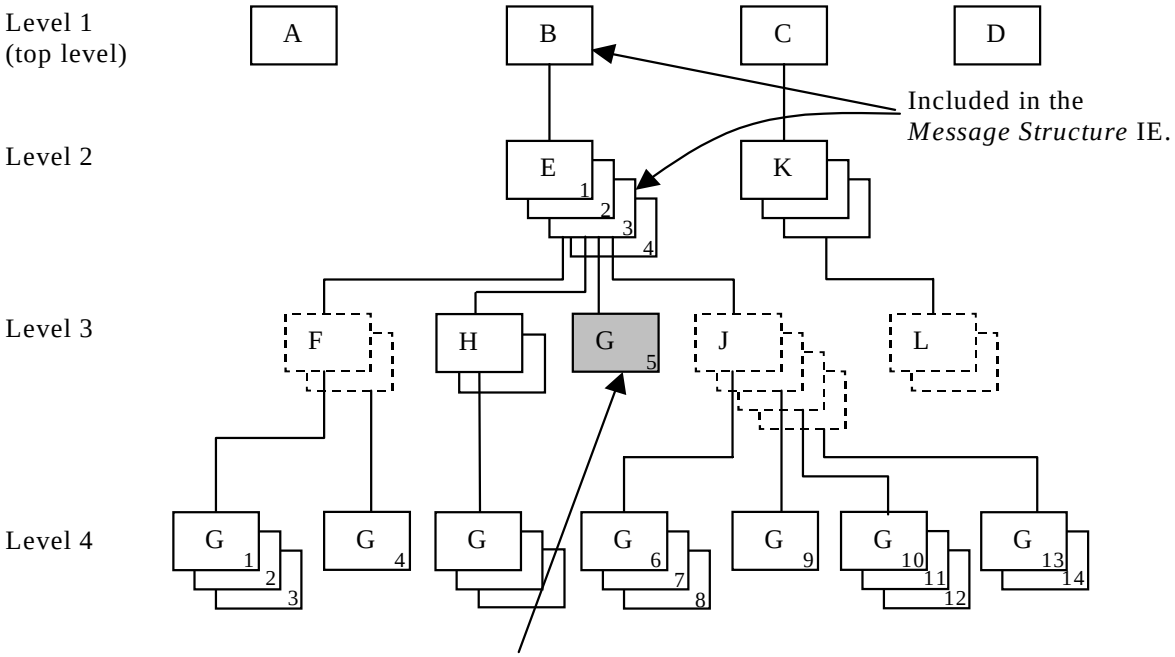


Figure B.5: Example of a received RNSAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure B.5 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Repetition Number	5	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 3. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the *Message Structure* IE this is the fifth occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	not understood	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.

Note 6. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

B.3.5 Example 5

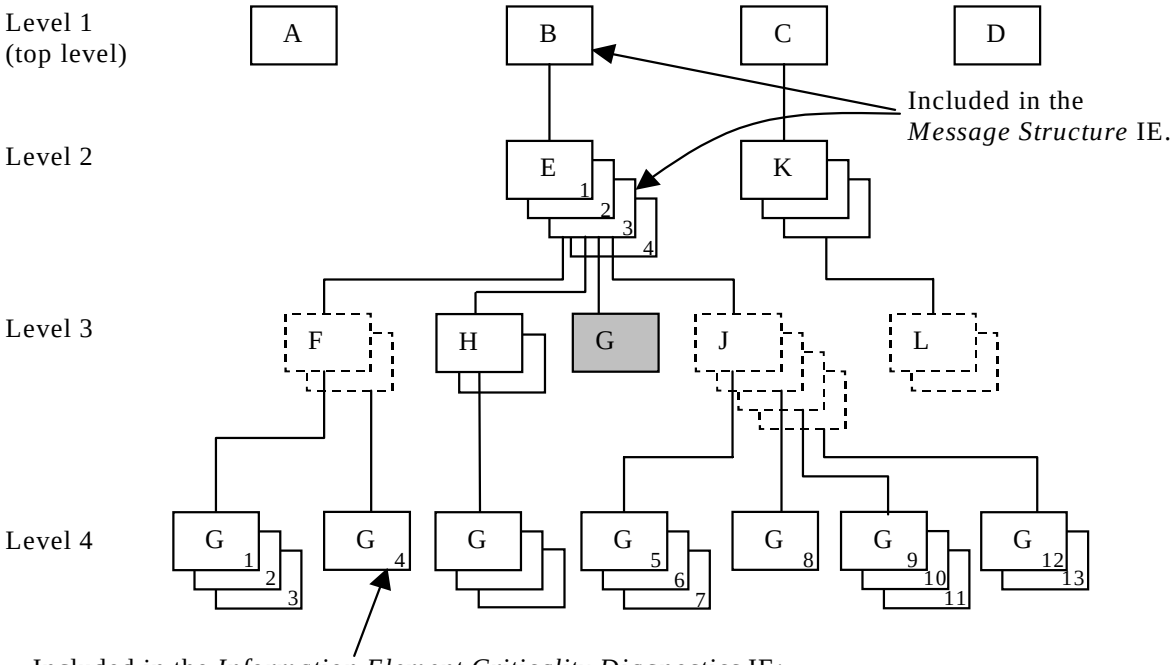


Figure B.6: Example of a received RNSAP message with a missing IE

If the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure B.6 above, is missing this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Repetition Number	4	Repetition number up to the missing IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the *Message Structure* IE there have been four occurrences of IE G within the IE E (level 2) up to the missing occurrence.
Type of Error	missing	
Message Structure, *first repetition*		
>IE ID	id-B	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structure, *second repetition*		
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition Number	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.

Note 7. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to but not including the missing occurrence, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

B.4 ASN.1 of EXAMPLE MESSAGE

```
ExampleMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
    ProtocolIEs         ProtocolIE-Container        {{ExampleMessage-IEs}},
    ProtocolExtensions  ProtocolExtensionContainer  {{ExampleMessage-Extensions}}   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

ExampleMessage-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-A   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE A  PRESENCE mandatory} |
    { ID id-B   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE B  PRESENCE mandatory} |
    { ID id-C   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE C  PRESENCE mandatory} |
    { ID id-D   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE D  PRESENCE mandatory} ,
    ...
}

B ::= SEQUENCE {
    e               E-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {B-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

B-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

E-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxE)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {E-IEs} }

E-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-E   CRITICALITY ignore  TYPE E  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

E ::= SEQUENCE {
    f               F-List,
    h               H-List,
    g               G-List1,
    j               J-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {E-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

E-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

F-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxF)) OF F

F ::= SEQUENCE {
    g               G-List2 OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {F-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

F-ExtIEs    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

G-List2 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G2-IEs} }

G2-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY ignore  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

H-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxH)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {H-IEs} }

H-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-H   CRITICALITY ignore  TYPE H  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

H ::= SEQUENCE {
    g               G-List3 OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions                   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {H-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

H-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}
```

```
G-List3 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G3-IEs} }

G3-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY notify  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

G-List1 ::= ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G1-IEs} }

G1-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

J-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxJ)) OF J

J ::= SEQUENCE {
    g               G-List4 OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {J-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

J-ExtIEs    RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

G-List4 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {G4-IEs} }

G4-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-G   CRITICALITY reject  TYPE G  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

C ::= SEQUENCE {
    k               K-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {C-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

C-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

K-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxK)) OF ProtocolIE-Single-Container { {K-IEs} }

K-IEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    { ID id-K   CRITICALITY notify  TYPE K  PRESENCE mandatory  }
}

K ::= SEQUENCE {
    l               L-List,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {K-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

K-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

L-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxL)) OF L

L ::= SEQUENCE {
    m               M   OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions   ProtocolExtensionContainer { {L-ExtIEs} }   OPTIONAL,
    ...
}

L-ExtIEs RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}

ExampleMessage-Extensions RNSAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
    ...
}
```

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #20 **R3-011327**
Beijing, China, April 2nd – April 6th, 2001

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **342** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network ☒ Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Error Indication for reporting of logical error
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	2001-04-23
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:
2 (GSM Phase 2)
R96 (Release 1996)
R97 (Release 1997)
R98 (Release 1998)
R99 (Release 1999)
REL-4 (Release 4)
REL-5 (Release 5)

Reason for change:	⌘	In clause 10.4 it is not clear that when reporting a logical error with the ERROR INDICATION message, the *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE must be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.
Summary of change:	⌘	Text in clause 10.4 is updated in order to clarify that the *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE must be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	It will not be clear which information to include in ERROR INDICATION when reporting a logical error, which may lead to different implementations. Additional information: The proposed change is backwards compatible.

Clauses affected:	⌘	9.2.1.13, 10.4		
Other specs affected:	⌘	☒ Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	25.423 CR343 REL-4
Other comments:	⌘			

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be

downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.13 Criticality Diagnostics

The *Criticality Diagnostics* IE is sent by an RNC when parts of a received message have not been comprehended or were missing, or if the message contained logical errors. When applicable, it contains information about which IEs that were not comprehended or were missing.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Procedure ID		0..1		Procedure ID is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Procedure Code	M		INTEGER (0..255)	
>Ddmode	M		ENUMERATED (FDD, TDD, Common)	Common = common to FDD and TDD.
Triggering Message	O		ENUMERATED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome)	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication.
Procedure Criticality	O		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Transaction ID	O		Transaction ID	
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		*0..<maxnoof errors>*		
>IE Criticality	M		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'Ignore" shall never be used.
>IE Id	M		INTEGER (0..65535)	The IE Id of the not understood or missing IE as defined in the ASN.1 part of the specification.
>Repetition Number	O		INTEGER (1..256)	The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message structure IE, if applicable
>Message Structure	O		9.2.1.39A	

Range bound	Explanation
Maxnooferrors	Maximum number of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single message.

10.4 Logical Error

Logical error situations occur when a message is comprehended correctly, but the information contained within the message is not valid (i.e. semantic error), or describes a procedure which is not compatible with the state of the receiver. In these conditions, the following behaviour shall be performed (unless otherwise specified) as defined by the class of the elementary procedure, irrespective of the criticality information of the IEs/IE groups containing the erroneous values.

Class 1:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

Protocol Causes:

1. Semantic Error;
2. Message not Compatible with Receiver State.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 1 procedure, local error handling shall be initiated.

Class 2:

Where the logical error occurs in a message of a class 2 procedure, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #20 **R3-011328**
Beijing, China, April 2nd – April 6th, 2001

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **343** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network ☒ Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Error Indication for reporting of logical error
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	2001-04-23
Category:	⌘	**A**
Release:	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:
2 *(GSM Phase 2)*
R96 *(Release 1996)*
R97 *(Release 1997)*
R98 *(Release 1998)*
R99 *(Release 1999)*
REL-4 *(Release 4)*
REL-5 *(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	In clause 10.4 it is not clear that when reporting a logical error with the ERROR INDICATION message, the *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE must be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.
Summary of change:	⌘	Text in clause 10.4 is updated in order to clarify that the *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE must be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	It will not be clear which information to include in ERROR INDICATION when reporting a logical error, which may lead to different implementations. Additional information: The proposed change is backwards compatible.

Clauses affected:	⌘	9.2.1.13, 10.4		
Other specs affected:	⌘	☒ Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	25.423 CR342 R99
Other comments:	⌘			

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2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be

downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.13 Criticality Diagnostics

The *Criticality Diagnostics* IE is sent by an RNC when parts of a received message have not been comprehended or were missing, or if the message contained logical errors. When applicable, it contains information about which IEs that were not comprehended or were missing.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Procedure ID		0..1		Procedure ID is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Procedure Code	M		INTEGER (0..255)	
>Ddmode	M		ENUMERATED (FDD, TDD, Common)	Common = common to FDD and TDD.
Triggering Message	O		ENUMERATED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome)	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication.
Procedure Criticality	O		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Transaction ID	O		Transaction ID	
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		*0..<maxnoof errors>*		
>IE Criticality	M		ENUMERATED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'Ignore" shall never be used.
>IE Id	M		INTEGER (0..65535)	The IE Id of the not understood or missing IE as defined in the ASN.1 part of the specification.
>Repetition Number	O		INTEGER (1..256)	The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message structure IE, if applicable
>Message Structure	O		9.2.1.39A	

Range bound	Explanation
Maxnooferrors	Maximum number of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single message.

10.4 Logical Error

Logical error situations occur when a message is comprehended correctly, but the information contained within the message is not valid (i.e. semantic error), or describes a procedure which is not compatible with the state of the receiver. In these conditions, the following behaviour shall be performed (unless otherwise specified) as defined by the class of the elementary procedure, irrespective of the criticality information of the IEs/IE groups containing the erroneous values.

Class 1:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

Protocol Causes:

1. Semantic Error;
2. Message not Compatible with Receiver State.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 1 procedure, local error handling shall be initiated.

Class 2:

Where the logical error occurs in a message of a class 2 procedure, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure ID* IE, the *Triggering Message* IE and the *Transaction ID* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011335

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **344** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification IEs order rule
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	Introduction of new IEs in the extension containers results in different message contents in different specification versions. To ensure interoperability the receiving node shall be able to interprete correctly messages coming from nodes of higher specification versions. Therefore when determining the right order of the IEs the receiving node shall ignore IEs specified only in the higher specification version and consider only IEs of it's own specification version.
Summary of change:	⌘	A clarification to consider only IEs specified in the specification version of the receiving node when determining the right order of the IEs has been added into chapter 'Handling of Unknown, Unforeseen and Erroneous Protocol Data'.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	In case this CR is not approved there might be interoperability problems between nodes of different specification versions. This change is backward compatible.

Clauses affected:	⌘	10.3.6		
Other specs	⌘	**X** Other core specifications	⌘	CR280 R99 TS 25.413, CR281 Rel4 TS 25.413, CR039 R99 TS 25.419, CR040 Rel4 TS 25.419, CR345 Rel4 TS 25.423, CR393 R99 TS 25.433, CR394 Rel4 TS 25.433.

affected:	☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	
Other comments: ⌘		

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2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

10.3.6 IEs or IE groups received in wrong order or with too many occurrences

If a message with IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences is received, the receiving node shall behave according to the following:

- If a message *initiating* a procedure is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, none of the functional requests of the message shall be executed. The receiving node shall reject the procedure and report the cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)" using the message normally used to report unsuccessful outcome of the procedure. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the message used to report the unsuccessful outcome of the procedure, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.

- If a message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report unsuccessful outcome is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure, and use cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)".

- If a *response* message is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall initiate local error handling.

When determining the correct order only the IEs specified in the specification version used by the receiver shall be considered.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011336

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **345** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification IEs order rule			
Source:	⌘	R-WG3			
Work item code:	⌘	TEI	***Date:***	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**A**	***Release:***	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	Introduction of new IEs in the extension containers results in different message contents in different specification versions. To ensure interoperability the receiving node shall be able to interprete correctly messages coming from nodes of higher specification versions. Therefore when determining the right order of the IEs the receiving node shall ignore IEs specified only in the higher specification version and consider only IEs of it's own specification version.
Summary of change:	⌘	A clarification to consider only IEs specified in the specification version of the receiving node when determining the right order of the IEs has been added into chapter 'Handling of Unknown, Unforeseen and Erroneous Protocol Data'.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	In case this CR is not approved there might be interoperability problems between nodes of different specification versions. This change is backward compatible.

Clauses affected:	⌘	10.3.6			
Other specs	⌘	**X**	Other core specifications	⌘	CR280 R99 TS 25.413, CR281 Rel4 TS 25.413, CR039 R99 TS 25.419, CR040 Rel4 TS 25.419, CR344 R99 TS 25.423, CR393 R99 TS 25.433, CR394 Rel4 TS 25.433.

affected:	☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	
Other comments: ⌘		

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

10.3.6 IEs or IE groups received in wrong order or with too many occurrences

If a message with IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences is received, the receiving node shall behave according to the following:

- If a message *initiating* a procedure is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, none of the functional requests of the message shall be executed. The receiving node shall reject the procedure and report the cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)" using the message normally used to report unsuccessful outcome of the procedure. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the message used to report the unsuccessful outcome of the procedure, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.

- If a message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report unsuccessful outcome is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure, and use cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)".

- If a *response* message is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall initiate local error handling.

When determining the correct order only the IEs specified in the specification version used by the receiver shall be considered.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011366

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **346** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Modification of Radio Link Setup and Radio Link Addition procedure text
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:
2 *(GSM Phase 2)*
R96 *(Release 1996)*
R97 *(Release 1997)*
R98 *(Release 1998)*
R99 *(Release 1999)*
REL-4 *(Release 4)*
REL-5 *(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	As an outcome of the RNSAP review during RAN3 #18, it was agreed that the Radio Link Setup and Radio Link Addition procedure text needs to have its layout improved by using subheadings.
Summary of change:	⌘	The Radio Link Setup and Radio Link Addition procedure text layouts are modified by using subheadings. Changes compared to the agreed CR at RAN3 #20: - The paragraph "If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE" is moved from the Radio Link Set Handling to the beginning of the subclause 8.3.1.2 as this is not related to the Radio Link Set Handling.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	RNSAP would not benefit from this layout improvement. Backward compatibility: this CR is backward compatible with respect to the previous version of RNSAP.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.1 and 8.3.2		
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X** Other core specifications	⌘	25.433: CR395 R99 and CR396 Rel-4, 25.423: CR347 R4
		☐ Test specifications		
		☐ O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	⌘			

How to create CRs using this form:

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1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.1 Radio Link Setup

8.3.1.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more radio links.

The connection-oriented service of the signalling bearer shall be established in conjunction with this procedure.

8.3.1.2 Successful Operation

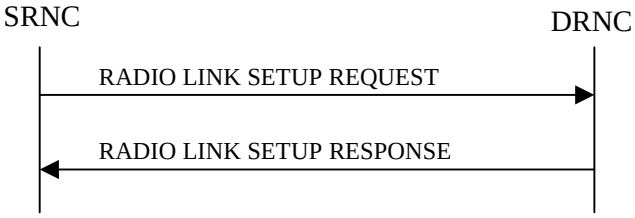

Figure 5: Radio Link Setup procedure: Successful Operation

When the SRNC makes an algorithmic decision to add the first cell or set of cells from a DRNS to the active set of a specific UE-UTRAN connection, the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is sent to the corresponding DRNC to request establishment of the radio link(s).

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.

Transport Channels Handling:

DCH(s):

[TDD - If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE-Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE-Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

DSCH(s):

If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD - on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[TDD - USCH(s)]:

[TDD – The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]

Physical Channels Handling:

[FDD - Compressed Mode]:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall immediately activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences: for each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value.]

[FDD- If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]

[FDD - DL Code Information]:

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

General:

[FDD - If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]

[FDD – If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]

Radio Link Handling:

Diversity Combination Control:

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included for all but one of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD-Transmit Diversity]:

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

[FDD – When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].

DL Power Control:

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[FDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[FDD – If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10]]

Neighbouring Cell Handling:

For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter ID, the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall

also provide the [FDD - CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD - PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD – If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

General:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD – If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - Radio Link Set Handling]:

[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD –The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

~~If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.~~

~~[FDD – The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.~~

~~[FDD – The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]~~

~~[FDD – If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]~~

~~If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.~~

~~[FDD – If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]~~

~~[FDD – If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]~~

~~[TDD – If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]~~

~~[FDD – If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]~~

~~[FDD – If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10]]~~

~~[FDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power-balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]~~

~~[TDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]~~

~~[TDD – If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]~~

~~If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.~~

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE-Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE-Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall immediately activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences: for each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value.]

[TDD - The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]

Response Message:

At the reception of the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DRNS allocates the requested type of channelisation codes and other physical channel resources for each RL and assigns a binding identifier and a transport layer address for each DCH or set of co-ordinated DCHs and for each DSCH [TDD – and USCH]. This information shall be sent to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE when all the RLs have been successfully established.

If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD - on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD - For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD - For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included for all but one of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter ID, the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD - CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD - PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD - If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message

~~and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]~~

~~Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.~~

After sending of the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

~~[FDD - When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].~~

~~[FDD - If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]~~

~~[FDD - The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].~~

~~For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.~~

8.3.2 Radio Link Addition

8.3.2.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more additional RLs towards a UE when there is already at least one RL established to the concerning UE via this DRNS.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE context.

The Radio Link Addition procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

[FDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish one or more new Radio Links which do not contain the DSCH. If the DSCH shall be moved into a new Radio Link, the Radio Link reconfiguration procedure shall be applied.]

[TDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish a new Radio Link with the DSCH and USCH included, if they existed before.]

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

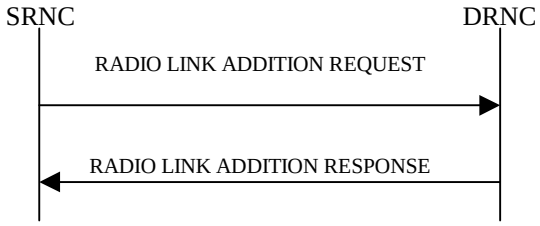

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

Transport Channel Handling:

DSCH:

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

Physical Channels Handling:

[FDD-Compressed Mode]:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

[FDD-DL Code Information]:

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

General:

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

Radio Link Handling:

Diversity Combination Control:

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD-Transmit Diversity]:

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

DL Power Control:

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

DL Code Information:

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

Neighbouring Cell Handling:

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD- *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

General:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD-Radio Link Set Handling]:

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

~~[FDD – The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner loop power control.]~~

~~[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]~~

~~The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.~~

~~[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]~~

Response message:

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

~~[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]~~

~~[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]~~

~~[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]~~

~~In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.~~

~~In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.~~

~~In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.~~

~~[TDD – If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]~~

[FDD - If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter Id, the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD - *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD - *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD - After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

~~For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.~~

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011367

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **347** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network ☒ Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Modification of Radio Link Setup and Radio Link Addition procedure text
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**A**
Release:	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:
2 *(GSM Phase 2)*
R96 *(Release 1996)*
R97 *(Release 1997)*
R98 *(Release 1998)*
R99 *(Release 1999)*
REL-4 *(Release 4)*
REL-5 *(Release 5)*

Reason for change: ⌘ As an outcome of the RNSAP review during RAN3 #18, it was agreed that the Radio Link Setup and Radio Link Addition procedure text needs to have its layout improved by using subheadings.

Changes compared to the agreed CR at RAN3 #20:

- The paragraph "If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE" is moved from the Radio Link Set Handling to the beginning of the subclause 8.3.1.2 as this is not related to the Radio Link Set Handling.

Additions due to the Rel-4 changes:

- Handling of the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE is placed under the Transport Channel Handling (DCH) subheading.
- Handling of the *DPC Mode* IE is placed under the Radio Link Handling (DL Power Control)
- Handling of the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE is placed under the Radio Link Handling (General)
- Handling of the *Allowed UL Rate* IE and *Allowed DL Rate* IE (DCH rate control) are placed under the Radio Link Handling (General)
- Handling of the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE is placed under the Radio Link Handling (General)

Summary of change: ⌘ The Radio Link Setup and Radio Link Addition procedure text layouts are modified by using subheadings.

Consequences if not approved:	⌘	RNSAP would not benefit from this layout improvement. Backward compatibility: this CR is backward compatible with respect to the previous version of RNSAP.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.1 and 8.3.2			
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X**	Other core specifications	⌘	25.433: CR395 R99 and CR396 Rel-4, 25.423: CR346 R99
			Test specifications		
			O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	⌘				

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.1 Radio Link Setup

8.3.1.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more radio links.

The connection-oriented service of the signalling bearer shall be established in conjunction with this procedure.

8.3.1.2 Successful Operation

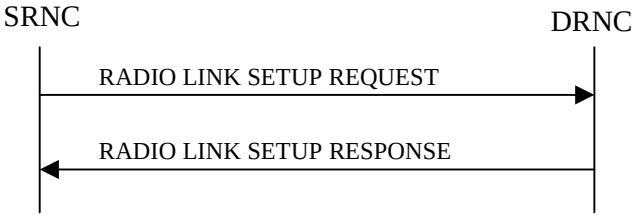

Figure 5: Radio Link Setup procedure: Successful Operation

When the SRNC makes an algorithmic decision to add the first cell or set of cells from a DRNS to the active set of a specific UE-UTRAN connection, the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is sent to the corresponding DRNC to request establishment of the radio link(s).

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.

Transport Channels Handling:

DCH(s):

[TDD - If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE-Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE-Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE, the DRNS shall treat the included IEs according to the following:

- If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the uplink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE does not include the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the uplink of this DCH.

- If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the downlink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE does not include the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the downlink of this DCH.

DSCH(s):

If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD - on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[TDD - USCH(s)]:

[TDD – The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]

Physical Channels Handling:

[FDD - Compressed Mode]:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall immediately activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences: for each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value.]

[FDD- If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]

[FDD - DL Code Information]:

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2"*, and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

General:

[FDD - If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]

[FDD – If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]

Radio Link Handling:

Diversity Combination Control:

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD-Transmit Diversity]:

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

[FDD – When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].

DL Power Control:

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[FDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[FDD – If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10].

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

Neighbouring Cell Handling:

For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter ID, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD - CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD - PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD – If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

General:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, the DRNS shall activate enhanced DSCH power control, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE as well as *Enhanced DSCH PC* IE. If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes both *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, then DRNS shall ignore the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD – If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[FDD - Radio Link Set Handling]:

[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD –The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

~~If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.~~

~~[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.~~

~~[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]~~

~~[FDD - If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]~~

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[FDD - If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]

[FDD - If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10]]

[FDD - The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD - The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

[TDD - If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

~~The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.~~

~~The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.~~

~~If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE, the DRNS shall treat the included IEs according to the following:~~

- ~~If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the uplink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE does not include the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the uplink of this DCH.~~

- ~~If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the downlink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE does not include the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the downlink of this DCH.~~

~~[FDD – If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]~~

~~[FDD – If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, the DRNS shall activate enhanced DSCH power control, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE as well as *Enhanced DSCH PC* IE. If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes both *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, then DRNS shall ignore the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE.]~~

~~[FDD – If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]~~

~~[FDD – If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall immediately activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences: for each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value.]~~

~~[TDD – The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]~~

Response Message:

At the reception of the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DRNS allocates the requested type of channelisation codes and other physical channel resources for each RL and assigns a binding identifier and a transport layer address for each DCH or set of co-ordinated DCHs and for each DSCH [TDD – and USCH]. This information shall be sent to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE when all the RLs have been successfully established.

~~If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD – on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.~~

~~[FDD – If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]~~

~~[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]~~

~~[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]~~

[FDD - For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL. RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[FDD - If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter ID, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD - CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD - PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD - If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[FDD - When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].

[FDD- If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]

[FDD - The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

8.3.2 Radio Link Addition

8.3.2.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more additional RLs towards a UE when there is already at least one RL established to the concerning UE via this DRNS.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE context.

The Radio Link Addition procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

[FDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish one or more new Radio Links which do not contain the DSCH. If the DSCH shall be moved into a new Radio Link, the Radio Link reconfiguration procedure shall be applied.]

[TDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish a new Radio Link with the DSCH and USCH included, if they existed before.]

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

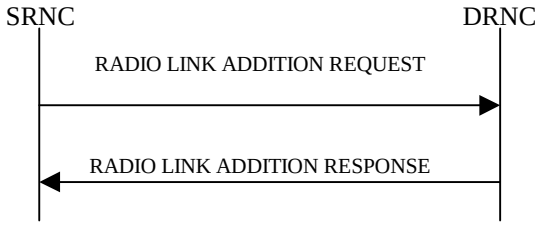

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

Transport Channel Handling:

DSCH:

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

Physical Channels Handling:

[FDD-Compressed Mode]:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code.]

[FDD-DL Code Information]:

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

General:

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

Radio Link Handling:

Diversity Combination Control:

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs being established by this procedure, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the other RLs being established by this procedure that the new RL is combined with. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[FDD-Transmit Diversity]:

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

DL Power Control:

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

DL Code Information:

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

Neighbouring Cell Handling:

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD- *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

~~[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner loop power control.]~~

General:

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE, and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD-Radio Link Set Handling]:

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

~~The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.~~

~~[FDD – If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]~~

Response message:

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

~~[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]~~

~~[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]~~

[FDD - For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs being established by this procedure, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the other RLs being established by this procedure that the new RL is combined with. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD - and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter Id, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD - *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD - *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE, and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD - After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011370

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **348** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification of Sentence on Procedure Parallelism for RL Restoration
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May, 2001
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:
2 *(GSM Phase 2)*
R96 *(Release 1996)*
R97 *(Release 1997)*
R98 *(Release 1998)*
R99 *(Release 1999)*
REL-4 *(Release 4)*
REL-5 *(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	In the current RNSAP specification a few words are for some reason left out of the sentence describing procedure parallelism for the RL restoration procedure. In all other cases where no restriction applies to a DCH procedure the following sentence is included in the general chapter (8.3.x.1): "The xRNC may initiate the Xxx procedure at any time after establishing a Radio Link." However, in the case of the RL restoration procedure the words "at any time" are omitted causing an inconsistency with the definition of the procedure as defined in chapter 8.3.10.2.
Summary of change:	⌘	This CR corrects the above-described error.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved the above described error will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible with the previous version of RNSAP.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.10.1		
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X** Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	25.423 Rel-4 (CR 349)
Other comments:	⌘			

How to create CRs using this form:
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1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.10 Radio Link Restoration

8.3.10.1 General

This procedure is used to notify establishment and re-establishment of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE Context.

The DRNC may initiate the Radio Link Restoration procedure at any time after establishing a Radio Link.

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CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **349** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification of Sentence on Procedure Parallelism for RL Restoration
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May, 2001
Category:	⌘	**A**
Release:	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	In the current RNSAP specification a few words are for some reason left out of the sentence describing procedure parallelism for the RL restoration procedure. In all other cases where no restriction applies to a DCH procedure the following sentence is included in the general chapter (8.3.x.1): "The xRNC may initiate the Xxx procedure at any time after establishing a Radio Link." However, in the case of the RL restoration procedure the words "at any time" are omitted causing an inconsistency with the definition of the procedure as defined in chapter 8.3.10.2.
Summary of change:	⌘	This CR corrects the above-described error.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved the above described error will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible with the previous version of RNSAP.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.10.1		
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X** Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	25.423 R99 (CR 348)
Other comments:	⌘			

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3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.10 Radio Link Restoration

8.3.10.1 General

This procedure is used to notify establishment and re-establishment of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE Context.

The DRNC may initiate the Radio Link Restoration procedure at any time after establishing a Radio Link.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011765

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **350** ⌘ rev **2** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Measurement reporting clarification
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change: ⌘ The triggering of the measurement reporting is described in the procedure text of measurement initiation procedure. To further clarify the reporting triggering of the different measurement events this CR proposes to include additional pictures where f.ex. repeated events are shown.

Summary of change: ⌘ A new annex has been added to further clarify the measurement reporting triggering.

Updates according to the comments of RAN3 #20:

The Report A and Report B and periodic reports have been indicated in the Event E and Event F reporting figures.

R1: For events E and F, 'conditions are met' was replaced by 'conditions have been met' and quotation marks were added.

R2: a clarification was added in the procedure text regarding the reporting for events C and D.

Consequences if not approved: ⌘ The current description may cause misinterpretations and problems in multivendor networks.

This change is backward compatible.

Clauses affected: ⌘ 8.3.11.2, Annex B

Other specs ⌘ **X** Other core specifications ⌘ CR351 (25.423) Rel4

CR399 (25.433) R99

CR400 (25.433) Rel4

affected:	☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	
Other comments: ⌘		

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3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.11 Dedicated Measurement Initiation

8.3.11.1 General

This procedure is used by an SRNS to request the initiation of dedicated measurements in a DRNS.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE context.

The Dedicated Measurement Initiation procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

8.3.11.2 Successful Operation

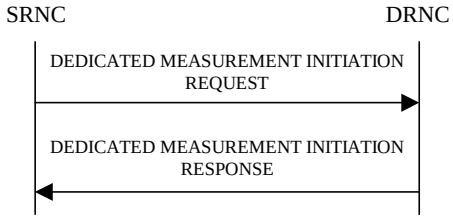

Figure 20: Dedicated Measurement Initiation procedure, Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a DEDICATED MEASUREMENT INITIATION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNC shall initiate the requested dedicated measurement according to the parameters given in the request.

If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "RL", measurement results shall be reported for all the indicated Radio Links.

[FDD - If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "RLS", measurement results shall be reported for all the indicated Radio Link Sets.]

If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "ALL RL", measurement results shall be reported for all current and future Radio Links within the UE Context.

[FDD - If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "ALL RLS", measurement results shall be reported for all the existing and future Radio Link Sets within the UE Context.]

If the *CFN Reporting Indicator* IE is set to "FN Reporting Required", the *CFN* IE shall be included in the measurement report or in the measurement response, the latter only in the case the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'On-Demand'. The reported CFN shall be the CFN at the time when the dedicated measurement value was reported by the layer 3 filter, referred to as point C in the measurement model [26].

If the *CFN* IE is provided, it indicates the frame for which the first measurement shall be provided. The provided measurement value shall be the one reported by the layer 3 filter referred to as point C in the measurement model [26].

Report characteristics
The *Report Characteristics* IE indicates how the reporting of the dedicated measurement shall be performed. See also Annex B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'On-Demand', the DRNS shall report the measurement result immediately.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Periodic', the DRNS shall periodically initiate the Dedicated Measurement Report procedure for this measurement, with the requested report periodicity.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event A', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises above the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the DRNC shall use the value zero for the hysteresis time.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event B', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls below the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the DRNC shall use the value zero for the hysteresis time.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event C', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. After having reported this type of event, the next C event reporting for the same measurement cannot be initiated before the rising/falling time has elapsed since the previous event reporting.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event D', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. After having reported this type of event, the next D event reporting for the same measurement cannot be initiated before the rising/falling time has elapsed since the previous event reporting.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event E', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (Report A). When the conditions for Report A are met and the *Report Periodicity* IE is provided the DRNS shall also initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. If the conditions for Report A have been met and the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) as well as terminating any corresponding periodic reporting. If 'Measurement Threshold 2' is not present, the DRNS shall use 'Measurement Threshold 1' instead. If no 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' is provided, the DRNC shall use the value zero as hysteresis times for both Report A and Report B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event F', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (Report A). When the conditions for Report A are met and the *Report Periodicity* IE is provided the DRNS shall also initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. If the conditions for Report A have been met and the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) as well as terminating any corresponding periodic reporting. . If 'Measurement Threshold 2' is not present, the DRNS shall use 'Measurement Threshold 1' instead. If no 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' is provided, the DRNC shall use the value zero as hysteresis times for both Report A and Report B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is not set to 'On-Demand', the DRNS is required to perform reporting for a dedicated measurement object, in accordance with the conditions provided in the DEDICATED MEASUREMENT INITIATION REQUEST message, as long as the object exists. If no dedicated measurement object(s) for which a measurement is defined exists any more the DRNS shall terminate the measurement locally without reporting this to the SRNC.

If at the start of the measurement, the reporting criteria are fulfilled for any of Event A, Event B, Event E or Event F, the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure immediately, and then continue with the measurements as specified in the DEDICATED MEASUREMENT INITIATION REQUEST message.

Annex B (informative): Measurement reporting

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event A' (figure B.1), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated when the measured entity rises above the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the value zero shall be used for the hysteresis time.

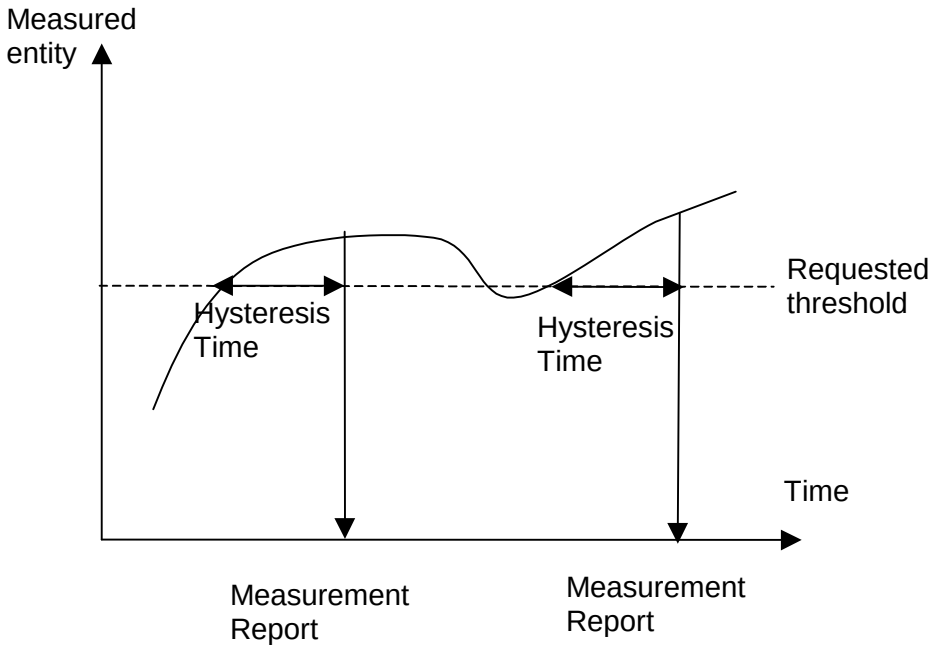

Figure B.1: Event A reporting with Hysteresis Time specified

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event B' (figure B.2), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated when the measured entity falls below the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the value zero shall be used for the hysteresis time.

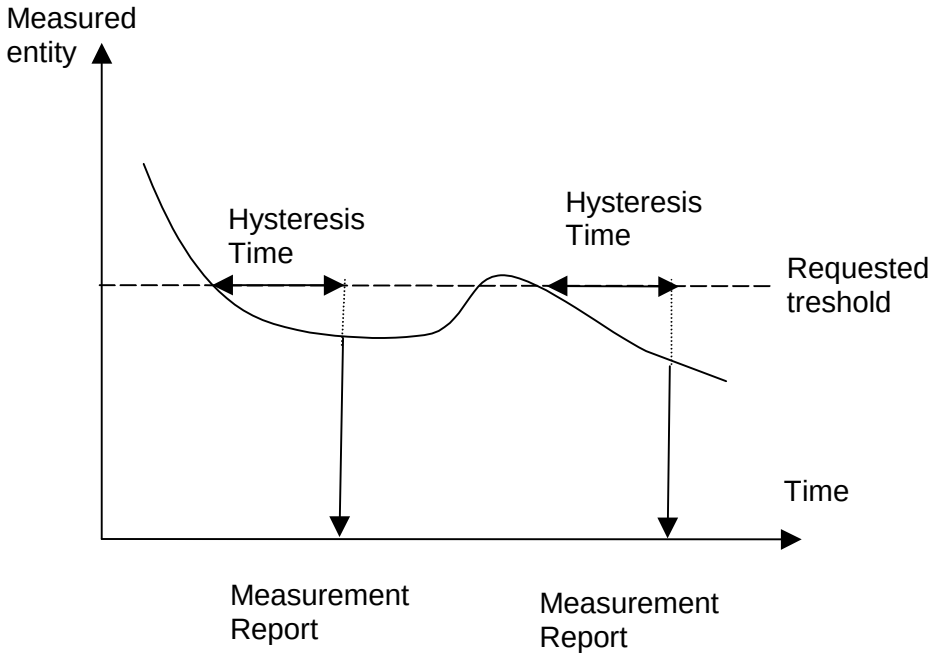

Figure B.2: Event B reporting with Hysteresis Time specified

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event C' (figure B.3), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated always when the measured entity rises by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. The reporting in figure B.3 is initiated if the Rising Time T1 is less than the requested time.

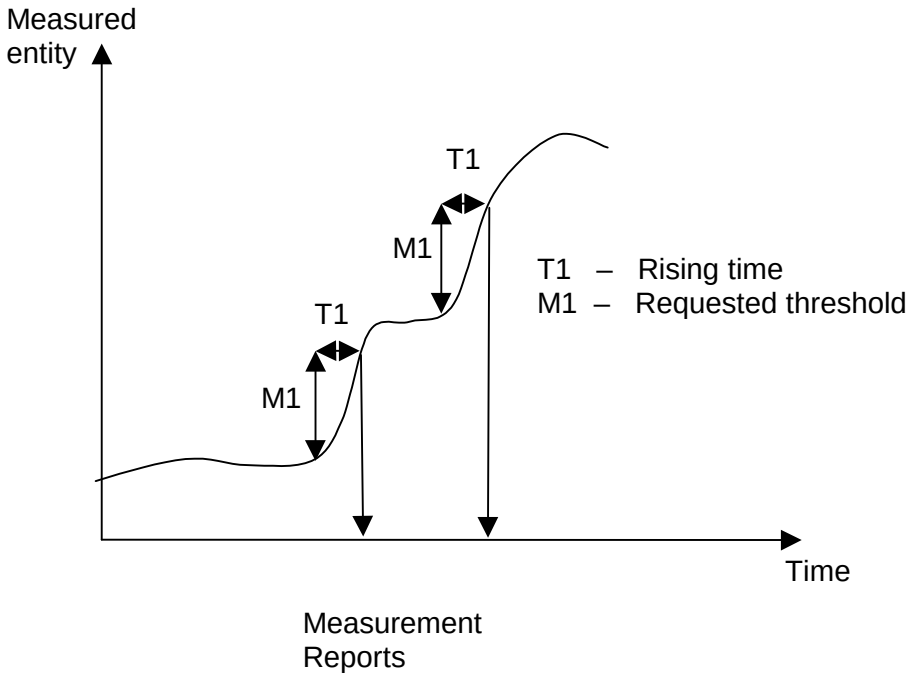

Figure B.3: Event C reporting

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event D' (figure B.4), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated always when the measured entity falls by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. The reporting in figureB.4 is initiated if the Falling Time T1 is less than the requested time.

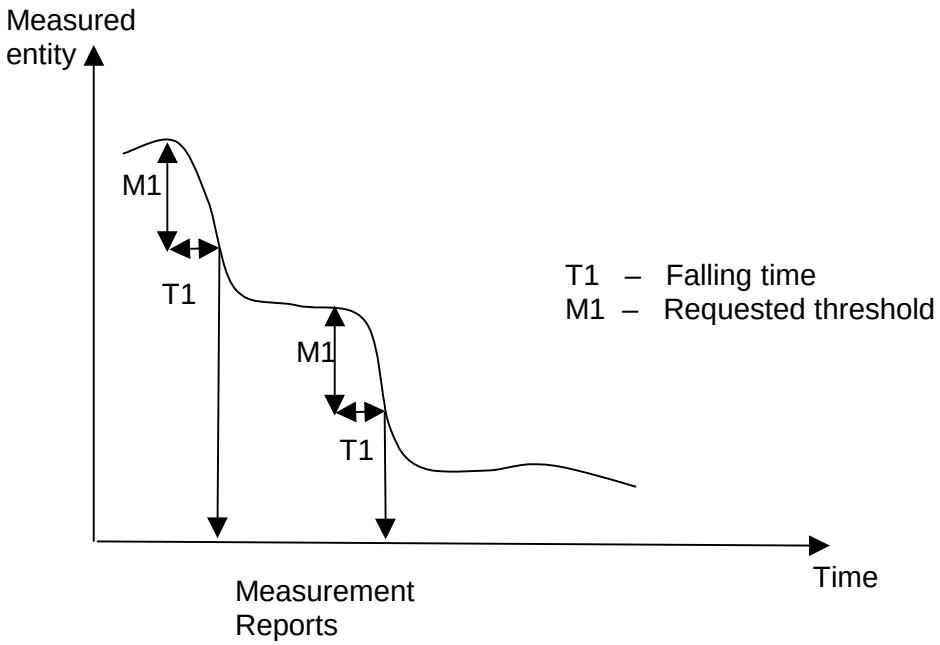

Figure B.4: Event D reporting

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event E' (figure B.5), the Measurement Reporting procedure (Report A) is initiated always when the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1 in figure B.5). If *Report Periodicity* IE is provided DRNS shall also initiate Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. The periodic reporting continues although the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and is terminated by the Report B.

When the Report A conditions have been met and the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1) the Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) is initiated and the periodic reporting is terminated.

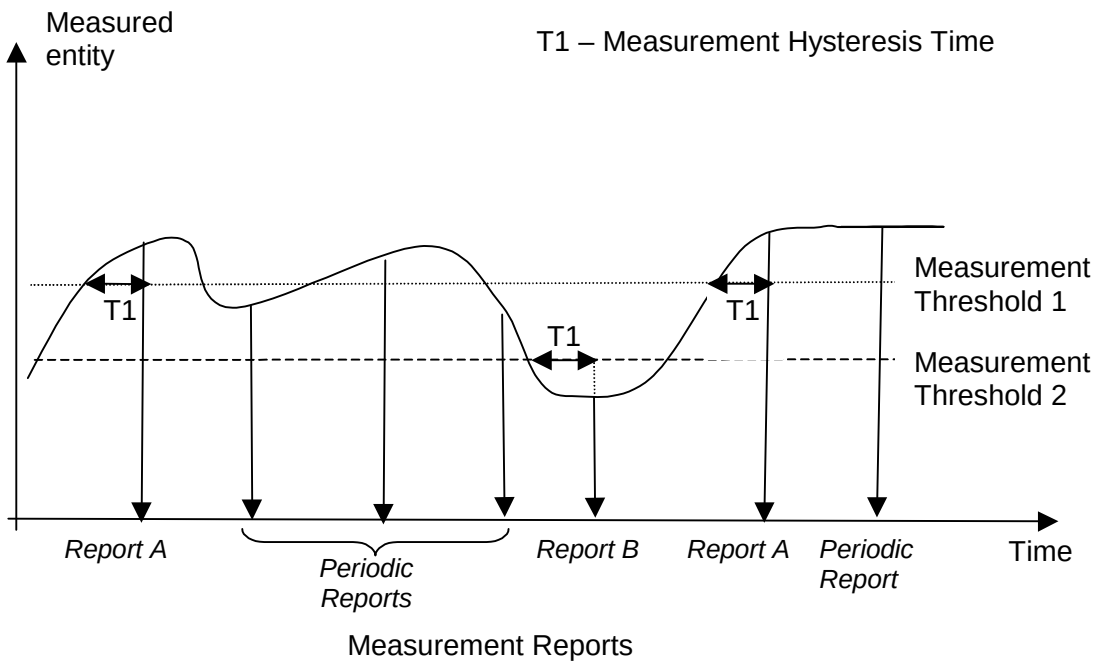

Figure B.5: Event E reporting with Hysteresis Time specified and Periodic Reporting requested

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event F' (figure B.6), the Measurement Reporting procedure (Report A) is initiated always when the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1 in figure B.6). If *Report Periodicity* IE is provided DRNS shall also initiate Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. The periodic reporting continues although the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and is terminated by the Report B.

When the Report A conditions have been met and the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1) the Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) is initiated and the periodic reporting is terminated.

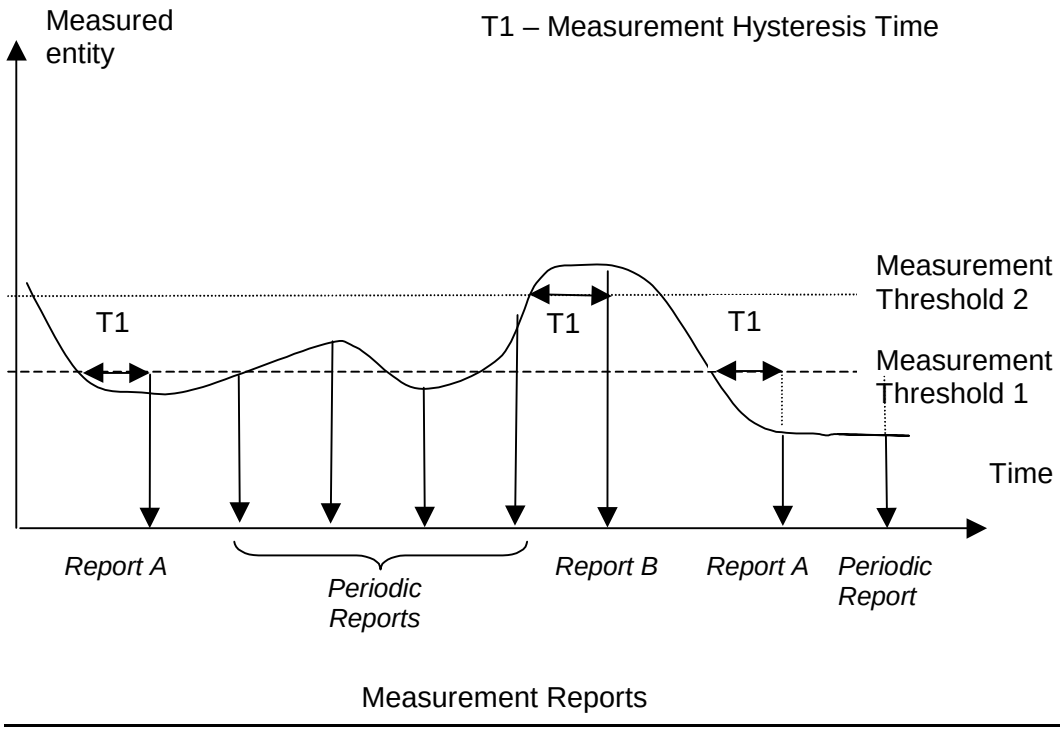

Figure B.6: Event F reporting with Hysteresis Time specified and Periodic Reporting requested

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Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011766

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CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **351** ⌘ rev **2** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

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Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Measurement reporting clarification
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**A**
Release:	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change: ⌘ The triggering of the measurement reporting is described in the procedure text of measurement initiation procedure. To further clarify the reporting triggering of the different measurement events this CR proposes to include additional pictures where f.ex. repeated events are shown.

Summary of change: ⌘ A new annex has been added to further clarify the measurement reporting triggering.

Updates according to the comments of RAN3 #20:

The Report A and Report B and periodic reports have been indicated in the Event E and Event F reporting figures.

R1: For events E and F, 'conditions are met' was replaced by 'conditions have been met' and quotation marks were added.

R2: a clarification was added in the procedure text regarding the reporting for events C and D.

Consequences if not approved: ⌘ The current description may cause misinterpretations and problems in multivendor networks.

This change is backward compatible.

Clauses affected: ⌘ 8.3.11.2, 8.5.2, Annex B

Other specs ⌘ **X** Other core specifications ⌘ CR350 (25.423) R99

CR399 (25.433) R99

CR400 (25.433) Rel4

affected:	☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	
Other comments: ⌘		

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.11 Dedicated Measurement Initiation

8.3.11.1 General

This procedure is used by an SRNS to request the initiation of dedicated measurements in a DRNS.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE context.

The Dedicated Measurement Initiation procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

8.3.11.2 Successful Operation

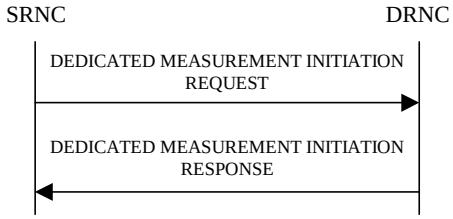

Figure 20: Dedicated Measurement Initiation procedure, Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a DEDICATED MEASUREMENT INITIATION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNC shall initiate the requested dedicated measurement according to the parameters given in the request.

If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "RL", measurement results shall be reported for all the indicated Radio Links.

[FDD - If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "RLS", measurement results shall be reported for all the indicated Radio Link Sets.]

If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "ALL RL", measurement results shall be reported for all current and future Radio Links within the UE Context.

[FDD - If the *Dedicated Measurement Object Type* IE is set to "ALL RLS", measurement results shall be reported for all the existing and future Radio Link Sets within the UE Context.]

If the *CFN Reporting Indicator* IE is set to "FN Reporting Required", the *CFN* IE shall be included in the measurement report or in the measurement response, the latter only in the case the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'On-Demand'. The reported CFN shall be the CFN at the time when the dedicated measurement value was reported by the layer 3 filter, referred to as point C in the measurement model [26].

If the *CFN* IE is provided, it indicates the frame for which the first measurement shall be provided. The provided measurement value shall be the one reported by the layer 3 filter referred to as point C in the measurement model [26].

Report characteristics
The *Report Characteristics* IE indicates how the reporting of the dedicated measurement shall be performed. See also Annex B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'On-Demand', the DRNS shall report the measurement result immediately.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Periodic', the DRNS shall periodically initiate the Dedicated Measurement Report procedure for this measurement, with the requested report periodicity.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event A', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises above the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the DRNC shall use the value zero for the hysteresis time.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event B', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls below the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the DRNC shall use the value zero for the hysteresis time.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event C', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. After having reported this type of event, the next C event reporting for the same measurement cannot be initiated before the rising/falling time has elapsed since the previous event reporting.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event D', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. After having reported this type of event, the next D event reporting for the same measurement cannot be initiated before the rising/falling time has elapsed since the previous event reporting.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event E', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (Report A). When the conditions for Report A are met and the *Report Periodicity* IE is provided the DRNS shall also initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. If the conditions for Report A have been met and the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) as well as terminating any corresponding periodic reporting. If 'Measurement Threshold 2' is not present, the DRNS shall use 'Measurement Threshold 1' instead. If no 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' is provided, the DRNC shall use the value zero as hysteresis times for both Report A and Report B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event F', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (Report A). When the conditions for Report A are met and the *Report Periodicity* IE is provided the DRNS shall also initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. If the conditions for Report A have been met and the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time', the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) as well as terminating any corresponding periodic reporting. . If 'Measurement Threshold 2' is not present, the DRNS shall use 'Measurement Threshold 1' instead. If no 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' is provided, the DRNC shall use the value zero as hysteresis times for both Report A and Report B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is not set to 'On-Demand', the DRNS is required to perform reporting for a dedicated measurement object, in accordance with the conditions provided in the DEDICATED MEASUREMENT INITIATION REQUEST message, as long as the object exists. If no dedicated measurement object(s) for which a measurement is defined exists any more the DRNS shall terminate the measurement locally without reporting this to the SRNC.

If at the start of the measurement, the reporting criteria are fulfilled for any of Event A, Event B, Event E or Event F, the DRNS shall initiate the Dedicated Measurement Reporting procedure immediately, and then continue with the measurements as specified in the DEDICATED MEASUREMENT INITIATION REQUEST message.

8.5.2 Common Measurement Initiation

8.5.2.1 General

This procedure is used by an RNC to request the initiation of measurements of common resources to another RNC. The requesting RNC is referred to as RNC_1 and the RNC to which the request is sent is referred to as RNC_2.

This procedure uses the signalling bearer connection for the relevant Distant RNC Context.

8.5.2.2 Successful Operation

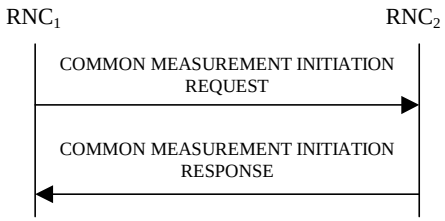

Figure 30A: Common Measurement Initiation procedure, Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a COMMON MEASUREMENT INITIATION REQUEST message sent from the RNC_1 to the RNC_2.

Upon reception, the RNC_2 shall initiate the requested measurement according to the parameters given in the request.

Unless specified below, the meaning of the parameters are given in other specifications.

[TDD- If the Time Slot Information is provided in the *Common Measurement Object Type* IE , the measurement request shall apply to the requested time slot individually.]

If the *Common Measurement Type* IE is not set to ‘SFN-SFN Observed Time Difference’ and the *SFN Reporting Indicator* IE is set to "FN Reporting Required", the *SFN* IE shall be included in the measurement report or in the measurement response, the latter only in the case the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'On-Demand'. The reported SFN shall be the SFN at the time when the measurement value was reported by the layer 3 filter, referred to as point C in the measurement model [26]. If the *Common Measurement Type* IE is set to ‘SFN-SFN Observed Time Difference’, then the *SFN Reporting Indicator* IE is ignored.

If the *SFN* IE is provided, it indicates the frame for which the first measurement shall be provided. The provided measurement value shall be the one reported by the layer 3 filter, referred to as point C in the measurement model [26]. Furthermore, if the *SFN* IE is present and if the *Common Measurement Object Type* IE is set to “UP Neighbouring Cell”, then the *SFN* IE relates to the Radio Frames of the Reference Cell identified by the first *UTRAN Cell Identifier* IE.

Common measurement type

If the *Common Measurement Type* IE is set to 'SFN-SFN Observed Time Difference', then the RNC_2 shall initiate the SFN-SFN Observed Time Difference measurements between the reference cell identified by *C-ID* IE and the neighbouring cells identified by the *UTRAN Cell Identifier* IE (*UC-Id*).

If the *Common Measurement Type* IE is set to ‘load’, the RNC2 shall initiate measurements of uplink and downlink load on the measured object. If either uplink or downlink load satisfies the requested report characteristics, the RNC2 shall report the result of both uplink and downlink measurements.

Report characteristics

The *Report Characteristics* IE indicates how the reporting of the measurement shall be performed. See also Annex B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'On-Demand', the RNC_2 shall report the result of the requested measurement immediately.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Periodic', the RNC_2 shall periodically initiate a Measurement Reporting procedure for this measurement, with the requested report frequency. Furthermore, if the *Common Measurement Type* IE is set to 'SFN-SFN Observed Time Difference', then all the available measurements shall be reported in the *Successful Neighbouring cell SFN-SFN Observed Time Difference Measurement Information* IE and the neighbouring cells with no measurement result available shall be reported in the *Unsuccessful Neighbouring cell SFN-SFN Observed Time Difference Measurement Information* IE.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event A', the RNC_2 shall initiate a Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises above the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the RNC_2 shall use the value zero for the hysteresis time.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event B', the RNC_2 shall initiate a Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls below the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the RNC_2 shall use the value zero for the hysteresis time.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event C', the RNC_2 shall initiate a Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises more than the requested threshold within the requested time. After having reported this type of event, the next C event reporting for the same measurement cannot be initiated before the rising/falling time has elapsed since the previous event reporting.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event D', the RNC_2 shall initiate a Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls more than the requested threshold within the requested time. After having reported this type of event, the next D event reporting for the same measurement cannot be initiated before the rising/falling time has elapsed since the previous event reporting.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event E', the RNC_2 shall initiate the Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (Report A). When the conditions for Report A are met and the *Report Periodicity* IE is provided, the RNC_2 shall initiate the Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. If the conditions for Report A have been met and the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time', the RNC_2 shall initiate the Common Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) as well as terminating any corresponding periodic reporting. If 'Measurement Threshold 2' is not present, the RNC_2 shall use 'Measurement Threshold 1' instead. If no 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' is provided, the RNC_2 shall use the value zero as hysteresis times for both Report A and Report B.

If the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event F', the RNC_2 shall initiate the Measurement Reporting procedure when the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (Report A). When the conditions for Report A are met and the *Report Periodicity* IE is provided the RNC_2 shall also initiate the Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. If the conditions for Report A have been met and the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time', the RNC_2 shall initiate the Common Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) as well as terminating any corresponding periodic reporting. If 'Measurement Threshold 2' is not present, the RNC_2 shall use 'Measurement Threshold 1' instead. If no 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' is provided, the RNC_2 shall use the value zero as hysteresis times for both Report A and Report B.

Annex B (informative): Measurement reporting

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event A' (figure B.1), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated when the measured entity rises above the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the value zero shall be used for the hysteresis time.

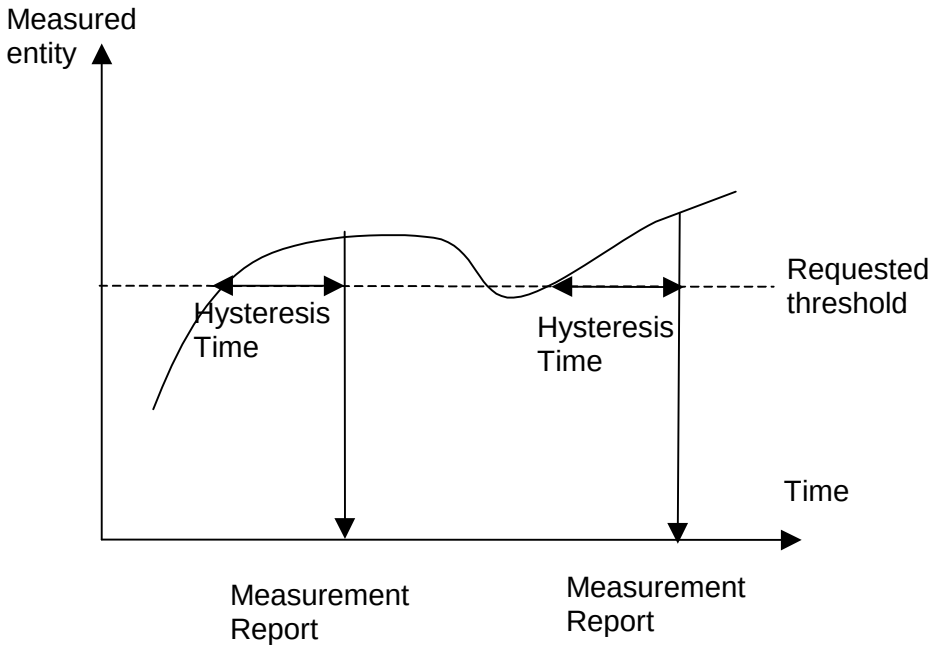

Figure B.1: Event A reporting with Hysteresis Time specified

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event B' (figure B.2), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated when the measured entity falls below the requested threshold and stays there for the requested hysteresis time. If no hysteresis time is given, the value zero shall be used for the hysteresis time.

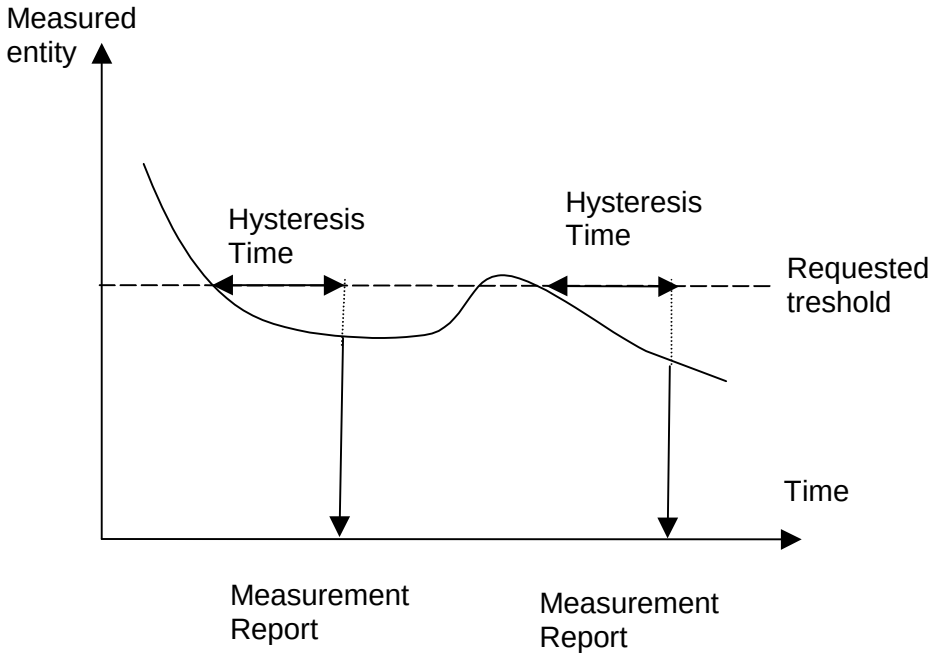

Figure B.2: Event B reporting with Hysteresis Time specified

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event C' (figure B.3), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated always when the measured entity rises by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. The reporting in figure B.3 is initiated if the Rising Time T1 is less than the requested time.

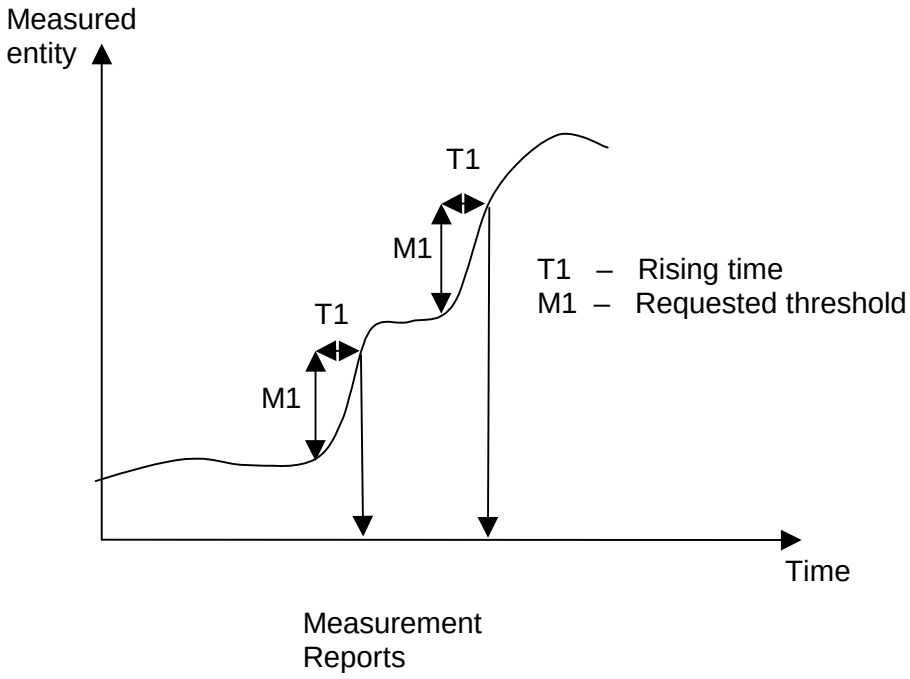

Figure B.3: Event C reporting

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event D' (figure B.4), the Measurement Reporting procedure is initiated always when the measured entity falls by an amount greater than the requested threshold within the requested time. The reporting in figureB.4 is initiated if the Falling Time T1 is less than the requested time.

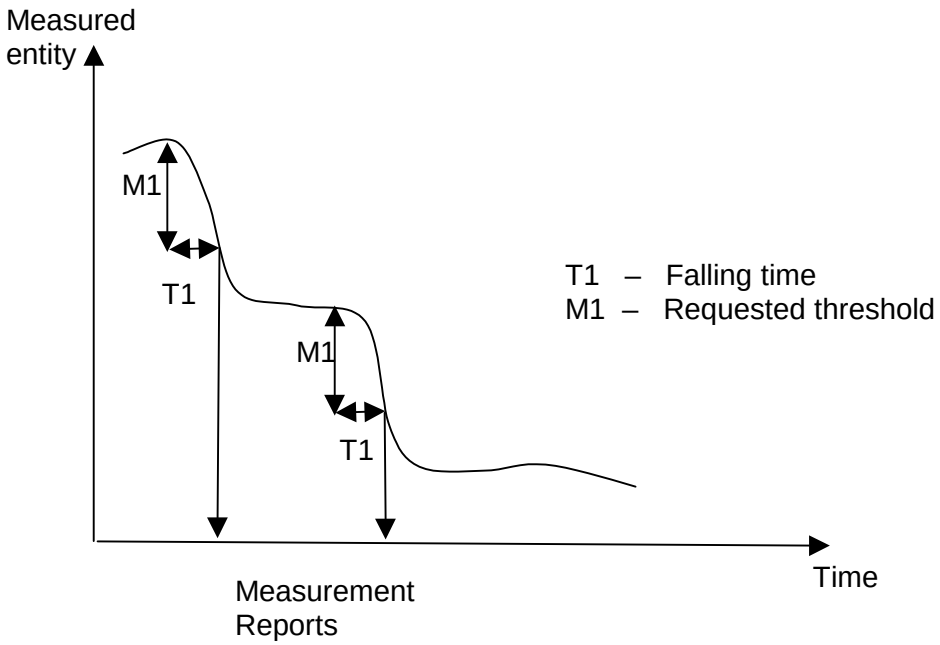

Figure B.4: Event D reporting

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event E' (figure B.5), the Measurement Reporting procedure (Report A) is initiated always when the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1 in figure B.5). If *Report Periodicity* IE is provided DRNS shall also initiate Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. The periodic reporting continues although the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and is terminated by the Report B.

When the Report A conditions have been met and the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1) the Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) is initiated and the periodic reporting is terminated.

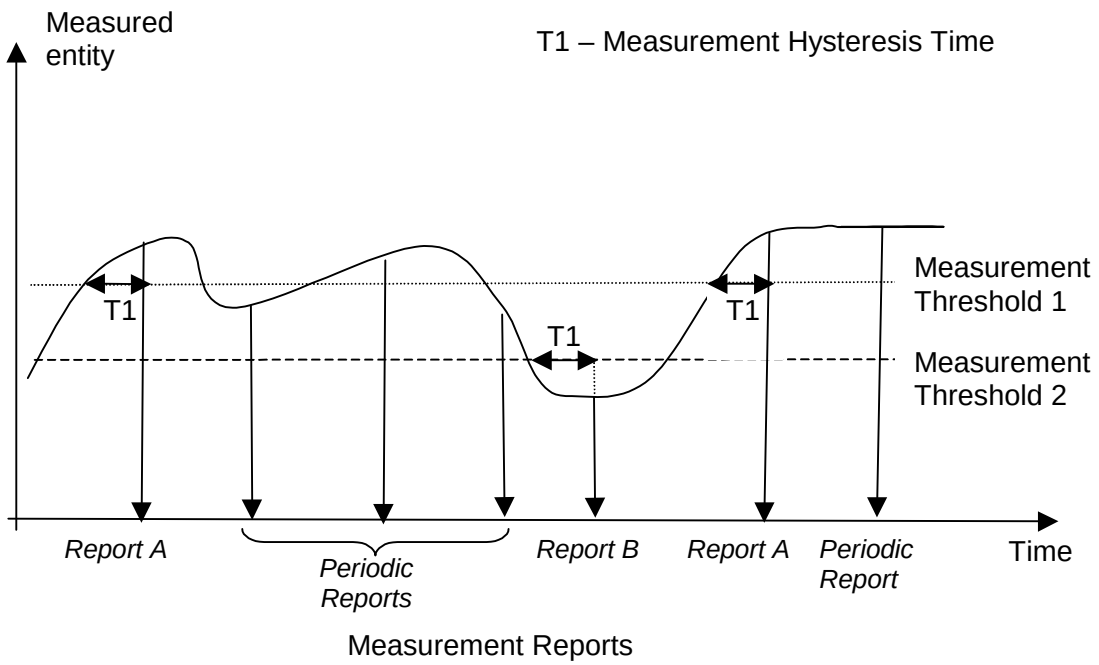

Figure B.5: Event E reporting with Hysteresis Time specified and Periodic Reporting requested

When the *Report Characteristics* IE is set to 'Event F' (figure B.6), the Measurement Reporting procedure (Report A) is initiated always when the measured entity falls below the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1 in figure B.6). If *Report Periodicity* IE is provided DRNS shall also initiate Measurement Reporting procedure periodically. The periodic reporting continues although the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 1' and is terminated by the Report B.

When the Report A conditions have been met and the measured entity rises above the 'Measurement Threshold 2' and stays there for the 'Measurement Hysteresis Time' (T1) Measurement Reporting procedure (Report B) is initiated and the periodic reporting is terminated.

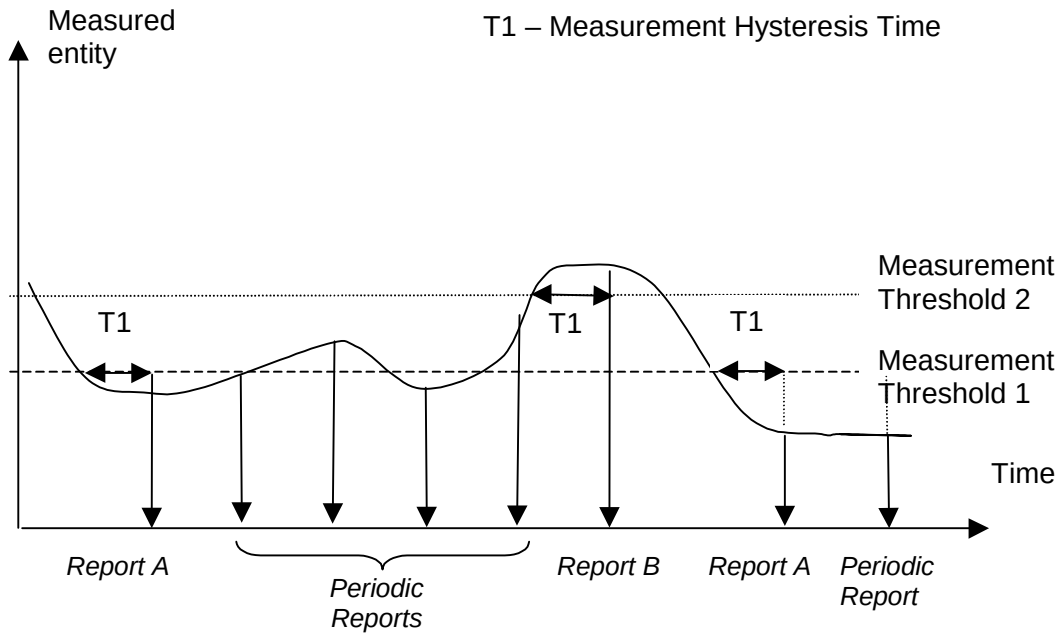

Figure B.6: Event F reporting with Hysteresis Time specified and Periodic Reporting requested

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011378

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **352** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification of Handling of the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	***Date:*** ⌘ May, 2001
Category:	⌘ **F**	***Release:*** ⌘ R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	In the current RNSAP specification the handling of the IEs TGCFN in RL Setup and RL Addition effectively block management of the active set (RLs) during the period when compressed mode is being activated, deactivated, or pattern sequences are restarted. This is due to the requirement on all the TGCFNs being passed CFNs. Further more, this requirement effectively reduce the tolerance on signalling delay variation.
Summary of change:	⌘	This CR corrects the Compressed Mode Control function such that the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE shall be a passed CFN and the TGCFNs shall be CFNs following within one CFN cycle of the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE in the following messages: • RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST • RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST Changes since R3 #20: • The semantics of the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE in chapter 9.2.2.A has been removed completely to avoid confusion. This since the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE may refer to the time for a) starting new patterns only, b) stopping old patterns only, or c) both starting new patterns and stopping old patterns at the “same time”.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved the above-described error will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible for all functions of RNSAP but the Compressed Mode Control Function (which is corrected) with the previous version of RNSAP. Further more, no backward compatible solution to the above-described error have been identified.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.1.2, 8.3.2.2, and 9.2.2.A.

Other specs affected:	⌘	**X**	Other core specifications	⌘	TS 25.423 CR353 (Rev. 4) TS 25.433 CR401 (Rel. '99) TS 25.433 CR402 (Rel. 4)
			Test specifications		
			O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	⌘	If CR346 is approved, the changed/new paragraphs in chapters 8.3.1.2 and 8.3.2.2 shall be placed under the sub-heading Compressed Mode in accordance with CR346.			

How to create CRs using this form:

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3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.1.2 Successful Operation

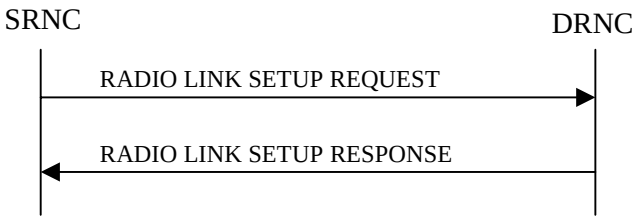

Figure 5: Radio Link Setup procedure: Successful Operation

When the SRNC makes an algorithmic decision to add the first cell or set of cells from a DRNS to the active set of a specific UE-UTRAN connection, the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is sent to the corresponding DRNC to request establishment of the radio link(s).

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.

[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]

[FDD - If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[FDD – If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]

[FDD – If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10]]

[FDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No

inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[TDD - If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE-Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE-Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to ~~immediately~~ activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences(s) in the new RL.~~:~~ The received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE ~~for each sequence the *TGCFN*~~ refers to latest passed CFN with that value. The DRNS shall treat the received *TGCFN* IEs as follows:]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE has the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE does not have the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE but the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE has already passed, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]

- [FDD - For all other Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences included in the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall activate each Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence at the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE for the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence.]

[TDD – The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]

At the reception of the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DRNS allocates requested type of channelisation codes and other physical channel resources for each RL and assigns a binding identifier and a transport layer address for

each DCH or set of co-ordinated DCHs and for each DSCH [TDD – and USCH]. This information shall be sent to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE when all the RLs have been successfully established.

If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD - on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included for all but one of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter ID, the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD - CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD - PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD – If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD – If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[FDD – When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].

[FDD- If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]

[FDD –The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

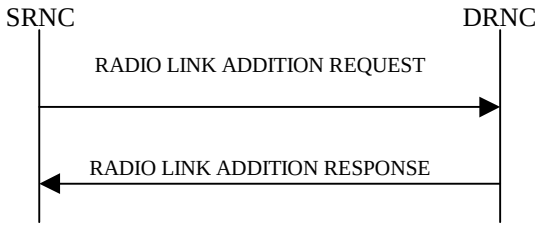

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to ~~immediately~~ activate the indicated (all ongoing) Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) ~~also~~ in the new RL. The received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE ~~For each sequence the *TGCFN*~~ refers to the latest passed CFN with that value. The DRNS shall treat the received *TGCFN* IEs as follows:]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE has the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE does not have the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE but the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE has already passed, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]

- [FDD - For all other Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences included in the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall activate each Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence at the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE for the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence.]

FDD - If the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on-going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on-going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2"*, and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD- *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

9.2.2.A Active Pattern Sequence Information

Defines the parameters for the compressed mode gap pattern sequence activation. For details see ref. [16].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
CM Configuration Change CFN	M		CFN 9.2.1.9	~~Defines when the old Active pattern sequences, if active, shall be terminated. From this moment on, the new sequences are activated at the given TGCFN .~~
Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Status		0 to <MaxTGPS>		If the group is not present, none of the pattern sequences are activated.
>TGPSI Identifier	M		INTEGER(1. .<MaxTGPS >)	Establish a reference to the compressed mode pattern sequence. Up to <MaxAPS> simultaneous compressed mode pattern sequences can be activated.
>TGPRC	M		INTEGER(0. .63)	The number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence. 0=Infinity.
>TGCFN	M		CFN 9.2.1.9	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence.

Range bound	Explanation
MaxTGPS	Maximum number of active pattern sequences. Value 6.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011379

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **353** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification of Handling of the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	***Date:*** ⌘ May, 2001
Category:	⌘ **A**	***Release:*** ⌘ REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	In the current RNSAP specification the handling of the IEs TGCFN in RL Setup and RL Addition effectively block management of the active set (RLs) during the period when compressed mode is being activated, deactivated, or pattern sequences are restarted. This is due to the requirement on all the TGCFNs being passed CFNs. Further more, this requirement effectively reduce the tolerance on signalling delay variation.
Summary of change:	⌘	This CR corrects the Compressed Mode Control function such that the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE shall be a passed CFN and the TGCFNs shall be CFNs following within one CFN cycle of the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE in the following messages: • RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST • RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST Changes since R3 #20: • The semantics of the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE in chapter 9.2.2.A has been removed completely to avoid confusion. This since the *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE may refer to the time for a) starting new patterns only, b) stopping old patterns only, or c) both starting new patterns and stopping old patterns at the "same time".
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved the above-described error will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible for all functions of RNSAP but the Compressed Mode Control Function (which is corrected) with the previous version of RNSAP. Further more, no backward compatible solution to the above-described error have been identified.
Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.1.2, 8.3.2.2, and 9.2.2.A.

Other specs affected:	⌘	X	Other core specifications	⌘	TS 25.423 CR352 (Rel. '99) TS 25.433 CR401 (Rel. '99) TS 25.433 CR402 (Rel. 4)
			Test specifications		
			O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	⌘	If CR347 is approved, the changed/new paragraphs in chapters 8.3.1.2 and 8.3.2.2 shall be placed under the sub-heading Compressed Mode in accordance with CR347.			

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.1.2 Successful Operation

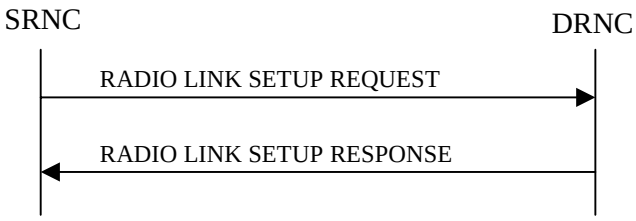

Figure 5: Radio Link Setup procedure: Successful Operation

When the SRNC makes an algorithmic decision to add the first cell or set of cells from a DRNS to the active set of a specific UE-UTRAN connection, the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is sent to the corresponding DRNC to request establishment of the radio link(s).

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.

[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]

[FDD - If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[FDD – If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]

[FDD – If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10]]

[FDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No

inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

[TDD - If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE-Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE-Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE, the DRNS shall treat the included IEs according to the following:

- If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the uplink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE does not include the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the uplink of this DCH.

- If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the downlink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE does not include the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the downlink of this DCH.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, the DRNS shall activate enhanced DSCH power control, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE as well as *Enhanced DSCH PC* IE. If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes both *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, then DRNS shall ignore the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to ~~immediately~~ activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences(s) in the new RL.~~:~~ The received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE ~~for each sequence the *TGCFN*~~ refers to latest passed CFN with that value. The DRNS shall treat the received *TGCFN* IEs as follows:]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE has the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]
- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE does not have the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE but the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE has already passed, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]
- [FDD - For all other Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences included in the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall activate each Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence at the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE for the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence.]

[TDD – The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]

At the reception of the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DRNS allocates requested type of channelisation codes and other physical channel resources for each RL and assigns a binding identifier and a transport layer address for each DCH or set of co-ordinated DCHs and for each DSCH [TDD – and USCH]. This information shall be sent to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE when all the RLs have been successfully established.

If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD - on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2"*, and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD - Cell Parameter ID, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD - CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD - PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD – If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD – If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[FDD – When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].

[FDD- If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]

[FDD –The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

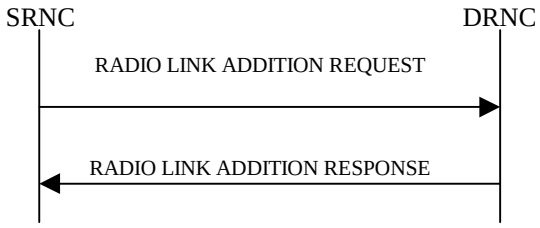

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to ~~immediately~~ activate the indicated (all ongoing) Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) ~~also~~ in the new RL. The received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE ~~For each sequence the *TGCFN*~~ refers to the latest passed CFN with that value. The DRNS shall treat the received *TGCFN* IEs as follows:]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE has the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]

- [FDD - If any received *TGCFN* IE does not have the same value as the received *CM Configuration Change CFN* IE but the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE has already passed, the DRNS shall consider the concerning Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence as activated at that CFN.]

- [FDD - For all other Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences included in the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall activate each Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence at the first CFN after the CM Configuration Change CFN with a value equal to the *TGCFN* IE for the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence.]

FDD - If the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on-going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on-going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs being established by this procedure, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the other RLs being established by this procedure that the new RL is combined with. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS

neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD- *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE, and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

9.2.2.A Active Pattern Sequence Information

Defines the parameters for the compressed mode gap pattern sequence activation. For details see ref. [16].

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
CM Configuration Change CFN	M		CFN 9.2.1.9	~~Defines when the old Active pattern sequences, if active, shall be terminated. From this moment on, the new sequences are activated at the given TGCFN .~~
Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Status		0 to <MaxTGPS>		If the group is not present, none of the pattern sequences are activated.
>TGPSI Identifier	M		INTEGER(1. .<MaxTGPS >)	Establish a reference to the compressed mode pattern sequence. Up to <MaxAPS> simultaneous compressed mode pattern sequences can be activated.
>TGPRC	M		INTEGER(0. .63)	The number of transmission gap patterns within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence. 0=Infinity.
>TGCFN	M		CFN 9.2.1.9	Connection Frame Number of the first frame of the first pattern within the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence.

Range bound	Explanation
MaxTGPS	Maximum number of active pattern sequences. Value 6.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011382

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **354** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Correction to the UMTS neighbouring cell handling.
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:
2 *(GSM Phase 2)*
R96 *(Release 1996)*
R97 *(Release 1997)*
R98 *(Release 1998)*
R99 *(Release 1999)*
REL-4 *(Release 4)*
REL-5 *(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	- The *TX Diversity Indicator* IE has been indicated to be optional in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE for the UMTS neighbouring cells controlled by other RNCs in the Radio Link Setup and Addition procedure text. However, the *TX Diversity Indicator* IE is mandatory. - Editorial changes to the procedure text: Handling of the mandatory IEs was removed.
Summary of change:	⌘	- Handling of the *TX Diversity Indicator* IE in the Radio Link Setup and Addition procedure text was removed. - Editorial changes to the procedure text: Handling of the mandatory IEs was removed.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved this erroneous description will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.1.2 and 8.3.2.2		
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X** Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	CR355 Rel-4, CR346 R99
Other comments:	⌘			

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm.
Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.1 Radio Link Setup

8.3.1.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more radio links.

The connection-oriented service of the signalling bearer shall be established in conjunction with this procedure.

8.3.1.2 Successful Operation

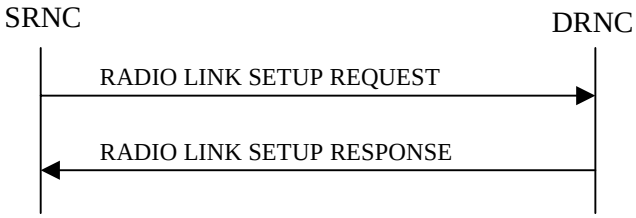

Figure 5: Radio Link Setup procedure: Successful Operation

When the SRNC makes an algorithmic decision to add the first cell or set of cells from a DRNS to the active set of a specific UE-UTRAN connection, the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is sent to the corresponding DRNC to request establishment of the radio link(s).

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.

[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]

[FDD - If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[FDD – If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]

[FDD – If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10]]

[FDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[TDD - If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE-Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE-Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall immediately activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences: for each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value.]

[TDD – The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]

At the reception of the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DRNS allocates requested type of channelisation codes and other physical channel resources for each RL and assigns a binding identifier and a transport layer address for each DCH or set of co-ordinated DCHs and for each DSCH [TDD – and USCH]. This information shall be sent to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE when all the RLs have been successfully established.

If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD - on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included for all but one of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

~~For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD – Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter ID, the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD – CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD – PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.~~

~~If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD – If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].~~

If there are UMTS neighbouring cell(s) to the cell in which a Radio Link was established then:

- The DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE and/or *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE in the *Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information* IE for each neighbouring FDD cell and/or TDD cell respectively. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Frame Offset* IE, *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE, *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE and *Closed Loop*

Mode2 Support Indicator IE in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE, and the *Frame Offset* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE.

- If a UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the same DRNC, the DRNC shall also include the *CN PS Domain Identifier* IE and/or *CN CS Domain Identifier* IE which are the identifiers of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD – If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[FDD – When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].

[FDD- If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]

[FDD –The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

8.3.2 Radio Link Addition

8.3.2.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more additional RLs towards a UE when there is already at least one RL established to the concerning UE via this DRNS.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE context.

The Radio Link Addition procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

[FDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish one or more new Radio Links which do not contain the DSCH. If the DSCH shall be moved into a new Radio Link, the Radio Link reconfiguration procedure shall be applied.]

[TDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish a new Radio Link with the DSCH and USCH included, if they existed before.]

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

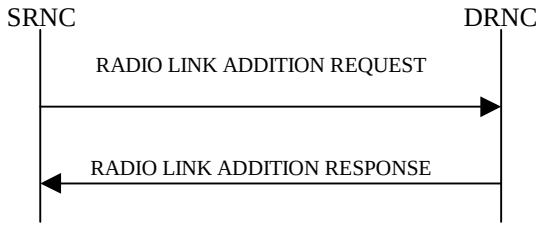

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

~~For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD – Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD- *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD – *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.~~

If there are UMTS neighbouring cell(s) to the cell in which a Radio Link was established then:

- The DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE and/or *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE in the *Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information* IE for each neighbouring FDD cell and/or TDD cell respectively. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Frame Offset* IE, *Primary CPICH Power* IE,

Cell Individual Offset IE, *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE, and the *Frame Offset* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE.

- If a UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the same DRNC, the DRNC shall also include the *CN PS Domain Identifier* IE and/or *CN CS Domain Identifier* IE which are the identifiers of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21st – 25th, 2001

R3-011383

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **355** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network ☒ Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Correction to the UMTS neighbouring cell handling.
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**A**
Release:	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	- The *TX Diversity Indicator* IE has been indicated to be optional in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE for the UMTS neighbouring cells controlled by other RNCs in the Radio Link Setup and Addition procedure text. However, the *TX Diversity Indicator* IE is mandatory. - Editorial changes to the procedure text: Handling of the mandatory IEs was removed.
Summary of change:	⌘	- Handling of the *TX Diversity Indicator* IE in the Radio Link Setup and Addition procedure text was removed. - Editorial changes to the procedure text: Handling of the mandatory IEs was removed.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved this erroneous description will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.1.2 and 8.3.2.2		
Other specs affected:	⌘	☒ Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	CR354 R99, CR347 Rel-4
Other comments:	⌘			

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm.
Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3 DCH procedures

8.3.1 Radio Link Setup

8.3.1.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more radio links.

The connection-oriented service of the signalling bearer shall be established in conjunction with this procedure.

8.3.1.2 Successful Operation

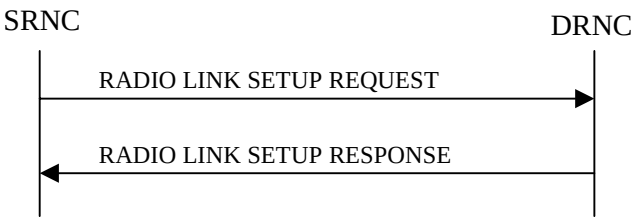

Figure 5: Radio Link Setup procedure: Successful Operation

When the SRNC makes an algorithmic decision to add the first cell or set of cells from a DRNS to the active set of a specific UE-UTRAN connection, the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message is sent to the corresponding DRNC to request establishment of the radio link(s).

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall assign a new D-RNTI for this UE.

[FDD - The *First RLS Indicator* IE indicates if the concerning RL shall be considered part of the first RLS established towards this UE. The *First RLS Indicator* IE shall be used by the DRNS to determine the initial TPC pattern in the DL of the concerning RL and all RLs which are part of the same RLS, as described in [10], section 5.1.2.2.1.2.

[FDD - The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL except for the first RL whether the DRNS shall combine the RL with any of the other RLs or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When an RL is to be combined, the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.]

[FDD - If the *Propagation Delay* IE is included, the DRNS may use this information to speed up the detection of UL synchronisation on the Uu interface.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE the DRNS may queue the request the time corresponding to the value of the *Allowed Queuing Time* IE before starting to execute the request.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* IE and *Uplink SIR Target* IE are included in the message, the DRNS shall use the indicated DL TX Power and Uplink SIR Target as initial value. If the value of the *Initial DL TX Power* IE is outside the configured DL TX power range, the DRNS shall apply these constrains when setting the initial DL TX power. The DRNS shall also include the configured DL TX power range defined by *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is present, the DRNC should use the indicated value when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are present, the DRNC should use the indicated values when deciding the Initial DL TX Power.]

[FDD – If the received *Limited Power Increase* IE is set to 'Used', the DRNS shall, if supported, use Limited Power Increase according to ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1 for the inner loop DL power control.]

[FDD – If the received *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Active", the DRNS shall activate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs. If *Inner Loop DL PC Status* IE is set to "Inactive", the DRNS shall deactivate the inner loop DL power control for all RLs according to ref. [10]]

[FDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the indicated DL TX power level (if received) or the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref.[10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7).]

[TDD – The DRNS shall start the DL transmission using the decided DL TX power level on each DL channelisation code and on each Time Slot of a RL until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for the concerning RL. No inner loop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).]

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

[TDD - If the *DCH Information* IE is present in RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall configure the new DCHs according to the parameters given in the message.]

If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes a *DCH Information* IE with multiple *DCH Specific Info* IEs then the DRNS shall treat the DCHs in the *DCH Information* IE as a set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[FDD - For DCHs which do not belong to a set of co-ordinated DCHs with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected", the Transport channel BER from that DCH shall be the base for the QE in the UL data frames. If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If the QE-Selector is set to "non-selected ", the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4].]

For a set of co-ordinated DCHs the Transport channel BER from the DCH with the *QE-Selector* IE set to "selected" shall be used for the QE in the UL data frames, ref. [4]. [FDD - If no Transport channel BER is available for the selected DCH the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4]. If all DCHs have *QE-Selector* IE set to "non-selected" the Physical channel BER shall be used for the QE, ref. [4].]

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Frame Handling Priority* IE defines the priority level that should be used by the DRNS to prioritise between different frames of the data frames of the DCHs in the downlink on the radio interface in congestion situations once the new RL(s) have been activated.

The DRNS shall use the included *UL DCH FP Mode* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the DCH FP Mode in the Uplink of the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWS* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window Start Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

The DRNS shall use the included *ToAWE* IE for a DCH or a set of co-ordinated DCHs as the Time of Arrival Window End Point in the user plane for the DCH or the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE, the DRNS shall treat the included IEs according to the following:

- If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the uplink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH Information* IE does not include the *Guaranteed UL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the uplink of this DCH.

- If the *Guaranteed Rate Information* IE includes the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE, the DRNS may decide to request the SRNC to limit the user rate of the downlink of the DCH at any point in time. If the *DCH Specific Info* IE in the *DCH*

Information IE does not include the *Guaranteed DL Rate* IE the DRNS shall regard the maximum rate as the guaranteed rate in the downlink of this DCH.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, the DRNS shall activate SSDT, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, the DRNS shall activate enhanced DSCH power control, if supported, using the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity Length* IE as well as *Enhanced DSCH PC* IE. If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes both *SSDT Cell Identity* IE and *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE, then DRNS shall ignore the *SSDT Cell Identity for EDSCHPC* IE.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall store the information about the Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences to be used in the Compressed Mode Configuration. This Compressed Mode Configuration shall be valid in the DRNS until the next Compressed Mode Configuration is configured in the DRNS or last Radio Link is deleted.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message includes the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Information* IE and the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall immediately activate the indicated Transmission Gap Pattern Sequences: for each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value.]

[TDD – The DRNS shall use the list of RB Identities in the *RB Info* IE in the *USCH information* IE to map each *RB Identity* IE to the corresponding USCH.]

At the reception of the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, DRNS allocates requested type of channelisation codes and other physical channel resources for each RL and assigns a binding identifier and a transport layer address for each DCH or set of co-ordinated DCHs and for each DSCH [TDD – and USCH]. This information shall be sent to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE when all the RLs have been successfully established.

If the *DSCH Information* IE is included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall establish the requested DSCHs [FDD - on the RL indicated by the PDSCH RL ID IE]. In addition, the DRNC shall send a valid set of *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If both the *Initial DL TX Power* and the *Uplink SIR Target* IEs are not included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, then DRNC shall determine the initial Uplink SIR Target and include it in the *Uplink SIR Target* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2"*, and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE Context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference *RL ID* IE shall be included to indicate with which RL the combination is performed. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

[FDD - In the case of not combining an RL with another RL, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is performed. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH and DSCH of the RL in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall always include in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, DSCH and USCH of the RL.]

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs requiring a new transport bearer on Iur the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included only for one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being set up is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating the configured Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

~~For any cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was established, the DRNS shall also provide the SRNC with the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD – Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter ID, [3.84Mcps TDD – the Sync Case, the SCH Time Slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD – CPICH Power level, cell individual offset]/[TDD – PCCPCH Power level, DPCH Constant Value] and Frame Offset of the UMTS neighbouring cell.~~

~~If a UMTS neighbouring cell is controlled by another RNC, the DRNC shall report also the node identifications (i.e. RNC and CN domain nodes) of the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell. [FDD – If the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE and Tx diversity capability (i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE) in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE].~~

If there are UMTS neighbouring cell(s) to the cell in which a Radio Link was established then:

- The DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE and/or *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE in the *Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information* IE for each neighbouring FDD cell and/or TDD cell respectively. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Frame Offset* IE, *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE, *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE, and the *Frame Offset* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE.

- If a UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the same DRNC, the DRNC shall also include the *CN PS Domain Identifier* IE and/or *CN CS Domain Identifier* IE which are the identifiers of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

If no *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNC shall include the node identifications of the CN Domain nodes that the RNC is connected to (using LAC and RAC of the current cell), and the *D-RNTI* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

[FDD - If the *D-RNTI* IE was included the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *Primary Scrambling Code* IE, the *UL UARFCN* IE, the *DL UARFCN* IE, and the *Primary CPICH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD – If the *D-RNTI* IE was included in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message the DRNC shall include the *UARFCN* IE, the *Cell Parameter ID* IE, the *Sync Case* IE, the *SCH Time Slot* IE, the *Block STTD Indicator* IE, and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[FDD - If the *DRAC Control* IE is set to "requested" in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message for at least one DCH and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link

established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE and the UTRAN access point position for each of the established RLs in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[FDD – When *Diversity Mode* IE is "STTD", "Closed loop mode1", or "Closed loop mode2", the DRNC shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each Radio Link in accordance with *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE].

[FDD- If the *Downlink Compressed Mode Method* IE in one or more Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence is set to 'SF/2' in the RADIO LINK SETUP REQUEST message, the DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message indicating for each DL Channelisation Code whether the alternative scrambling code shall be used or not.]

[FDD –The UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE message.

8.3.2 Radio Link Addition

8.3.2.1 General

This procedure is used for establishing the necessary resources in the DRNS for one or more additional RLs towards a UE when there is already at least one RL established to the concerning UE via this DRNS.

This procedure shall use the signalling bearer connection for the relevant UE context.

The Radio Link Addition procedure shall not be initiated if a Prepared Reconfiguration exists, as defined in subclause 3.1.

[FDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish one or more new Radio Links which do not contain the DSCH. If the DSCH shall be moved into a new Radio Link, the Radio Link reconfiguration procedure shall be applied.]

[TDD – The Radio Link Addition procedure serves to establish a new Radio Link with the DSCH and USCH included, if they existed before.]

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

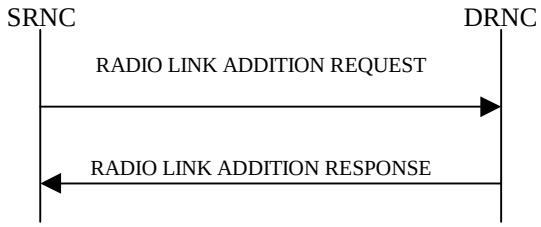

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are not present, the DRNS sets the Initial DL TX Power accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2*", and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs being established by this procedure, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the other RLs being established by this procedure that the new RL is combined with. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

~~For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD – Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD – *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD – *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.~~

If there are UMTS neighbouring cell(s) to the cell in which a Radio Link was established then:

- The DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE and/or *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE in the *Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information* IE for each neighbouring FDD cell and/or TDD cell respectively. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall include the *Frame Offset* IE, *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE, *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE in the *Neighbouring FDD Cell Information* IE, and the *Frame Offset* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE and the *PCCPCH Power* IE in the *Neighbouring TDD Cell Information* IE.

- If a UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the same DRNC, the DRNC shall also include the *CN PS Domain Identifier* IE and/or *CN CS Domain Identifier* IE which are the identifiers of the CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE, and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21th – 25th, 2001

R3-011384

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **356** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification of Handling of the Initial DL Tx Power in RL Addition
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	***Date:*** ⌘ May, 2001
Category:	⌘	**F** ***Release:*** ⌘ R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	In the current RNSAP specification the handling of the initial DL Tx Power in the RL Addition procedure is ambiguous in the case where no measurement information is provided to the DRNS (Primary CPICH Ec/No in FFD, Primary CCPCH RSCP and DL Time Slot ISCP in TDD). It is specified that the Initial DL TX Power shall be set "accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs". However, it is unclear that this refers to the power level relative to the Primary CPICH in FFD and the Primary CCPCH in TDD (rather than the same absolute power).
Summary of change:	⌘	This CR clarifies that the DRNS shall a) set the Initial DL TX Power based on the power relative to the Primary CPICH power used by the existing RLs in FDD. b) set the Initial DL TX Power based on the power relative to the Primary CCPCH power used by the existing RL in TDD.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved the above described unclear description will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible with the previous version of RNSAP.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.2.2		
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X** Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	TS 25.423 CR357 (Rel. 4)
Other comments:	⌘			

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

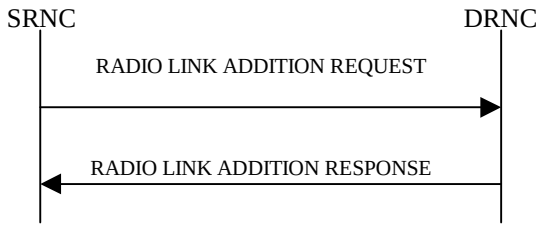

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included for an RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power for this RL. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS ~~sets~~ shall set the Initial DL TX Power ~~accordingly to~~ based on the power relative to the Primary CPICH power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE are not present, the DRNS ~~sets~~ shall set the Initial DL TX Power ~~accordingly to~~ based on the power relative to the Primary CCPCH power used by the existing RL~~s~~.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) with DPC_MODE=0 and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL

Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2"*, and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information, the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD- *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL

transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, May 21th – 25th, 2001

R3-011385

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **357** ⌘ rev **-** ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Clarification of Handling of the Initial DL Tx Power in RL Addition
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	***Date:*** ⌘ May, 2001
Category:	⌘	**A** ***Release:*** ⌘ REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	In the current RNSAP specification the handling of the initial DL Tx Power in the RL Addition procedure is ambiguous in the case where no measurement information is provided to the DRNS (Primary CPICH Ec/No in FFD, Primary CCPCH RSCP and DL Time Slot ISCP in TDD). It is specified that the Initial DL TX Power shall be set "accordingly to the power used by the existing RLs". However, it is unclear that this refers to the power level relative to the Primary CPICH in FFD and the Primary CCPCH in TDD (rather than the same absolute power).
Summary of change:	⌘	This CR clarifies that the DRNS shall a) set the Initial DL TX Power based on the power relative to the Primary CPICH power used by the existing RLs in FDD. b) set the Initial DL TX Power based on the power relative to the Primary CCPCH power used by the existing RL in TDD.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	If this CR is not approved the above described unclear description will remain in the specification. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible with the previous version of RNSAP.

Clauses affected:	⌘	8.3.2.2		
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X** Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications	⌘	TS 25.423 CR356 (Rel. ´99)
Other comments:	⌘			

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.3.2.2 Successful Operation

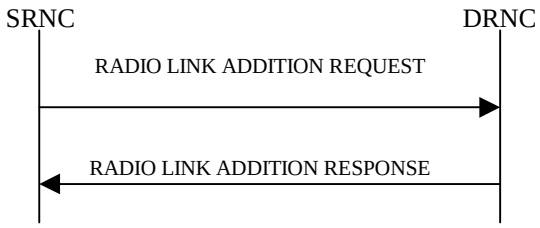

Figure 7: Radio Link Addition procedure: Successful Operation

The procedure is initiated with a RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message sent from the SRNC to the DRNC.

Upon reception, the DRNS shall reserve the necessary resources and configure the new RL(s) according to the parameters given in the message. Unless specified below, the meaning of parameters is specified in other specifications.

The DRNS shall prioritise resource allocation for the RL(s) to be established according to Annex A.

The *Diversity Control Field* IE indicates for each RL whether the DRNS shall combine the new RL with existing RL(s) or not on the Iur. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "May" (be combined with another RL), then the DRNS shall decide for any of the alternatives. If the *Diversity Control Field* IE is set to "Must", the DRNS shall combine the RL with one of the other RL. When a new RL is to be combined the DRNS shall choose which RL(s) to combine it with.

[FDD - If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE measured by the UE is included for an RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use this in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power for this RL. If the *Primary CPICH Ec/No* IE is not present, the DRNS ~~sets~~ shall set the Initial DL TX Power ~~accordingly to~~ based on the power relative to the Primary CPICH power used by the existing RLs.]

[TDD - If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and/or the [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and/or the [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNS shall use them in the calculation of the Initial DL TX Power. If the *Primary CCPCH RSCP* IE and [3.84Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info* IE] and [1.28Mcps TDD - *DL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR* IE] are not present, the DRNS ~~sets~~ shall set the Initial DL TX Power ~~accordingly to~~ based on the power relative to the Primary CCPCH power used by the existing RL~~s~~.]

[FDD - The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RLS or a DL POWER CONTROL REQUEST message is received. No inner loop power control or power balancing shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [10] subclause 5.2.1.2) and the power control procedure (see 8.3.7)].

[TDD – The Initial DL TX Power shall be applied until UL synchronisation is achieved on the Uu interface for that RL. No innerloop power control shall be performed during this period. The DL power shall then vary according to the inner loop power control (see ref. [22] subclause 4.2.3.3).].

[FDD - If the *DPC Mode* IE is present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, the DRNC shall apply the DPC mode indicated in the message, and be prepared that the DPC mode may be changed during the life time of the RL. If the *DPC Mode* IE is not present in the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message, DPC mode 0 shall be applied (see ref. [10]).]

[FDD - The DRNS shall use the provided Uplink SIR Target value as the current target for the inner-loop power control.]

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message contains an *SSDT Cell Identity* IE, SSDT shall, if supported, be activated for the concerned new RL, with the indicated SSDT Cell Identity used for that RL.]

The DRNS shall activate any feedback mode diversity according to the received settings.

[FDD - If the RADIO LINK ADDITION REQUEST message includes the *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE, the DRNS shall use the information to immediately activate all ongoing Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence(s) also in the new RL. For each sequence the *TGCFN* refers to latest passed CFN with that value. If *Active Pattern Sequence Information* IE is not included, the DRNS shall not activate the on going compressed mode pattern in the new RLs, but the on going pattern in the existing RL shall be maintained.]

If all requested RLs are successfully added, the DRNC shall respond with a RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

[FDD – When more than one DL DPDCH are assigned per RL, the segmented physical channel shall be mapped on to DL DPDCHs according to [8]. When *p* number of DL DPDCHs are assigned to each RL, the first pair of DL Scrambling Code and FDD DL Channelisation Code Number corresponds to "*PhCH number 1*", the second to "*PhCH number 2"*, and so on until the *p*th to "*PhCH number p*".]

[FDD – For each RL not having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message a value that uniquely identifies the RL Set within the UE context.]

[FDD – For all RLs having a common generation of the TPC commands in the DL with another new or existing RL, the DRNS shall assign the *RL Set ID* IE included in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the same value. This value shall uniquely identify the RL Set within the UE context.]

In the case of combining an RL with existing RL(s) the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the existing RLs that the new RL is combined with.

[FDD - In the case of combining one or more RLs being established by this procedure, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that the RL is combined with another RL for all RLs but the first RL. In this case the Reference RL ID shall be included to indicate one of the other RLs being established by this procedure that the new RL is combined with. The Reference *RL ID* IE shall not be included for the first of the combined RLs, for which the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE shall be included.]

In the case of not combining an RL with existing RL(s), the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message with the *Diversity Indication* IE that no combining is done. In this case the DRNC shall include both the *Transport Layer Address* IE and the *Binding ID* IE for the transport bearer to be established for each DCH, [TDD – and DSCH, USCH] of the RL in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

In case of a set of co-ordinated DCHs, the *Binding ID* IE and the *Transport Layer Address* IE shall be included for only one of the DCHs in the set of co-ordinated DCHs.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the uplink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed UL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

If the DRNS need to limit the user rate in the downlink of a DCH already when starting to utilise a new Radio Link, the DRNC shall include the *Allowed DL Rate* IE of the *Allowed Rate Information* IE in the *DCH Information Response* IE for this DCH in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for this Radio Link.

[TDD - If the radio link to be added includes a DSCH, the DRNC shall send a set of valid *DSCH Scheduling Priority* IE and *MAC-c/sh SDU Length* IE parameters to the SRNC in the message RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – If the cell in which the RL is being added is capable to provide Close loop Tx diversity, the DRNC shall include the *Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message indicating the Closed loop timing adjustment mode of the cell.]

For any UMTS cell neighbouring a cell in which a RL was added, the DRNC shall provide in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the UTRAN Cell Identifier (UC-Id), the Frequency Number, the [FDD - Primary Scrambling Code], the [TDD – Cell Parameter Id, [3.84Mcps TDD - the Sync Case, the SCH Time slot information], the Block STTD Indicator] and the node identification of CN nodes connected to the RNC controlling the UMTS neighbouring cell if the UMTS neighbouring cell is not controlled by the DRNC. In addition, if the information is available, the DRNC shall also provide the [FDD- *Primary CPICH Power* IE, *Cell Individual Offset* IE]/[TDD - *PCCPCH Power* IE, *DPCH Constant Value* IE], *Frame Offset* IE, [FDD – *Tx Diversity Indicator* IE, and Tx diversity capability, i.e. *STTD Support Indicator* IE, *Closed Loop Mode1 Support Indicator* IE, and *Closed Loop Mode2 Support Indicator* IE] of the UMTS neighbouring cell.

If there are GSM neighbouring cells to the cell(s) where a radio link is established, the DRNC shall include the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message for each of the GSM neighbouring cells. If available the DRNC shall include the *GSM Output Power* IE in the *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE.

The DRNC shall also provide the configured UL Maximum SIR and UL Minimum SIR for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message. These values are taken into consideration by DRNS admission control and shall be used by the SRNC as limits for the UL inner-loop power control target.

The DRNC shall provide the configured *Maximum DL TX Power* IE and *Minimum DL TX Power* IE for every new RL to the SRNC in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

The DRNC shall also provide the selected scrambling and channelisation codes of the new RLs in order to enable the SRNC to inform the UE about the selected codes.

[FDD - If some Transmission Gap Pattern sequences using SF/2 method are initialised in the DRNS, DRNS shall include the *Transmission Gap Pattern Sequence Scrambling Code Information IE* in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message to indicate the Scrambling code change method that it selects for each channelisation code]

Depending on local configuration in the DRNS, it may include the geographical co-ordinates of the cell, represented either by the *Cell GAI* IE or by the *Cell GA Additional Shapes* IE, and the UTRAN access point position for each of the added RLs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

After sending of the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the DRNS shall continuously attempt to obtain UL synchronisation on the Uu interface and start reception on the new RL. [FDD - The DRNS shall start DL transmission on the new RL after synchronisation is achieved in the DL user plane as specified in ref. [4].] [TDD – The DRNS shall start transmission on the new RL immediately as specified in ref. [4].]

[TDD - The DRNC shall include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and at least one DCH is configured for the radio link. The DRNC shall also include the *Secondary CCPCH Info TDD* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message if at least one *DSCH Information Response* IE or *USCH Information Response* IE is included in the message and the SHCCH messages for this radio link will be transmitted over a different secondary CCPCH than selected by the UE from system information.]

[FDD - If the UE has been allocated one or several DCH controlled by DRAC and if the DRNS supports the DRAC, the DRNC shall indicate in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message the *Secondary CCPCH Info* IE for the FACH where the DRAC information is sent, for each Radio Link established in a cell where DRAC is active. If the DRNS does not support DRAC, the DRNC shall not provide these IEs in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.]

[FDD – When *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE is present the DRNS shall activate/deactivate the Transmit Diversity to each new Radio Link in accordance with the *Transmit Diversity Indicator* IE using the diversity mode of the existing Radio Link(s).]

[FDD – After addition of the new RL(s), the UL Uu synchronisation detection algorithm defined in ref. [10] subclause 4.3 shall for each of the previously existing and newly established RL Set(s) use the maximum value of the parameters N_OUTSYNC_IND and T_RLFAILURE, and the minimum value of the parameters N_INSYNC_IND, that are configured in the cells supporting the radio links of the RL Set].

For each Radio Link established in a cell where at least one URA Identity is being broadcast, the DRNC shall include a URA Identity for this cell in the *URA ID* IE, the *Multiple URAs Indicator* IE indicating whether or not multiple URA Identities are being broadcast in the cell, and the RNC Identity of all other RNCs that are having at least one cell within the URA in the cell in the *URA Information* IE in the RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE message.

a3GPP TSG- Working Group 3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, 21st – 25th May

Tdoc R3-011386

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **358** ⌘ rev ⌘ Current version: **3.5.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Alignment criticality setting of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:
2 (GSM Phase 2)
R96 (Release 1996)
R97 (Release 1997)
R98 (Release 1998)
R99 (Release 1999)
REL-4 (Release 4)
REL-5 (Release 5)

Reason for change:	⌘	Tabular format for Neighbouring GSM Cell Information shall be aligned with ASN.1.
Summary of change:	⌘	Criticality of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information was removed from chapter 9.1.xx and Criticality and Assigned Criticality columns were added to chapter 9.2.1.41C Neighbouring GSM Cell Information.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	Tabular format of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information is not aligned with ASN.1. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible since ASN.1 is not changed.

Clauses affected:	⌘	9.1.4.1, 9.1.4.2, 9.1.5.1, 9.1.7.1, 9.1.7.2, 9.1.8.1 and 9.2.1.41C
Other specs affected:	⌘	☐ Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications
Other comments:	⌘	

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at:
http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.1.4 RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE

9.1.4.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
D-RNTI	O		9.2.1.24		YES	ignore
CN PS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.12		YES	ignore
CN CS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.11		YES	ignore
RL Information Response		*1..<maxnoofRLs>*			EACH	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>RL Set ID	M		9.2.2.35		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>Received Total Wide Band Power	M		9.2.2.35A		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info	O		9.2.2.37B		–	
>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		–	
>Diversity Indication	C-NotFirstRL		9.2.1.21		–	
>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>*Combining*					–	
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL ID for the combining	–	
>>*Non Combining or First RL*					–	
>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>SSDT Support Indicator	M		9.2.2.43		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode	O		9.2.2.3A		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Primary Scrambling Code	O		9.2.1.45		–	
>UL UARFCN	O		UARFCN 9.2.1.66	Corresponds to Nu in ref. [6]	–	
>DL UARFCN	O		UARFCN 9.2.1.66	Corresponds to Nd in ref. [6]	–	
>Primary CPICH Power	O		9.2.1.44		–	
>DSCH Information Response	O		DSCH FDD Information Response 9.2.2.13B		YES	ignore

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
>PC Preamble	M		9.2.2.27a		–	
>SRB Delay	M		9.2.2.39A		–	
Uplink SIR Target	O		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.1.4.2 TDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
D-RNTI	O		9.2.1.24		YES	ignore
CN PS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.12		YES	ignore
CN CS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.11		YES	ignore
RL Information Response		*1*			YES	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>UL Time Slot ISCP Info	M		9.2.3.13D		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>UARFCN	O		UARFCN 9.2.1.66	Corresponds to Nt in ref. [7]	–	
>Cell Parameter ID	O		9.2.1.8		–	
>Sync Case	O		9.2.1.54		–	
>SCH Time Slot	C-Case2		9.2.1.51		–	
>Block STTD Indicator	O		9.2.3.A		–	
>PCCPCH Power	O		9.2.1.43		–	
>Timing Advance Applied	M		9.2.3.12A		–	
>Alpha Value	M		9.2.3.a		–	
>UL PhysCH SF Variation	M		9.2.3.13B		–	
>Synchronisation Configuration	M		9.2.3.7E		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info TDD	O		9.2.3.7B		–	
>UL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoofCCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>UL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>UL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.13C		–	
>DL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoofCCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>DL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>DL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.2C			
>DCH Information Response	O		9.2.1.16A		YES	ignore
>DSCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof*			GLOBAL	ignore

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
		DSCHs>				
>>DSCH ID	M		9.2.1.26A		–	
>>DSCH Flow Control Information	M		9.2.1.26B		–	
>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>USCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof USCHs>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>USCH ID	M		9.2.3.14		–	
>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~YES~~	~~ignore~~
Uplink SIR Target	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.1.5 RADIO LINK SETUP FAILURE

9.1.5.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
D-RNTI	O		9.2.1.24		YES	ignore
CN PS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.12		YES	ignore
CN CS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.11		YES	ignore
CHOICE *Cause Level*	M				YES	ignore
>General					–	
>>Cause	M		9.2.1.5		–	
>RL Specific					–	
>>Unsuccessful RL Information Response		*1...<maxnoofRLs>*			EACH	Ignore
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>>>Cause	M		9.2.1.5		–	
>>Successful RL Information Response		*0..<maxnoofRLs-1>*			EACH	ignore
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>>>RL Set ID	M		9.2.2.35		–	
>>>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>>>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>>>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>>>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>>>Received Total Wide Band Power	M		9.2.2.35A		–	
>>>Secondary CCPCH Info	O		9.2.2.37B		–	
>>>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		YES	ignore
>>>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.1.21		–	
>>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>>>*Combining*					–	
>>>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL ID for the combining	–	
>>>>*Non Combining or First RL*					–	
>>>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>>>SSDT Support Indicator	M		9.2.2.43		–	
>>>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>>>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>>>Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode	O		9.2.2.3A		–	
>>>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>>>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>>>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>>>DSCH Information Response	O		DSCH FDD Information Response 9.2.2.13B		YES	ignore

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
>>>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>>>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
Uplink SIR Target	O		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.1.7 RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE

9.1.7.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
RL Information Response		*1..<maxnoof RLs-1>*			EACH	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>RL Set ID	M		9.2.2.35		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>Received Total Wide Band Power	M		9.2.2.35A		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info	O		9.2.2.37B		–	
>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		YES	ignore
>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.1.21		–	
>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>Combining					–	
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL ID	–	
>>Non Combining					–	
>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>SSDT Support Indicator	M		9.2.2.43		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode	O		9.2.2.3A		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
>PC Preamble	M		9.2.2.27a		–	
>SRB Delay	M		9.2.2.39A		–	
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
MaxnoofRLs	Maximum number of radio links for one UE.

9.1.7.2 TDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
RL Information Response		*1*			YES	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>UL Time Slot ISCP Info	M		9.2.3.13D		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Timing Advance Applied	M		9.2.3.12A		–	
>Alpha Value	M		9.2.3.a		–	
>UL PhysCH SF Variation	M		9.2.3.13B		–	
>Synchronisation Configuration	M		9.2.3.7E		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info TDD	O		9.2.3.7B		–	
>UL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoof CCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>UL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>UL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.13C		–	
>DL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoof CCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>DL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>DL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.2C		–	
>DCH Information		0..1			–	
>>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.1.21		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>>Combining					–	
>>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL	–	
>>>Non Combining					–	
>>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>DSCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof DSCHs>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>DSCH ID	M		9.2.1.26A		–	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>>DSCH Flow Control Information	M		9.2.1.26B		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	O				–	
>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>USCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof USCHs>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>USCH ID	M		9.2.3.14		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	O				–	
>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.1.8 RADIO LINK ADDITION FAILURE

9.1.8.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
CHOICE *Cause Level*	M				YES	ignore
>General					–	
>>Cause	M		9.2.1.5		–	
>RL Specific					–	
>>Unsuccessful RL Information Response		*1..<maxnoof RLs-1>*			EACH	ignore
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>>>Cause	M		9.2.1.5		–	
>>Successful RL Information Response		*0..<maxnoof RLs-2>*			EACH	ignore
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>>>RL Set ID	M		9.2.2.35		–	
>>>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>>>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>>>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>>>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>>>Received Total Wide Band Power	M		9.2.2.35A		–	
>>>Secondary CCPCH Info	O		9.2.2.37B		–	
>>>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		YES	ignore
>>>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.1.21		–	
>>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>>>*Combining*					–	
>>>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL ID	–	
>>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>>>SSDT Support Indicator	M		9.2.2.43		–	
>>>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>>>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>>>Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode	O		9.2.2.3A		–	
>>>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>>>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>>>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>>>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>>>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.2.1.41C Neighbouring GSM Cell Information

The *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE provides information for one GSM Cell that is a neighbouring cell to a cell in the DRNC.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Neighbouring GSM Cell Information		*1..<maxnoofGSMneighbours>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>CGI		*1*		Cell Global Identity as defined in ref. [1].	–	
>>LAI		*1*			–	
>>>PLMN-ID	M		OCTET STRING (3)	- digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, - each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, - 1111 used as filler - bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 - bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n -The PLMN-ID consists of 3 digits from MCC followed by either -a filler plus 2 digits from MNC (in case of 2 digit MNC) or -3 digits from MNC (in case of a 3 digit MNC).	–	
>>>LAC	M		OCTET STRING (2)	0000 and FFFE not allowed	–	
>>CI	M		OCTET STRING (2)		–	
>Q-Offset Serving to Neighbour	M		INTEGER (-50..50)		–	
>Q-RxlevMin	M		INTEGER (-58..-13)	Range: -115 to -25 dBm, Step: 2 dB Actual value = (IE value * 2) + 1: -58: -115 dBm -57: -113 dBm … -13: -25 dBm	–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>BSIC		*1*		Base Station Identity Code as defined in ref. [1].	–	
>>NCC	M		BIT	Network	–	

			STRING(3)	Colour Code.		
>>BCC	M		BIT STRING(3)	Base Station Colour Code.	=	
>BCCH ARFCN	M		INTEGER (0..1023)	BCCH Frequency as defined in ref. [29].	=	
>GSM Output Power	O		Value range??	Output Power level of the GSM cell as defined in ref. [29].	=	

3GPP TSG- Working Group 3 Meeting #21
Busan, Korea, 21st – 25th May

Tdoc R3-011387

CR-Form-v3

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.423** **CR** **359** ⌘ rev ⌘ Current version: **4.0.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Alignment criticality setting of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	May 2001
Category:	⌘	**A**
Release:	⌘	REL-4

Use one of the following categories:
F *(essential correction)*
A *(corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)*
B *(Addition of feature),*
C *(Functional modification of feature)*
D *(Editorial modification)*
Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.

Use one of the following releases:

2	*(GSM Phase 2)*
R96	*(Release 1996)*
R97	*(Release 1997)*
R98	*(Release 1998)*
R99	*(Release 1999)*
REL-4	*(Release 4)*
REL-5	*(Release 5)*

Reason for change:	⌘	Tabular format for Neighbouring GSM Cell Information shall be aligned with ASN.1.
Summary of change:	⌘	Criticality of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information was removed from chapter 9.1.xx and Criticality and Assigned Criticality columns were added to chapter 9.2.1.41C Neighbouring GSM Cell Information.
Consequences if not approved:	⌘	Tabular format of Neighbouring GSM Cell Information is not aligned with ASN.1. Backward compatibility: This CR is backward compatible since ASN.1 is not changed.

Clauses affected:	⌘	9.1.4.1, 9.1.4.2, 9.1.7.1, 9.1.7.2, 9.1.8.1 and 9.2.1.41C
Other specs affected:	⌘	☐ Other core specifications ☐ Test specifications ☐ O&M Specifications
	⌘	
Other comments:	⌘	

How to create CRs using this form:
Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ⌘ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.1.4 RADIO LINK SETUP RESPONSE

9.1.4.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
D-RNTI	O		9.2.1.24		YES	ignore
CN PS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.12		YES	ignore
CN CS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.11		YES	ignore
RL Information Response		*1..<maxnoofRLs>*			EACH	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>RL Set ID	M		9.2.2.35		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>Received Total Wide Band Power	M		9.2.2.35A		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info	O		9.2.2.37B		–	
>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		–	
>Diversity Indication	C-NotFirstRL		9.2.1.21		–	
>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>*Combining*					–	
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL ID for the combining	–	
>>>DCH Information Response	O		9.2.1.16A		YES	ignore
>>*Non Combining or First RL*					–	
>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>SSDT Support Indicator	M		9.2.2.43		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode	O		9.2.2.3A		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Primary Scrambling Code	O		9.2.1.45		–	
>UL UARFCN	O		UARFCN 9.2.1.66	Corresponds to Nu in ref. [6]	–	
>DL UARFCN	O		UARFCN 9.2.1.66	Corresponds to Nd in ref. [6]	–	
>Primary CPICH Power	O		9.2.1.44		–	
>DSCH Information Response	O		DSCH FDD Information		YES	ignore

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
			Response 9.2.2.13B			
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
>PC Preamble	M		9.2.2.27a		–	
>SRB Delay	M		9.2.2.39A		–	
>Cell GA Additional Shapes	O		9.2.1.5B		YES	ignore
Uplink SIR Target	O		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.1.4.2 TDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
D-RNTI	O		9.2.1.24		YES	ignore
CN PS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.12		YES	ignore
CN CS Domain Identifier	O		9.2.1.11		YES	ignore
RL Information Response		*0..1*		Mandatory For 3.84Mcps TDD only	YES	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>UL Time Slot ISCP Info	M		9.2.3.13D		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>UARFCN	O		UARFCN 9.2.1.66	Corresponds to Nt in ref. [7]	–	
>Cell Parameter ID	O		9.2.1.8		–	
>Sync Case	O		9.2.1.54		–	
>SCH Time Slot	C-Case2		9.2.1.51		–	
>Block STTD Indicator	O		9.2.3.A		–	
>PCCPCH Power	O		9.2.1.43		–	
>Timing Advance Applied	M		9.2.3.12A		–	
>Alpha Value	M		9.2.3.a		–	
>UL PhysCH SF Variation	M		9.2.3.13B		–	
>Synchronisation Configuration	M		9.2.3.7E		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info TDD	O		9.2.3.7B		–	
>UL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoofCCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>UL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>UL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.13C		–	
>DL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoofCCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>DL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>DL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.2C			
>DCH Information Response	O		9.2.1.16A		YES	ignore

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
>DSCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof DSCHs>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>DSCH ID	M		9.2.1.26A		–	
>>DSCH Flow Control Information	M		9.2.1.26B		–	
>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>USCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof USCHs>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>USCH ID	M		9.2.3.14		–	
>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
>Cell GA Additional Shapes	O		9.2.1.5B		YES	ignore
RL Information Response LCR		*0..1*		Mandatory For 1.28Mcps TDD only	YES	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>URA Information	M		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>UL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR	M		9.2.3.13H		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>UL PhysCH SF Variation	M		9.2.3.13B		–	
>UL CCTrCH Information LCR		*0..<maxnoofCCTrCHsLCR>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>UL DPCH Information LCR		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>UL Timeslot Information LCR	M		9.2.3.x5		–	
>DL CCTrCH Information LCR		*0..<maxnoofCCTrCHsLCR>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>DL DPCH Information LCR		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>DL Timeslot Information LCR	M		9.2.3.2E			
>>>TSTD Indicator	M		9.2.3.13E		–	
>DCH Information Response	O		9.2.1.16A		YES	ignore
>DSCH Information Response LCR		*0 .. <Maxnoof DSCHsLCR>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>DSCH ID	M		9.2.1.26A		–	
>>DSCH Flow Control Information	M		9.2.1.26B		–	
>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>USCH Information Response LCR		*0 .. <Maxnoof USCHsLCR>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>USCH ID	M		9.2.3.14		–	
>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		–	
Uplink SIR Target	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.1.7 RADIO LINK ADDITION RESPONSE

9.1.7.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
RL Information Response		*1..<maxnoof RLs-1>*			EACH	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>RL Set ID	M		9.2.2.35		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>Received Total Wide Band Power	M		9.2.2.35A		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info	O		9.2.2.37B		–	
>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		YES	Ignore
>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.1.21		–	
>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>*Combining*					–	
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL ID	–	
>>>DCH Information Response	O		9.2.1.16A		YES	ignore
>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>SSDT Support Indicator	M		9.2.2.43		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode	O		9.2.2.3A		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~YES~~	~~ignore~~
>PC Preamble	M		9.2.2.27a		–	
>SRB Delay	M		9.2.2.39A		–	
>Cell GA Additional Shapes	O		9.2.1.5B		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

Range bound	Explanation
MaxnoofRLs	Maximum number of radio links for one UE.

9.1.7.2 TDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
RL Information Response		*0..1*		Mandatory For 3.84Mcps TDD only	YES	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>UL Time Slot ISCP Info	M		9.2.3.13D		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Timing Advance Applied	M		9.2.3.12A		–	
>Alpha Value	M		9.2.3.a		–	
>UL PhysCH SF Variation	M		9.2.3.13B		–	
>Synchronisation Configuration	M		9.2.3.7E		–	
>Secondary CCPCH Info TDD	O		9.2.3.7B		–	
>UL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoof CCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>UL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>UL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.13C		–	
>DL CCTrCH Information		*0..<maxnoof CCTrCHs>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>DL DPCH Information		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>DL Timeslot Information	M		9.2.3.2C		–	
>DCH Information		0..1			–	
>>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.1.21		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>>Combining					–	
>>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL	–	
>>>>DCH Information Response	O		9.2.1.16A		YES	ignore
>>>Non Combining					–	
>>>>DCH Information	M		9.2.1.16A		–	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Response						
>DSCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof DSCHs>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>DSCH ID	M		9.2.1.26A		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>>DSCH Flow Control Information	M		9.2.1.26B		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	O				–	
>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>USCH Information Response		*0 .. <Maxnoof USCHs>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>USCH ID	M		9.2.3.14		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	O				–	
>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
>Cell GA Additional Shapes	O		9.2.1.5B		YES	ignore
RL Information Response LCR		*0..1*		Mandatory For 1.28Mcps TDD only	YES	ignore
>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>URA Information	M		9.2.1.70B		–	
>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>UL Time Slot ISCP Info LCR	M		9.2.3.13H		–	
>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>UL PhysCH SF Variation	M		9.2.3.13B		–	
>UL CCTrCH Information LCR		*0..<maxnoof CCTrCHsLCR>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>UL DPCH Information LCR		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
>>>UL Timeslot Information LCR	M		9.2.3.13G		–	
>DL CCTrCH Information LCR		*0..<maxnoofCCTrCHsLCR>*		For DCH	GLOBAL	ignore
>>CCTrCH ID	M		9.2.3.2		–	
>>DL DPCH Information LCR		*0..1*			YES	ignore
>>>Repetition Period	M		9.2.3.7		–	
>>>Repetition Length	M		9.2.3.6		–	
>>>TDD DPCH Offset	M		9.2.3.8A		–	
>>>DL Timeslot Information LCR	M		9.2.3.2E		–	
>>>TSTD Indicator	M		9.2.3.13E		–	
>DCH Information		0..1			YES	ignore
>>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.2.7		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>>*Combining*					–	
>>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL	–	
>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>DSCH Information Response LCR		*0 .. <Maxnoof DSCHsLCR >*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>DSCH ID	M		9.2.1.26A		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>>DSCH Flow Control Information	M		9.2.1.26B		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	O				–	
>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>Binding ID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>USCH Information Response LCR		*0 .. <Maxnoof USCHsLCR >*			GLOBAL	ignore
>>USCH ID	M		9.2.3.14		–	
>>Transport Format Management	M		9.2.3.13		–	
>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	O				–	
>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>BindingID	O		9.2.1.3		–	
>>>>Transport Layer Address	O		9.2.1.62		–	
>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		–	
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.1.8 RADIO LINK ADDITION FAILURE

9.1.8.1 FDD Message

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.40		YES	reject
Transaction ID	M		9.2.1.59		–	
CHOICE *Cause Level*	M				YES	ignore
>General					–	
>>Cause	M		9.2.1.5		–	
>RL Specific					–	
>>Unsuccessful RL Information Response		*1..<maxnoof RLs-1>*			EACH	ignore
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>>>Cause	M		9.2.1.5		–	
>>Successful RL Information Response		*0..<maxnoof RLs-2>*			EACH	ignore
>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49		–	
>>>RL Set ID	M		9.2.2.35		–	
>>>URA Information	O		9.2.1.70B		–	
>>>SAI	M		9.2.1.52		–	
>>>Cell GAI	O		9.2.1.5A		–	
>>>UTRAN Access Point Position	O		9.2.1.70A		–	
>>>Received Total Wide Band Power	M		9.2.2.35A		–	
>>>Secondary CCPCH Info	O		9.2.2.37B		–	
>>>DL Code Information	M		FDD DL Code Information 9.2.2.14A		YES	ignore
>>>Diversity Indication	M		9.2.1.21		–	
>>>CHOICE *Diversity Indication*	M				–	
>>>>*Combining*					–	
>>>>>RL ID	M		9.2.1.49	Reference RL ID	–	
>>>>>DCH Information Response	O		9.2.1.16A		YES	ignore
>>>>*Non Combining*					–	
>>>>>DCH Information Response	M		9.2.1.16A		–	
>>>SSDT Support Indicator	M		9.2.2.43		–	
>>>Minimum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>>>Maximum Uplink SIR	M		Uplink SIR 9.2.1.69		–	
>>>Closed Loop Timing Adjustment Mode	O		9.2.2.3A		–	
>>>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>>>Maximum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>>>Minimum DL TX Power	M		DL Power 9.2.2.10		–	
>>>Neighbouring UMTS Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41A		–	
>>>Neighbouring GSM Cell Information	O		9.2.1.41C		~~– YES~~	~~ignore~~
>>>Cell GA Additional	O		9.2.1.5B		YES	ignore

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Shapes						
Criticality Diagnostics	O		9.2.1.13		YES	ignore

9.2.1.41C Neighbouring GSM Cell Information

The *Neighbouring GSM Cell Information* IE provides information for one GSM Cell that is a neighbouring cell to a cell in the DRNC.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Neighbouring GSM Cell Information		*1..<maxnoofGSMneighbours>*			GLOBAL	ignore
>CGI		*1*		Cell Global Identity as defined in ref. [1].	–	
>>LAI		*1*			–	
>>>PLMN-ID	M		OCTET STRING (3)	- digits 0 to 9, two digits per octet, - each digit encoded 0000 to 1001, - 1111 used as filler - bit 4 to 1 of octet n encoding digit 2n-1 - bit 8 to 5 of octet n encoding digit 2n -The PLMN-ID consists of 3 digits from MCC followed by either -a filler plus 2 digits from MNC (in case of 2 digit MNC) or -3 digits from MNC (in case of a 3 digit MNC).	–	
>>>LAC	M		OCTET STRING (2)	0000 and FFFE not allowed	–	
>>CI	M		OCTET STRING (2)		–	
>Q-Offset Serving to Neighbour	M		INTEGER (-50..50)		–	
>Q-RxlevMin	M		INTEGER (-58..-13)	Range: -115 to -25 dBm, Step: 2 dB Actual value = (IE value * 2) + 1: -58: -115 dBm -57: -113 dBm … -13: -25 dBm	–	
>Maximum Allowed UL Tx Power	M		9.2.1.35		–	
>BSIC		*1*		Base Station Identity Code as defined in ref. [1].	–	
>>NCC	M		BIT STRING(3)	Network Colour Code.	–	
>>BCC	M		BIT STRING(3)	Base Station Colour Code.	–	
>BCCH ARFCN	M		INTEGER	BCCH	–	

			(0..1023)	Frequency as defined in ref. [29].		
>GSM Output Power	O		Value range??	Output Power level of the GSM cell as defined in ref. [29].	–	