

**TSG-RAN Meeting #7
 Madrid, Spain, 13 – 15 March 2000**

TSGRP#7(00)0016

Title: Agreed CRs to TS 25.102

Source: TSG-RAN WG4

Agenda item: 6.2.3

Spec	CR	Rev	Phas	Subject	Cat	Current	New	WG4 doc
25.102	015		R99	Description of Signal Levels for Receiver Characteristics	D	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000040
25.102	016		R99	Editorial corrections	D	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000108
25.102	017		R99	Spurious emission correction	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000110
25.102	018		R99	Performance requirement for base station transmit diversity mode	C	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000193
25.102	019		R99	Corrections for UE TDD Blocking Requirements	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000221
25.102	020		R99	Correction to the UL power control "differential accuracy, measured input"	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000268
25.102	021		R99	Clarification of ACLR	F	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000257
25.102	022		R99	Clock Accuracy	C	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000134
25.102	023		R99	Peak Code Domain Error	C	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000147
25.102	024		R99	Modulation Accuracy	C	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000275
25.102	025		R99	Out-of-synchronization handling of the UE in TS 25.102	C	3.1.0	3.2.0	R4-000321

CHANGE REQUEST

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25.102 CR 015

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **RAN#7**
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for approval
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Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <http://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source: **RAN WG4**

Date: **18.01.00**

Subject: **Description of Signal Levels for Receiver Characteristics**

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked With an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release: Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

Explicitly specify receiver signal levels for blocking, spurious response, and intermodulation.

Clauses affected: **7.6.1, 7.7.1, 7.8.1**

Other specs

Affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristics is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

7.6.1 Minimum Requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 7.6 and table 7.7. For table 13 up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size.

Table 7.6: In-band blocking

Parameter	Offset	Offset	Unit
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH_Ec}{I_{or}}$	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>dB</u>
\hat{I}_{or} Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
$I_{blocking}$ Unwanted Signal Level (modulated)	-56	-44	dBm/3.84 MHz
F _{uw} (offset)	+10 or -10	+15 or -15	MHz

Table 7.7: Out of band blocking

Parameter	Band 1	Band 2	Band 3	Unit
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH_Ec}{I_{or}}$	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>dB</u>
\hat{I}_{or} Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
$I_{blocking}$ Unwanted Signal Level (CW)	-44	-30	-15	dBm
F _{uw}	1840 <f <1885 1935 <f <1995 2040 <f <2095	1815 <f <1840 2095 <f <2120	1 <f <1815 2120 <f <12750	MHz
F _{uw}	1790 <f < 1835 2005 <f < 2060	1765 <f < 1790 2060 <f < 2085	1 <f < 1765 2085 <f < 12750	MHz

- Note:
1. On frequency regions 1885 <f < 1900 MHz, 1920 <f < 1935 MHz, 1995 <f < 2010 MHz and 2025 <f < 2040 MHz (as defined in sub-clause 5.2 (a), the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in section 7.5.1 shall be applied.
 2. On frequency regions 1835 <f < 1850 MHz and 1990 <f < 2005 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in section 7.5.1 shall be applied.

7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver’s ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the blocking limit is not met.

7.7.1 Minimum Requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.8.

Table 7.8: Spurious Response

Parameter	Level	Unit
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH_Ec}{I_{or}}$	<u>0 dB</u>	<u>dB</u>
\hat{I}_{or} Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
$I_{blocking}$ Unwanted Signal Level (CW)	-44	dBm
F_{uw}	Spurious response frequencies	MHz

7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.8.1 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 7.9.

Table 7.9: Receive intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Level	Unit
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH_Ec}{I_{or}}$	<u>0</u>	<u>dB</u>
\hat{I}_{or} Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
I_{ouw1} (CW)	-46	dBm
I_{ouw2} (modulated)	-46	dBm/3.84 MHz
F_{uw1} (CW)	10	MHz
F_{uw2} (Modulated)	20	MHz

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25.102 CR 016

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

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Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source: RAN WG4

Date: 14.02.00

Subject: Editorial corrections in 25.102 version 3.1.0

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

Editorial corrections are needed to eliminate mistakes in 25.105 version 3.1.0

Clauses affected:

6.7.1, 7.3.1, 7.6, 7.6.1, 8.1, 8.5, 8.6

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other

comments:

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACIR	Adjacent Channel Interference Ratio
ACLR	Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio
ACS	Adjacent Channel Selectivity
BS	Base Station
CW	Continuous wave (unmodulated signal)
DL	Down link (forward link)
DPCH	Dedicated physical channel
DPCH_Ec	Average energy per PN chip for DPCH
$\frac{\text{DPCH_Ec}}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the average energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit power spectral density of the downlink at the BS antenna connector
$\frac{\Sigma \text{DPCH_Ec}}{I_{or}}$	The ratio of the sum of DPCH_Ec for one service in case of multicode to the total transmit power spectral density of the downlink at the BS antenna connector
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
FDD	Frequency Division Duplexing
FER	Frame Error Ratio ^e
F _{uw}	Frequency of unwanted signal. This is specified in bracket in terms of an absolute frequency(s) or frequency offset from the assigned channel frequency.
<u>I_{oc}</u>	<u>The power spectral density of a band limited white noise source (simulating interference from other cells) as measured at the UE antenna connector.</u>
I _{or}	The total transmit power spectral density of the downlink at the BS antenna connector
\hat{I}_{or}	The received power spectral density of the downlink as measured at the UE antenna connector
PPM	Parts Per Million
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SIR	Signal to Interference ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplexing
TPC	Transmit Power Control
UE	User Equipment
UL	Up link (reverse link)
UTRA	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

power are measured with a filter response that is root-raised cosine (RRC) with roll-off $\alpha=0.22$ and with a bandwidth equal to the chip rate.

The requirement of transmitting intermodulation for carrier spacing 5 MHz is prescribed in ~~the~~ Table 6.8 below.

Table 6.8 : Transmit Intermodulation

Interference Signal Frequency Offset	5MHz	10MHz
Interference Signal Level	-40 dBc	
Minimum Requirement	-31dBc	-41dBc

6.8 Transmit Modulation

6.8.1 Transmit pulse shape filter

The transmit pulse-shaping filter is a root-raised cosine (RRC) with roll-off $\alpha =0.22$ in the frequency domain. The impulse response of the chip impulse filter $RC_0(t)$ is

$$RC_0(t) = \frac{\sin\left(\pi \frac{t}{T_c}(1-\alpha)\right) + 4\alpha \frac{t}{T_c} \cos\left(\pi \frac{t}{T_c}(1+\alpha)\right)}{\pi \frac{t}{T_c} \left(1 - \left(4\alpha \frac{t}{T_c}\right)^2\right)}$$

Where the roll-off factor $\alpha =0.22$ and the chip duration: $T_c = \frac{1}{\text{chiprate}} \approx 0.26042\mu\text{s}$

6.8.2 Modulation Accuracy

The modulation accuracy is a measure of the difference between the measured waveform and the theoretical modulated waveform (the error vector). It is the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference signal power expressed as a %. The measurement interval is one timeslot.

6.8.2.1 Minimum Requirement

The modulation accuracy shall not exceed 17.5 %.

6.8.3 Peak Code Domain Error

This specification is applicable for multi-code transmission only.

The code domain error is computed by projecting the error vector power onto the code domain at the maximum spreading factor. The error power for each code is defined as the ratio to the mean power of the reference waveform expressed in dB. And the Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for Code Domain Error. The measurement interval is one timeslot.

6.8.3.1 Minimum Requirement

The peak code domain error shall not exceed [] dB.

7 Receiver characteristics

7.1 General

Unless detailed the receiver characteristic are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with an integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. UE with an integral antenna may be taken into account by converting these power levels into field strength requirements, assuming a 0 dBi gain antenna. Receiver characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance, and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of this specification. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

All the parameters in Section 7 are defined using the DL reference measurement channel specified in Annex A.2.2.

7.2 Diversity characteristics

A suitable receiver structure using coherent reception in both channel impulse response estimation, and code tracking procedures is assumed. Three forms of diversity are considered to be available in UTRA/TDD:

Table 6, Diversity characteristics for UTRA/TDD.

Table 7.1 : Diversity characteristics for UTRA/TDD

Time diversity	Channel coding and interleaving in both up link and down link
Multi-path diversity	Rake receiver or other suitable receiver structure with maximum combining. Additional processing elements can increase the delay-spread performance due to increased capture of signal energy.
Antenna diversity	Antenna diversity with maximum ratio combining in the base station and optionally in the mobile stations. Possibility for downlink transmit diversity in the base station.

7.3 Reference sensitivity level

The reference sensitivity is the minimum receiver input power measured at the antenna port at which the BIT Error RateRatio BER does not exceed a specific value.

7.3.1 Minimum Requirements

Table 7.2 : Reference sensitivity level

Data-rate	UE reference sensitivity level (dBm)	FER/BER
12.2 kbps	-105 dBm	BER shall not exceed 0.001

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.2.

Table 7.2 : Test parameters for reference sensitivity

Parameter	Level	Unit
$\frac{\Sigma \text{DPCH}_{Ec}}{I_{or}}$	0	dB

\hat{I}_{or}	<u>-105</u>	<u>dBm/3.84 MHz</u>
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7.4 Maximum input level

This is defined as the maximum receiver input power at the UE antenna port which does not degrade the specified BER performance.

7.4.1 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.3.

Table 7.3: Maximum input level

Parameter	Level	Unit
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH_Ec}{I_{or}}$	-7	dB
\hat{I}_{or}	-25	dBm/3.84 MHz

7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent Channel Selectivity is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receiver filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

7.5.1 Minimum Requirement

The ACS shall be better than the value indicated in Table 7.4 for the test parameters specified in Table 7.5 where the BER shall not exceed 0.001

Table 7.4: Adjacent Channel Selectivity

Power Class	Unit	ACS
2	dB	33
3	dB	33

Table 7.5: Test parameters for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

Parameter	Unit	Level
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH_Ec}{I_{or}}$	dB	0
\hat{I}_{or}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-91
I_{oac}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-52
F_{uw} offset	MHz	+5 or -5

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristics is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

8 Performance requirement

8.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this section are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A and the propagation condition specified in Annex B.

Table 8.1: Summary of UE performance targets

Test Chs.	Information Data Rate	Static	Multi-path Case 1	Multi-path Case 2	Multi-path Case 3
		Performance metric			
DCH	12.2 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻²
	64 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻² , 10 ⁻³
	144 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻² , 10 ⁻³
	384 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻² , 10 ⁻³
BCH					

8.2 Demodulation in static propagation conditions

8.2.1 Demodulation of DCH

The performance requirement of DCH in static propagation conditions is determined by the maximum Block Error Rate Ratio (BLER). The BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

8.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.2 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.3.

Table 8.2: DCH parameters in static propagation conditions

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-6	-3	0	0
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.3: Performance requirements in AWGN channel.

Test Number	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	0.1	10^{-2}
2	2.3	10^{-1}
	2.6	10^{-2}
3	2.2	10^{-1}
	2.4	10^{-2}
4	1.6	10^{-1}
	1.8	10^{-2}

8.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath fading conditions

8.3.1 Multipath fading Case 1

The performance requirement of DCH is determined by the maximum Block Error **RateRatio** (BLER). The BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

8.3.1.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.5.

Table 8.4: DCH parameters in multipath Case 1 channel

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$	DB	-6	-3	0	0
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.5: Performance requirements in multipath Case 1 channel.

Test Number	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	13.5	10^{-2}
2	13.3	10^{-1}
	19.6	10^{-2}
3	13.3	10^{-1}
	19.7	10^{-2}
4	13.5	10^{-1}

	20.2	10^{-2}
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8.3.2 Multipath fading Case 2

The performance requirement of DCH is determined by the maximum Block Error **RateRatio** (BLER). The BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

8.3.2.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.7.

Table 8.6: DCH parameters in multipath Case 2 channel

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$	DB	-3	0	0	0
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.7: Performance requirements in multipath Case 2 channel.

Test Number	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	5.5	10^{-2}
2	5.8	10^{-1}
	9.7	10^{-2}
3	9.5	10^{-1}
	13.2	10^{-2}
4	8.5	10^{-1}
	12.6	10^{-2}

8.3.3 Multipath fading Case 3

The performance requirement of DCH is determined by the maximum Block Error **RateRatio** (BLER). The BLER is specified for each individual data rate of the DCH. DCH is mapped into the Dedicated Physical Channel (DPCH).

8.3.3.1 Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.9.

Table 8.8: DCH parameters in multipath Case 3 channel

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
------------	------	--------	--------	--------	--------

$\frac{\Sigma DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-3	0	0	0
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60			
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384

Table 8.9: Performance requirements in multipath Case 3 channel.

Test Number	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
12.2 kbps	4.7	10^{-2}
64 kbps	5.2	10^{-1}
	8.4	10^{-2}
	12.1	10^{-3}
144 kbps	11.7	10^{-1}
	15.2	10^{-2}
	17.8	10^{-3}
384 kbps	8.2	10^{-1}
	11.3	10^{-2}
	13.0	10^{-3}

~~8.5 Rx synchronisation characteristics~~

~~8.5.1 Synchronization Performance~~

~~8.5.1.1 Search of other Cells~~

~~Search of other cells test is used to check whether the UE correctly searches and measures other BS(s) during the specified operation.~~

~~8.5.1.1.1 Minimum requirements~~

~~TBD~~

~~8.5.2 Inter-Frequency Handover.~~

~~The UE has to have the ability to make an Inter-frequency handover. This type of handover can happen within a BS or between two BS(s). Currently [ARIB Vol. 3] does not define requirements for Inter-frequency handover. <This item is ff>~~

~~8.5.2.1 Minimum Requirements~~

~~TBD~~

~~8.6 Timing requirements~~

~~8.6.1 Synchronization~~

~~The timing of the UE is determined during specified operation.~~

~~8.6.1.1 Minimum Requirements~~

~~TBD~~

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25.102 CR 017

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

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For submission to: **RAN#7**
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Proposed change affects:

(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source:

RAN WG4

Date:

14.02.00

Subject:

Spurious emission correction

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

The measurement bandwidth for spurious emissions above 1GHz is corrected. Furthermore editorial modifications are made.

Clauses affected:

7.9

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other

comments:

7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.8.1 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 7.9.

Table 7.9: Receive intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Level	Unit
Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
I _{ouw1} (CW)	-46	dBm
I _{ouw2} (modulated)	-46	dBm/3.84 MHz
Fuw1 (CW)	10	MHz
Fuw2 (Modulated)	20	MHz

7.9 Spurious emissions

The Spurious Emissions Power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

7.9.1 Minimum Requirement

~~The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:~~~~The spurious emission shall be:~~

- ~~1. Less than -60dBm/3.84MHz at the mobile station antenna connector, for frequencies within the UTRA/TDD band and the UTRA/FDD UE receive band.~~
- ~~2. Less than -57dBm/100kHz at the mobile station antenna connector, for frequencies band from 9kHz to 1GHz.~~
- ~~3. Less than -47dBm/100kHz at the mobile station antenna connector, for frequencies band from 1GHz to 12.75GHz.~~

Table 7.10: Receiver spurious emission requirements

<u>Band</u>	<u>Maximum level</u>	<u>Measurement Bandwidth</u>	<u>Note</u>
<u>9 kHz – 1 GHz</u>	<u>-57 dBm</u>	<u>100 kHz</u>	
<u>1 GHz – 1.9 GHz and 1.92 GHz – 2.01 GHz and 2.025 GHz – 2.11 GHz</u>	<u>-47 dBm</u>	<u>1 MHz</u>	<u>With the exception of frequencies between 12.5MHz below the first carrier frequency and 12.5MHz above the last carrier frequency used by the UE.</u>
<u>1.9 GHz – 1.92 GHz and 2.01 GHz – 2.025 GHz and 2.11 GHz – 2.170 GHz</u>	<u>-60 dBm</u>	<u>3.84 MHz</u>	<u>With the exception of frequencies between 12.5MHz below the first carrier frequency and 12.5MHz above the last carrier frequency used by the UE.</u>
<u>2.170 GHz – 12.75 GHz</u>	<u>-47 dBm</u>	<u>1 MHz</u>	

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25.102 CR 018

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **RAN #7**

list expected approval meeting # here ↑

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strategic (for SMG use only)
 non-strategic

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc

Proposed change affects:

(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source:

RAN WG4

Date:

29.2.2000

Subject:

Performance requirement for base station transmit diversity mode

Work item:

TS 25.102

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
 A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
 B Addition of feature
 C Functional modification of feature
 D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
 Release 96
 Release 97
 Release 98
 Release 99
 Release 00

Reason for change:

Requirement is missing

Clauses affected:

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
 Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
 MS test specifications → List of CRs:
 BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
 O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:



help.doc

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

8 Performance requirement

8.1 General

The performance requirements for the UE in this section are specified for the measurement channels specified in Annex A and the propagation condition specified in Annex B.

Table 8.1: Summary of UE performance targets

Test Chs.	Information Data Rate	Static	Multi-path Case 1	Multi-path Case 2	Multi-path Case 3
		Performance metric			
DCH	12.2 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻²
	64 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻² , 10 ⁻³
	144 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻² , 10 ⁻³
	384 kbps	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻²	BLER<10 ⁻¹ , 10 ⁻² , 10 ⁻³
BCH	<u>12.3kbps</u>		BLER<10 ⁻²		

8.4 Base station transmit diversity mode

8.4.1 Demodulation of BCH in Block STTD mode

The performance requirement of BCH is determined by the maximum Block Error Rate (BLER). The BLER is specified for the BCH. BCH is mapped into the Primary Common Control Physical Channel (P-CCPCH).

8.4.1.1. Minimum requirement

For the parameters specified in Table 8.10 the BLER should not exceed the BLER specified in Table 8.11.

Table 8.10: P-CCPCH parameters in multipath Case 1 channel

Parameters	Unit	Test 1
$\frac{P_{CCPCH} - E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-3
I	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.3

Table 8.11: Performance requirements in multipath Case 1 channel.

Test Number	$\frac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1		[10 ⁻²]

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.102 CR 019

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **RAN#7**
list expected approval meeting # here ↑

for approval
for information

strategic
non-strategic (for SMG use only)

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:

(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source:

RAN WG4

Date:

25.02.00

Subject:

Corrections for UE TDD Blocking Requirements

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

Modification of the table and notes belonging to it for UE TDD Blocking Requirements to distinguish clearly between the different requirements for the operation in different frequency regions (ITU region 1 and 2). Correction of frequency limits for the blocking bands.

Clauses affected:

7.6.1

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristics is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

7.6.1 Minimum Requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 7.6 and table 7.7. For table 13 up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size.

Table 7.6: In-band blocking

Parameter	Offset	Offset	Unit
Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
Unwanted Signal Level (modulated)	-56	-44	dBm/3.84 MHz
F _{uw} (offset)	+10 or -10	+15 or -15	MHz

Table 7.7: Out of band blocking

Parameter	Band 1	Band 2	Band 3	Unit
Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
Unwanted Signal Level (CW)	-44	-30	-15	dBm
F _{uw} For operation in frequency bands as defined in subclause 5.2(a)	1840 <f < 1885 1935 <f < 1995 2040 <f < 20985	1815 <f < 1840 20985 <f < 21210	1 <f < 1815 21120 <f < 12750	MHz
F _{uw} For operation in frequency bands as defined in subclause 5.2(b)	1790 <f < 1835 2005 <f < 20650	1765 <f < 1790 20650 <f < 20875	1 <f < 1765 20875 <f < 12750	MHz
F _{uw} For operation in frequency bands as defined in subclause 5.2(c)	1850 <f < 1895 1945 <f < 1990	1825 <f < 1850 1990 <f < 2015	1 <f < 1825 2015 <f < 12750	MHz

Note: 1. [For operation referenced in 5.2\(a\), from On-frequency regions](#) 1885 <f < 1900 MHz, 1920 <f < 1935 MHz, 1995 <f < 2010 MHz and 2025 <f < 2040 MHz ~~(as defined in sub-clause 5.2(a))~~, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in section 7.5.1 shall be applied.

- ~~2.~~ 2. For operation referenced in 5.2(b), from ~~On frequency regions~~ 1835 < f < 1850 MHz and 1990 < f < 2005 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in section 7.5.1 shall be applied.
3. For operation referenced in 5.2(c), from 1895 < f < 1910 MHz and 1930 < f < 1945 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in section 7.5.1 shall be applied.

7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the blocking limit is not met.

7.7.1 Minimum Requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.8.

Table 7.8: Spurious Response

Parameter	Level	Unit
Wanted Signal Level	<REFSENS> + 3 dB	dBm/3.84 MHz
Unwanted Signal Level (CW)	-44	dBm
F_{uw}	Spurious response frequencies	MHz

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25.102 CR 020

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **RAN#7**
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for information

strategic
non-strategic (for SMG use only)

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source: RAN WG4

Date: 18.02.00

Subject: Correction to the UL power control "differential accuracy, measured input" requirement

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

The requirement "differential accuracy, measured input" is clarified and a note is added, since the requirement itself will be verified by other test cases.

Clauses affected: 6.4.1.3

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:

6.4.1.3 Differential accuracy, measured input

The power control differential accuracy, measured input, is defined as the error in UE transmitter power step change as a result of a step change in path loss L_{PCCPCH} .

The error shall not exceed the sum of the following two errors:

- The power control error, ~~resulting from a change in the path loss (ΔL_{PCCPCH}), controlled input error or the same tolerances~~ as defined in table 6.3 shall apply,
- and the errors in the PCCPCH RSCP measurement as defined in TS 25.123.

~~The conditions for the test are as in table 6.4.~~

Table 6.4 Conditions for TDD uplink power control requirements

Condition	Value
$\frac{PCCPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$	-0 dB
\hat{I}_{or} in the lower power of the two states	-60 dBm/3.84 MHz
Parameter α	±

Note: This requirement needs not to be tested, because the step accuracy error is tested according to the requirement in section 6.4.1.2 and the PCCPCH RSCP measurement error is tested according to the requirement in 25.123.

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.102 CR 021

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **RAN #7**
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strategic
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Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source: RAN WG4

Date: 00-02-27

Subject: Clarification of ACLR

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

This CR clarifies the definition of ACLR.

Clauses affected:

6.6.2.2, 6.6.2.2.1

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:

Note that the minus signs have been deleted from Table 6; the definition of ACLR in TS 25.102 is the same as in TS 25.101, but the sign of the requirement is currently opposite.

6.6.2.2 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the transmitted power to the power measured ~~after a receive filter~~ in ~~an~~ adjacent channels~~(s)~~. Both the transmitted power and the ~~received adjacent channel~~ power are measured with a filter response that has a Root-Raised Cosine (RRC) filter response with roll-off $\alpha = 0.22$ and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate.

6.6.2.2.1 Minimum requirement

If the adjacent channel power is greater than -50dBm then the ACLR shall be better than the value specified in Table 6.6.

Table 6.6 :UE ACLR

Power Class	adjacent UE channel	ACLR limit
2, 3	<u>UE channel</u> \pm 5 MHz	-33 dB or -50 dBm which ever is higher
2, 3	<u>UE channel</u> \pm 10 MHz	-43 dB or -50 dBm which ever is higher

Note

1. The requirement shall still be met in the presence of ACLR due to switching transients ~~shall not exceed the limits in the above table.~~
2. The ACLR requirements reflect what can be achieved with present state of the art technology.
3. Requirement on the UE shall be reconsidered when the state of the art technology progresses.

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.102 CR 022

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to:
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Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source: RAN WG4

Date: 02/28/2000

Subject: Clock Accuracy

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

A requirement for the clock accuracy is missing.

Clauses affected: 6.3

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:

The clock reference is tied to the RF frequency in the same way as done in GSM.

6.3 UE frequency stability

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM compared to carrier frequency received from the BS. These signals will have an apparent error due to BS frequency error and Doppler shift. In the later case, signals from the BS must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are allowed for within the above ± 0.1 PPM figure. The UE shall use the same frequency source for both RF frequency generation and the chip clocking the timebase.

Table 6.2: Frequency stability

AFC	Frequency stability
ON	within ± 0.1 PPM

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.102 CR 023

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to:
list expected approval meeting # here ↑

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strategic
non-strategic (for SMG use only)

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source:

RAN WG4

Date:

02/28/2000

Subject:

Peak Code Domain Error

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

The requirement for peak code domain error is missing.

Clauses affected:

6.8.3

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other

comments:

6.8.3 Peak Code Domain Error

This specification is applicable for multi-code transmission only.

The code domain error is computed by projecting the error vector power onto the code domain at the maximum spreading factor. The error power for each code is defined as the ratio to the mean power of the reference waveform expressed in dB. And the Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for Code Domain Error. The measurement interval is one timeslot.

6.8.3.1 Minimum Requirement

| The peak code domain error shall not exceed ± 21 dB.

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.102 CR 024

Current Version: **3.1.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to:
list expected approval meeting # here ↑

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for information

strategic
non-strategic (for SMG use only)

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source: RAN WG4

Date: 02/28/2000

Subject: Modulation Accuracy

Work item:

Category:

(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change:

Applicable power levels are clarified for modulation accuracy.

Clauses affected: 6.8.2, 6.8.3

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:

6.8.2 ~~Modulation Accuracy~~ Error Vector Magnitude

The ~~Error Vector Magnitude modulation accuracy~~ Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the measured waveform and the theoretical modulated waveform (the error vector). It is the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference signal power expressed as a %. The measurement interval is one timeslot.

6.8.2.1 Minimum Requirement

The ~~Error Vector Magnitude modulation accuracy~~ Error Vector Magnitude shall not exceed 17.5 % for the parameters specified in Table xx.

Table xx: Test parameters for Error Vector Magnitude/Peak Code Domain Error

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Level</u>
<u>UE Output Power</u>	<u>dBm</u>	<u>≥-20</u>
<u>Operating conditions</u>		<u>Normal conditions</u>
<u>Power control step size</u>	<u>dB</u>	<u>1</u>

6.8.3 Peak Code Domain Error

This specification is applicable for multi-code transmission only.

The code domain error is computed by projecting the error vector power onto the code domain at the maximum spreading factor. The error power for each code is defined as the ratio to the mean power of the reference waveform expressed in dB. And the Peak Code Domain Error is defined as the maximum value for Code Domain Error. The measurement interval is one timeslot.

6.8.3.1 Minimum Requirement

The peak code domain error shall not exceed [] dB for the parameters specified in Table xx.

3G CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.102 CR 025

Current Version: **3.1.0**

3G specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by 3G support team

For submission to TSG **RAN #7** for approval (only one box should
list TSG meeting no. here ↑ for information be marked with an X)

Form: 3G CR cover sheet, version 1.0 The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/3GCRF-xx.rtf>

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

USIM

ME

UTRAN

Core Network

Source: RAN WG4

Date: 2000-02-22

Subject: Out-of-synchronisation handling of the UE in TS 25.102

3G Work item:

Category:

(only one category
shall be marked
with an X)

- F Correction
- A Corresponds to a correction in a 2G specification
- B Addition of feature
- C Functional modification of feature
- D Editorial modification

<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>

Reason for change:

Out-of-synchronisation handling for the UE is specified in TS 25.123. The thresholds stated there for shutting the UE power off and on are implicitly defined by this test which is proposed for TS 25.102.

Clauses affected: 6.4

Other specs affected:

- | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Other 3G core specifications | <input type="checkbox"/> | → List of CRs: |
| Other 2G core specifications | <input type="checkbox"/> | → List of CRs: |
| MS test specifications | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | → List of CRs: |
| BSS test specifications | <input type="checkbox"/> | → List of CRs: |
| O&M specifications | <input type="checkbox"/> | → List of CRs: |

Other comments:

6.4.X Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power

The UE shall monitor the DPCH quality in order to detect a loss of the signal on Layer 1, as specified in TS 25.224. The thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} specify at what DPCH quality levels the UE shall shut its power off and when it may turn its transmitter on, respectively. The thresholds are not defined explicitly, but are defined by the conditions under which the UE shall shut its transmitter off and turn it on, as stated in this clause.

6.4.X.1 Requirement

The parameters in Table xx are defined using the DL reference measurement channel (12.2) kbps specified in Annex A.2.2, where the CRC bits are replaced by data bits, and with static propagation conditions.

Table xx: DCH parameters for test of Out-of-synch handling

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Value</u>
\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}	dB	-1
I_{oc}	dBm/3.84 MHz	-60
$\frac{\Sigma DPCH - E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	See figure yy
Information Data Rate	kbps	13
TFCI	=	On

The conditions for when the UE shall shut its transmitter on and when it may turn it on are defined by the parameters in Table xx together with the DPCH power level as defined in Figure yy.

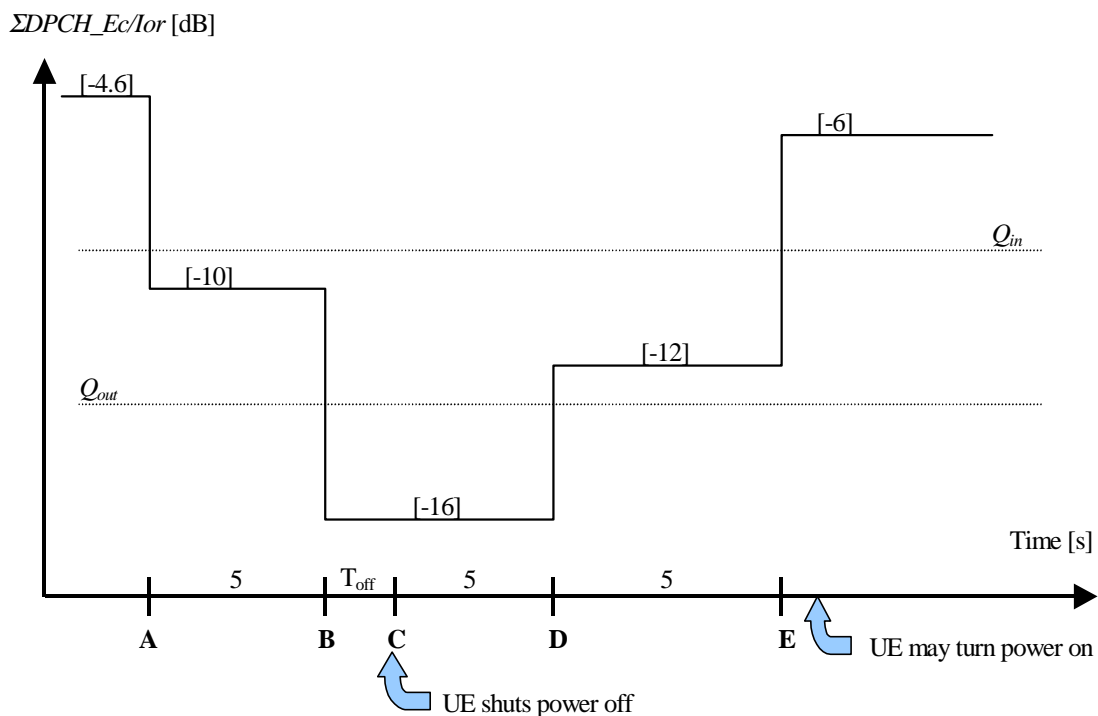


Figure yy. Conditions for out-of-synch handling in the UE. The indicated thresholds Q_{out} and Q_{in} are only informative.

The requirements for the UE are that

1. The UE shall not shut its transmitter off before point B.
2. The UE shall shut its transmitter off before point C, which is $T_{\text{off}} = [200]$ ms after point B
3. The UE shall not turn its transmitter on between points C and E.
4. The UE may turn its transmitter on after point E.