**3GPP TSG-CT WG1 Meeting #137-eC1-225186**

**E-Meeting, 18th – 26th August 2022 (was C1-225059)**

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| *CR-Form-v12.2* |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** |
|  |
|  | **24.501** | **CR** | **4636** | **rev** | **1** | **Current version:** | **17.7.1** |  |
|  |
| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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|  |
| ***Title:***  | Storage and access of 5GMM parameters mapping with SUPI from USIM for AKA based SNPN |
|  |  |
| ***Source to WG:*** | Samsung |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | C1 |
|  |  |
| ***Work item code:*** | eNPN |  | ***Date:*** | 2022-08-11 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ***Category:*** | F |  | ***Release:*** | Rel-17 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:****F*** *(correction)****A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)****B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)****D*** *(editorial modification)*Detailed explanations of the above categories canbe found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | *Use one of the following releases:Rel-8 (Release 8)Rel-9 (Release 9)Rel-10 (Release 10)Rel-11 (Release 11)…Rel-16 (Release 16)Rel-17 (Release 17)Rel-18 (Release 18)Rel-19 (Release 19)* |
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| ***Reason for change:*** | In C1-224215, it was agreed that for AKA based SNPN correct mapping of SUPI needs to be done from USIM while storing the 5GMM parameters in non-volatile memory Similar update is required to be captured in other missed places  |
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| ***Summary of change:*** | For an AKA based SNPN the 5GMM parameters needs to be stored and read along with the SUPI (SUPI with the SUPI format "network specific identifier" containing a network-specific identifier or SUPI format "IMSI" containing an IMSI)  |
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| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | UE will not be able to use the correct 5GMM parameters for the selected AKA based SNPN which will result in delay in SNPN selection process and also other subscription problems |
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| ***Clauses affected:*** | C.2 |
|  |  |
|  | **Y** | **N** |  |  |
| ***Other specs*** |  | **X** |  Other core specifications  | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***affected:*** |  | **X** |  Test specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***(show related CRs)*** |  | **X** |  O&M Specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
|  |  |
| ***Other comments:*** |  |
|  |  |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** |  |

\*\*\*\*\* Start Change \*\*\*\*\*

# C.2 Storage of 5GMM information for UEs operating in SNPN access operation mode

The 5GMM information for UEs operating in SNPN access operation mode and not registering or registered for the onboarding service in SNPN are stored according to the following conditions:

- if the UE does not support access to an SNPN using credentials from a credentials holder, the following 5GMM parameters shall be stored per subscribed SNPN in a non-volatile memory in the ME together with the subscriber identifier associated with the SNPN identity of the SNPN in the "list of subscriber data" configured in the ME (see 3GPP TS 23.122 [5]) or with the SUPI from the USIM if no subscriber identifier is configured in the entry of the "list of subscriber data" associated with the SNPN identity and the UE has a valid USIM;and

- if the UE supports access to an SNPN using credentials from a credentials holder, the following 5GMM parameters shall be stored in a non-volatile memory in the ME per:

i) the subscribed SNPN together with the subscriber identifier associated with the selected entry in the "list of subscriber data" configured in the ME (see 3GPP TS 23.122 [5]) or with the SUPI from the USIM if no subscriber identifier is configured in the selected entry of the "list of subscriber data" configured in the ME and the UE has a valid USIM; or

ii) the PLMN subscription together with the SUPI from the USIM which is associated with the PLMN subscription:

a) 5G-GUTI;

b) last visited registered TAI;

c) 5GS update status;

d) 5G NAS security context parameters from a full native 5G NAS security context (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [24]);

e) KAUSF and KSEAF (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [24]);

f) UE parameter update counter (see subclause 9.11.3.53A);

g) configured NSSAI(s);

g1) NSSRG information;

h) NSSAI inclusion mode(s);

i) MPS indicator;

j) MCS indicator;

k) operator-defined access category definitions;

l) network-assigned UE radio capability IDs;

m) zero or more instances of signalled URSP (see 3GPP TS 24.526 [19]), each associated with a non-subscribed SNPN, the subscribed SNPN or the HPLMN, which provided the URSP;

n) optionally a non-subscribed SNPN signalled URSP handling indication indicating whether the UE is allowed to accept URSP signalled by non-subscribed SNPNs;

o) permanently forbidden SNPNs list; and

p) temporarily forbidden SNPNs.

NOTE: Steering of roaming does not apply to an SNPN. Therefore, for a KAUSF which is generated for an SNPN, the UE does not store an associated SOR counter in the non-volatile memory.

The 5GMM information for UEs operating in SNPN access operation mode and registering or registered for the onboarding service in SNPN are stored as follows:

a) 5G-GUTI;

b) last visited registered TAI;

c) 5GS update status;

d) 5G NAS security context parameters from a full native 5G NAS security context (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [24]);

e) KAUSF and KSEAF (see 3GPP TS 33.501 [24]);

f) UE parameter update counter (see subclause 9.11.3.53A);

g) network-assigned UE radio capability IDs;

h) "permanently forbidden SNPNs" list for onboarding services; and

i) "temporarily forbidden SNPNs" list for onboarding services.

The 5GMM information for UEs operating in SNPN access operation mode are stored according to the following conditions:

- if the UE does not support access to an SNPN using credentials from a credentials holder, the following 5GMM parameters should be stored per subscribed SNPN in a non-volatile memory in the ME together with the subscriber identifier associated with the SNPN identity of the SNPN in the "list of subscriber data" configured in the ME (see 3GPP TS 23.122 [5]) or with the SUPI from the USIM if no subscriber identifier is configured in the entry of the "list of subscriber data" associated with the SNPN identity and the UE has a valid USIM;and

- if the UE supports access to an SNPN using credentials from a credentials holder, the following 5GMM parameters should be stored in a non-volatile memory in the ME per:

i) the subscribed SNPN together with the subscriber identifier associated with the selected entry in the "list of subscriber data" configured in the ME (see 3GPP TS 23.122 [5]) or with the SUPI from the USIM if no subscriber identifier is configured in the selected entry of the "list of subscriber data" configured in the ME and the UE has a valid USIM; or

ii) the PLMN subscription together with the SUPI from the USIM which is associated with the PLMN subscription:

a) allowed NSSAI(s).

If the 5GMM parameters are associated with the PLMN subscription, then the 5GMM parameters can only be used if the SUPI from the USIM which is associated with the selected PLMN subscription matches the SUPI stored in the non-volatile memory; else the UE shall delete the 5GMM parameters.

If the 5GMM parameters are associated with the subscribed SNPN of the entry in the "list of subscriber data", then the 5GMM parameters can only be used if the subscriber identifier of the selected entry of the "list of subscriber data" matches the subscriber identifier stored in the non-volatile memory or if the subscriber identifier from the USIM matches the subscriber identifier stored in the non volatile memory and no subscriber identifier is configured in the selected entry of the "list of subscriber data" configured in the ME and the UE has a valid USIM.

Each configured NSSAI consists of S-NSSAI(s) stored together with an SNPN identity, if it is associated with an SNPN. A configured NSSAI may be associated with NSSRG information.

Each NSSAI inclusion mode is associated with an SNPN identity and access type.

The MPS indicator is stored together with an SNPN identity of the SNPN that provided it, and is valid in that registered SNPN.

The MCS indicator is stored together with an SNPN identity of the SNPN that provided it, and is valid in that registered SNPN.

Operator-defined access category definitions are stored together with an SNPN identity of the SNPN that provided them, and are valid in that SNPN. The maximum number of stored operator-defined access category definitions is UE implementation dependent.

Each network-assigned UE radio capability ID is stored together with an SNPN identity of the SNPN that provided it as well as a mapping to the corresponding UE radio configuration, and is valid in that SNPN. The UE shall be able to store at least the last 16 received network-assigned UE radio capability IDs. There shall be only one network-assigned UE radio capability ID stored for a given combination of SNPN identity and UE radio configuration and any existing UE radio capability ID shall be deleted when a new UE radio capability ID is added for the same combination of SNPN identity and UE radio configuration. If the UE receives a network-assigned UE radio capability ID with a Version ID value different from the value included in the network-assigned UE radio capability ID(s) stored at the UE for the serving SNPN, the UE may delete these stored network-assigned UE radio capability ID(s).

The allowed NSSAI(s) can be stored in a non-volatile memory in the ME. Allowed NSSAI consists of S-NSSAI(s) stored together with an SNPN identity, if it is associated with an SNPN.

\*\*\*\*\* End Change \*\*\*\*\*