**3GPP TSG-CT WG1 Meeting #122-eC1-200751**

**Electronic meeting, 20-28 February 2020**

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| *CR-Form-v12.0* |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** |
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|  | **24.379** | **CR** | **0551** | **rev** | **1** | **Current version:** | **16.3.0** |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME |  | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network | **X** |

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| ***Title:***  | Support of functional alias in first-to-answer calls |
|  |  |
| ***Source to WG:*** | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | C1 |
|  |  |
| ***Work item code:*** | MONASTERY2 |  | ***Date:*** | 2020-01-21 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ***Category:*** | **B** |  | ***Release:*** | *Rel-16* |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:****F*** *(correction)****A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)****B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)****D*** *(editorial modification)*Detailed explanations of the above categories canbe found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | *Use one of the following releases:Rel-8 (Release 8)Rel-9 (Release 9)Rel-10 (Release 10)Rel-11 (Release 11)Rel-12 (Release 12)**Rel-13 (Release 13)Rel-14 (Release 14)Rel-15 (Release 15)Rel-16 (Release 16)* |
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| ***Reason for change:*** | Stage 2 TS 23.379 specifies how an activated Functional Alias can be used in first-to-answer calls i) for the calling party and/or ii) to call multiple users.Current stage 3 specs do not support the use of functional aliases in a first-to-answer call. Thus, the corresponding procedures have to be updated accordingly. |
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| ***Summary of change:*** | 1) Specify how the MCPTT originating client can include the functional alias of the calling party in the SIP MESSAGE request for a first-to-answer call.2) Specify how the MCPTT client can include a functional alias instead of a list of potential target recipients in the SIP MESSAGE request for a first-to-answer call.3) Specify how the MCPTT server checks whether the functional alias of the calling party is active and whether it can be used in a first-to-answer call.4)Add an editor's note that how the MCPTT server identifies the MCPTT IDs that have activated the called Functional Alias, and how to call the specific clients is FFS |
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| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | Stage 2 requirements on use of functional alias in a first-to-answer call are not supported. |
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| ***Clauses affected:*** | 11.1.1.2.1.1, 11.1.1.3.1.1, 11.1.1.4.1, F.1.3 |
|  |  |
|  | **Y** | **N** |  |  |
| ***Other specs*** |  | **X** |  Other core specifications  | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***affected:*** |  | **X** |  Test specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***(show related CRs)*** |  | **X** |  O&M Specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
|  |  |
| ***Other comments:*** |  |
|  |  |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** |  |

###### 11.1.1.2.1.1 Client originating procedures

Upon receiving a request from an MCPTT user to establish an MCPTT private call the MCPTT client shall generate an initial SIP INVITE request by following the UE originating session procedures specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [4], with the clarifications given below.

The MCPTT client:

1) shall set the Request-URI of the SIP INVITE request to a public service identity of the participating MCPTT function serving the MCPTT user;

2) if the MCPTT user has requested the origination of a first-to-answer call, if the <allow-request-first-to-answer-call> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) or is set to a value of "false", the MCPTT client shall inform the MCPTT user and shall exit this procedure;

3) if the MCPTT user has requested the origination of an MCPTT emergency private call or is originating an MCPTT private call and the MCPTT emergency state is already set, the MCPTT client:

a) shall, if this is an authorised request for an MCPTT emergency private call as determined by the procedures of subclause 6.2.8.3.1.1, comply with the procedures in subclause 6.2.8.3.2; and

b) should, if this is an unauthorised request for an MCPTT emergency private call as determined in step a) above, indicate to the MCPTT user that they are not authorised to initiate an MCPTT emergency private call;

4) may include a P-Preferred-Identity header field in the SIP INVITE request containing a public user identity as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [4];

5) shall include the g.3gpp.mcptt media feature tag and the g.3gpp.icsi-ref media feature tag with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcptt" in the Contact header field of the SIP INVITE request according to IETF RFC 3840 [16];

6) shall include an Accept-Contact header field containing the g.3gpp.mcptt media feature tag along with the "require" and "explicit" header field parameters according to IETF RFC 3841 [6];

7) shall include the ICSI value "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcptt" (coded as specified in 3GPP TS 24.229 [4]), in a P-Preferred-Service header field according to IETF RFC 6050 [9] in the SIP INVITE request;

8) shall include an Accept-Contact header field with the media feature tag g.3gpp.icsi-ref contain with the value of "urn:urn-7:3gpp-service.ims.icsi.mcptt" along with parameters "require" and "explicit" according to IETF RFC 3841 [6];

9) for the establishment of a private call shall insert in the SIP INVITE request a MIME resource-lists body with the MCPTT ID of the invited MCPTT user, according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [20];

10) for the establishment of a first-to-answer call shall insert in the SIP INVITE request according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5366 [20] a MIME resource-lists body with

a) the MCPTT IDs of the potential target MCPTT users; or

b) the URI of the functional alias to be called;

NOTE 1: The MCPTT client indicates whether a list of MCPTT IDs or a functional alias is to be called as specified in step 15) b).

11) if an end-to-end security context needs to be established and if the MCPTT user is initiating a private call then:

a) if necessary, shall instruct the key management client to request keying material from the key management server as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

b) shall use the keying material to generate a PCK as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

c) shall use the PCK to generate a PCK-ID with the four most significant bits set to "0001" to indicate that the purpose of the PCK is to protect private call communications and with the remaining twenty eight bits being randomly generated as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

d) shall encrypt the PCK to a UID associated to the MCPTT client using the MCPTT ID and KMS URI of the invited user as determined by the procedures of subclause 6.2.8.3.9 and a time related parameter as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

e) shall generate a MIKEY-SAKKE I\_MESSAGE using the encapsulated PCK and PCK-ID as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78]; and

g) shall add the MCPTT ID of the originating MCPTT to the initiator field (IDRi) of the I\_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78]; and

f) shall sign the MIKEY-SAKKE I\_MESSAGE using the originating MCPTT user's signing key provided in the keying material together with a time related parameter, and add this to the MIKEY-SAKKE payload, as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

12) shall include an SDP offer according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4] with the clarification given in subclause 6.2.1 and with a media stream of the offered media-floor control entity;

13) if implicit floor control is required, shall comply with the conditions specified in subclause 6.4 and:

a) if the <allow-location-info-when-talking> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCPTT user profile document identified by the MCPTT ID of the calling MCPTT user (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) is set to a value of "true"; and

b) if location information has not yet been included in the SIP re-INVITE request;

 then shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Report> element included in the <location-info> root element;

14) if the MCPTT user is initiating a private call then:

a) if force of automatic commencement mode at the invited MCPTT client is requested by the MCPTT user, shall include in the SIP INVITE request a Priv-Answer-Mode header field with the value "Auto" according to the rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5373 [18];

b) if force of automatic commencement mode at the invited MCPTT client is not requested by the MCPTT user and:

i) if automatic commencement mode at the invited MCPTT client is requested by the MCPTT user, shall include in the SIP INVITE request an Answer-Mode header field with the value "Auto" according to the rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5373 [18]; and

ii) if manual commencement mode at the invited MCPTT client is requested by the MCPTT user, shall include in the SIP INVITE request an Answer-Mode header field with the value "Manual" according to the rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5373 [18]; and

c) shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body with the <mcpttinfo> element containing the <mcptt-Params> element:

i) with the <session-type> element set to a value of "private"; and

ii) if the MCPTT client needs to include an active functional alias in the initial SIP INVITE request, with the <functional-alias-URI> set to the URI of the used functional alias;

NOTE 2: The MCPTT client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCPTT ID from procedures specified in subclause 9A.2.1.3.

15) if the MCPTT user is initiating a first-to-answer call shall contain an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body with the <mcpttinfo> element containing the <mcptt-Params> element:

a) with the <session-type> element set to a value of "first-to-answer";

b) with the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> set to "true" if the MCPTT client is aware of active functional-aliases and an active functional alias is to be called or "false" otherwise; and

c) if the MCPTT client needs to include an active functional alias in the initial SIP INVITE request, with the <functional-alias-URI> set to the URI of the used functional alias;

NOTE 3: The MCPTT client learns the functional aliases that are activated for an MCPTT ID from procedures specified in subclause 9A.2.1.3.16) if the MCPTT emergency private call state is set to either "MEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted" or the MCPTT emergency private priority state for this private call is set to "MEPP 2: in-progress", the MCPTT client shall comply with the procedures in subclause 6.2.8.3.3; and

17) shall send SIP INVITE request towards the MCPTT server according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4].

Upon receiving a SIP 183(Session Progress) response to the SIP INVITE request the MCPTT client:

1) may indicate the progress of the session establishment to the inviting MCPTT user.

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response to the SIP INVITE request the MCPTT client:

1) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.380 [5];

2) if the sent SIP INVITE request was for the origination of a first-to-answer call and the SDP answer contained in the received SIP 200 (OK) response contains an "a=key-mgmt" attribute field with a "mikey" attribute value containing a MIKEY-SAKKE I\_MESSAGE:

a) shall extract the MCPTT ID of the sender of the SIP 200 (OK) response from the initiator field (IDRi) of the I\_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

b) shall convert the MCPTT ID to a UID as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

c) shall use the UID to validate the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I\_MESSAGE as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78];

d) if authentication verification of the MIKEY-SAKKE I\_MESSAGE fails:

i) if the sent SIP INVITE request was a request for an MCPTT emergency private call and if the MCPTT emergency private call state is set to "MEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested, the MCPTT client:

A) shall set the MCPTT emergency private call state to "MEPC 1: emergency-pc-capable";

B) if the MCPTT emergency private priority state of the private call is "MEPP 3: confirm-pending" shall set the MCPTT emergency private priority state of the private call to "MEPP 1: no-emergency"; and

C) if the sent SIP request for an MCPTT emergency private call contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body with an <alert-ind> element set to a value of "true", shall set the MCPTT private emergency alert state to "MPEA 1: no-alert". and

ii) shall release the session as specified in the procedures of subclause 11.1.3.1.1.1 with the following clarifications:

A) shall include in the SIP BYE request an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body containing a <release-reason> element set to a value of "authentication of the MIKEY-SAKE I\_MESSAGE failed"; and

B) shall skip the remaining steps in the present subclause; and

e) if the signature of the MIKEY-SAKKE I\_MESSAGE was successfully validated:

i) shall extract and decrypt the encapsulated PCK using the originating user's (KMS provisioned) UID key as described in 3GPP TS 33.180 [78]; and

ii) shall extract the PCK-ID, from the payload as specified in 3GPP TS 33.180 [46];

NOTE 4: With the PCK successfully shared between the originating MCPTT client and the terminating MCPTT client, both clients are able to use SRTP/SRTCP to create an end-to-end secure session.

3) if the MCPTT emergency private call state is set to "MEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested" or "MEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted", shall perform the actions specified in subclause 6.2.8.3.4; and

4) shall notify the user that the call has been successfully established.

On receiving a SIP 4xx response, a SIP 5xx response or a SIP 6xx response to the SIP INVITE request:

1) if the MCPTT emergency private call state is set to "MEPC 2: emergency-pc-requested"; or

2) if the MCPTT emergency private call state is set to "MEPC 3: emergency-pc-granted";

the MCPTT client shall perform the actions specified in subclause 6.2.8.3.5.

On receiving a SIP INFO request where the Request-URI contains an MCPTT session ID identifying an ongoing session, the MCPTT client shall follow the actions specified in subclause 6.2.8.3.7.

\*\*\*\*\* Next change \*\*\*\*\*

###### 11.1.1.3.1.1 On-demand private call and first-to-answer call

Upon receipt of a "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" containing an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body with the <session-type> element set to a value of "private" or "first-to-answer", the participating MCPTT function:

1) may reject the SIP INVITE request depending on the value of the Resource-Priority header field if the Resource-Priority header field is included in the received SIP INVITE request according to rules and procedures specified in IETF RFC 4412 [29] and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

2) if unable to process the request due to a lack of resources or a risk of congestion exists, may reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response. The participating MCPTT function may include a Retry-After header field to the SIP 500 (Server Internal Error) response as specified in IETF RFC 3261 [24] and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

NOTE 1: If the received SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCPTT function can choose to accept the request.

NOTE 2: If the received SIP INVITE request contains an emergency indication set to a value of "true", the participating MCPTT function can choose to allow an exception to the limit on the number of private calls and accept the request.

3) shall determine the MCPTT ID of the calling user from public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP INVITE request and shall authorise the user;

NOTE 3: The MCPTT ID of the calling user is bound to the public user identity at the time of service authorisation, as documented in subclause 7.3.

4) if the participating MCPTT function cannot find a binding between the public user identity and an MCPTT ID or if the validity period of an existing binding has expired, then the participating MCPTT function shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text set to "141 user unknown to the participating function" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;

5) shall:

a) if the <session-type> is set to "private", determine that the call is a private call; and

b) if the <session-type> is set to "first-to-answer", determine that the call is a first-to-answer-call;

6) if the call is a:

a) private call, determine the public service identity of the controlling MCPTT function for the private call service associated with the originating user's MCPTT ID identity; or

b) first-to-answer, determine the public service identity of the controlling MCPTT function for the first-to-answer call service associated with the originating user's MCPTT ID identity;

7) if the participating MCPTT function is unable to identify the controlling MCPTT function for the private call service or first-to-answer call service associated with the originating user's MCPTT ID identity, it shall reject the SIP INVITE request with a SIP 404 (Not Found) response with the warning text "142 unable to determine the controlling function" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with any of the remaining steps;

8) if the incoming SIP INVITE request does not contain an application/resource-lists MIME body, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

9) if the call is a private call and the incoming SIP INVITE request contains an application/resource-lists MIME body with more than one <entry> element, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "145 unable to determine called party" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

10) if the <allow-private-call> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCPTT user profile document on the participating MCPTT function or is present with the value "false" (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]), indicating that the user identified by the MCPTT ID is not authorised to initiate private calls, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response, with warning text set to "107 user not authorised to make private calls" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

11) if the call is a private call and:

a) if the received SIP INVITE request includes an Answer-Mode header field as specified in IETF RFC 5373 [18] with the value "Auto" and the <allow-automatic-commencement> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCPTT user profile document on the participating MCPTT function or is present with the value "false" (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) indicating that the user identified by the MCPTT ID is not authorised to initiate private call with automatic commencement, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "125 user not authorised to make private call with automatic commencement" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

b) if the received SIP INVITE request includes an Answer-Mode header field as specified in IETF RFC 5373 [18] with the value "Manual" and the <allow-manual-commencement> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCPTT user profile document on the participating MCPTT function or is present with the value "false" (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]), indicating that the user identified by the MCPTT ID is not authorised to initiate private call with manual commencement, shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "126 user not authorised to make private call with manual commencement" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

c) if the <PrivateCall> element exists in the MCPTT user profile document with one more <entry> elements (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) and:

i) if the "uri" attribute of the <entry> element of the application/resource-lists MIME body does not match with one of the <entry> elements of the <PrivateCall> element of the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]); and

ii) if configuration is not set in the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) that allows the MCPTT user to make a private call to users not contained within the <entry> elements of the <PrivateCall> element;

then:

i) shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "144 user not authorised to call this particular user" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

12) if the call is a first-to-answer call and if the <PrivateCall> element exists in the MCPTT user profile document with one or more <entry> elements (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) and:

a) if:

i) the "uri" attribute of each and every <entry> element of the application/resource-lists MIME body does not match with any of the <entry> elements of the <PrivateCall> element of the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]); and

ii) if configuration is not set in the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) that allows the MCPTT user to make a private call to users not contained within the <entry> elements of the <PrivateCall> element;

then:

i) shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "153 user not authorised to call any of the users requested in the first-to-answer call" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

13) if the call is a first-to-answer call and:

a) if the <allow-request-first-to-answer-call> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) or is set to a value of "false", (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]);

then:

a) shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "156 user not authorised to originate a first-to-answer call" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4 and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

14) shall validate the media parameters and if the MCPTT speech codec is not offered in the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" shall reject the request with a SIP 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;

15) shall generate a SIP INVITE request as specified in subclause 6.3.2.1.3 with the following clarifications:

a) if the conditions in step 12) above were executed and the participating MCPTT function determined that the "uri" attribute of only one of the <entry> elements of the application/resource-lists MIME body matched with an <entry> element of the <PrivateCall> element of the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) then the <session-type> in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request generated in subclause 6.3.2.1.3 is set to "private"; and

b) if the conditions in step 12) above were executed, then only the <entry> element(s) of the application/resource-lists MIME body that have a "uri" attribute that matched with an <entry> elements of the <PrivateCall> element of the MCPTT user profile document (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) are included in the application/resource-lists MIME body in the SIP INVITE request generated in subclause 6.3.2.1.3;

16) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the controlling MCPTT function hosting the private call service or first-to-answer call service as determined by step 6);

17) shall set the <mcptt-calling-user-id> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body of the SIP INVITE request to the MCPTT ID of the calling user;

18) if the call is a private call and:

a) if a Priv-Answer-Mode header field specified in IETF RFC 5373 [18] was received in the incoming SIP INVITE request with a value of "Manual", shall not include a Priv-Answer-Mode header field in the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

b) if the <allow-force-auto-answer> element of the <ruleset> element is not present in the MCPTT user profile document on the participating MCPTT function or is present with the value "false" (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]), and the Priv-Answer-Mode header field specified in IETF RFC 5373 [18] was received in the incoming SIP INVITE request with a value of "Auto", shall reject the "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" with a SIP 403 (Forbidden) response including warning text set to "143 not authorised to force auto answer" in a Warning header field as specified in subclause 4.4, and shall not continue with the rest of the steps;

c) if the <allow-force-auto-answer> element of the <ruleset> element is present in the MCPTT user profile document with the value "true" (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) on the participating MCPTT function, and the Priv-Answer-Mode header field specified in IETF RFC 5373 [18] was received in the incoming SIP INVITE request with a value of "Auto", shall include the Priv-Answer-Mode header field set to a value of "Auto" in the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

d) if a Priv-Answer-Mode header field containing the value of "Auto" has not been included in the outgoing SIP INVITE request as specified in step 17) above and the incoming "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function" contained an Answer-Mode header field as specified in IETF RFC 5373 [18], then shall populate the Answer-Mode header field of the outgoing SIP INVITE request with the contents of the Answer-Mode header field from the incoming "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function";

19) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received "SIP INVITE request for originating participating MCPTT function", as specified in subclause 6.3.2.1.1.1;

19a) if the received SIP INVITE request contains a <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body, then shall check if the status of the functional alias is activated for the MCPTT ID. If the functional alias status is activated, then the participating MCPTT function shall set the <functional-alias-URI> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body in the outgoing SIP INVITE request to the received value, otherwise shall not include a <functional-alias-URI> element;

NOTE 4: The participating MCPTT server learns the functional alias state for an MCPTT ID from procedures specified in subclause 9A.2.2.2.7.

20) shall include a Resource-Priority header field according to rules and procedures of 3GPP TS 24.229 [4] set to the value indicated in the Resource-Priority header field if included in the SIP INVITE request from the MCPTT client;

21) shall determine if the received SIP INVITE request is regarded as being received with an implicit request to grant the floor to the initiating MCPTT client. If according to subclause 6.4, the SIP INVITE request is regarded as being received with an implicit request to grant the floor to the terminating MCPTT client, the participating MCPTT function:

a) if the incoming SIP INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Report> element included in the <location-info> root element; and

b) if the <allow-location-info-when-talking> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCPTT user profile document identified by the MCPTT ID of the calling MCPTT user (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) is set to a value of "true";

 shall copy the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-location-info+xml MIME body from the received SIP INVITE request into the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

 otherwise:

a) if the participating MCPTT function has available the location of the terminating MCPTT client; and

b) if the <allow-location-info-when-talking> element of the <ruleset> element of the MCPTT user profile document identified by the MCPTT ID of the calling MCPTT user (see the MCPTT user profile document in 3GPP TS 24.484 [50]) is set to a value of "true";

 shall include an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-location-info+xml MIME body with a <Report> element included in the <location-info> root element; and

NOTE 5: Location information will only be sent to the controlling MCPTT function from a participating MCPTT function if the MCPTT user profile document allows it.

22) shall forward the SIP INVITE request, according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4].

Upon receiving a SIP 180 (Ringing) response, the participating MCPTT function:

1) shall generate a SIP 180 (Ringing) response to the SIP INVITE request as specified in the subclause 6.3.2.1.5.1;

2) shall include the P-Asserted-Identity header field as received in the incoming SIP 180 (Ringing) response;

3) shall include Warning header field(s) received in the incoming SIP 180 (Ringing) response; and

4) shall forward the SIP 180 (Ringing) response to the MCPTT client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4].

Upon receiving a SIP 200 (OK) response, the participating MCPTT function:

1) shall generate a SIP 200 (OK) response as specified in the subclause 6.3.2.1.5.2;

2) shall include in the SIP 200 (OK) response an SDP answer as specified in the subclause 6.3.2.1.2.1;

3) shall include Warning header field(s) received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response;

4) shall include the P-Asserted-Identity header field received in the incoming SIP 200 (OK) response into the outgoing SIP 200 (OK) response;

5) shall include an MCPTT session identity mapped to the MCPTT session identity provided in the Contact header field of the received SIP 200 (OK) response;

6) shall send the SIP 200 (OK) response to the MCPTT client according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4];

7) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.380 [5]; and

8) shall start the SIP session timer according to rules and procedures of IETF RFC 4028 [7].

The participating MCPTT function shall forward any other SIP response that does not contain SDP, including any MIME bodies contained therein, along the signalling path to the originating network according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4].

\*\*\*\*\* Next change \*\*\*\*\*

##### 11.1.1.4.1 Originating procedures

This subclause describes the procedures for inviting an MCPTT user to an MCPTT session. The procedure is initiated by the controlling MCPTT function as the result of an action in subclause 11.1.1.4.2

The controlling MCPTT function:

1) shall generate a SIP INVITE request as specified in subclause 6.3.3.1.2;

NOTE 1: As a result of calling subclause 6.3.3.1.2, the <mcptt-calling-user-id> containing the calling user's MCPTT ID is copied into the outgoing SIP INVITE.

2) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCPTT emergency private call as determined by subclause 6.3.3.1.13.2:

a) shall set the <emergency-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body to a value of "true";

b) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and this is an authorised request for an MCPTT emergency alert meeting the conditions specified in subclause 6.3.3.1.13.1, perform the procedures specified in subclause 6.3.3.1.12; and

c) if the received SIP INVITE request did not contain an alert indication or contains an alert indication set to a value of "true" and is not an authorised request for an MCPTT emergency alert meeting the conditions specified in subclause 6.3.3.1.13.1, shall set the <alert-ind> element of the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body to a value of "false";

3) if the received SIP INVITE request contained a <session-type> element in an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body set to "first-to-answer" shall include in the SIP INVITE request a Priv-Answer-Mode header field with the value "Manual" according to the rules and procedures of IETF RFC 5373 [18];

4) if the received SIP INVITE request contained an application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body with the <mcpttinfo> element containing the <mcptt-Params> element with the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> element set to "true"

a) shall identify the MCPTT IDs related to the received functional alias; and

b) shall copy each of the resolved MCPTT IDs into the <mcptt-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

 otherwise shall copy the MCPTT ID of the MCPTT user listed in the MIME resources body of the incoming SIP INVITE request, into the <mcptt-request-uri> element in the application/vnd.3gpp.mcptt-info+xml MIME body of the outgoing SIP INVITE request;

Editor's note (WI:MONASTERY2, CR# 0551): How the controlling MCPTT function resolves the functional aliases to MCPTT IDs is FFS.

5) shall set the Request-URI to the public service identity of the terminating participating MCPTT function associated to the MCPTT user to be invited;

NOTE 2: How the controlling MCPTT function finds the address of the terminating MCPTT participating function is out of the scope of the current release.

NOTE 3: If the terminating MCPTT user is part of a partner MCPTT system, then the public service identity can identify an entry point in the partner network that is able to identify the terminating participating MCPTT function.

6) shall copy the public user identity of the calling MCPTT user from the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the incoming SIP INVITE request into the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the SIP INVITE request;

7) shall include a Resource-Priority header field populated with the values for an MCPTT emergency private call as specified in subclause 6.3.3.1.19, if either of the following conditions is met:

a) if the received SIP INVITE request contains an authorised request for an MCPTT emergency private call as determined in step 2 above; or

b) the originating MCPTT user is in an in-progress emergency private call state with the targeted MCPTT user;

8) shall include in the SIP INVITE request an SDP offer based on the SDP offer in the received SIP INVITE request from the originating network according to the procedures specified in subclause 6.3.3.1.1;

9) shall send the SIP INVITE request towards the core network according to 3GPP TS 24.229 [4]; and

10) shall start a private call timer with a value set to the configured max private call duration for the user.

Upon receiving SIP 200 (OK) response for the SIP INVITE request the controlling MCPTT function:

1) shall cache the contact received in the Contact header field; and

2) shall interact with the media plane as specified in 3GPP TS 24.380 [5].

Upon expiry of the private call timer, the controlling MCPTT function shall follow the procedure for releasing private call session as specified in subclause 11.1.4.4.

\*\*\*\*\* Next change \*\*\*\*\*

## F.1.3 Semantic

The <mcpttinfo> element is the root element of the XML document. The <mcpttinfo> element can contain subelements.

NOTE 1: The subelements of the <mcpttinfo> are validated by the <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/> particle of the <mcpttinfo> element

If the <mcpttinfo> contains the <mcptt-Params> element then:

1) the <mcptt-access-token>, <mcptt-request-uri>, <mcptt-calling-user-id>, <mcptt-called-party-id>, <mcptt-calling-group-id>, <emergency-ind>, <alert-ind>, <imminentperil-ind>, <originated-by>, <mcptt-client-id>, <functional-alias-URI> and <non-acknowledged-user> can be included with encrypted content;

2) for each element in 1) that is included with content that is not encrypted:

a) the element has the "type" attribute set to "Normal";

b) if the element is the <mcptt-request-uri>, <mcptt-calling-user-id>, <mcptt-called-party-id> or <mcptt-calling-group-id>, <originated-by>, <functional-alias-URI> or <non-acknowledged-user> then the <mcpttURI> element is included;

c) if the element is the <mcptt-access-token> or <mcptt-client-id>, then the <mcpttString> element is included; and

d) if the element is <emergency-ind>, <alert-ind>, <alert-ind-rcvd> or <imminentperil-ind> elements then the <mcpttBoolean> element is included;

3) for each element in 1) that is included with content that is encrypted:

a) the element has the "type" attribute set to "Encrypted";

b) the <xenc:EncryptedData> element from the "[http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#](http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc)" namespace is included and:

i) can have a "Type" attribute can be included with a value of "<http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#Content>";

ii) can include an <EncryptionMethod> element with the "Algorithm" attribute set to value of "http://www.w3.org/2009/xmlenc11#aes128-gcm";

iii) can include a <KeyInfo> element with a <KeyName> element containing the base 64 encoded XPK-ID; and

iv) includes a <CipherData> element with a <CipherValue> element containing the encrypted data.

NOTE 2: When the optional attributes and elements are not included within the <xenc:EncryptedData> element, the information they contain is known to sender and the receiver by other means.

If the <mcpttinfo> contains the <mcptt-Params> element then:

1) the <mcptt-access-token> can be included with the access token received during authentication procedure as described in 3GPP TS 24.482 [49];

2) the <session-type> can be included with:

a) a value of "chat" to indicate that the MCPTT client wants to join a chat group call

b) a value of "prearranged" to indicate the MCPTT client wants to make a prearranged group call;

c) a value of "private" to indicate the MCPTT client wants to make a private call;

d) a value of "first-to-answer" to indicate that the MCPTT client wants to make a first-to-answer call; or

e) a value of "ambient-listening" to indicate the MCPTT client wants to make an ambient listening call;

3) the <mcptt-request-uri> can be included with:

a) a value set to an MCPTT group ID or temporary MCPTT group ID when the <session-type> is set to a value of "prearranged" or "chat"; and

b) a value set to the MCPTT ID of the called MCPTT user when the <session-type> is set to a value of "private";

4) the <mcptt-calling-user-id> can be included, set to MCPTT ID of the originating user;

5) the <mcptt-called-party-id> can be included, set to the MCPTT ID of the terminating user;

6) the <mcptt-calling-group-id> can be included to indicate the MCPTT group identity to the terminating user;

7) the <required> can be included in a SIP 183 (Session Progress) from a non-controlling MCPTT function of an MCPTT group to inform the controlling MCPTT function that the group on the non-controlling MCPTT function has group members in the group document which are marked as <on-network-required>, as specified in 3GPP TS 24.481 [31];

8) the <emergency-ind> can be:

a) set to "true" to indicate that the call that the MCPTT client is initiating is an emergency MCPTT call; or

b) set to "false" to indicate that the MCPTT client is cancelling an emergency MCPTT call (i.e. converting it back to a non-emergency call)

9) the <alert-ind> can be:

a) set to "true" in an emergency call initiation to indicate that an alert to be sent; or

b) set to "false" when cancelling an emergency call which requires an alert to be cancelled also

10) if the <session-type> is set to "chat" or "prearranged":

a) the <imminentperil-ind> can be set to "true" to indicate that the call that the MCPTT client is initiating is an imminent peril group MCPTT call;

11) the <broadcast-ind> can be:

a) set to "true" indicates that the MCPTT client is initiating a broadcast group call; or

b) set to "false" indicates that the MCPTT client is initiating a non-broadcast group call;

12) the <mc-org> can be:

a) set to the MCPTT user's Mission Critical Organization in an emergency alert sent by the MCPTT server to terminating MCPTT clients;

13) the <floor-state> can be:

a) set to "floor-idle", if the floor is idle in a non-controlling MCPTT function; or

b) set to "floor-taken" if the floor state in a non-controlling MCPTT function is taken;

14) the <associated-group-id>:

a) if the <mcptt-request-uri> element contains a group identity then this element can include an MCPTT group ID associated with the group identity in the <mcptt-request-uri> element. E.g. if the <mcptt-request-uri> element contains a temporary group identity (TGI), then the <associated-group-id> element can contain the constituent MCPTT group ID;

15) the <originated-by>:

a) can be included, set to the MCPTT ID of the originating user of an MCPTT emergency alert when being cancelled by another authorised MCPTT user;

16) the <MKFC-GKTPs>:

a) contains a group key transport payload carrying one or more MKFC(s) and MKFC-ID(s) as described in3GPP TS 24.481 [31] subclause 7.4, to be used for protection of multicast floor control signalling when the UE operates on the network;

17) the <mcptt-client-id>:

a) can be included, set to the MCPTT client ID of the MCPTT client that originated a SIP INVITE request, SIP REFER request or SIP MESSAGE request;

18) the <alert-ind-rcvd>

a) can be set to true and included in a SIP MESSAGE to indicate that the emergency alert or cancellation was received successfully; and

19) the <anyExt> can be included with the following elements not declared in the XML schema:

a) an <ambient-listening-type> of type "xs:string":

i) set to a value of "remote-init" when the listening MCPTT user of an ambient listening call initiates the call; or

ii) set to a value of "local-init" when the listened-to MCPTT user of an ambient listening call initiates the call; and

b) a <release-reason> of type "xs:string":

i) set to a value of "private-call-expiry" when the ambient listening call is release due to the expiry of the private call timer;

ii) set to a value of "administrator-action" when the ambient listening call is released by an MCPTT administrator;

iii) set to a value of "not selected for call" when the when a dialog is released with an MCPTT client that was not selected as the terminating client of a first-to-answer call;

iv) set to a value of "call-request-for-listened-to-client" when there is a call request targeted to the listened-to client;

v) set to a value of "call-request-initiated-by-listened-to-client" when there is a call request initiated by the listened-to client; or

vi) set to a value of "authentication of the MIKEY-SAKE I\_MESSAGE failed" by a MCPTT client when the signature of the cannot be verified;

c) a <request-type> of type "xs:string":

i) set to value of "private-call-call-back-request" when a client initiates a private call call-back request;

ii) set to a value of "private-call-call-back-cancel-request" when a client initiates a private call call-back cancel request;

iii) set to a value of "group-selection-change-request" when a client initiates a group selection change request;

iv) set to a value of "remotely-initiated-group-call-request" when a client initiates a remotely initiated group call request; or

v) set to a value of "remotely-initiated-private-call-response" when a client responds to a remotely initiated private call request;

d) a <response-type> of type "xs:string":

i) set to a value of "private-call-call-back-response" when a client responds to a private call call-back request;

ii) set to a value of "private-call-call-back-cancel-response" when a client responds to a private call call-back cancel request;

iii) set to a value of "group-selection-change-response" when a client responds to a group selection change request;

iv) set to a value of "remotely-initiated-group-call-response" when a client responds to a remotely initiated call request; or

v) set to a value of "remotely-initiated-private-call-response" when a client responds to a remotely initiated private call request;

e) an <urgency indication> of type "xs:string":

(i) set to a value of "low", "normal" or "high" to indicate the urgency of a private call call-back request; and

f) a <time-of-request> of type "xs:dateTime":

(i) set to the date and time at which the private call call-back request was initiated, in the form: "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss" where:

- YYYY indicates the year;

- MM indicates the month;

- DD indicates the day;

- T indicates the start of the required time section;

- hh indicates the hour;

- mm indicates the minute; and

- ss indicates the second; and

g) a <selected-group-change-outcome> of type "xs:string":

i) set to a value of "success" when a client reports that it has successfully changed its selected group as requested by a received group selection change request; or

ii) set to a value of "fail" when a client reports that it has failed to change its selected group as requested by a received group selection change request;

h) an<affiliation-required> of type "xs:Boolean":

i) set to a value of "true" when received by a client in a group-selection-change-request indicates that the client needs to affiliate to the specified group;

i) a <remotely-initiated-call-outcome> of type "xs:string":

i) set to a value of "success" when a client reports that it has successfully initiated a call requested by a received remotely initiated call request; or

ii) set to a value of "fail" when a client reports that it has failed to initiated a call triggered as requested by a received group selection change request;

j) a <notify-remote-user> of type "xs:Boolean":

i) set to a value of "true" when the remote user is to be notified of a remotely initiated call request; or

ii) set to a value of "false" when the remote user is to be notified of a received remotely initiated call request;

k) a <functional-alias-URI> of type "mcpttinfo:contentType" set to a value of the functional-alias that is used together with the "mcptt-calling-user-id";

l) an <emergency-alert-area-ind> of type "xs:Boolean":

i) set to a value of "true" when the MCPTT client has entered an emergency alert area; or

ii) set to a value of "false" when the MCPTT client has exited an emergency alert area;

m) an <group-geo-area-ind> of type "xs:Boolean":

i) set to a value of "true" when the MCPTT client has entered a group geographic area; or

ii) set to a value of "false" when the MCPTT client has exited a group geographic area;

n) one or more <non-acknowledged-user> of type "mcpttinfo:contentType" elements set to the MCPTT IDs of invited members to a group call that have not sent a SIP 200 (OK) response; and

o) a <call-to-functional-alias-ind> of type "xs:Boolean":

i) set to a value of "true" when the MCPTT client is using a functional alias to identify the MCPTT IDs of the potential target MCPTT users; or

ii) set to a value of "false" when the MCPTT client is using MCPTT IDs to identify the potential target MCPTT users.

Absence of the <emergency-ind>, <alert-ind> and <imminentperil-ind> in a SIP INVITE request indicates that the MCPTT client is initiating a non-emergency private call or non-emergency group call.

Absence of the <broadcast-ind> in a SIP INVITE request indicates that the MCPTT client is initiating a non-broadcast group call.

Absence of the <floor-state> in a SIP 200 (OK) response from the non-controlling MCPTT function indicates that the floor is idle.

Absence of the <call-to-functional-alias-ind> in a SIP INVITE request for a first-to-answer call indicates the use of the MCPTT IDs of the potential target MCPTT users.

The recipient of the XML ignores any unknown element and any unknown attribute.